

August 7, 2024

To Whom It May Concern:

*Data request for the contribution to the
Sri Lanka's Climate Change and Development Report.*

The World Bank is working on Liveable Cities deep dive that will contribute to Sri Lanka's Climate Change and Development Report (CCDR), which includes all nine capital cities. But for a detailed urban analysis, we have narrowed the study area to Colombo Metropolitan Area (Fig. 1). This analysis will cover varied issues: urban dynamics, productivity, vulnerability to climate change and hazards, GhG emissions, and waste management challenges. Through the literature review and stocktaking of open data, we have identified the following data we would like to ask you in TIF or .shp format:

Current Situation:

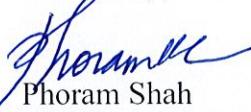
- Current land use plans
- Road, railway and highway System networks
- Areas covered by the existing sewage and wastewater system
- Distribution of underserved settlements, slums or shanties
- Blue - Green networks
- Flood Impact Zones & Disaster risk reduction plans

Planned Projects

- Proposed zoning and development master plans (proposed amenities, infrastructure, strategic projects, etc) up to 2030 to 2050
- Proposed housing projects and housing density by Grama Niladhari (GN) division
- Proposed water, sewage and electricity supply and distribution
- Total transport development plans up to 2030 to 2050.
- Industrial economic plans and proposed industrial distribution density.

We would be very grateful if you could share with us the data mentioned for the 11 DS that count with an urban plan. Our study area gathers 21 Divisional Secretariats (DS) but we identified that only the following 11 DS has published Urban plans: Kesbewa, Kaduwela, Colombo / Thimbirigasyaya, Kolonnawa, Biyagama, Kelaniya, Sri Jayawardanapura Kotte, Negombo, Dehiwala / Ratmalana, Kelaniya. We annex the detailed data by DS requested called "Annex 1. Sri Lanka _ Detailed Data Request".

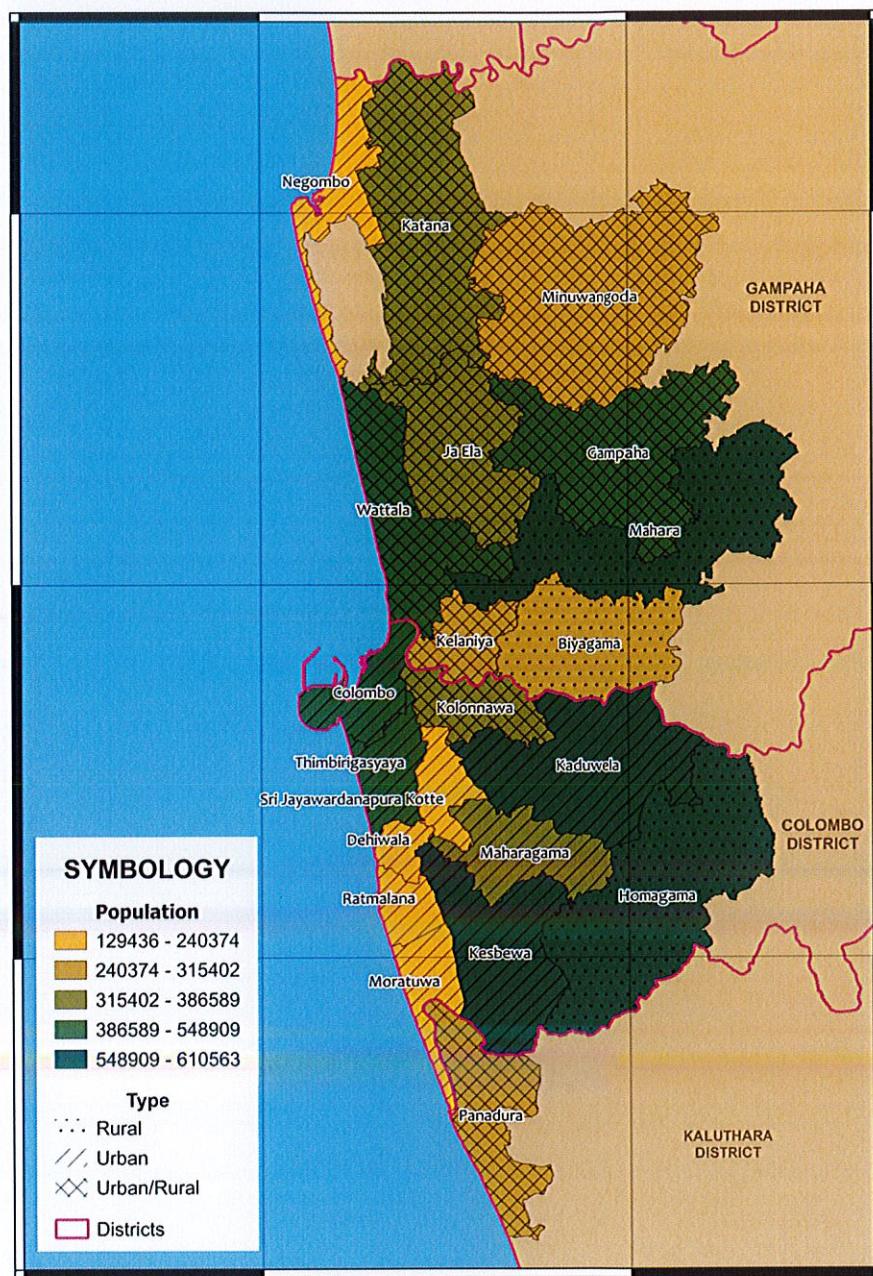
Sincerely,



Phoram Shah

Senior Urban Specialist and Task Team Leader

Fig. 1 Area of study



Source: CAPSUS (2024) based on Malalgoda et al. (2015)