week3

January 26, 2018

1 MIS 492 - Data Analysis and Visualization

- 1.1 Week 3
- 1.2 Data Preparation Using Pandas
- 1.2.1 Dr. Mohammad AlMarzouq

2 Introduction to Pandas

- It is a python 3rd party library
- Used for data analysis and visualization
- Part of Anaconda python distribution
- Best used with Jupyter notebook, can be used with regular python programs
- Main feature is the Data Frame

In [1]: # Load the pandas library to let python know you will use it
 import pandas as pd

3 What is a Data Frame?

- Its a data structure, like lists and dictionaries
- Consists of rows and columns, similar to SQL tables and excel spreadsheets
- Columns are attributes or variables
- Rows are records or single observations
- Operations are typically performed on columns
- Has both numeric and named indexing

4 Tidy Data

- Standard form of organizing data in dataframe such that:
 - Each variable forms a column
 - Each row forms a row
 - Each table is an observational unit (level of analysis)
- Required reading: Tidy Data, by Hadley Wickham

5 Importance of Tidy Data

- Most tools we will use assume that data is tidy
- Collected data is likely messy or non-tidy, need to learn how to reshape it
- We will start with tidy data in our analysis

In [5]: # load the data using pandas library

17

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- Will learn how to reshape when we start data collection

6 Loading data into a data frame

- Data is usually loaded/collected from an external source, like an api, website, csv, or excel file, and might not be well organized.
 - We will start with well organized and behaved data to get to know how to use Pandas
- Download the weather data set from vega-dataset (right click and save as)
- Place it in the same directory as the jupyter notbook you are working on

```
# do you remember what was pd?
        pd.read_csv("weather.csv")
        # Jupter notebook tip:
        # type: pd.
        # then hit tab, see what happens
        # try also: pd.read_ (then hit tab)
Out[5]:
              location
                                            precipitation
                                                            temp_max
                                                                      temp_min
                                                                                 wind
                                      date
                                                                                  4.7
        0
               Seattle
                                                                12.8
                                                                            5.0
                         2012-01-01 00:00
                                                       0.0
        1
                                                                            2.8
               Seattle 2012-01-02 00:00
                                                      10.9
                                                                10.6
                                                                                  4.5
                                                                            7.2
        2
               Seattle 2012-01-03 00:00
                                                       0.8
                                                                11.7
                                                                                  2.3
        3
               Seattle 2012-01-04 00:00
                                                      20.3
                                                                12.2
                                                                            5.6
                                                                                  4.7
               Seattle 2012-01-05 00:00
        4
                                                       1.3
                                                                 8.9
                                                                            2.8
                                                                                  6.1
        5
               Seattle 2012-01-06 00:00
                                                       2.5
                                                                 4.4
                                                                            2.2
                                                                                  2.2
        6
               Seattle 2012-01-07 00:00
                                                       0.0
                                                                 7.2
                                                                            2.8
                                                                                  2.3
        7
               Seattle 2012-01-08 00:00
                                                       0.0
                                                                10.0
                                                                            2.8
                                                                                  2.0
        8
               Seattle 2012-01-09 00:00
                                                       4.3
                                                                 9.4
                                                                            5.0
                                                                                  3.4
        9
               Seattle
                         2012-01-10 00:00
                                                       1.0
                                                                 6.1
                                                                            0.6
                                                                                  3.4
        10
               Seattle 2012-01-11 00:00
                                                       0.0
                                                                 6.1
                                                                           -1.1
                                                                                  5.1
        11
               Seattle 2012-01-12 00:00
                                                       0.0
                                                                 6.1
                                                                           -1.7
                                                                                  1.9
        12
               Seattle 2012-01-13 00:00
                                                       0.0
                                                                 5.0
                                                                           -2.8
                                                                                  1.3
        13
               Seattle 2012-01-14 00:00
                                                       4.1
                                                                 4.4
                                                                            0.6
                                                                                  5.3
        14
               Seattle 2012-01-15 00:00
                                                       5.3
                                                                 1.1
                                                                           -3.3
                                                                                  3.2
                                                                           -2.8
        15
               Seattle 2012-01-16 00:00
                                                       2.5
                                                                 1.7
                                                                                  5.0
        16
               Seattle 2012-01-17 00:00
                                                       8.1
                                                                 3.3
                                                                            0.0
                                                                                  5.6
```

19.8

15.2

13.5

3.0

0.0

-1.1

7.2

8.3

-2.8

-2.8

-1.1

3.3

5.0

1.6

2.3

8.2

Seattle 2012-01-18 00:00

Seattle 2012-01-19 00:00

Seattle 2012-01-20 00:00

Seattle 2012-01-21 00:00

21	Seattle	2012-01-22	00:00	6.1	6.7	2.2	4.8
22	Seattle	2012-01-23	00:00	0.0	8.3	1.1	3.6
23	Seattle	2012-01-24	00:00	8.6	10.0	2.2	5.1
24	Seattle	2012-01-25	00:00	8.1	8.9	4.4	5.4
25	Seattle	2012-01-26	00:00	4.8	8.9	1.1	4.8
26	Seattle	2012-01-27	00:00	0.0	6.7	-2.2	1.4
27	Seattle	2012-01-28	00:00	0.0	6.7	0.6	2.2
28	Seattle	2012-01-29	00:00	27.7	9.4	3.9	4.5
29	Seattle	2012-01-30	00:00	3.6	8.3	6.1	5.1
2892	New York	2015-12-02	00:00	3.0	13.9	8.3	2.0
2893	New York	2015-12-03	00:00	0.0	13.3	7.2	7.2
2894	New York	2015-12-04	00:00	0.0	11.7	5.0	4.7
2895	New York	2015-12-05	00:00	0.0	11.7	1.7	2.4
2896	New York	2015-12-06	00:00	0.0	10.6	3.3	2.9
2897	New York	2015-12-07	00:00	0.0	12.8	4.4	3.4
2898	New York	2015-12-08	00:00	0.0	10.6	4.4	3.5
2899	New York	2015-12-09	00:00	0.0	12.8	1.1	3.4
2900	New York	2015-12-10	00:00	0.0	15.0	8.9	3.0
2901	New York	2015-12-11	00:00	0.0	14.4	7.8	2.7
2902	New York	2015-12-12	00:00	0.0	17.8	9.4	1.9
2903	New York	2015-12-13	00:00	0.0	21.1	11.7	3.1
2904	New York	2015-12-14	00:00	9.1	16.1	11.7	4.8
2905	New York	2015-12-15	00:00	2.3	17.8	11.7	8.2
2906	New York	2015-12-16	00:00	1.3	11.7	7.2	4.1
2907	New York	2015-12-17	00:00	29.7	15.0	10.0	4.1
2908	New York	2015-12-18	00:00	0.3	14.4	3.9	6.1
2909	New York	2015-12-19	00:00	0.0	5.0	2.2	9.0
2910	New York	2015-12-20	00:00	0.0	6.7	1.7	5.1
2911	New York	2015-12-21	00:00	0.0	12.8	3.3	5.3
2912	New York	2015-12-22	00:00	4.8	15.6	11.1	3.8
2913	New York	2015-12-23	00:00	29.5	17.2	8.9	4.5
2914	New York	2015-12-24	00:00	0.5	20.6	13.9	4.9
2915	New York	2015-12-25	00:00	2.5	17.8	11.1	0.9
2916	New York	2015-12-26	00:00	0.3	15.6	9.4	4.8
2917	New York	2015-12-27	00:00	2.0	17.2	8.9	5.5
2918	New York	2015-12-28	00:00	1.3	8.9	1.7	6.3
2919	New York	2015-12-29	00:00	16.8	9.4	1.1	5.3
2920	New York	2015-12-30	00:00	9.4	10.6	5.0	3.0
2921	New York	2015-12-31	00:00	1.5	11.1	6.1	5.5

	weather
0	drizzle
1	rain
2	rain
3	rain
4	rain
5	rain

6	rain
7	sun
8	rain
9	rain
10	sun
11	sun
12	sun
13	snow
14	snow
15	snow
16	snow
17	snow
18	snow
19	snow
20	rain
21	rain
22	rain
23	rain
24	rain
25	rain
26	drizzle
27	rain
28	rain
29	rain
• • •	• • •
2892	fog
2892 2893	fog sun
2892 2893 2894	_
2892 2893 2894 2895	sun
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896	sun sun sun sun
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896 2897	sun sun sun
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896 2897 2898	sun sun sun sun
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896 2897 2898 2899	sun sun sun sun drizzle sun sun
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896 2897 2898 2899 2900	sun sun sun drizzle sun sun drizzle
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896 2897 2898 2899 2900 2901	sun sun sun drizzle sun sun drizzle drizzle drizzle
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896 2897 2898 2899 2900 2901 2902	sun sun sun drizzle sun sun drizzle fog
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896 2897 2898 2899 2900 2901 2902 2903	sun sun sun drizzle sun sun drizzle drizzle drizzle drizzle drizzle
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896 2897 2898 2899 2900 2901 2902 2903 2904	sun sun sun drizzle sun sun drizzle fog drizzle fog
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896 2897 2898 2899 2900 2901 2902 2903 2904 2905	sun sun sun drizzle sun drizzle drizzle fog drizzle fog fog
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896 2897 2898 2899 2900 2901 2902 2903 2904 2905 2906	sun sun sun drizzle sun drizzle drizzle drizzle fog drizzle fog fog fog
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896 2897 2898 2899 2900 2901 2902 2903 2904 2905 2906 2907	sun sun sun drizzle sun sun drizzle drizzle fog drizzle fog fog fog fog
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896 2897 2898 2899 2900 2901 2902 2903 2904 2905 2906 2907 2908	sun sun sun drizzle sun drizzle drizzle fog drizzle fog fog fog fog sun
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896 2897 2898 2899 2900 2901 2902 2903 2904 2905 2906 2907 2908 2909	sun sun sun drizzle sun drizzle drizzle fog drizzle fog fog fog fog sun sun
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896 2897 2898 2899 2900 2901 2902 2903 2904 2905 2906 2907 2908 2909 2910	sun sun sun drizzle sun sun drizzle fog drizzle fog fog fog fog sun sun sun
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896 2897 2898 2899 2900 2901 2902 2903 2904 2905 2906 2907 2908 2909 2910 2911	sun sun sun drizzle sun sun drizzle drizzle fog drizzle fog fog fog sun sun sun sun
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896 2897 2898 2899 2900 2901 2902 2903 2904 2905 2906 2907 2908 2909 2910 2911 2912	sun sun sun sun drizzle sun drizzle drizzle fog drizzle fog fog sun sun sun sun fog
2892 2893 2894 2895 2896 2897 2898 2899 2900 2901 2902 2903 2904 2905 2906 2907 2908 2909 2910 2911	sun sun sun drizzle sun sun drizzle drizzle fog drizzle fog fog fog sun sun sun sun

```
2915 fog
2916 drizzle
2917 fog
2918 snow
2919 fog
2920 fog
2921 fog
```

[2922 rows x 7 columns]

7 Loading File From URL

If the CSV file is downloadable from a url, you can put the URL in place of the file name:

•							
Out[37]:	location	date	precipitation	$temp_max$	temp_min	wind	\
0	Seattle	2012-01-01 00:00	0.0	12.8	5.0	4.7	
1	Seattle	2012-01-02 00:00	10.9	10.6	2.8	4.5	
2	Seattle	2012-01-03 00:00	0.8	11.7	7.2	2.3	
3	Seattle	2012-01-04 00:00	20.3	12.2	5.6	4.7	
4	Seattle	2012-01-05 00:00	1.3	8.9	2.8	6.1	
5	Seattle	2012-01-06 00:00	2.5	4.4	2.2	2.2	
6	Seattle	2012-01-07 00:00	0.0	7.2	2.8	2.3	
7	Seattle	2012-01-08 00:00	0.0	10.0	2.8	2.0	
8	Seattle	2012-01-09 00:00	4.3	9.4	5.0	3.4	
9	Seattle	2012-01-10 00:00	1.0	6.1	0.6	3.4	
10	Seattle	2012-01-11 00:00	0.0	6.1	-1.1	5.1	
11	Seattle	2012-01-12 00:00	0.0	6.1	-1.7	1.9	
12	Seattle	2012-01-13 00:00	0.0	5.0	-2.8	1.3	
13	Seattle	2012-01-14 00:00	4.1	4.4	0.6	5.3	
14	Seattle	2012-01-15 00:00	5.3	1.1	-3.3	3.2	
15	Seattle	2012-01-16 00:00	2.5	1.7	-2.8	5.0	
16	Seattle	2012-01-17 00:00	8.1	3.3	0.0	5.6	
17	Seattle	2012-01-18 00:00	19.8	0.0	-2.8	5.0	
18	Seattle	2012-01-19 00:00	15.2	-1.1	-2.8	1.6	
19	Seattle	2012-01-20 00:00	13.5	7.2	-1.1	2.3	
20	Seattle	2012-01-21 00:00	3.0	8.3	3.3	8.2	
21	Seattle	2012-01-22 00:00	6.1	6.7	2.2	4.8	
22	Seattle	2012-01-23 00:00	0.0	8.3	1.1	3.6	
23	Seattle	2012-01-24 00:00	8.6	10.0	2.2	5.1	
24	Seattle	2012-01-25 00:00	8.1	8.9	4.4	5.4	
25	Seattle	2012-01-26 00:00	4.8	8.9	1.1	4.8	
26	Seattle	2012-01-27 00:00	0.0	6.7	-2.2	1.4	
27	Seattle	2012-01-28 00:00	0.0	6.7	0.6	2.2	
28	Seattle	2012-01-29 00:00	27.7	9.4	3.9	4.5	
29	Seattle	2012-01-30 00:00	3.6	8.3	6.1	5.1	

				• • •			• • •
2892	New York	2015-12-02		3.0	13.9	8.3	2.0
2893	New York	2015-12-03	00:00	0.0	13.3	7.2	7.2
2894	New York	2015-12-04	00:00	0.0	11.7	5.0	4.7
2895	New York	2015-12-05	00:00	0.0	11.7	1.7	2.4
2896	New York	2015-12-06	00:00	0.0	10.6	3.3	2.9
2897	New York	2015-12-07	00:00	0.0	12.8	4.4	3.4
2898	New York	2015-12-08	00:00	0.0	10.6	4.4	3.5
2899	New York	2015-12-09	00:00	0.0	12.8	1.1	3.4
2900	New York	2015-12-10	00:00	0.0	15.0	8.9	3.0
2901	New York	2015-12-11	00:00	0.0	14.4	7.8	2.7
2902	New York	2015-12-12	00:00	0.0	17.8	9.4	1.9
2903	New York	2015-12-13	00:00	0.0	21.1	11.7	3.1
2904	New York	2015-12-14	00:00	9.1	16.1	11.7	4.8
2905	New York	2015-12-15	00:00	2.3	17.8	11.7	8.2
2906	New York	2015-12-16	00:00	1.3	11.7	7.2	4.1
2907	New York	2015-12-17	00:00	29.7	15.0	10.0	4.1
2908	New York	2015-12-18	00:00	0.3	14.4	3.9	6.1
2909	New York	2015-12-19	00:00	0.0	5.0	2.2	9.0
2910	New York	2015-12-20	00:00	0.0	6.7	1.7	5.1
2911	New York	2015-12-21	00:00	0.0	12.8	3.3	5.3
2912	New York	2015-12-22	00:00	4.8	15.6	11.1	3.8
2913	New York	2015-12-23	00:00	29.5	17.2	8.9	4.5
2914	New York	2015-12-24	00:00	0.5	20.6	13.9	4.9
2915	New York	2015-12-25	00:00	2.5	17.8	11.1	0.9
2916	New York	2015-12-26	00:00	0.3	15.6	9.4	4.8
2917	New York	2015-12-27	00:00	2.0	17.2	8.9	5.5
2918	New York	2015-12-28	00:00	1.3	8.9	1.7	6.3
2919	New York	2015-12-29	00:00	16.8	9.4	1.1	5.3
2920	New York	2015-12-30	00:00	9.4	10.6	5.0	3.0
2921	New York	2015-12-31	00:00	1.5	11.1	6.1	5.5

	weather
0	drizzle
1	rain
2	rain
3	rain
4	rain
5	rain
6	rain
7	sun
8	rain
9	rain
10	sun
11	sun
12	sun
13	snow
14	snow

```
15
         snow
16
         snow
17
         snow
18
         snow
19
         snow
20
         rain
21
         rain
22
         rain
23
         rain
24
         rain
25
         rain
26
      drizzle
27
         rain
28
         rain
29
         rain
. . .
           . . .
2892
          fog
2893
          sun
2894
          sun
2895
           sun
2896
           sun
2897
      drizzle
2898
           sun
2899
           sun
2900
      drizzle
2901
      drizzle
2902
          fog
2903
      drizzle
2904
          fog
2905
          fog
2906
          fog
2907
          fog
2908
          sun
2909
           sun
2910
          sun
2911
          sun
2912
          fog
2913
          fog
2914
          fog
2915
          fog
2916
      drizzle
2917
          fog
2918
         snow
          fog
2919
2920
          fog
2921
          fog
```

[2922 rows x 7 columns]

8 Now it is your turn

Download airport.csv then load it into the notebook **Remember:** Right click on the link and select **save target as**

9 File Types

- CSV: Comma Separated Values example
 - Use pd.read_csv
- JSON: Javascript Object Notation example
 - Use pd.read_json
- Excel: Microsoft Excel File
 - Use pd.read_excel
- Others, type pd.read_ then hit Tab to see a list

10 How to work with the data?

- You must place it in a variable so you can refer to it
- The current data was displayed and not assigned to a variable, so you cannot use it
- Assign it to a variable named my_df

```
In [3]: my_df = pd.read_csv("weather.csv")
In []: # Your turn: Load airports.csv into airports_df
```

11 Let us discover how the data looks like

We examine the top and bottom records of the dataframe to get an idea of what the data looks like

```
In [9]: my_df.head()
Out[9]:
         location
                               date
                                     precipitation temp_max
                                                             temp_min wind weather
       0 Seattle 2012-01-01 00:00
                                               0.0
                                                        12.8
                                                                   5.0
                                                                         4.7 drizzle
       1 Seattle 2012-01-02 00:00
                                              10.9
                                                        10.6
                                                                   2.8
                                                                         4.5
                                                                                 rain
       2 Seattle 2012-01-03 00:00
                                               0.8
                                                        11.7
                                                                   7.2
                                                                         2.3
                                                                                 rain
       3 Seattle 2012-01-04 00:00
                                              20.3
                                                                         4.7
                                                        12.2
                                                                   5.6
                                                                                 rain
       4 Seattle 2012-01-05 00:00
                                               1.3
                                                         8.9
                                                                   2.8
                                                                         6.1
                                                                                 rain
In [ ]: # You can pass a number in the head() method to show more data
        # show 10 items (try it)
```

```
# do the same for airports_df
```

12 Data types

- Each **column** will have its own data type
- Remember, variables will be in columns
- Observations in rows
- Use dtypes attribute of to discover columns and datatypes
- **OOP**: What is the difference between a *function*, a *method*, an *attribute*, and a *variable*?

```
In [18]: my_df.dtypes
Out[18]: location
                           object
         date
                           object
                          float64
         precipitation
         temp_max
                          float64
         temp_min
                          float64
         wind
                          float64
         weather
                           object
         dtype: object
In [ ]: # Your turn: Find out the data types for the airports_df column
In [18]: # Pandas uses data types provided by numpy
         # load numpy
         import numpy as np
         # convert the column to datetime
         my_df.date.astype(np.datetime64)
Out[18]: 0
                2012-01-01
                2012-01-02
         1
         2
                2012-01-03
         3
                2012-01-04
         4
                2012-01-05
         5
                2012-01-06
         6
                2012-01-07
         7
                2012-01-08
         8
                2012-01-09
         9
                2012-01-10
         10
                2012-01-11
```

```
11
       2012-01-12
12
       2012-01-13
13
       2012-01-14
14
       2012-01-15
15
       2012-01-16
       2012-01-17
16
17
       2012-01-18
18
       2012-01-19
19
       2012-01-20
20
       2012-01-21
21
       2012-01-22
22
       2012-01-23
23
       2012-01-24
24
       2012-01-25
25
       2012-01-26
26
       2012-01-27
27
       2012-01-28
28
       2012-01-29
29
       2012-01-30
          . . .
       2015-12-02
2892
       2015-12-03
2893
2894
       2015-12-04
2895
       2015-12-05
2896
       2015-12-06
2897
       2015-12-07
2898
       2015-12-08
2899
       2015-12-09
2900
       2015-12-10
2901
       2015-12-11
2902
       2015-12-12
2903
       2015-12-13
2904
       2015-12-14
2905
       2015-12-15
2906
       2015-12-16
2907
       2015-12-17
2908
       2015-12-18
2909
       2015-12-19
2910
       2015-12-20
       2015-12-21
2911
2912
       2015-12-22
2913
       2015-12-23
2914
       2015-12-24
2915
       2015-12-25
2916
       2015-12-26
2917
       2015-12-27
2918
       2015-12-28
2919
       2015-12-29
```

```
2920
                2015-12-30
         2921
                2015-12-31
         Name: date, dtype: datetime64[ns]
In [5]: # an alternative way to do it is using
        pd.to_datetime(my_df.date).head() # do you remember head method?
Out[5]: 0
            2012-01-01
          2012-01-02
        1
          2012-01-03
          2012-01-04
            2012-01-05
        Name: date, dtype: datetime64[ns]
In [6]: # now let us examine the date column
        my_df.date.head()
        # why is it still of type object?
        # How to fix it?
Out[6]: 0
             2012-01-01 00:00
        1
             2012-01-02 00:00
             2012-01-03 00:00
        2
        3
             2012-01-04 00:00
             2012-01-05 00:00
        Name: date, dtype: object
In []: # just like the dataframe, the command creates a copy
        # but does not store it
        # We need to replace the old date column with the new one
        my_df.date = my_df.date.astype(np.datetime64)
In [23]: # check the types
        my_df.dtypes
Out[23]: location
                                  object
                          datetime64[ns]
         date
         precipitation
                                 float64
         temp_max
                                 float64
                                 float64
         temp_min
                                 float64
         wind
         weather
                                  object
         dtype: object
In [2]: # Your turn: examine the airports_df dataframe
        # are there any date columns that you can convert?
        # Check then numeric columns, what should their data type be?
```

13 Data Types and Variable Types

Variable Type	Data Type
Continuous	float64, datetime64[ns]
Discrete	int64
Ordinal	int64, category
Nominal	int64, object, category
Categorical	int64, object, category

14 Why convert an object column into a date column?

- As you will find out later, pandas can do more fancy things if it knows the column is a date
- For example:
- Sort
- Filter based on date range
- Date arethmatic
- Always make sure date/time columns have the correct data type

15 Indexing Columns

- Using square brackets []
- Using dot notation.

```
my_df['location']
Out[7]: 0
                  Seattle
                  Seattle
        2
                  Seattle
                  Seattle
                  Seattle
        5
                  Seattle
        6
                  Seattle
        7
                  Seattle
        8
                  Seattle
        9
                  Seattle
        10
                  Seattle
        11
                  Seattle
        12
                  Seattle
        13
                  Seattle
        14
                  Seattle
        15
                  Seattle
                  Seattle
        16
        17
                  Seattle
                  Seattle
        18
        19
                  Seattle
        20
                  Seattle
        21
                  Seattle
        22
                  Seattle
```

In [7]: # a single column is known as a series

```
25
                 Seattle
        26
                 Seattle
        27
                 Seattle
        28
                 Seattle
        29
                 Seattle
                   . . .
        2892
                New York
        2893
                New York
                New York
        2894
        2895
                New York
        2896
                New York
        2897
                New York
                New York
        2898
        2899
                New York
        2900
                New York
        2901
                New York
        2902
                New York
                New York
        2903
                New York
        2904
        2905
                New York
                New York
        2906
                New York
        2907
        2908
                New York
                New York
        2909
        2910
                New York
        2911
                New York
                New York
        2912
        2913
                New York
        2914
                New York
        2915
                New York
        2916
                New York
        2917
                New York
        2918
                New York
                New York
        2919
                New York
        2920
        2921
                New York
        Name: location, dtype: object
In [8]: # Some methods that work on Dataframes also work on Series
        my_df['location'].head()
Out[8]: 0
             Seattle
             Seattle
        1
             Seattle
        2
        3
             Seattle
        4
             Seattle
        Name: location, dtype: object
```

23

24

Seattle

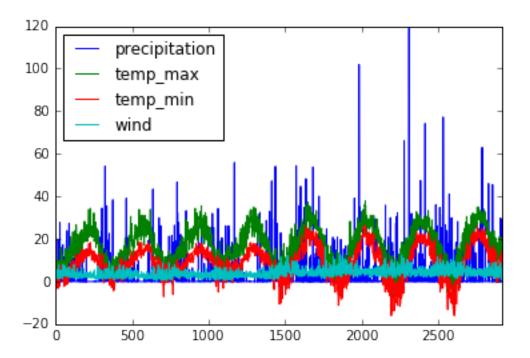
Seattle

```
In [13]: # Dot notation to access series
         my_df.location.head()
Out[13]: 0
              Seattle
              Seattle
         1
         2
              Seattle
              Seattle
         3
         4
              Seattle
         Name: location, dtype: object
In [ ]: # Your turn: Try to index the columns for airports_df using square brackets and dot note
        # Use head() to get an idea of what the data is
In [14]: # Descriptive statistics
         my_df['location'].describe()
                       2922
Out[14]: count
         unique
         top
                   New York
                       1461
         freq
         Name: location, dtype: object
In [15]: # works also on dataframe
         my_df.describe()
Out[15]:
                precipitation
                                   temp_max
                                                temp_min
                                                                  wind
         count
                  2922.000000
                               2922.000000
                                            2922.000000
                                                          2922.000000
         mean
                     2.944764
                                 16.769131
                                                8.612320
                                                             4.101129
                     7.695286
         std
                                   8.644596
                                                7.511776
                                                              1.880791
                     0.000000
                                 -7.700000
                                              -16.000000
                                                             0.400000
         min
         25%
                                 10.000000
                     0.000000
                                                3.300000
                                                             2.700000
         50%
                     0.000000
                                 16.100000
                                                8.900000
                                                              3.800000
                                 23.900000
         75%
                     1.800000
                                               13.900000
                                                              5.100000
                                 37.800000
                   118.900000
                                               26.700000
                                                            16.200000
In [26]: # Different data types will have different descriptives
         my_df['date'].describe()
Out[26]: count
                                   2922
         unique
                                   1461
                   2013-06-05 00:00:00
         top
         freq
         first
                   2012-01-01 00:00:00
                   2015-12-31 00:00:00
         last
         Name: date, dtype: object
In [21]: my_df.precipitation.describe()
```

```
Out[21]: count
                  2922.000000
                     2.944764
         mean
                     7.695286
         std
                     0.000000
         min
         25%
                     0.000000
         50%
                     0.000000
         75%
                     1.800000
                   118.900000
         Name: precipitation, dtype: float64
In [ ]: # Your turn: Use describe() on airports_df
        # Which columns are included in describe?
        # Try it on the columns that were excluded:
        # Why were these columns excluded?
```

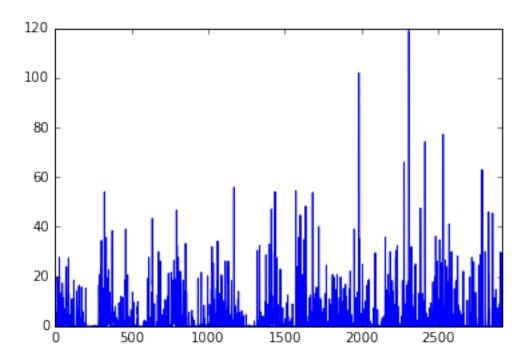
16 You can also plot a dataframe

- Pandas will try to show it in the best way possible
- Plotting from dataframe is very simplistic and used for quick univariate exploration

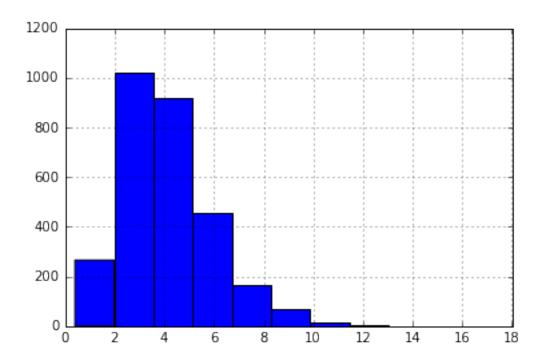


17 Don't forget!

Always include in your notebook:



 ${\tt Out[40]: < matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot \ at \ 0x116d89240>}$



18 How can you find out if percipitation is usually high in the year or low?

```
In [ ]: # Your turn:
In [45]: # Sometime pandas cannot plot it
         my_df['location'].plot()
        TypeError
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
        <ipython-input-45-e083b00ff51a> in <module>()
          1 # Sometime pandas cannot plot it
   ----> 2 my_df['location'].plot()
        /Users/koutbo6/anaconda/lib/python3.5/site-packages/pandas/tools/plotting.py in __call__
       3564
                                       colormap=colormap, table=table, yerr=yerr,
       3565
                                       xerr=xerr, label=label, secondary_y=secondary_y,
    -> 3566
                                       **kwds)
                __call__.__doc__ = plot_series.__doc__
       3567
       3568
```

```
/Users/koutbo6/anaconda/lib/python3.5/site-packages/pandas/tools/plotting.py in plot_ser
       2643
                             yerr=yerr, xerr=xerr,
       2644
                             label=label, secondary_y=secondary_y,
    -> 2645
                             **kwds)
       2646
       2647
        /Users/koutbo6/anaconda/lib/python3.5/site-packages/pandas/tools/plotting.py in _plot(da
       2439
                    plot_obj = klass(data, subplots=subplots, ax=ax, kind=kind, **kwds)
       2440
    -> 2441
                plot_obj.generate()
                plot_obj.draw()
       2442
                return plot_obj.result
       2443
        /Users/koutbo6/anaconda/lib/python3.5/site-packages/pandas/tools/plotting.py in generate
       1024
                def generate(self):
                    self._args_adjust()
       1025
    -> 1026
                    self._compute_plot_data()
                    self._setup_subplots()
       1027
       1028
                    self._make_plot()
        /Users/koutbo6/anaconda/lib/python3.5/site-packages/pandas/tools/plotting.py in _compute
                    if is_empty:
       1133
       1134
                        raise TypeError('Empty {0!r}: no numeric data to '
    -> 1135
                                         'plot'.format(numeric_data.__class__.__name__))
       1136
                    self.data = numeric_data
       1137
        TypeError: Empty 'DataFrame': no numeric data to plot
In []: # Your turn: try to plot the columns in airport_df using either plot() or hist()
        # What can you find out about the data?
In [49]: # Such variables are usually categorical and you can get frequencies like so
         my_df['location'].value_counts()
Out[49]: New York
                     1461
         Seattle
                     1461
         Name: location, dtype: int64
```

19 Are data frames immutable?

- Yes, however, all operations that change values will produce a copy and not change the original
- You have to use assignment to change columns or dataframes
- So be careful!

20 Finding Missing Value (Nulls or Nans)

- Missing values are usually represented by:
 - The Python Null if the value doesn't exists
 - Numpy nan if the value is Not a Number (like zero division)
- Use isnull() value to find if any value is null in the DataFrame:

```
In [26]: my_df.isnull()
Out [26]:
             location
                        date precipitation temp_max temp_min
                                                              wind weather
                                                      False False
        0
                False False
                                    False
                                             False
                                                                     False
        1
                False False
                                    False
                                             False
                                                      False False
                                                                     False
        2
                False False
                                    False
                                             False
                                                      False False
        3
                                                      False False
                False False
                                    False False
```

False False 4 False False False False False False False 5 False False False False False False False 6 False False False False False False False 7 False False False False False False False 8 False False False False False False False 9 False 10 False False 11 False False False False False False False False False 12 False False False False False 13 False False False False False False False 14 False 15 False False

16	False						
17	False						
18	False						
19	False						
20	False						
21	False						
22	False						
23	False						
24	False						
25	False						
26	False						
27	False						
28	False						
29	False						
2892	False						
2893	False						
2894	False						
2895	False						
2896	False						
2897	False						
2898	False						
2899	False						
2900	False						
2901	False						
2902	False						
2903	False		False	False	False	False	False
2904	False						
2905	False						
2906	False		False	False	False	False	False
2907	False		False	False	False	False	False
2908	False	False	False	False	False		False
2909	False	False	False	False	False		False
2910	False						
2911	False		False	False	False	False	False
2912	False						
2913	False						
2914	False						
2915	False						
2916	False						
2917	False						
2918	False		False	False	False	False	False
2919	False		False	False	False	False	False
2920	False		False	False	False	False	False
2921	False						

[2922 rows x 7 columns]

20.1 Call any() on isnull() to see which columns have null values

```
In [11]: my_df.isnull().any()
Out[11]: location
                           False
         date
                           False
                           False
         precipitation
                           False
         temp_max
         temp_min
                           False
         wind
                           False
                           False
         weather
         dtype: bool
```

20.2 Call any() again to see if the dataframe has any null value

```
In [14]: my_df.isnull().any().any()
Out[14]: False
```

21 Duplicates

- Search for any repeated values
- use duplicated()
 - Note that this looks at all the columns in the record
 - You can pass a list of column names to check duplication based on

```
In [28]: my_df.duplicated()
Out[28]: 0
                  False
         1
                  False
          2
                  False
          3
                  False
          4
                  False
         5
                  False
         6
                  False
         7
                  False
         8
                  False
         9
                  False
         10
                  False
                  False
          11
         12
                  False
          13
                  False
          14
                  False
```

```
15
        False
16
        False
17
        False
18
        False
19
        False
20
        False
21
        False
22
        False
23
        False
24
        False
25
        False
26
        False
27
        False
28
        False
29
        False
        . . .
2892
        False
2893
        False
        False
2894
2895
        False
2896
        False
2897
        False
2898
        False
2899
        False
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        False
2901
        False
2902
        False
2903
        False
2904
        False
2905
        False
2906
        False
2907
        False
2908
        False
2909
        False
2910
        False
2911
        False
2912
        False
2913
        False
2914
        False
2915
        False
2916
        False
2917
        False
2918
        False
        False
2919
2920
        False
2921
        False
dtype: bool
```