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1. Create a new process by invoking the appropriate system call. Get the process identifier of the currently running process and its respective parent using system calls and display the same using a C program.

Aim:

To create a new process using system calls, retrieve the process ID (PID) and parent process ID (PPID) of the current process, and display them using a C program.

Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Use the fork() system call to create a new process.
 - o fork() returns:
 - 0 in the child process.
 - The PID of the child in the parent process.
 - o If fork() fails, it returns -1.
- 3. In both parent and child processes:
 - o Use the getpid() system call to get the current process's ID.
 - o Use the getppid() system call to get the parent process's ID.
- 4. Print the retrieved PIDs for the parent and child processes.
- 5. End the program.

Procedure:

- 1. Write a C program including the necessary libraries (stdio.h and unistd.h).
- 2. Call fork() to create a child process.
- 3. Check the return value of fork():
 - o If 0, execute code for the child process.
 - o If positive, execute code for the parent process.
- 4. Use getpid() and getppid() to obtain and display the PID and PPID for each process.
- 5. Compile and run the program using gcc.

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
int main() {
    pid_t pid = fork();
```

```
if (pid == 0) {
    printf("Child Process: PID = %d, PPID = %d\n", getpid(), getppid());
} else if (pid > 0) {
    printf("Parent Process: PID = %d, PPID = %d\n", getpid(), getppid());
} else {
    printf("Fork failed\n");
}
return 0;
}
```

Result:

- 1. The program successfully creates a new process using fork().
- 2. It displays the process ID (PID) and parent process ID (PPID) of both the parent and child processes.
- 3. The output confirms the relationship between the parent and child processes.

Output:

