

ChatDB
DSCI 551 – Final Project Report
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Introduction:

ChatDB is an interactive web application designed to help users learn how to query data in database systems using a conversational, ChatGPT-like interface. It connects to Neo4j, a graph database, allowing users to:

- Explore database schemas and attributes.
- Generate sample queries using patterns like GROUP BY, HAVING, or ORDER BY.
- Execute natural language queries by converting them into Cypher and displaying results.

The project aims to make database learning more intuitive by bridging natural language understanding with backend database systems.

Planned Implementation:

1. Objective:

- Create an intuitive web application where users can explore database schemas, generate and execute queries in a graph database.

2. Goals:

- Support for Neo4j as the backend database.
- Enable natural language querying and dynamic sample query generation.
- Develop an interactive web-based UI for seamless user interaction.

Architecture Design

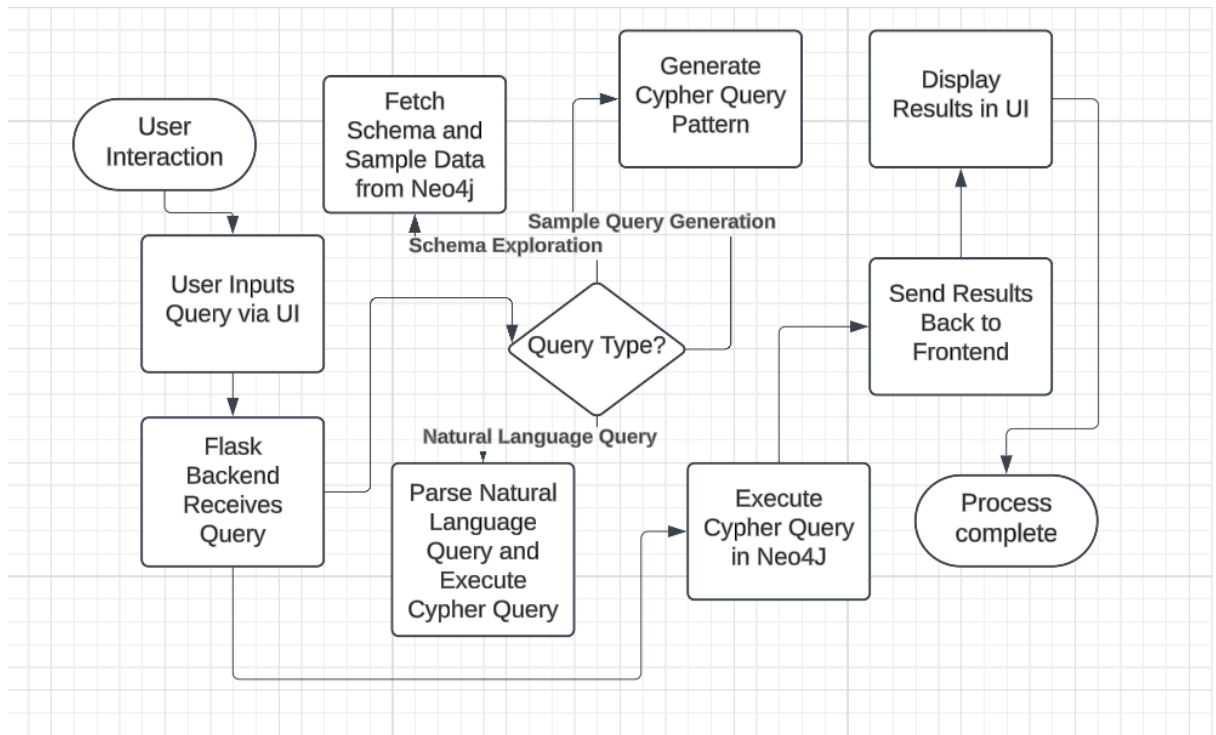
Flow Diagram:

1. Frontend: User inputs (query or database operation) via the web interface.
2. Backend: Flask processes the request, connects to Neo4j, executes the query, and sends results back.
3. Database: Neo4j holds the crime dataset and executes Cypher queries.

Description:

- The frontend sends user input to Flask via REST APIs.

- Flask parses and processes the query:
 - For schema exploration: It fetches attributes from Neo4j.
 - For sample queries: It dynamically generates Cypher patterns.
 - For user-defined queries: It matches patterns or executes custom Cypher queries.
- Results are displayed in the UI for user review.



Implementation

Dataset Preparation:

- Cleaned and formatted the Chicago Crime dataset using a Jupyter Notebook.
- Imported the dataset into Neo4j as nodes (Crime, Beat) and relationships (HAPPENED_IN).

Backend:

- Flask APIs for:
 - Connecting to Neo4j and switching databases.
 - Executing schema exploration, sample queries, and natural language queries.
- Implemented query patterns like GROUP BY, HAVING, and aggregations.

Frontend:

- Built an interactive UI using HTML, CSS, and JavaScript.
- Enabled dynamic query inputs, result displays, and database selection.

Functionalities

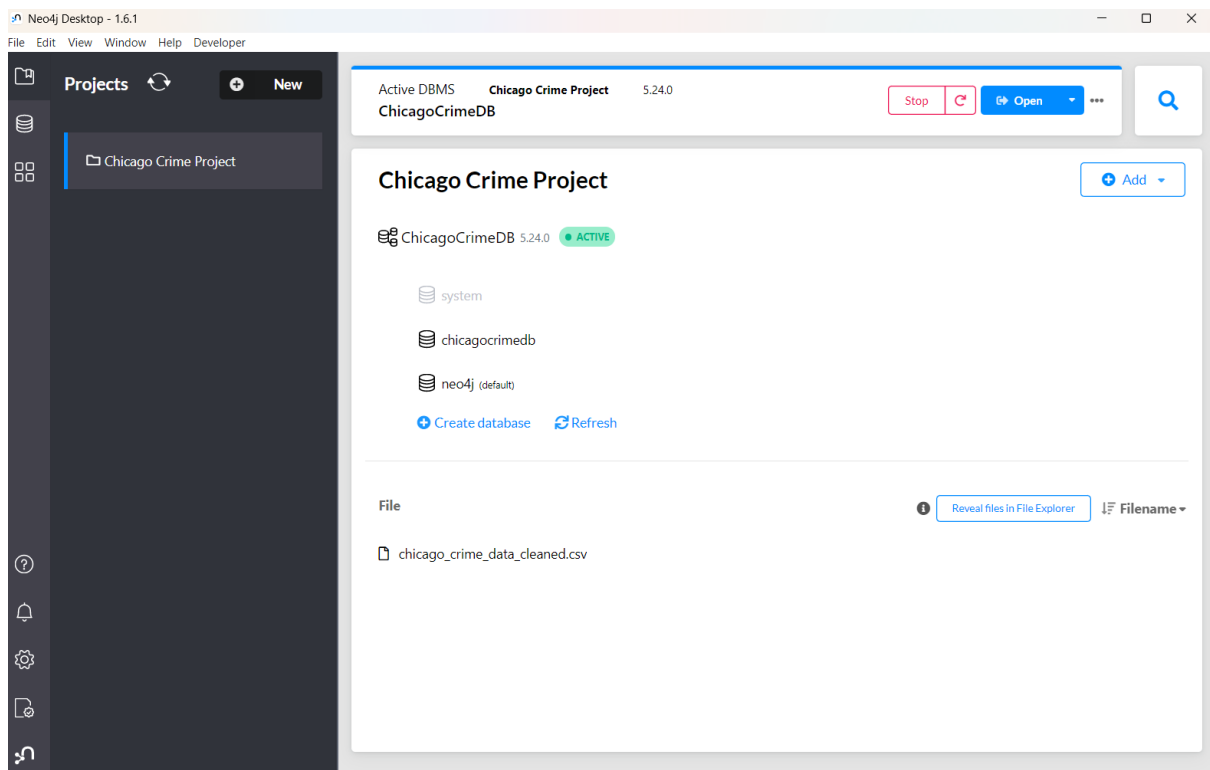
1. Explore databases: Display schemas, tables, attributes, and sample data.
2. Generate sample queries with patterns (e.g., GROUP BY).
3. Execute queries entered as natural language or Cypher.
4. Allow dynamic database switching and customization.

Tech Stack

- Frontend: HTML, CSS, JavaScript
- Backend: Python (Flask)
- Database: Neo4j (with Cypher query language)
- Tools: Jupyter Notebook (for data cleaning), dotenv (for managing credentials)

Implementation Screenshots:

Login to Neo4J and Dataset Import



neo4j@bolt://localhost:7687/chicagocrimedb - Neo4j Browser

File Edit View Window Help Developer

Database Information

Use database

chicagocrimedb

Node labels

(334,927) Beat Crime Location

Relationship types

No relationships in database

Property keys

arrest beat date_of_occurrence description domestic id latitude longitude primary_description secondary_description ward x_coordinate y_coordinate

Connected as

Username: neo4j Roles: admin, PUBLIC Admin: server user list server user add

chicagocrimedb\$

chicagocrimedb\$ MATCH (c:Crime) RETURN COUNT(c) AS total_crimes;

total_crimes
211363

Started streaming 1 records after 11 ms and completed after 12 ms.

chicagocrimedb\$ MATCH (c:Crime) RETURN COUNT(c) AS crime_count, COUNT(...)

crime_count	distinct_wards
211363	50

Explore Database Functionality

127.0.0.1:5001

ChatDB Interface

Select a Database

chicagocrimedb Set Database

Explore Database

Query the Database

Type your query (NL or keywords) Send

```
{
  "arrest": "No",
  "beat": 733,
  "date_of_occurrence": "2024-07-22",
  "domestic": "No",
  "latitude": 41.762337518,
  "longitude": -87.652832396,
  "primary_description": "MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT",
  "secondary_description": "AUTOMOBILE",
  "ward": 17,
  "x_coordinate": 1169906,
  "y_coordinate": 1856721
}
```

5.

Sample Query Generation

1. Screenshot of the UI generating a GROUP BY query.

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying '127.0.0.1:5001'. The page contains two query input sections, each with a title, a SQL query, a 'Run This Query' button, and a table of results.

Find total count by primary_description

```
MATCH (n:Crime)
    WITH n.primary_description AS category, COUNT(*) AS
total
    RETURN category AS primary_description, total
    ORDER BY total DESC
    LIMIT 10
```

Find sum of by ward

```
MATCH (n:Crime)
    // Assuming n.some_numeric_field is numeric
    WITH n.ward AS category, SUM(n.some_numeric_field)
AS total
    RETURN category AS ward, total
    ORDER BY total DESC
    LIMIT 10
```

primary_description	total
THEFT	39355
BATTERY	38229
CRIMINAL DAMAGE	22460

2. Corresponding results displayed on the UI.

AS total

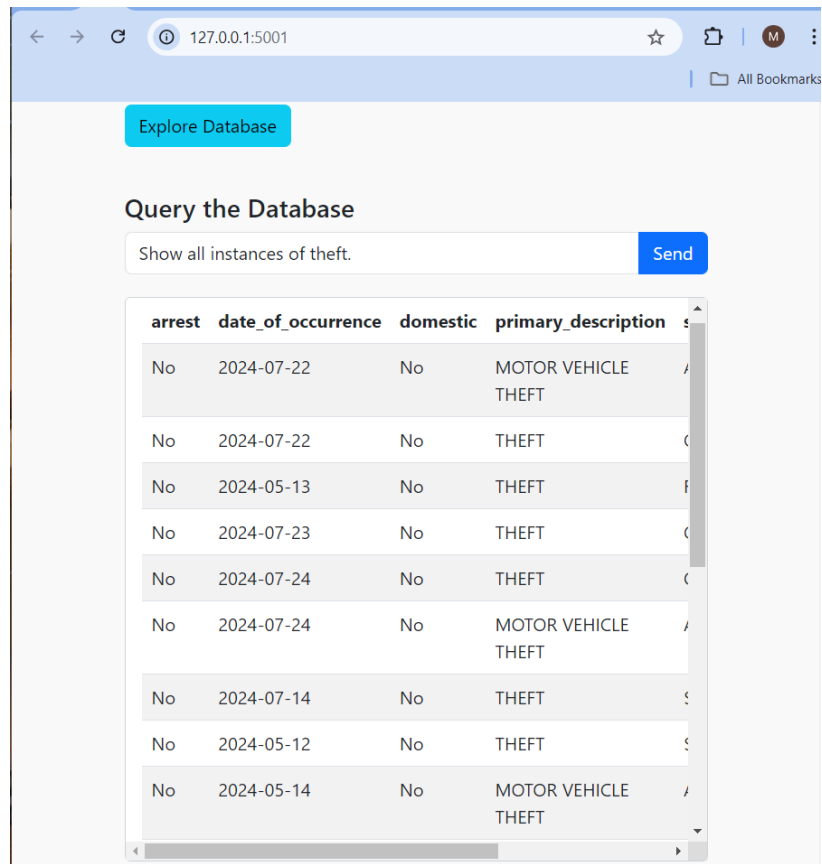
```
RETURN category AS ward, total
ORDER BY total DESC
LIMIT 10
```

Run This Query

primary_description	total
THEFT	39355
BATTERY	38229
CRIMINAL DAMAGE	22460
ASSAULT	21353
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	15605
OTHER OFFENSE	15373
DECEPTIVE PRACTICE	10845
ROBBERY	9435
WEAPONS VIOLATION	8298
BURGLARY	7753

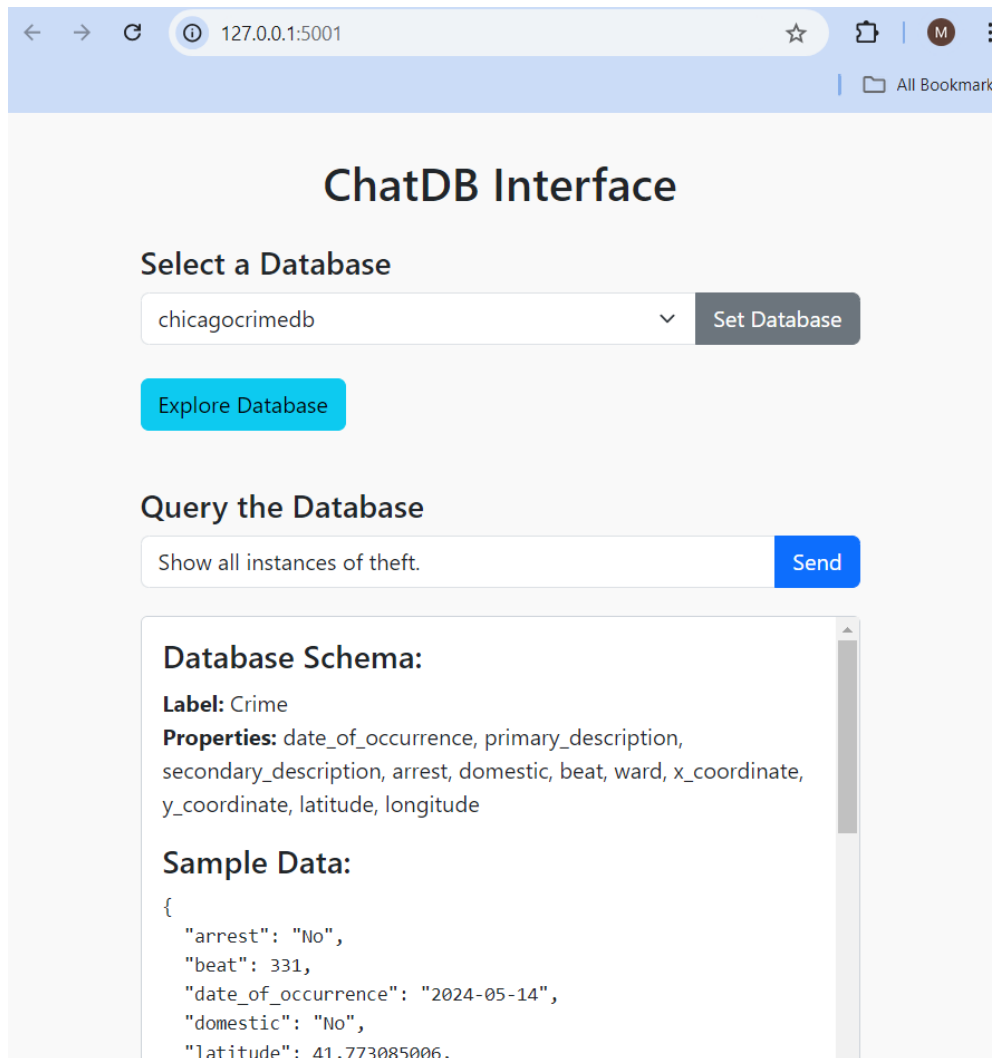
Natural Language Query Execution

1. Screenshot of the input box with a natural language query (e.g., "Find total crimes by ward").

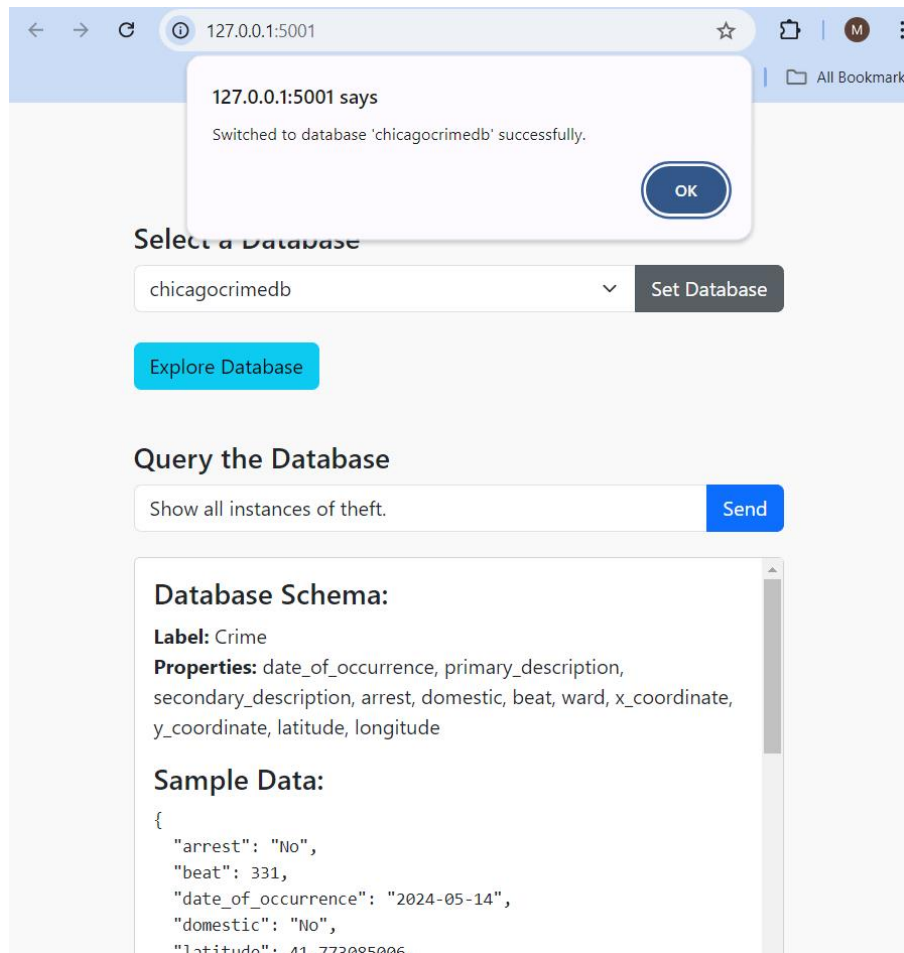


🔗 Dynamic Database Switching

1. Screenshot of the dropdown to switch between databases.



2. Screenshot showing confirmation message after database switch.



Learning Outcomes

- Gained experience in integrating Neo4j with Flask for backend development.
- Learned to implement natural language query parsing using Python and NLTK.
- Enhanced understanding of database schemas, relationships, and query patterns.

Challenges Faced

- Neo4j Connection: Overcame errors during the initial database connection and data import.
- Query Pattern Matching: Designed and implemented dynamic templates for generating sample queries.
- Natural Language Parsing: Ensured accurate keyword extraction and mapping to Cypher constructs.

Individual Contribution

- Frontend: Designed and implemented the UI for schema exploration and query execution.

- Backend: Developed APIs for query execution, pattern generation, and schema exploration.
- Database: Prepared the dataset and established relationships in Neo4j.

Conclusion

ChatDB successfully bridges the gap between natural language querying and database interactions, providing an intuitive learning platform. Users can explore schemas, generate queries, and execute them seamlessly in Neo4j.

Future Scope

- Add support for other database systems like MySQL or MongoDB.
- Enable multi-database querying to compare data across systems.
- Integrate more advanced query patterns and analytics.
- Add role-based access control for collaborative learning.

GitHub code link: https://github.com/mallikag/DSCI551_Final/tree/main