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12. Design a C program to simulate the concept of Dining-Philosophers problem

## Aim

The **Dining Philosophers Problem** is a classic synchronization problem that illustrates how to allocate limited resources (e.g., forks) among multiple processes (e.g., philosophers) to avoid deadlock and ensure fairness.

# **Algorithm**

- 1. Philosophers alternate between **thinking** and **eating**.
- 2. Each philosopher needs two forks (shared resources) to eat.
- 3. Use a synchronization mechanism (e.g., semaphores or mutexes) to prevent deadlocks and ensure mutual exclusion.

## **Procedure**

- 1. Initialize a mutex or semaphore for each fork.
- 2. Create threads for each philosopher.
- 3. Implement the **thinking**, **picking up forks**, **eating**, and **putting down forks** states.
- 4. Use synchronization to avoid deadlock or starvation.

#### Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <unistd.h>

void *print_message(void *thread_id) {
  int tid = *(int *)thread_id;
  printf("Thread %d is running\n", tid);
  sleep(1); // Simulate work
  printf("Thread %d has finished\n", tid);
  return NULL;
```

```
int main() {
    pthread_t threads[3];
    int thread_ids[3];
    for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
        thread_ids[i] = i + 1;
        pthread_create(&threads[i], NULL, print_message, &thread_ids[i]);
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++) {
        pthread_join(threads[i], NULL);
    }
    printf("All threads have completed execution.\n");
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

## Result

The program simulates philosophers alternately **thinking** and **eating** while ensuring that no two adjacent philosophers eat simultaneously, avoiding deadlock.

# **Output:**

```
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Philosopher 0 is eating.
Philosopher 1 is hungry and trying to pick up forks.
Philosopher 4 is hungry and trying to pick up forks.
Philosopher 0 finished eating and put down forks.
Philosopher 0 is thinking.
Philosopher 3 finished eating and put down forks.
Philosopher 2
              is eating.
Philosopher 4 is eating.
Philosopher 3 is thinking.
Philosopher 0 is hungry and trying to pick up forks.
Philosopher 2 finished eating and put down forks.
Philosopher 2 is thinking.
Philosopher 4 finished eating and put down forks.
Philosopher 4 is thinking.
Philosopher 1 is eating.
Philosopher 3 is hungry and trying to pick up forks.
Philosopher 3 is eating.
Philosopher 2 is hungry and trying to pick up forks.
              is hungry and trying to
```