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36. With linked allocation, each file is a linked list of disk blocks; the disk blocks may be scattered anywhere on the disk. The directory contains a pointer to the first and last blocks of the file. Each block contains a pointer to the next block. Design a C program to simulate the file allocation strategy.

AIM

To design a C program that simulates the **Linked Allocation File System**, where each file is represented as a linked list of disk blocks, and the directory contains pointers to the first and last blocks of the file. Each block contains a pointer to the next block, and the blocks may be scattered anywhere on the disk.

ALGORITHM

1. Start

- 2. Define a structure FileBlock to represent each disk block. Each block contains data and a pointer to the next block.
- 3. Create a structure File to represent the file, which contains pointers to the first and last blocks of the file.
- 4. Create functions for file operations such as adding a new block, displaying the file contents, and accessing specific blocks.
- 5. Implement a function to add a new block to the file, updating the directory with the first and last block pointers.
- 6. Implement a function to display the file contents by traversing through the linked list of blocks.
- 7. Implement a function to access a specific block in the file by following the linked list of blocks.

8. Stop

PROCEDURE

- 1. Include necessary libraries (stdio.h for input/output and stdlib.h for dynamic memory management).
- 2. Define a FileBlock structure to represent a block with data and a pointer to the next block.
- 3. Define a File structure that holds pointers to the first and last blocks of the file.

- 4. Create functions to add new blocks to the file, display file contents, and access specific blocks.
- 5. Initialize the file and perform operations such as adding blocks, displaying contents, and accessing specific blocks.

6. End

```
CODE:
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
typedef struct FileBlock {
  char data[100];
  struct FileBlock *next;
} FileBlock;
typedef struct {
  FileBlock *first;
  FileBlock *last;
} File;
File* createFile() {
  File *file = (File*)malloc(sizeof(File));
  file->first = NULL;
  file->last = NULL;
  return file;
}
void addBlock(File *file, const char *data) {
  FileBlock *newBlock = (FileBlock*)malloc(sizeof(FileBlock));
```

```
snprintf(newBlock->data, sizeof(newBlock->data), "%s", data);
  newBlock->next = NULL;
 if (file->first == NULL) {
   file->first = newBlock;
   file->last = newBlock;
 } else {
    file->last->next = newBlock;
   file->last = newBlock;
 }
}
void displayFile(File *file) {
 if (file->first == NULL) {
   printf("File is empty.\n");
   return;
 }
  FileBlock *current = file->first;
 while (current != NULL) {
   printf("%s\n", current->data);
   current = current->next;
 }
}
void accessBlock(File *file, int blockNum) {
 if (file->first == NULL) {
    printf("File is empty.\n");
```

```
return;
 }
  FileBlock *current = file->first;
 int count = 1;
 while (current != NULL && count < blockNum) {
   current = current->next;
   count++;
 }
 if (current == NULL) {
   printf("Block %d not found.\n", blockNum);
 } else {
   printf("Accessing Block %d: %s\n", blockNum, current->data);
 }
}
int main() {
  File *file = createFile();
 int choice, blockNum;
 char data[100];
 while (1) {
    printf("\nFile Allocation System (Linked Allocation)\n");
   printf("1. Add Block\n");
    printf("2. Display File\n");
   printf("3. Access a Specific Block\n");
   printf("4. Exit\n");
```

```
printf("Enter your choice: ");
 scanf("%d", &choice);
 getchar(); // To consume newline character left by scanf
 switch (choice) {
   case 1:
     printf("Enter Data for Block: ");
     fgets(data, sizeof(data), stdin);
     data[strcspn(data, "\n")] = 0; // Remove newline character from input
     addBlock(file, data);
     break;
   case 2:
     displayFile(file);
     break;
   case 3:
     printf("Enter Block Number to Access: ");
     scanf("%d", &blockNum);
     accessBlock(file, blockNum);
     break;
   case 4:
     exit(0);
   default:
     printf("Invalid choice. Please try again.\n");
 }
}
return 0;
```

}

OUTPUT:

