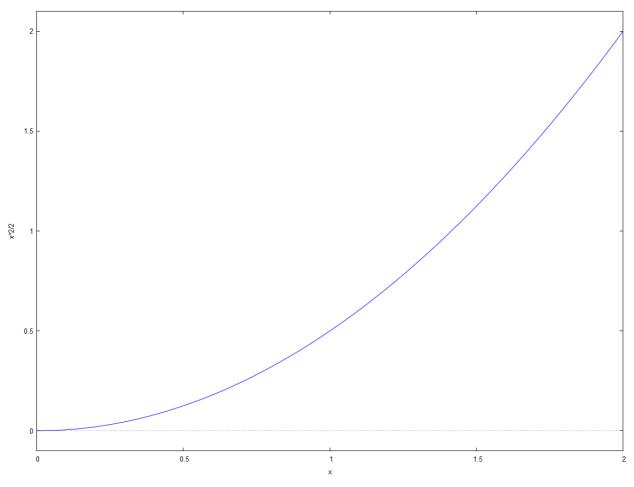
## **DSC-VI : Practical-08**

## **Demonstration of the Runge-Kutta Method**

- 1 Solve dy/dx = x, where at x=0, y=0
- 1.1 We solve the above differential equation using ode2():

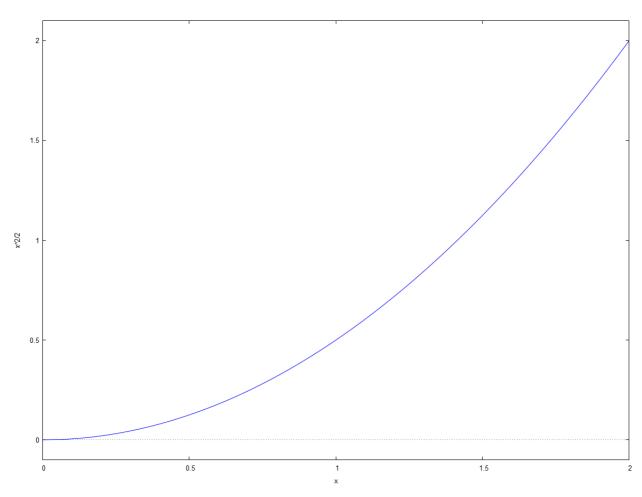
$$rac{d}{dx}y=x$$
  $y=rac{x^2}{2}+\% {
m c}$   $y=rac{x^2}{2}$ 



1.2 Now, we use desolve() to solve the same equation

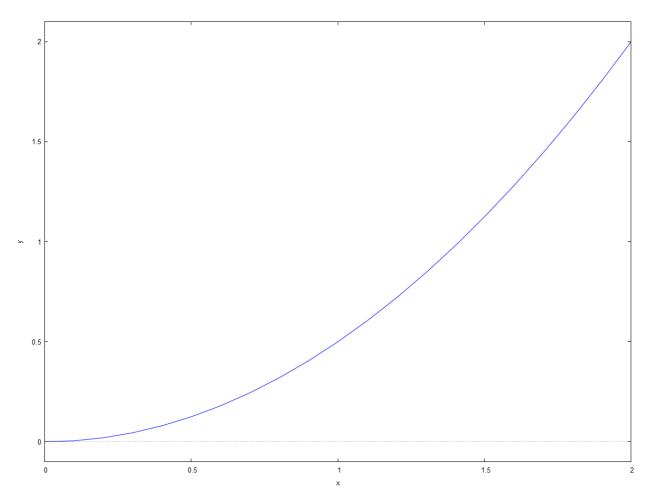
--> kill (all) \$
eqn: diff (y(x), x) = x;
gs: desolve (eqn, y(x));
ps: ev (gs, y(0) = 0);
wxplot2d ([rhs(ps)], [x, 0, 2]) \$
$$\frac{d}{dx}y(x) = x$$

$$y(x) = \frac{x^2}{2} + y(0)$$



## 1.3 Finally, using the Runge-Kutta Method

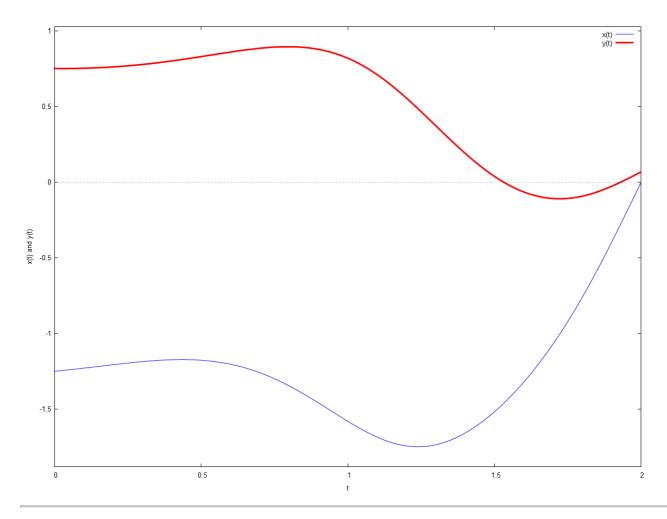
Syntax:  $rk([rhs(ODE_1),...,rhs(ODE_n)], [v1,...,vn], [init_1,...,init_n], domain)$ --> kill (all) \$ eqn : 'diff (y,x) = x; fsol : rk (rhs (eqn), [y], [0], [x,0,2,0.1]); wxplot2d ([discrete, fsol]) \$  $\frac{d}{dx}y = x$ 



## 2 We now have a coupled system of differential equations

$$\begin{split} dx/dt &= 4 - x^2 - 4^*y^2 \\ dy/dt &= y^2 - x^2 + 1 \\ x(0) &= -1.25, y(0) = 0.75 \\ &\longrightarrow \text{kill (all) } \$ \\ &= \text{cqn1 : 'diff (x,t) = } 4 - x^2 - 4 \cdot y^2; \\ &= \text{cqn2 : 'diff (y,t) = } y^2 - x^2 + 1; \\ &= \text{pts : rk ([rhs (eqn1), rhs (eqn2)], [x,y], [-1.25,0.75], [t,0,2,0.01])} \$ \\ &\qquad \qquad \frac{d}{dt}x = -4y^2 - x^2 + 4 \\ &\qquad \qquad \frac{d}{dt}y = y^2 - x^2 + 1 \\ &\qquad \qquad \frac{d}{dt}y = y^2 - x^2 + 1 \\ &\qquad \qquad \text{curve\_x : makelist ([pts[i][1], pts[i][2]], i, 1, length (pts))} \$ \\ &\qquad \qquad \text{/*wxplot2d([discrete, curve\_x])} \$^*/ \\ &\qquad \text{curve\_y : makelist ([pts[i][1], pts[i][3]], i, 1, length (pts))} \$ \\ &\qquad \qquad \text{wxplot2d ([[discrete, curve\_x], [discrete, curve\_y]], [legend, "x(t)", "y(t)"], [style, [lines, 1], [lines, 3]], [xlabel, "t"], \end{split}$$

[ ylabel, "x(t) and y(t)" ]) \$



Created with wxMaxima.

The source of this Maxima session can be downloaded <u>here</u>.