Name: P.MALREDDY

**Reg-No**: 192372015

19. Design a C program to implement process synchronization using mutex locks.

## Aim:

The aim of this C program is to demonstrate process synchronization using mutex locks, ensuring that multiple processes do not interfere with each other when accessing shared resources.

# **Algorithm:**

- 1. Create a mutex lock.
- 2. Initialize shared resources.
- 3. Define the critical section.
- 4. Use pthread mutex lock() to lock the mutex before accessing the shared resource.
- 5. Use pthread mutex unlock() to unlock the mutex after accessing the shared resource.
- 6. Perform synchronization to avoid race conditions.

## **Procedure:**

- 1. Create multiple threads (representing processes).
- 2. Each thread will access a shared resource (e.g., incrementing a counter).
- 3. Mutex locks will ensure only one thread modifies the resource at a time.

#### Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <pthread.h>

pthread_mutex_t mutex;
int shared_resource = 0;

void* increment(void* arg) {
   pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
   shared_resource++;
```

```
printf("Shared resource: %d\n", shared_resource);
  pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
  return NULL;
}
int main() {
  pthread_t threads[5];
  pthread_mutex_init(&mutex, NULL);
  for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    pthread_create(&threads[i], NULL, increment, NULL);
  }
  for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    pthread_join(threads[i], NULL);
  }
  pthread_mutex_destroy(&mutex);
  return 0;
}
```

# **Result:**

The program creates five threads, each incrementing the shared resource. The mutex ensures that only one thread can modify the resource at a time, avoiding race conditions and ensuring that the final value of <code>shared\_resource</code> is 5.

# **Output:**

