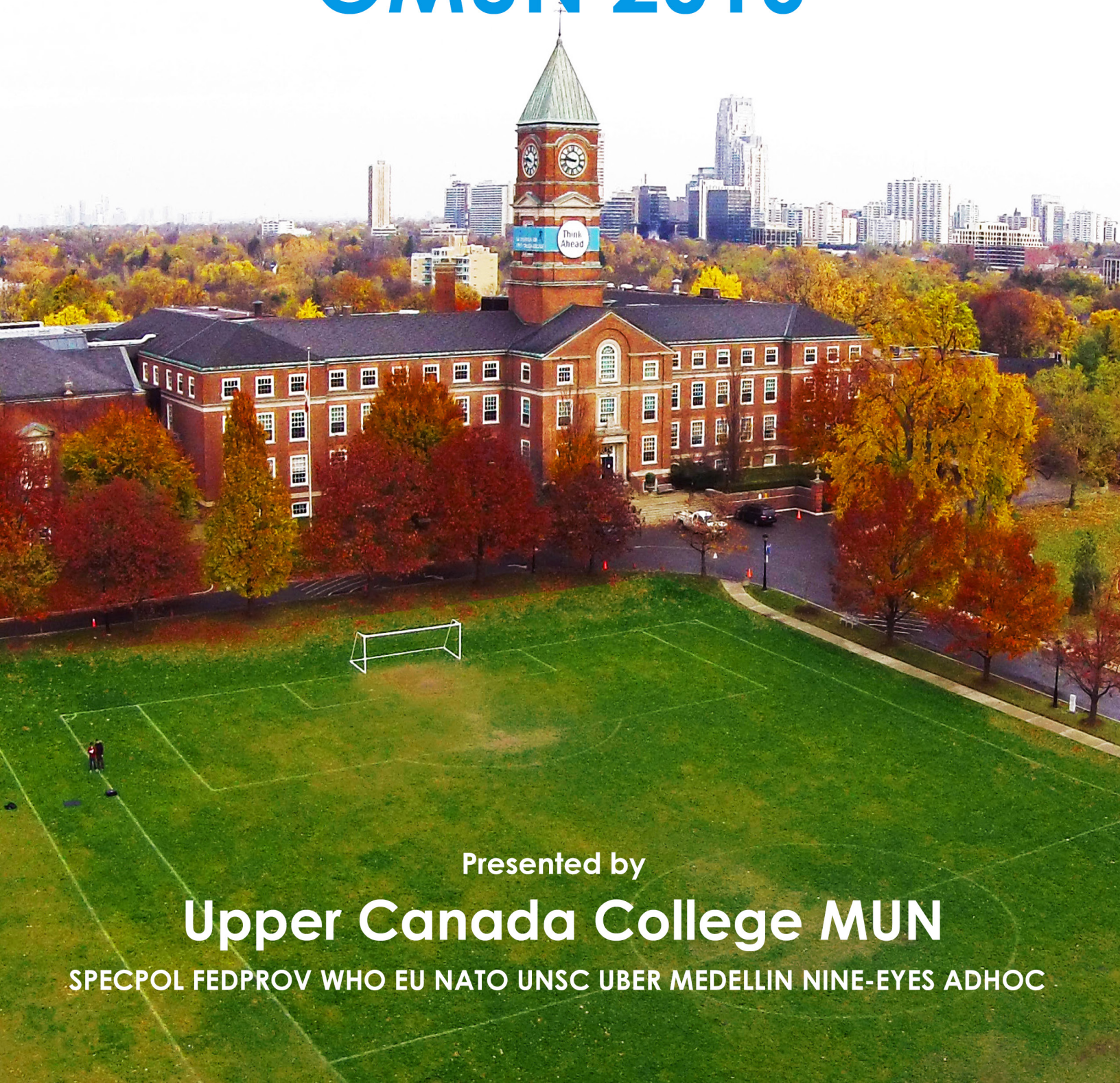




OMUN 2016



Presented by

Upper Canada College MUN

SPECPOL FEDPROV WHO EU NATO UNSC UBER MEDELLIN NINE-EYES ADHOC

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Letter from the Secretary Generals

Dear Delegates,

This 'Delegate Guide' will certainly help you with your conference experience, explaining the details necessary in order to understand Model United Nations, while also expounding upon what makes OMUN unique. It is written for an audience with all levels of experience, whether OMUN will be your first Model United Nations simulation, or your last. We recommend that delegates with little experience with Model United Nations simulations read the entire document carefully, as it will provide a thorough introduction to the dynamics of an actual committee session. Understanding the flow of committee, especially those that are more unorthodox, will allow any new delegate to immediately jump into debate at the start of the conference. More experienced delegates will find it useful to look over the sections of the guide that highlight some of the nuances that differentiate OMUN from other simulations. Specifically, delegates should carefully review the "Rules" and "Resolutions" sections, as our policies on these aspects of the simulation may differ significantly from other conferences. Moreover, those in committees that are Crisis or Specialized Agencies may want to see the changes in procedure that their committee will have. We hope that this Delegate Guide proves helpful to you in your committee session. Please do not hesitate to direct specific questions about particular committee topic areas to that committee's Director or the corresponding Undersecretary General. These individuals are an often overlooked resource and you should feel free to contact them. Please keep in mind throughout your preparation that delegates are the moving force behind the entire OMUN conference. Although the OMUN staff provides the framework within which the conference will develop, it is ultimately up to you, the delegate, to give substance to these model United Nations simulations. The entire staff wishes you well as you begin the first session of Ontario Model United Nations!

Secretary Generals,



James Coady



Joseph Noss

Schedule

Saturday April 16th, 2016

8:30	→	9:30	Registration and Check-In
9:45	→	10:30	Opening Ceremonies
10:30	→	12:30	Committee Session 1
12:30	→	2:00	Lunch Break (off-site)
2:00	→	4:30	Committee Session 2
4:30	→	6:30	Dinner Break
6:30	→	8:00	Committee Session 3

Sunday April 17th, 2016

9:30	→	11:30	Committee Session 4
11:30	→	1:30	Lunch Break (off-site)
1:30	→	3:30	Committee Session 5
3:30	→	4:30	Break
4:30	→	6:00	Closing Ceremonies

Committee Locations

First Floor

SPECPOL (SPD)	Library
Uber Board of Directors (Uber)	Room 138
Medellin Cartel	Room 128
Federal Provincial (Fed-Prov)	Room 127

Second Floor

World Health Org (WHO)	Lecture Theatre
North Atlantic Treaty Org (NATO)	Room 233
European Union (EU)	Room 232
Security Council	Room 218
Ad-Hoc	Room 230
9-Eyes	Room 222

Need help?

After Opening Ceremonies, your chair will direct you to what room you'll be in. Feel free to contact any of the OMUN staff for directions; the school can be confusing! If you have any more concerns, feel free to ask the OMUN staff!

Staff at OMUN

Staff

OMUN wouldn't happen without the help of almost a hundred students helping run the conference to make it the best there can be. Here's a quick list of many of our helpers!

Secretariat

Joe Noss
James Coady
Matthew Jagdeo
Imran Jessa
David Niddam-Dent
Ronan Murphy
Adam Rothman
Miles Hoaken
Nikhil Kassum

Secretary General
Secretary General
USG for Operations
USG for Committees
USG for Administration
USG for External Relations
USG for SAs
USG for Communications
Chargée D'Affaires

In addition, these 5 members of the secretariat will be contactable through email at the following addresses to address any concerns or questions.

joe.noss@ucc.on.ca
james.coady@ucc.on.ca
matthew.jagdeo@ucc.on.ca
imran.jessa@ucc.on.ca
nikhil.kassum@ucc.on.ca

Chairs

Ronan Murphy
Charlie Mortimer
Conrad Mahony
Fenton Jagdeo
Tom Reeve
Miles Hoaken
Amy Li
Matt Wang
Justin Lu
Nikhil Kassum

World Health Organisation(WHO)
SPECPOL (SPD)
FedProv
European Union (EU)
North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO)
Uber Board of Directors (UBER)
Medellin Cartel
9-Eyes
Security Council (UNSC)
Ad Hoc

Vice-Chairs

Abby Holland Rahina Damji
Campbell MacKinnon Shakir Lakhani
Brent Leung Siham Ally
Scotty Andrade Adam Sayani
Aryan Paliwal Max Taylor
Theo Iordache Rishika Sharma

Crisis

Ernest Leung
Imran Jessa
Adam Rothman
Edmund Un
Max Taylor

Sierra Chow
Mimi Mann
Spencer Bandeen
Sheldon Stern

Adviser

Mr. Matt Griem is the UCC Faculty Adviser for OMUN. Should you need to contact him, you can email him at mgriem@ucc.on.ca

Attending Schools

Albert Campbell
All Saints
Branksome Hall
Bishop Strachan School
Cawthra Park
Havergal
Henry Street
Lawrence Park
Markville Secondary School
Monarch Park
North Toronto
Oakville Trafalgar
Richmond Hill High School
Royal St. George's College
St. Mildred's
Toronto French School
Upper Canada College
Vaughan Road
Victoria Park CI

Rules of Procedure: GA

General Rules

1. Powers of the Chair - The chair has authority over the committee and may take all reasonable measures to ensure that these rules are followed and there is decorum among delegates. The chair and her/his officers will make all decisions regarding rules of procedure.
2. Delegates - Each delegation in the committee is to be represented by no more than one person.
3. Participation of non-members - The OMUN secretariat may appoint observer delegates to a committee at any time. Any delegates with observer status have the full rights of committee members except the right to present, sponsor/co- sponsor and vote on resolutions.
4. Quorum - 50%+1 of all registered delegates in a committee constitutes a quorum for debate. The chair shall undertake a roll call of all delegates prior to the beginning of each committee session and return from recess in order to determine if quorum exists.
5. Courtesy - The chair, delegates and staff are required to show courtesy and respect toward one another at all times during OMUN. Where possible, delegates should stand when speaking.
6. Placards - Placards will be provided by the OMUN Secretariat. Delegates must use these placards when looking to be recognized by the chair. Delegates shall not deface or otherwise destroy the placards.
7. Dress Code - All delegates must be dressed in western business attire or school uniforms.

Formal Debate (also called Formal Consideration)

8. Formal Debate as a Default - The default position of a committee is formal debate.
9. Agenda - Setting the agenda will be the first order of business for the committee. To place a topic on the agenda, a delegate will need to motion. The motion requires a seconder. One speaker will be allowed to speak for the motion and one against. After hearing from both sides, the members will take a vote. A simple majority will pass the motion and the topic will be placed on the agenda.
10. Speaker's List - Once the agenda has been set, delegates may motion to open a speaker's list on the topic. The chair may accept this motion with or without a majority vote. Once the motion is accepted, the chair will ask delegates wishing to speak to raise their assigned placards. The chair will order the speaker's list at their discretion. After the list has been created and the first speaker has started, a delegate must submit a request in writing to be placed on the speaker's list.
11. Closing the Speaker's List - A delegate may motion to close the speaker's list, but only after the first two speakers have concluded their speech. The motion requires a 2/3 majority to pass. If the motion is successful, no additional delegates will be permitted to place their names on the speaker's list. If the speaker's list is exhausted, the committee will move directly into voting procedure.
12. Time Limits on Speeches - The default time limit for speeches during formal consideration is 2 minutes. A delegate may motion to change the speaking time for speeches in formal debate at any time. The member must indicate how long she or he wishes the speaking time to be. A simple majority is required to pass the motion.

Yields and Motions During Formal Debate

13. Yields - Any delegate speaking on a substantive issue may yield in any of the following three ways:

Yield to another delegate - the speaker can yield their remaining time to another delegate. Only one such yield is permitted. Tertiary yields (yielding to more than one person or to more than one option) are not permitted.

- Yield to questions - after the speech is finished, the delegate may field questions from the floor. The chair will decide who will ask the questions in the time remaining.
- Yield to the chair - if the delegate does not wish to answer questions or yield time to another delegate, she or he may yield the remaining time to the chair.

Rules of Procedure: GA (cont)

14. Comments Allowed if Delegate Does Not Yield - The intention to yield must be declared before a delegate begins to speak. If the delegate does not yield their time at the beginning of the speech, the chair may, at their discretion allow up to two comments by other delegates in the remaining time. The comments can only pertain to the speech just given.

15. Right of Reply - A delegate whose national integrity has been slandered or misrepresented in any way may request a right of reply. Granting of this right is at the discretion of the chair. If the right is granted, a delegate will be given 1 minute of time to comment upon the slander or misrepresentation. There can be no right of reply granted on a comment made on a delegate already speaking on a right of reply.

16. Point of Personal Privilege - A delegate may motion for a point of personal privilege whenever she or he experiences personal discomfort that impairs her or his ability to participate in the proceedings. A point of personal privilege may interrupt a speaker. If accepted by the chair, the delegate should detail the circumstances of the impairment. The chair will then make every reasonable effort to accommodate that person.

17. Point of Order - A delegate may rise to a point of order to indicate an instance of improper use of the rules or procedure. The chair, in accordance with these Rules of Procedure, will decide the point of order immediately. A point of order may not interrupt a speaker.

18. Point of Parliamentary Inquiry - A member may motion for a point of parliamentary inquiry to ask the chair a question regarding the rules of procedure. A point of parliamentary inquiry may not interrupt a speaker.

19. Recess - a member may motion for a recess if the floor is open. The chair may rule this motion in or out of order at their discretion as circumstances dictate. A simple majority vote is required for this motion to pass.

Informal Debate (Also called Moderated Caucus or Informal Consideration)

20. Motioning for Informal Consideration - When it becomes evident that informal discussion of the entire issue under consideration appears beneficial, a delegate may motion for informal debate. A time limit is required in the delegate's motion. A majority vote is required for this motion to pass. If the motion passes, then the speaker's list is temporarily suspended and chair may select delegates at their discretion to speak. After the time limit has expired, the committee will return to formal debate.

21. Time Limits on Speeches in Informal Consideration - The default time limit for speeches during informal debate is 2 minutes. A member may motion to change the speaking time for speeches in informal consideration at any time. The member must indicate how long she or he wishes the speaking time to be. A simple majority is required to pass the motion.

22. Points and Motions Allowed During Informal Consideration - Only points of personal privilege, order, and parliamentary inquiry are allowed during informal consideration.

23. No Yields During Informal Consideration - No yields are permitted/required during informal consideration.

24. Motions to Return to Formal Debate - After hearing from at least two speakers, any delegate may motion to return to formal debate of the issue. A majority vote is required for this motion to pass.

Caucusing

25. Motioning for a Caucus - A delegate may motion for a caucus at any time during formal debate. A caucus is a timed period in which the rules of formal debate are completely suspended and delegates may walk around the room. The delegate must specify a time and purpose for the caucus. A simple majority vote is required to pass the motion.

26. Time Extension on the Caucus - The chair may grant additional time for a caucus at their discretion without a motion, but the additional time set cannot be greater than 5 minutes.

27. No Caucus During Informal Debate - there can be no motion for a caucus during informal consideration.

Resolutions and Voting Procedures

28. Presentation of Resolutions - Only resolutions that address the topic at hand can be presented to the committee. Resolutions must be introduced by a delegate with full voting rights during their speaking time in formal debate. Resolutions require two sponsors and three co-sponsors to be introduced.

29. Multiple Resolutions on the Same Topic are Permitted - Delegates may introduce multiple resolutions on the same topic. The chair will number these resolutions based on order it was introduced, starting with 01.

Rules of Procedure: GA (cont)

30. Format of resolutions - resolutions must be neatly written or typed in the format prescribed by the OMUN Secretariat. Resolutions must list the sponsors and co-sponsors at the top of the page, and include at least two preambulatory clauses and one operative clause to be introduced.

31. Amendments - An amendment to a resolution must be presented in writing to the chair. The chair will make every effort to ensure copies of the amendment are available to all delegates. Friendly amendments require only the signature of the original delegates that sponsored the resolution. Unfriendly amendments must bear the signatures of five delegates and must have a simple majority to pass. Unfriendly amendments are voted upon only after closure of debate. Preambulatory clauses may not be amended and tertiary amendments (amendments to amendments) are not permitted.

32. Closure of Debate - During debate on a substantive topic in formal debate, a delegate may move to close debate on the issue. Two speakers for and two speakers against the motion will be permitted to speak at the chair's discretion. If there are no speakers against, the motion will automatically carry. Otherwise, a simple majority is required for this motion to pass. If resolutions/amendments have been presented, the committee will immediately move into voting procedure on those resolutions/amendments. Each resolution must be voted on independently in the order that they were introduced.

33. Division of the Question - After closure of debate, a delegate may motion to have the operative clauses of the resolution or amendment voted upon separately. The delegate should indicate in their motion how they wish to divide the resolution. A simple majority is required for this motion to pass.

34. Voting - Each delegate shall have one vote. A delegate may either vote for, against or abstain from voting on a resolution or amendment. Under no circumstances is a delegate to vote on behalf of another delegate.

35. Roll Call Votes - After closure of debate, a delegate may motion to have a roll call vote. This motion is automatically carried and only applies to voting on resolutions or amendments. In a roll call vote, the chair will call the delegates aloud in alphabetical order. Members may vote Yes, No, Abstain or Pass. A delegate who passes must vote after all members have voted.

The chair will then announce the outcome of the vote.

36. Rights of Explanation During Voting - A delegate may request the right to explain their vote by saying yes with rights or no with rights when they vote on a resolution or amendment. It is at the chair's discretion whether or not to grant them the right to speak after the vote is completed. Speaking time is limited to one minute.

37. Powers of Veto (applies to Security Council only) - should the delegates representing China, France, Russia, the United Kingdom and/or the United States vote no on a resolution/amendment, the resolution is considered vetoed and cannot pass. There is no appeal of a veto.

38. Consensus Votes (applies to NATO only) - the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) works on a consensus basis. However, if a resolution/amendment fails, a delegate may request that the chair take a vote of reconsideration. If the chair agrees, another vote on the resolution/amendment will be taken. If 2/3 of the delegates vote subsequently vote yes, the resolution will be passed.

39. Resolutions Carrying Contradictory Clauses - In cases where the committee passes resolutions that carry contradictory or conflicting operative clauses, the resolution that was most recently passed will carry.

Crisis

40. Directives- in crisis committees, directives are the main form of writing in a crisis committee. They consist of actions that the entire committee as a whole wants to take. Unlike resolutions, directives are not formal and can be in the form of bullet points.

41. Communiqués- messages from the entire committee to another country, organization, person or group of people.

42. Press Releases- messages from the entire committee addressed to the public.

43. Portfolio Action/Personal Directive- Individual action taken through the form of notes sent to crisis.

Adjournment

44. Adjournment of the Committee - a member may make a motion to adjourn or end the deliberations of the committee at any time within the last 15 minutes of the schedule as written by the OMUN Secretariat. A 2/3 vote is required for the motion to pass.

Rules of Procedure: FedProv

General Rules

1. Powers of the Chair – The chair has authority over the committee and may take all reasonable measures to ensure that these rules are followed and there is decorum among delegates. The chair and her/his officers will make all decisions regarding rules of procedure.
2. Quorum – 50%+1 of all registered delegates in a committee constitutes a quorum for debate. The chair shall undertake a roll call of all delegates prior to the beginning of each committee session and return from recess in order to determine if quorum exists.
3. Courtesy – The chair, delegates and staff are required to show courtesy and respect toward one another at all times during OMUN. Where possible, delegates should stand when speaking.
4. Placards – Placards will be provided by the OMUN Secretariat. Delegates must use these placards when looking to be recognized by the chair. Delegates shall not deface or otherwise destroy the placards.
5. Dress Code – All delegates must be dressed in western business attire or school uniforms.

Discussion and Debate

6. Moderated caucus- The default position for debate is moderated caucus. During this time, the chair may select delegates at their discretion to speak.
7. Agenda – Setting the agenda will be the first order of business for the committee. To place a topic on the agenda, a delegate will need to motion. The motion requires a seconder. One speaker will be allowed to speak for the motion and one against. After hearing from both sides, the members will take a vote. A simple majority will pass the motion and the topic will be placed on the agenda.
8. Time Limits on Speeches in Moderated Caucus – The default time limit for speeches during moderated caucus is 1 minute. A member may motion to change the speaking time for speeches in moderated caucus at any time. The member must indicate how long she or he wishes the speaking time to be. A simple majority is required to pass the motion.
9. No Yields During Moderated Caucus – No yields are permitted/required during moderated caucus.
10. Points and Motions Allowed During Moderated Caucus - Only points of personal privilege, order, and parliamentary inquiry are allowed during moderated caucus.
11. Point of Personal Privilege – A delegate may motion for a point of personal privilege whenever she or he experiences personal discomfort that impairs her or his ability to participate in the proceedings. A point of personal privilege may interrupt a speaker. If accepted by the chair, the delegate should detail the circumstances of the impairment. The chair will then make every reasonable effort to accommodate that person.
12. Point of Order – A delegate may rise to a point of order to indicate an instance of improper use of the rules or procedure. The chair, in accordance with these Rules of Procedure, will decide the point of order immediately. A point of order may not interrupt a speaker.
13. Point of Parliamentary Inquiry - A member may motion for a point of parliamentary inquiry to ask the chair a question regarding the rules of procedure. A point of parliamentary inquiry may not interrupt a speaker.

Rules of Procedure: FedProv (cont)

Unmoderated Caucus

14. Motioning for an Unmoderated Caucus – A delegate may motion for a caucus at any time. An unmoderated caucus is a timed period in which the rules of formal debate are completely suspended and delegates may walk around the room. The delegate must specify a time and purpose for the caucus. A simple majority vote is required to pass the motion.

15. Time Extension on the Unmoderated Caucus – The chair may grant additional time for a caucus at their discretion without a motion, but the additional time set cannot be greater than 5 minutes.

Cabinet Minutes

16. Presentation of Cabinet Minutes – Only Cabinet minutes that address the topic at hand can be presented to the committee. Cabinet members require two sponsors and three co-sponsors to be introduced.

17. Multiple Cabinet Minutes on the Same Topic are Permitted – Delegates may introduce multiple Cabinet minutes on the same topic. The chair will number these Cabinet minutes based on order it was introduced, starting with 01.

18. Format of Cabinet Minutes – Cabinet minutes must be neatly written or typed in the format prescribed by the OMUN Secretariat and approved by the chair before they are introduced.

19. Amendments – An amendment to a Cabinet Minute must be presented in writing to the chair. The chair will make every effort to ensure copies of the amendment are available to all delegates. Friendly amendments require only the signature of the original delegates that sponsored the Cabinet minute. Unfriendly amendments must bear the signatures of two delegates and must have a simple majority to pass. Unfriendly amendments are voted upon only after closure of debate.

20. Closure of Debate – During debate on a substantive topic, a delegate may move to close debate on the issue. Two speakers for and two speakers against the motion will be permitted to speak at the chair's discretion. If there are no speakers against, the motion will automatically carry. Otherwise, a simple majority is required for this motion to pass. If Cabinet minutes/amendments have been presented, the committee will immediately move into voting procedure on those Cabinet minutes/amendments. Each Cabinet minutes must be voted on independently in the order that they were introduced.

21. Voting – Each delegate shall have one vote. A delegate may either vote for, against or abstain from voting on a Cabinet minute or amendment. Under no circumstances is a delegate to vote on behalf of another delegate.

22. Cabinet Minutes Require 50%+1 to pass – All Cabinet minutes require 50%+1 of the delegates to vote yes in order to pass.

23. Roll Call Votes – After closure of debate, a delegate may motion to have a roll call vote. This motion is automatically carried and only applies to voting on Cabinet minutes or amendments. In a roll call vote, the chair will call the delegates aloud in alphabetical order. Members may vote 'Yes,' 'No,' 'Abstain' or 'Pass.' A delegate who passes must vote after all members have voted. The chair will then announce the outcome of the vote.

24. Powers of Veto – should the Prime Minister or Premier vote 'no' on a Cabinet minute/amendment, the Cabinet minute is considered 'vetoed' and cannot pass. There is no appeal of a veto.

25. Cabinet Minutes Carrying Contradictory Clauses – In cases where the committee passes Cabinet minutes that carry contradictory or conflicting operative clauses, the Cabinet minute that was most recently passed will carry.

Adjournment

26. Adjournment of the Committee – a member may make a motion to adjourn or end the deliberations of the committee at any time within the last 5 minutes of the schedule as written by the OMUN Secretariat. A 2/3 vote is required for the motion to pass. The chair may adjourn the committee within the last 10 minutes of the schedule, without a vote and at their discretion.

Sample Flow of Debate

Chair: Welcome. Roll call, and mention that only the motion to set the agenda will be accepted.

France: The French Republic moves to set the topic to the situation in the Middle East.

Chair: That is in order. All those in favour please raise your placards. The motion clearly passes. The speaker's list is now open. Everyone wishing to speak please raise your placards. USA, Syria, United Kingdom...

Chair: Are there any point or motions on the floor? Seeing none, I will call upon the delegate from the United States to address the council. Delegate you have two minutes.

United States: Thank-you Mr. Chair. Honourable delegates, we have come here today on a mission of hope-to begin work on a just, lasting, and comprehensive settlement to the conflict in the Middle East. We come here to seek peace for a part of the world that in the long history of human beings has known far too much hatred, anguish and war. I can think of no endeavour more worthy or more necessary. Our objective must be clear and straightforward. It is not simply to end the state of war in the Middle East and replace it with a state of non-belligerency. This is not enough; this would not last. Rather, we seek peace. What we seek is a Middle East where vast resources are no longer devoted to armaments; a Middle East where young people no longer have to dedicate and all too often, give their lives to combat; a Middle East no longer victimized by fear and terror; Middle East where men and women lead normal lives. Let no one mistake the magnitude of this challenge. The struggle we seek to end has a long and painful history. And yet, history need not be our master.

Togo: Point of personal privilege.

Chair: Yes, delegate from Togo.

Togo: It is very cold in here and I wonder if something could be done.

Chair: I will see what can be done. Please continue delegate from the United States.

United States: Peace in the Middle East need not be a dream. Peace will come only as the result of direct negotiations, compromise and give and take. While we will continue to do everything possible to help the parties overcome obstacles, peace must come from within. Negotiations must be conducted on the basis of this resolution. Thank you, I will now yield to questions.

Micronesia: Point of Order. The delegate did not yield at the beginning of their speech.

Chair: Point well taken delegate. The United States did not yield, so I will allow one comment.

Syria: Thank you Mr. Chair. The US delegate is insane and crazy if he/she believes negotiations alone will work.

United States: Right of reply.

Chair: Have you or your national integrity been impugned or slandered?

United States: Yes.

Chair: You have one minute to clarify the remarks.

United States: The United States strongly believes that negotiations are the only way to lasting peace. The comments made by Syria just prove their own ignorance.

Syria: Right of reply.

Chair: Sorry, there are no right of replies on right of replies.

Sample Resolution

Resolution 1.1

Social, Humanitarian and Cultural Committee

Topic: Emergency Aid

Sponsors: United States, Austria, Italy, Slovenia

Signatories: Greece, Tajikistan, Japan, Canada, Mali, Netherlands

The General Assembly,

Pre-Ambulatory Clauses:

Reminding all nations of the celebration of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, which recognizes the inherent dignity, equality and inalienable rights of all global citizens,

Reaffirming its Resolution 33/1996 of 25 July 1996, which encourages Governments to work with UN bodies aimed at improving the coordination and effectiveness of humanitarian assistance,

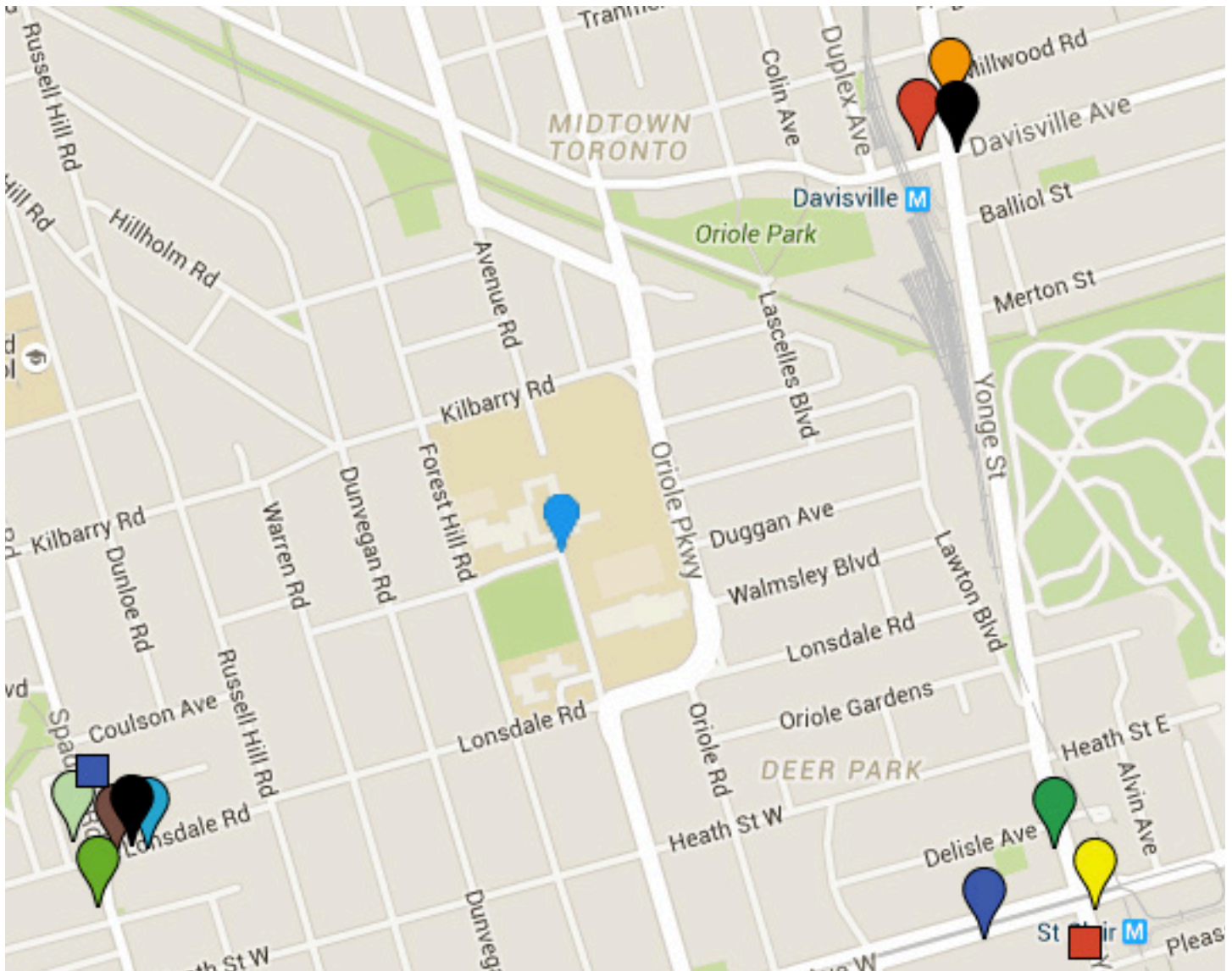
Noting with satisfaction the past efforts of various relevant UN bodies and nongovernmental organizations,

Stressing the fact that the United Nations faces significant financial obstacles and is in need of reform, particularly in the humanitarian realm,














Operative Clauses:

1. *Encourages* all relevant agencies of the United Nations to collaborate more closely with countries at the grassroots level to enhance relief efforts;
2. *Urges* member states to comply with the goals of the UN Department of Humanitarian Affairs to streamline efforts of humanitarian aid;
3. *Requests* that all nations develop rapid deployment forces to better enhance the coordination of relief efforts of humanitarian assistance in complex emergencies;
4. *Calls* for the development of a United Nations Trust Fund that encourages voluntary donations from the private transnational sector to aid in funding the implementation of rapid deployment forces;
5. *Stresses* the continuing need for impartial and objective information on the political, economic and social situations and events of all countries;
6. *Requests* the expansion of preventive actions and assurance of post-conflict assistance through reconstruction and development.

Places to Eat and Directions



There are a lot of nice places to eat around the UCC campus. There are three main areas: the “ville” to the southwest, which contains a variety of different food vendors, and the spots close to Davisville or St. Clair subway stations, both to the Northeast / Southeast of the school, respectively. We suggest you travel in groups in order to get food. If you need help, you can refer to this map, or ask an OMUN staff member for directions. And, as always, Google Maps is your friend!

-  UCC
-  McDonalds
-  Pizzaiolo
-  Hero Burger
-  Subway
-  Pizza Pizza
-  Tim Hortons
-  Sushi Lovers
-  Second Cup
-  Starbucks
-  Subway
-  Holy Chuck
-  EDO KO



OMUN 2016

Ontario Model United Nations 2016
April 16th-April 17th

Designed by Matthew Wang for OMUN 2016