My Project

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Class Index

1.1 Class List

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2 Class Index

File Index

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:	
cubrw.hpp	 11

File Index

Class Documentation

3.1 branching_random_walk Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- branching_random_walk (u_field *u_ptr, unsigned random_seed, int X, int T)
- void **evolve** (long n_steps=1, unsigned long det_thr=1<< 20)
- auto cbegin () const
- · auto cend () const
- auto cbegin_y () const
- auto cend_y () const
- auto size () const
- auto size_y () const
- auto y_at (int x) const

Protected Types

• using **ptcl_n** = double

Protected Member Functions

• void evolve_one_step (unsigned long det_thr)

Protected Attributes

- u_field * ptr_u
- $std::vector < int > red_locations$
- std::map< int, ptcl_n > n_yellow
- int **t**
- int X
- int **T**
- std::mt19937 engine

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

cubrw.hpp

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3.2 BRW Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- BRW (double lambda)
- void evolve (long n_steps=1, unsigned long det_thr=1<< 20)
- long t () const
- double **n_at** (long x) const
- auto cbegin () const
- auto cend () const
- const std::vector< long > & rightmost_track () const

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· cubrw.hpp

3.3 image Class Reference

Public Types

• using **rgb** = std::array< unsigned char, 3 >

Public Member Functions

- image (unsigned width, unsigned height, unsigned char background_brightness=255)
- void save (const std::string &filename)
- rgb pixel (unsigned row, unsigned col) const
- void pixel (unsigned row, unsigned col, rgb colors)
- unsigned width () const
- · unsigned height () const

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· cubrw.hpp

3.4 model Class Reference

Public Types

- using **idx** = unsigned
- using real_t = double

Public Member Functions

- model (long T, long X, unsigned saving_period, double tol=0.)
- model (long T, unsigned saving period, double tol=0.)
- void fill_u ()
- · void fill_logr ()
- idx **m_t** (idx i)
- real t **u** (idx i, idx j)
- real_t w (idx i, idx j)
- real_t logw (idx i, idx j)
- real_t logq (idx i, idx j)
- real_t logr (idx i, idx j)
- real_t logp (idx i, idx j)
- real t pplus (idx i, idx j)
- const real_t & lambda () const
- const real_t & v () const
- const real_t & gamma () const
- · const unsigned & out_period () const
- · long X () const
- long T () const
- idx I () const
- idx **J** () const
- void print (std::function< double(model::idx, model::idx)> field, std::ostream &out, const unsigned &digits=3, long window_size=20)

Public Attributes

- bool approximate u
- const unsigned saving_period

Static Public Attributes

- static std::vector< idx > lower_approx_bound
- static std::vector< idx > upper_approx_bound

Friends

- std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &out, const model &M)
- std::istream & operator>> (std::istream &in, const model &M)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• cubrw.hpp

3.5 multinomial_distribution< IntType > Class Template Reference

Public Member Functions

- multinomial_distribution (IntType n_trials, std::initializer_list< double > p_list)
- multinomial distribution (IntType n trials, std::initializer list< double > p list, IntType threshold)
- template < class Generator > std::vector < IntType > operator() (Generator & engine)

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Static Public Attributes

• static unsigned **n_calls_to_binom_dist** = 0

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· cubrw.hpp

3.6 progress monitor Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- progress_monitor (unsigned size=10)
- void reset ()
- unsigned time_remaining () const
- void add_datapoint (double percent_progress)

Public Attributes

· unsigned size

Friends

• std::ostream & operator << (std::ostream &out, const progress_monitor &pm)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· cubrw.hpp

3.7 timer Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- void reset ()
- unsigned long long time () const

Friends

• std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &out, const timer &t)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· cubrw.hpp

3.8 u field Class Reference

Public Types

- using **sidx** = int
- using idx = unsigned int
- using real_t = double

Public Member Functions

- u_field (unsigned lambda_pμ, unsigned saving_period=1)
- template < class It >
 - **u_field** (unsigned lambda_pμ, It x_y0_begin, It x_y0_end, unsigned saving_period=1)
- u field (unsigned lambda pμ, std::initializer list< int > x y0, unsigned saving period=1)
- real_t operator() (idx t, sidx x) const
- real ty (idx t, sidx x) const
- void fill_checkpoints (idx T, unsigned device_size, double tol=1e-5)
- void fill_between (idx T1, idx T2, unsigned device_size, double tol=1e-5)
- unsigned long estimate_memory (bool rough=true) const
- double lambda () const
- unsigned saving_period () const
- · double velocity () const
- double gamma0 () const
- real_t avg_R (idx t) const
- auto cbegin (idx t) const
- auto cend (idx t) const
- auto cbegin_y (idx t) const
- auto cend_y (idx t) const
- void erase (idx T1, idx T2)
- idx lower_scaling_region_bound (idx t) const
- idx upper_scaling_region_bound (idx t) const
- void print (std::ostream &out, unsigned digits=3, idx window size=20)

Protected Member Functions

- void compute_velocity ()
- void **compute_row** (idx t, double tol=0., bool save=false)
- real_t u_ti (idx t, idx i) const
- real_t y_ti (idx t, idx i) const

Protected Attributes

- double _lambda
- unsigned long _lambda_pµ
- · bool _compute_y
- unsigned _saving_period
- · double _velocity
- · double _gamma0
- std::map< idx, std::pair< idx, HOST_VEC >> u_map
- DEV_VEC prev_u
- DEV VEC next u
- $std::map < idx, HOST_VEC > y_map$

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- HOST_VEC y0
- DEV_VEC prev_y
- DEV_VEC next_y
- std::map< idx, HOST_VEC > prss_map
- std::map< idx, HOST_VEC > plss_map
- std::map< idx, HOST_VEC > prs2s_map
- std::map< idx, HOST_VEC > pls2s_map
- idx Isrb

Friends

- std::ostream & operator<< (std::ostream &out, const u_field &u)
- std::istream & operator>> (std::istream &in, u_field &u)

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· cubrw.hpp

3.9 u_recursion Class Reference

Public Member Functions

- u_recursion (double lambda)
- __host__ _device__ void **operator()** (u_field::real_t &u, const u_field::real_t &uti, const u_field::real_t &uti1) const
- __host__ _device__ void **operator()** (u_field::real_t &u, const u_field::real_t &uti, const u_field::real_t &uti, const u_field::real_t &yti, const u_field::real_t &yti1) const

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

· cubrw.hpp

File Documentation

```
00001 #ifndef cuBRW_H
00002 #define cuBRW_H
00003
00004 #include <map>
00005 #include <random>
00006 #include <vector>
00007 #include <deque>
00008 #include <numeric>
00009 #include <functional>
00010 #include <chrono>
00011 #include <fstream>
00012 #include <initializer_list>
00014 // #define GPU_SUPPORT
00015
00016 #ifdef GPU_SUPPORT
        #include "thrust/device_vector.h"
#include "thrust/host_vector.h"
#define DEV_VEC thrust::device_vector<real_t>
00017
00018
00019
         #define HOST_VEC thrust::device_vector<real_t
#define COPY thrust::copy
#define REDUCE thrust::reduce
00021
00022
00023
           #define SWAP thrust::swap
00024
           #define PLUS thrust::plus<real_t>
00025 #else
00026 #define DEV_VEC std::vector<real_t>
00027 #define HOST_VEC std::vector<real_t>
          #define COPY std::copy
#define REDUCE std::reduce
00028
00029
          #define SWAP std::swap
00030
00031
           #define PLUS std::plus<real_t>
00032 #endif
00033
00034 class BRW
00035 {
00036
           private:
              typedef unsigned long particle_number;
00037
00038
                double lam;
                std::map<long, particle_number> n;
00040
                std::vector<long> rightmost;
00041
                long time = 0;
                static std::mt19937 engine;
static const unsigned seed = 5;
00042
00043
00044
                 void evolve_one_step(unsigned long det_thr);
         public:
00046
               BRW(double lambda) : lam(lambda) { n[0] = 1; }
00047
                 void evolve(long n_steps = 1, unsigned long det_thr = 1 \times 20);
                inline long t() const { return time; };
00048
00049
                inline double n_at(long x) const;
                inline auto cbegin() const { return n.cbegin(); }
inline auto cend() const { return n.cend(); }
00050
00052
                inline const std::vector<long>& rightmost_track() const { return rightmost; }
00053 };
00054
00055 inline double BRW::n_at(long x) const
00056 {
           auto nx_it = n.find(x);
           if (nx_it == n.end()) return 0.;
```

```
return nx_it->second;
00060 }
00061
00062 class progress_monitor
00063 {
00064
           private:
               std::chrono::_V2::steady_clock::time_point starting_time;
               std::deque<double> progress; //values between 0 and 1
00066
00067
                std::deque<unsigned long> times; //in milliseconds and counted since start
           public:
00068
00069
               unsigned size:
00070
                /*Helper class to store the progress and estimate the time that is left through linear
      extrapolation.
00071
00072
               \text{texttt}\{\text{size}\} ... Number of data points that are saved and used for the linear
      extrapolation.*/
00073
               progress_monitor(unsigned size = 10) : size(size) { reset(); }
00074
      //Deletes all data points saved so far and resets the internal clock. After calling this, \texttt{*this} is in the same state as a freshly constructed \texttt{progress_monitor}
00075
               void reset();
00076
                //Estimated remaining time in milliseconds.
00077
               unsigned time_remaining() const;
               // Takes \ a \ floating \ point \ number \ in \ [0,1] \ indicating \ the \ progress \ of \ some \ task. \ Automatically
00078
      saves the time relative to the last reset.
               void add_datapoint(double percent_progress);
//Prints the progress and estimated the time in a formatted way to \texttt{out}.
00079
08000
00081
                friend std::ostream& operator«(std::ostream& out, const progress_monitor& pm);
00082 };
00083
00084 class timer
00085 {
00086
           private:
00087
               std::chrono::_V2::steady_clock::time_point starting_time;
00088
           public:
00089
               \ensuremath{//\mathrm{A}} simple clock starting to count upon construction.
00090
                timer() { reset(); }
00091
                //Restarts the clock at zero.
               void reset() {starting_time = std::chrono::steady_clock::now(); }
00093
               //Returns passed time since last reset or construction in milliseconds.
               unsigned long long time() const { return
00094
      std::chrono::duration_cast<std::chrono::milliseconds>(std::chrono::steady_clock::now()-starting_time).count();
00095
                //Prints time since last reset.
00096
               friend std::ostream& operator (std::ostream& out, const timer& t);
00097 };
00098
00099 class image
00100 {
00101
           private:
00102
               unsigned w. h:
00103
                std::vector<unsigned char> pixels;
00104
           public:
00105
               using rgb = std::array<unsigned char, 3>;
00106
                //Creates a ppm image of format P6 with values 0-255 for each color rgb.
               image(unsigned width, unsigned height, unsigned char background_brightness = 255) : w(width),
00107
     h(height), pixels(3*width*height, background_brightness) {}
//Saves the file in a binary format.
00108
00109
                void save(const std::string& filename) {
                    std::ofstream file(filename, std::ios::binary);
file « "P6\n" « w « " " « h « "\n255\n";
00110
00111
                    file.write(reinterpret_cast<const char *>(&pixels[0]), pixels.size());
00112
00113
00114
                //Reads the color values of a given pixel.
               rgb pixel(unsigned row, unsigned col) const {
   std::size_t start = 3*row*w + 3*col;
00115
00116
00117
                    return { pixels.at(start), pixels.at(start+1), pixels.at(start+2) };
00118
                /\starSets the color values of a given pixel.
00119
                \texttt{rgb} is an alias for \texttt{std::array<unsigned char, 3>}
00120
00121
00122
                void pixel(unsigned row, unsigned col, rgb colors) {
                    std::size_t start = 3*row*w + 3*col;
pixels.at(start) = std::get<0>(colors);
pixels.at(start+1) = std::get<1>(colors);
00123
00124
00125
                    pixels.at(start+2) = std::get<2>(colors);
00126
00127
00128
               unsigned width() const { return w; }
00129
               unsigned height() const { return h; }
00130 };
00131
00132 class u field
00133 {
00134
           public:
00135
               using sidx = int; //signed index type
00136
               using idx = unsigned int;
00137
               using real t = double;
00138
               //This class holds the values of u in the scaling region for a given value of lambda. The
```

```
saving_period is the distance between two checkpoints.
00139
              u_field(unsigned lambda_pμ, unsigned saving_period = 1);
00140
              /\star {
m This} class holds the values of u in the scaling region for a given value of lambda. The
      {\tt saving\_period} is the distance between two checkpoints.
00141
              Using this constructor one also has to pass by iterator the x-values of the sites at which the
      function v(0,x) is non-zero.*/
00142
              template<class It>
00143
              u\_field(unsigned lambda_pµ, It x_y0_begin, It x_y0_end, unsigned saving_period = 1) :
      u_field(lambda_pu, saving_period)
00144
00145
                    _compute_y = true;
     if (x_y0_end-x_y0_begin == 1) throw std::runtime_error("The initializer_list<int> x_y0
must be non-empty if it is provided.");
00146
00147
                   int xmin = *std::min_element(x_y0_begin, x_y0_end);
00148
                   int xmax = *std::max_element(x_y0_begin, x_y0_end);
                   if (xmin <= 0) throw std::domain_error("The sites x at which y(0,x) != 0 must all be
00149
     strictly positive.");
00150
                  for (auto it = x_y0_begin; it != x_y0_end; ++it)
00151
                   {
00152
                       if (*it % 2 == 0)
00153
00154
                           y0.resize(*it/2 + 1);
00155
                           y0[*it/2] = 1;
00156
00157
                  }
00158
               /\starThis class holds the values of u in the scaling region for a given value of lambda. The
00159
      saving_period is the distance between two checkpoints.
00160
              Using this constructor one also has to pass the x-values of the sites at which the function
      y(0,x) is non-zero.*/
00161
              u_field(lambda_pμ, x_y0.begin(), x_y0.end(), saving_period) {}
00162
              //Returns u(x,t) assuming step sizes dx == dt == 1
00163
               real_t operator()(idx t, sidx x) const;
00164
               //Returns y(x,t) assuming step sizes dx == dt == 1
00165
              real_t y(idx t, sidx x) const;
               /\star {	t Fills} in all checkpoints up to and including time T starting from the last row that is
00166
      saved. If tol = 0., all non-zero values of u are computed.
00167
              device_size is the number of entries that are saved. \star/
00168
               void fill_checkpoints(idx T, unsigned device_size, double tol = 1e-5);
00169
              Fills all rows from inclusively T1 to exclusively T2. Existing rows are overwritten. If T1 != 0, row T1-1 must be filled beforehand.
00170
00171
00172
              device_size is the number of entries that are saved.
00173
00174
               void fill_between(idx T1, idx T2, unsigned device_size, double tol = 1e-5);
00175
               /*Writes the object to "out". The first row contains lambda and the saving_period.
00176
               The second and third rows contain all values of lower_approx_bound and upper_approx_bound.
00177
              The remaining lines start with the time index and afterwards the entries of u at this time
      index.
00178
              Only the values that are saved are outputted. \!\star\!/
00179
              friend std::ostream& operator«(std::ostream& out, const u_field& u);
00180
               //Reads in the object from "in", following the format outputted by operator«. this->u_map gets
     cleared and overwritten.
00181
              friend std::istream& operator»(std::istream& in, u_field& u);
     //Output the approximate memory used to save u. If rough == true, it is assumed that all rows contain the same number of elements as the latest row.
00182
00183
              unsigned long estimate_memory(bool rough = true) const;
00184
               double lambda() const { return _lambda; }
                                                          _saving_period; }
00185
              unsigned saving_period() const { return
              double velocity() const { return _velocity; }
double gamma0() const { return _gamma0; }
real_t avg_R (idx t) const { return 2*REDUCE(u_map.at(t).second.crbegin(),
00186
00187
00188
      u_map.at(t).second.crend(), (real_t) lower_scaling_region_bound(t), PLUS()) - (real_t) t; }
00189
              auto cbegin(idx t) const { return u_map.at(t).second.cbegin(); }
00190
               auto cend(idx t) const { return u_map.at(t).second.cend(); }
00191
               auto cbegin_y(idx t) const { return y_map.at(t).cbegin(); }
00192
              auto cend_y(idx t) const { return y_map.at(t).cend(); }
              //Erases the memory of the rows from inclusively T1 to exclusively T2. void erase(idx T1, idx T2) {
00193
00194
00195
                   for (unsigned t = T1; t != T2; ++t)
00196
                   {
00197
                       u_map.erase(t);
00198
                       y_map.erase(t);
00199
                       prss map.erase(t);
00200
                       plss_map.erase(t);
00201
                       prs2s_map.erase(t);
00202
                       pls2s_map.erase(t);
00203
                   }
00204
              idx lower_scaling_region_bound(idx t) const { return u_map.at(t).first; }
00205
00206
               idx upper_scaling_region_bound(idx t) const { return lower_scaling_region_bound(t) +
      u_map.at(t).second.size(); }
00207
              void print(std::ostream& out, unsigned digits = 3, idx window_size = 20);
00208
           protected:
00209
              double lambda;
00210
              unsigned long _lambda_pu;
```

```
00211
                                         bool _compute_y;
                                         unsigned _saving_period;
 00212
 00213
                                         double _velocity;
00214
                                         double _gamma0;
00215
                                         std::map<idx, std::pair<idx, HOST_VEC» u_map;
                                        DEV_VEC prev_u;
DEV_VEC next_u;
 00216
 00218
                                         std::map<idx, HOST_VEC> y_map;
00219
                                         HOST_VEC y0;
                                        DEV_VEC prev_y;
DEV_VEC next_y;
00220
00221
                                         std::map<idx, HOST_VEC> prss_map;
std::map<idx, HOST_VEC> plss_map;
std::map<idx, HOST_VEC> prs2s_map;
00222
 00223
 00224
 00225
                                         std::map<idx, HOST_VEC> pls2s_map;
00226
                                         idx lsrb;
00227
                                         void compute_velocity();
                                          /*Compute row t assuming that row t-1 has been computed (i.p. call illegal for t==0).
00228
                                         The row is only saved in u_map if save==true. Otherwise it is only temporarily saved until the
00229
                next call to compute_row.
00230
                                         Values for which 1-u < tol are not saved.*/
00231
                                        void compute_row(idx t, double tol = 0., bool save = false);
00232
                                        //Returns u given (t,i)-coordinates. Only rows that have been filled beforehand can be
                accessed.
 00233
                                       real_t u_ti(idx t, idx i) const;
                                          //Returns y given (t,i)-coordinates. Only rows that have been filled beforehand can be
                 accessed.
00235
                                       real_t y_ti(idx t, idx i) const;
00236 };
00237
00238 class u recursion
 00239 {
 00240
                                         u_field::real_t lambda;
00241
                             public:
00242
                                        u_recursion(double lambda) : lambda(lambda) {}
00243
00244
                                             host device
                                         void operator()(u_field::real_t& u, const u_field::real_t& uti, const u_field::real_t& util)
                 const {
00246
                                                     u_field::real_t result = (1. + lambda) / 2. * (uti1 + uti) - lambda / 2. * (uti1 * uti1 + uti1 + uti2 + uti1 + uti1 + uti2 + uti1 + uti2 + uti1 + uti2 + uti1 + uti2 + uti2 + uti1 + uti2 + u
uti * uti);
00247
                                                     if (result < 1e-320) u = 0:
00248
                                                     else u = result;
 00249
                                         };
 00250
00251
                                                                        _device_
00252
                                         void operator()(u_field::real_t& u, const u_field::real_t& uti, const u_field::real_t& util,
00253
                                                                                         u_field::real_t& y, const u_field::real_t& yti, const u_field::real_t& yti1)
                 const {
00254
                                                     u field::real t u result = (1. + lambda) / 2. * (util + uti) - lambda / 2. * (util * util
                 + uti * uti);
                                                     u_field::real_t y_result = ((1. + lambda) / 2. - lambda * uti) * yti + ((1. + lambda) / 2.
                 - lambda * uti1) * yti1
00256
                                                                                                                                       - lambda / 2. * (yti * yti + yti1 * yti1);
                                                     if (u_result < 1e-320) u = 0.;</pre>
00257
 00258
                                                     else u = u result;
                                                     if (y_result < 1e-320) y = 0.;
 00260
                                                     else y = y_result;
 00261
                                        };
 00262 };
00263
00264 /*class prob recursion
 00265 {
 00266
                                         u_field::real_t lambda;
00267
                             public:
                                        u_recursion(double lambda) : lambda(lambda) {}
00268
00269
00270
                                             host device
                                         void operator()(u_field::real_t& u, const u_field::real_t& uti, const u_field::real_t& util)
00271
                 const {
00272
                                                     u_field::real_t result = (1. + lambda) / 2. * (uti1 + uti) - lambda / 2. * (uti1 * uti1 + uti2 + uti2 + uti1 + uti2 + u
               uti * uti);
00273
                                                    if (result < 1e-320) u = 0.;
00274
                                                     else u = result;
 00275
                                         };
 00276
 00277
 00278
                                         void operator()(u_field::real_t& u, const u_field::real_t& uti, const u_field::real_t& util,
00279
                                                                                         u_field::real_t& y, const u_field::real_t& yti, const u_field::real_t& ytil)
                 const {
                                                      u\_field::real\_t \ u\_result = (1. + lambda) \ / \ 2. * (util + uti) - lambda \ / \ 2. * (util * util + ut
00280
                 + uti * uti);
                                                     u_field::real_t y_result = ((1. + lambda) / 2. - lambda \star uti) \star yti + ((1. + lambda) / 2.
                  - lambda * util) * ytil
 00282
                                                                                                                                        - lambda / 2. * (yti * yti + yti1 * yti1);
                                                    if (u_result < 1e-320) u = 0.;
 00283
00284
                                                    else u = u result:
```

```
00285
                  if (y_result < 1e-320) y = 0.;
00286
                  else y = y_result;
00287
              };
00288 }; */
00289
00290 template<typename IntType>
00291 class multinomial_distribution
00292 {
00293
          private:
00294
              IntType N;
              00295
00296
              IntType threshold;
00297
              bool approximate;
00298
         public:
00299
             /* Defines \ a \ multinomial \ distribution \ using \ the \ probabilities \ in \ p\_list \ which \ need \ to \ sum \ to
00300
              The last value is not used but deduced from this assumption.
00301
00302
              multinomial_distribution(IntType n_trials, std::initializer_list<double> p_list) : N(n_trials)
      {
00303
                  p.push_back(*(p_list.begin()));
00304
                  double normalization = 1. - p.back();
00305
                  for (auto p_it = p_list.begin()+1; p_it != p_list.end()-1; ++p_it)
00306
00307
                      p.push_back(*p_it / normalization);
                      normalization -= *p_it;
00308
00309
00310
00311
              / \\ * Defines a multinomial distribution using the probabilities in p\_list which need to sum to
     one.
00312
              The last value is not used but deduced from this assumption.
00313
00314
              Binomially distributed (n,p) random variables occuring in intermediate steps with n\star p >
     threshold are just taken to be [n*p].
00315
              multinomial_distribution(IntType n_trials, std::initializer_list<double> p_list, IntType
00316
     threshold) : multinomial_distribution(n_trials, p_list) {
00317
                  this->threshold = threshold;
00318
                  approximate = true;
00319
              }
00320
00321
              static unsigned n_calls_to_binom_dist;
00322
00323
              template<class Generator>
00324
              std::vector<IntType> operator()(Generator& engine);
00325 };
00326
00327 template<typename IntType>
00328 unsigned multinomial_distribution<IntType>::n_calls_to_binom_dist = 0;
00329
00330 template<typename IntType>
00331 template<class Generator>
00332 std::vector<IntType> multinomial_distribution<IntType>::operator() (Generator& engine)
00333 {
          std::vector<IntType> result;
00334
00335
          IntType remaining = N;
          IntType estimated;
00336
00337
          for (auto it = p.begin(); it != p.end(); ++it)
00338
00339
              if (approximate && (estimated = remaining * *it) > threshold) result.push_back(estimated);
00340
              else
00341
              {
00342
                  ++n_calls_to_binom_dist;
00343
                  result.push_back(std::binomial_distribution<IntType>(remaining, *it) (engine));
00344
00345
              remaining -= result.back();
00346
              if (remaining == 0) break;
00347
00348
         result.push back(remaining);
00349
         result.resize(p.size()+1);
00350
          return result;
00351 }
00352
00353 class branching_random_walk
00354 {
00355
          protected:
00356
             using ptcl_n = double;
00357
              u_field* ptr_u;
00358
              std::vector<int> red_locations;
00359
              std::map<int, ptcl_n> n_yellow;
00360
              int t;
int X, T;
00361
              std::mt19937 engine;
00362
00363
              void evolve_one_step(unsigned long det_thr);
00364
          public:
             branching\_random\_walk\,(u\_field*\ u\_ptr,\ unsigned\ random\_seed,\ int\ X,\ int\ T)\ :\ ptr\_u\,(u\_ptr)\,,
00365
      engine (random seed), T(T), X(X), t(0), red locations(0) { }
```

```
void evolve(long n_steps = 1, unsigned long det_thr = 1«20);
               auto cbegin() const { return red_locations.cbegin(); }
00367
00368
               auto cend() const { return red_locations.cend(); }
00369
               auto cbegin_y() const { return n_yellow.cbegin(); }
00370
               auto cend_y() const { return n_yellow.cend(); }
00371
               auto size() const { return red_locations.size(); }
               auto size_y() const { return n_yellow.size(); }
00372
               auto y_at(int x) const { if (std::map<int, branching_random_walk::ptcl_n>::const_iterator
00373
      search = n_yellow.find(x); search != n_yellow.end()) return search->second; else return
      (branching_random_walk::ptcl_n) 0; }
00374 };
00375
00376 #ifdef GPU_SUPPORT
00377 class red_orange_brw
00378 {
          protected:
00379
              using ptcl_n = double;
00380
00381
               u_field* ptr_u;
               std::vector<int> red_locations;
00382
00383
               thrust::device_vector<ptcl_n> curr_orange;
00384
               thrust::device_vector<ptcl_n> next_orange;
00385
               size_t orange_size;
               int t;
int X, T, Delta;
std::mt19937 engine;
00386
00387
00388
00389
               void evolve_one_step(unsigned long det_thr);
00390
          public:
     00391
00392
00393
00394
                   next_orange = thrust::device_vector<ptcl_n>(orange_size, 0);
00395
00396
               void evolve(long n_steps = 1, unsigned long det_thr = 1\ll20) { for (unsigned i = 0; i !=
      n_steps; ++i) { evolve_one_step(det_thr); ++t; } }
    auto cbegin_r() const { return red_locations.cbegin(); }
    auto cend_r() const { return red_locations.cend(); }
00397
00398
00399
               auto cbegin_o() const { return curr_orange.cbegin(); }
00400
               auto cend_o() const { return curr_orange.cend(); }
00401
               auto size_r() const { return red_locations.size();
00402
               auto size_o() const { return orange_size; }
00403 }:
00404 #endif
00405
00406 class model
00407 {
00408
          public:
              using idx = unsigned;
00409
00410
              using real_t = double;
00411
          private:
00412
              const unsigned lambda_pm = 10;
00413
               const double approx_tol;
00414
               const real_t _lambda;
00415
               const real_t logw_plus;
00416
               const real_t logw_minus;
00417
               inline static real_t velocity;
               inline static real_t gamma0;
00418
00419
               unsigned output_period;
00420
               inline static std::map<idx, std::vector<real_t> u_map;
00421
               inline static std::map<std::pair<idx, idx>, real_t> logq_map;
00422
               std::map<idx, std::deque<real_t» logr_map;</pre>
00423
               void compute_velocity();
00424
               #ifdef PRINT_W_MEMORY
               void print_w_map();
00425
00426
               bool w_changed = false;
00427
               #endif
00428
               long _X,
00429
               idx _I, _J;
progress_monitor pm_u;
00430
00431
               progress_monitor pm_r;
00432
               void fill_u_row(idx i);
00433
               void fill_logr_row(idx i);
00434
               long u_size();
00435
               long r_size();
00436
          public:
               inline static std::vector<idx> lower_approx_bound;
00437
00438
               inline static std::vector<idx> upper_approx_bound;
00439
               bool approximate_u;
00440
               const unsigned saving_period;
               model(long T, long X, unsigned saving_period, double tol = 0.);
model(long T, unsigned saving_period, double tol = 0.);
00441
00442
00443
               void fill_u();
               void fill_logr();
00444
00445
               idx \ \underline{m}\underline{t} (idx \ \dot{1}); \ // \ gives \ the \ index \ j \ such \ that \ [i,j] \ corresponds \ to \ the \ coordinates \ (t,m\underline{t})
00446
               real_t u(idx i, idx j);
               real_t w(idx i, idx j);
real_t logw(idx i, idx j);
00447
00448
```

```
00449
                real_t logq(idx i, idx j);
                real_t logr(idx i, idx j);
real_t logp(idx i, idx j);
00450
00451
00452
                real_t pplus(idx i, idx j);
                inline const real_t& lambda() const { return _lambda; }
inline const real_t& v() const { return velocity; }
00453
00454
                inline const real_t& gamma() const { return gamma0; }
00456
                inline const unsigned& out_period() const { return output_period; }
00457
                inline long X() const { return _X; }
                inline long T() const { return _T; }
inline idx I() const { return _I; }
inline idx J() const { return _J; }
00458
00459
00460
                friend std::ostream& operator«(std::ostream& out, const model& M);
00461
00462
                friend std::istream& operator»(std::istream& in, const model& M);
00463
                void print(std::function<double(model::idx, model::idx)> field, std::ostream& out, const
      unsigned& digits = 3, long window_size = 20);
00464 };
00465
00466 std::string d_to_str(double x, int precision = 2);
00468 //A helper function returning the parameters k,d such that k*x+d is the best linear fit of y.
00469 template<typename T>
00470 std::pair<T, T> linear_fit(const std::vector<T>& x, const std::vector<T>& y)
00471 {
00472
           auto x_it = x.begin();
00473
           auto y_it = y.begin();
00474
           T sum_xy = 0;
00475
           T sum_x x = 0;
           T sum_x = 0;
00476
           T sum_y = 0;
00477
00478
           unsigned n = x.size();
00479
           while (y_it != y.end() && x_it != x.end())
00480
                sum_xy += *x_it * *y_it;
sum_xx += *x_it * *x_it;
00481
00482
                sum_x += *x_it;
00483
                sum_y += *y_it;
++y_it;
00484
00485
00486
                ++x_it;
00487
           T k = (sum_xy - sum_x * sum_y / n) / (sum_xx - sum_x * sum_x / n);
T d = (sum_y - k * sum_x) / n;
return {k,d};
00488
00489
00490
00491 }
00492
00493 #endif
```

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