NSD NETWORK DAY03

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1案例1:静态路由

1.1 问题

按照图-1的拓扑结构配置接口ip地址并通过静态路由实现全网互通

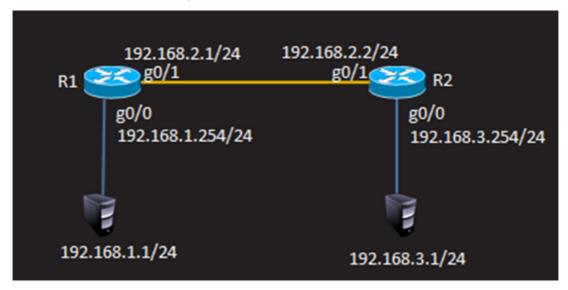


图-1

1.2 步骤

R1配置

```
01.
       Router>enable
02.
       Router#configure terminal
03.
       Router (config) #interface gigabitEthernet 0/0
       Router (config-if) #ip address 192.168.1.254 255.255.255.0
04.
       Router (config-if) #no shutdown
05.
06.
       Router (config-if) #exit
07.
       Router(config)#interface gigabitEthernet 0/1
       Router (config-if) #ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0
08.
                                                                           Top
09.
       Router (config-if) #no shutdown
       Router (config-if) #exit
10.
```

R2配置

```
01.
       Router>enable
02.
       Router#configure terminal
03.
       Router (config) #interface gigabitEthernet 0/0
       Router (config-if) #ip address 192.168.3.254 255.255.255.0
04.
05.
       Router (config-if) #no shutdown
06.
       Router (config-if) #exit
07.
       Router (config) #interface gigabitEthernet 0/1
08.
       Router (config-if) #ip address 192. 168. 2. 2 255. 255. 255. 0
09.
       Router (config-if) #no shutdown
10.
       Router (config-if) #exit
11.
       Router (config) #ip route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.2.1
12.
```

2 案例2:多网段静态路由

2.1 问题

按照图-2拓扑结构配置接口ip地址并通过静态路由实现全网互通

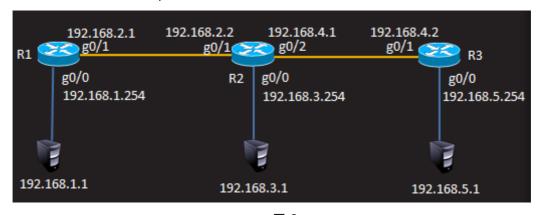


图-2

2.2 步骤

注:以下配置需要在练习1的基础上完成

R1配置

```
01. Router (config) #ip route 192.168.4.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.2.2
```

02. Router (config) #ip route 192. 168. 5. 0 255. 255. 255. 0 192. 168. 2. 2 **Top**

R2配置

```
01. Router (config) #interface gigabitEthernet 0/2
```

- 02. Router (config-if) #ip address 192. 168. 4. 1 255. 255. 255. 0
- 03. Router (config-if) #no shutdown
- 04. Router (config) #ip route 192. 168. 5. 0 255. 255. 255. 0 192. 168. 4. 2

R3配置

```
01.
       Router>enable
02.
       Router#configure terminal
03.
       Router (config) #interface gigabitEthernet 0/0
04.
       Router (config-if) #ip address 192. 168. 5. 254 255. 255. 255. 0
05.
       Router (config-if) #no shutdown
06.
       Router (config-if) #exit
07.
       Router (config) #interface gigabitEthernet 0/1
08.
       Router (config-if) #ip address 192.168.4.2 255.255.255.0
09.
       Router (config-if) #no shutdown
       Router (config-if) #exit
10.
       Router (config) #ip route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.4.1
11.
12.
       Router (config) #ip route 192. 168. 2. 0 255. 255. 255. 0 192. 168. 4. 1
13.
       Router (config) #ip route 192. 168. 3. 0 255. 255. 255. 0 192. 168. 4. 1
```

3 案例3:默认路由

3.1 问题

按照图-3拓扑结构配置接口ip地址并通过静态路由、默认路由的配置实现全网互通

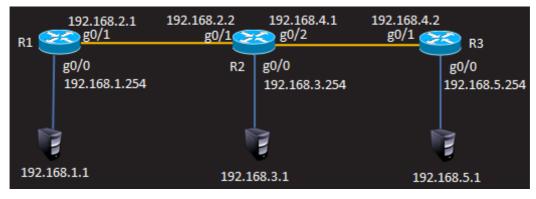


图-3

3.2 步骤

注:以下配置需要在练习2的基础上完成

R1配置

- 01. Router (config) #no ip route 192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.2.2
- 02. Router (config) #no ip route 192.168.4.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.2.2
- 03. Router (config) #no ip route 192.168.5.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.2.2
- 04. Router (config) #ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0 192.168.2.2

R3配置

- 01. Router (config) #no ip route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.4.1
- 02. Router (config) #no ip route 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.4.1
- 03. Router (config) #no ip route 192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.4.1

Router(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 192.168.4.1

4 案例4: vlan间通信01

4.1 问题

按照图-4的拓扑结构配置ip地址并通过三层交换实现vlan间通信

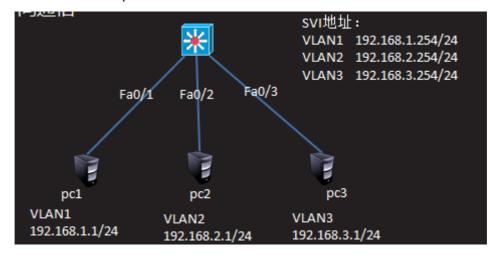


图-4

4.2 步骤

三层交换机配置

- 01. Switch enable
- 02. Switch#configure terminal
- 03. Switch (config) #interface vlan 1

Top

- 04. Switch (config-if) #ip address 192. 168. 1. 254 255. 255. 255. 0
- 05. Switch (config-if) #no shutdown

```
06.
07.
       Switch (config-if) #vlan 2
       Switch (config-vlan) #vlan 3
08.
09.
       Switch (config-vlan) #exit
10.
11.
       Switch (config) #interface vlan 2
12.
       Switch (config-if) #ip address 192.168.2.254 255.255.255.0
13.
       Switch (config-vlan) #exit
14.
15.
       Switch (config) #interface vlan 3
16.
       Switch (config-if) #ip address 192.168.3.254 255.255.255.0
17.
       Switch (config-vlan) #exit
18.
19.
       Switch (config) #ip routing
```

5 案例5: vlan间通信02

5.1 问题

按照图-5拓扑图配置ip地址并实现vlan间通信

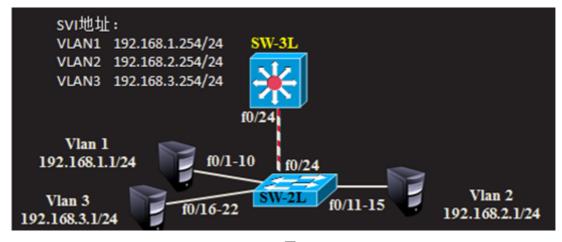


图-5

5.2 步骤

注:以下配置需要在练习4的基础上完成

三层交换机配置

O1. Switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 0/24
O2. Switch(config-if)#switchport trunk encapsulation dot1q
O3. Switch(config-if)#switchport mode trunk

<u>Top</u>

```
01.
       Switch>enable
02.
       Switch#configure terminal
03.
       Switch (config) #interface range fastEthernet 0/11-15
04.
       Switch (config-if-range) #switchport access vlan 2
05.
       Switch (config-if-range) #exit
       Switch (config) #interface range fastEthernet 0/16-22
06.
07.
       Switch (config-if-range) #switchport access vlan 3
08.
       Switch (config) #interface fastEthernet 0/24
09.
       Switch (config-if) #switchport mode trunk
```

6 案例6:多vlan与静态路由和缺省路由

6.1 问题

按照图-6规划配置实现全网互通

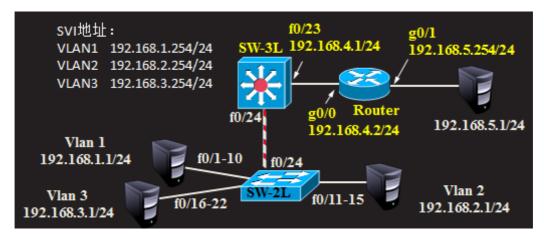


图-6

6.2 步骤

注:以下配置需要在练习5的基础上完成

三层交换机配置

```
01. Switch(config)#interface fastEthernet 0/23
02. Switch(config-if)#no switchport
03. Switch(config-if)#ip address 192.168.4.1 255.255.255.0
04. Switch(config-if)#exit
05. Switch(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0 192.168.4.2
```

路由器配置 Top

```
01.
       Router>enable
02.
       Router#configure terminal
03.
       Router (config) #interface gigabitEthernet 0/0
04.
       Router (config-if) #ip address 192. 168. 4. 2 255. 255. 255. 0
05.
       Router (config-if) #no shutdown
06.
       Router (config-if) #exit
07.
       Router (config) #interface gigabitEthernet 0/1
08.
       Router (config-if) #ip address 192. 168. 5. 254 255. 255. 255. 0
09.
       Router (config-if) #no shutdown
10.
       Router (config-if) #exit
11.
       Router (config) #ip route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.4.1
```

Router (config) #ip route 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.4.1

Router (config) #ip route 192. 168. 3. 0 255. 255. 255. 0 192. 168. 4. 1

7案例7:动态路由

12.

13.

7.1 问题

通过配置静态路由协议ospf实现全网互通

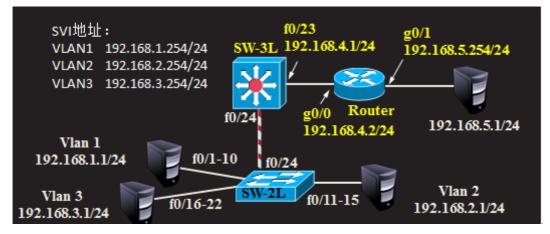


图-7

7.2 步骤

注:以下配置需要在练习6的基础上完成

三层交换机配置

```
01. Switch (config) #no ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0 192.168.4.2

02. Switch (config) #router ospf 1

03. Switch (config-router) #network 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

04. Switch (config-router) #network 192.168.2.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

05. Switch (config-router) #network 192.168.3.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

06. Switch (config-router) #network 192.168.4.0 0.0.255 area 0
```

路由器配置

```
01. Router(config)#no ip route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.4.1
02. Router(config)#no ip route 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.4.1
03. Router(config)#no ip route 192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.4.1
04. Router(config)#router ospf 1
05. Router(config-router)#network 192.168.4.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
06. Router(config-router)#network 192.168.5.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
```