COEN 244 Tutorial 7

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Account Class Example

```
#pragma once
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Account
          private:
                   int accountNum; // account number
                   double balance; // the balance
          public:
          Account()
                   cout << "account default constructor called" << endl;</pre>
                   accountNum = 0;
                   balance = 0;
         } // default constructor
          Account(int an, double b)
                   cout << "account regular constructor called" << endl;</pre>
                   accountNum = an;
                   balance = b;
         } // regular constructor
          Account(const Account& anotherAccount)
                   cout << "account copy constructor called" << endl;</pre>
                   accountNum = anotherAccount.accountNum;
                   balance = anotherAccount.balance;
         } // copy constructor
          ~Account()
         }// destructor. Does nothing
```

Account Class Example

```
int main()
{
    Account acc;
    cout << "after Account acc" << endl;

    Account* acc2;
    cout << "after Account* acc2" << endl;

    acc2 = 8 bytes (pointer)
    acc = K bytes

Account object = K
    bytes

Account* acc2;
    cout << "after Account* acc2" << endl;

    acc2 = new Account(20, 2.5);
    cout << "after acc2= new Account(20, 2.5)" << endl;

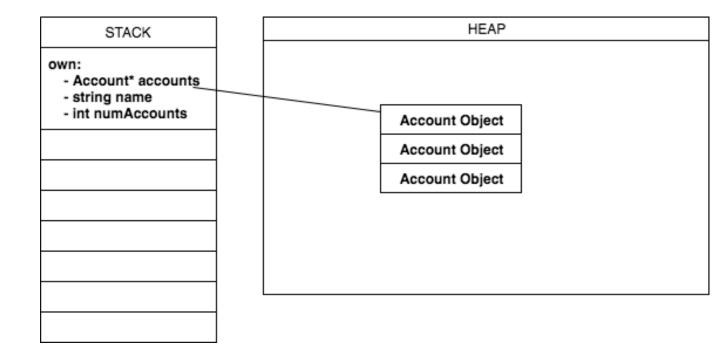
    return 0;
```

Owner Class Example – Array Implementation

```
#pragma once
#include <string>
#include "Account.h"
#include <array>
using namespace std;
class Owner
         private:
                  string name; // name of the person
                  int numAccounts; // represents the current number of accounts held by this owner
                  Account * accounts ; // list of accounts of this person, assume that an owner can have a max of 3 accounts
                  //array<Account*,3> accounts; //array of Account pointers
         public:
         Owner()
                   name = "";
                  numAccounts = 0;
                   accounts = new Account[3];
                  //for(int i=0; i<accounts.size(); i++)</pre>
                  // accounts[i] = nullptr; // default constructor
         } // default constructor
         ~Owner()
                  delete[] accounts; // delete all attributes that are pointers
```

Owner Class Example – Array Implementation

```
int main()
{
     Owner own;
    return 0;
}
```



Owner Class Example — Array of pointers Implementation

```
array<Account*,3> accounts; //array of Account pointers
```

```
Owner()
{
    name = "";
    numAccounts = 0;

for(int i=0; i < accounts.size(); i++)
    accounts[i] = nullptr;
} // default constructor</pre>
```

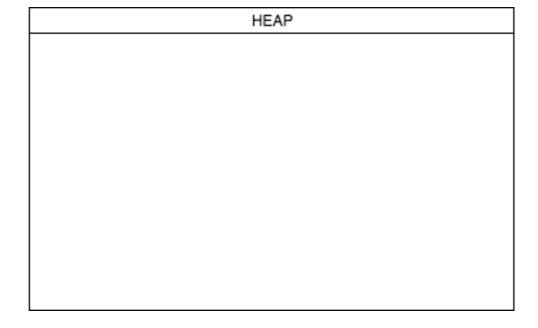
Owner Class Example — Array of pointers Implementation

```
int main()
{
      Owner own;
      return 0;
}
```

STACK

own:

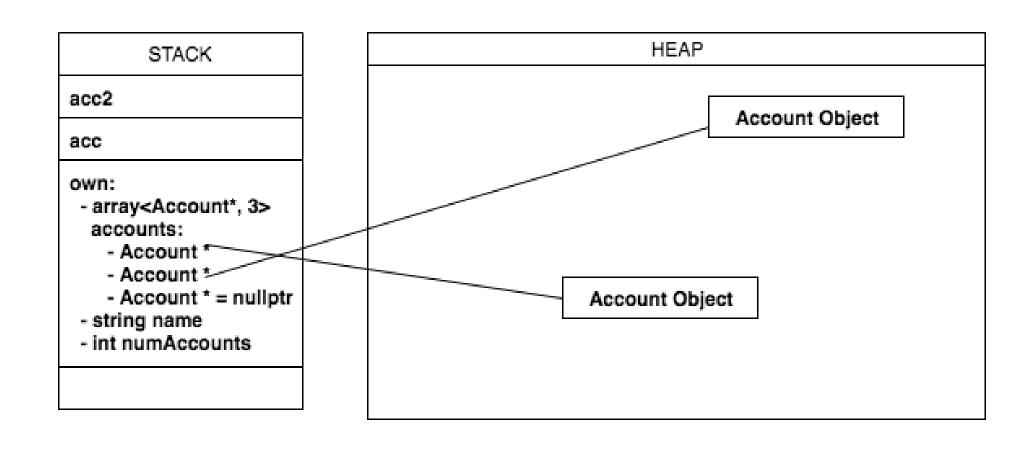
- array<Account*, 3> accounts:
 - Account * = nullptr
 - Account * = nullptr
 - Account * = nullptr
- string name
- int numAccounts



Owner Class Example — Array of pointers Implementation — Add Accounts to owner

```
void addAccount(const Account& a)
    if (numAccounts < 10) {
       accounts[numAccounts] = new Account(a);
       numAccounts++;
    else {
       cout << "Account cannot be added number of accounts exceeded " << endl;
                                                                         int main()
                                                                              Owner own;
                                                                              Account acc(20,2.5);
                                                                              Account acc2;
                                                                              own.addAccount(acc);
                                                                              own.addAccount(acc2);
                                                                              return 0;
```

Owner Class Example — Array of pointers Implementation — Add Accounts to owner



Copy Constructor

- In C++, a Copy Constructor may be called in following cases:
 - 1. When an object of the class is returned by value.
 - 2. When an object of the class is passed (to a function) by value as an argument.
 - 3. When an object is constructed based on another object of the same class.
 - 4. When the compiler generates a temporary object.*

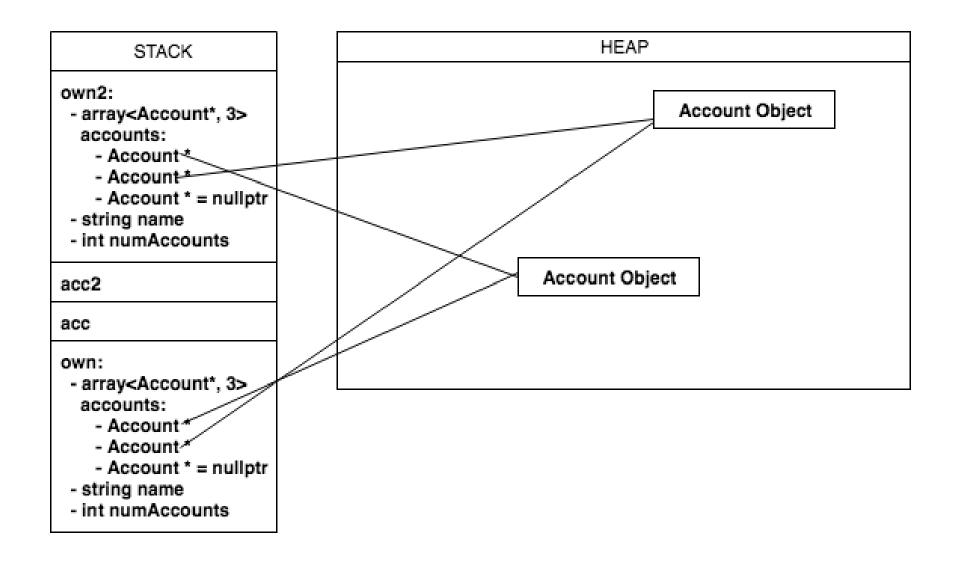
Copy Constructor – Owner Class

```
//copy constructor added to Owner.h
Owner(const Owner& anotherOwner)
{
    name = anotherOwner.name;
    numAccounts = anotherOwner.numAccounts;
    accounts = anotherOwner.accounts;
}
```

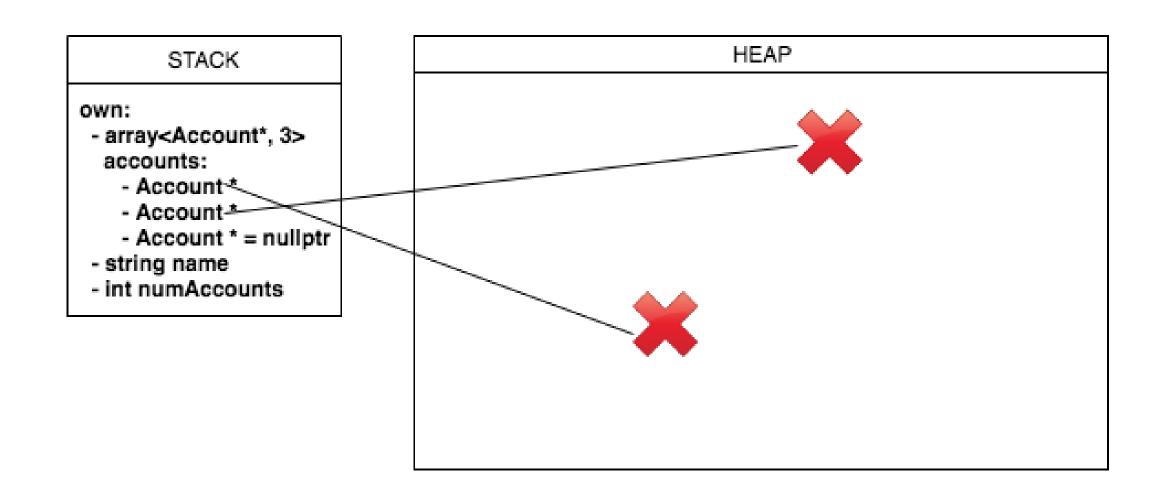
Copy Constructor – Owner Class

```
int main()
  Owner own;
  Account acc(20,2.5);
  Account acc2;
  own.addAccount(acc);
  own.addAccount(acc2);
  Owner own2(own);
  return 0;
```

Shallow Copy



Shallow Copy



Copy Constructor – Owner Class

```
//copy constructor added to Owner.h
Owner(const Owner& anotherOwner)
   name = anotherOwner.name;
   numAccounts = anotherOwner.numAccounts;
   for(int i=0; i < anotherOwner.accounts.size(); i++)
      if(anotherOwner.accounts[i] == nullptr)
             accounts[i] = nullptr;
      else
             accounts[i] = new Account(*anotherOwner.accounts[i]);
```

Deep Copy

