Starting equations

$$\frac{D_{NO}}{r}\frac{d}{dr}\left(r\frac{dC_{NO}}{dr}\right) + R_{NO} = 0\tag{1}$$

Simplify

$$D_{NO}\frac{d^{2}C_{NO}}{dr^{2}} + \frac{D_{NO}}{r}\frac{dC_{NO}}{dr} = -R_{NO}$$
 (2)

Compare to form

$$u'' + P(r)u' = F(r) \tag{3}$$

$$u = C_{NO}, P(r) = \frac{1}{r}, F(r) = -\frac{R_{NO}}{D_{NO}}$$
 (4)

Taylor expansion

$$u_{i+1} = u_i + u_i' \Delta r + \frac{1}{2} u_i'' \Delta r^2,$$

$$u_{i-1} = u_i - u_i' \Delta r + \frac{1}{2} u_i'' \Delta r^2$$

Central difference

$$u'_{i} = \frac{u_{i+1} - u_{i-1}}{2\Delta r},$$

$$u''_{i} = \frac{u_{i+1} - 2u_{i} + u_{i-1}}{\Delta r^{2}}$$

Sub back into Eq. (3)

$$\frac{u_{i+1} - 2u_i + u_{i-1}}{h^2} + P_i \frac{u_{i+1} - u_{i-1}}{2h} = F_i, \ h = \Delta r$$
(5)

where index i starts at 1.

Rearrange

$$\left(1 - \frac{h}{2}P_i\right)u_{i-1} + (-2)u_i + \left(1 + \frac{h}{2}P_i\right)u_{i+1} = h^2F_i$$
(6)

$$(-2)u_i = -\left(1 - \frac{h}{2}P_i\right)u_{i-1} - \left(1 + \frac{h}{2}P_i\right)u_{i+1} + h^2F_i \tag{7}$$

$$u_{i} = -\frac{1}{2} \left(-\left(1 - \frac{h}{2}P_{i}\right) u_{i-1} - \left(1 + \frac{h}{2}P_{i}\right) u_{i+1} + h^{2}F_{i} \right)$$

$$\tag{8}$$

Use imaginary node to approximate Neumann BCs:

$$\frac{u_2 - u_0}{2h} = 0 \to u_0 = u_2 \tag{9}$$

$$\frac{u_{end+1} - u_{end-1}}{2h} = 0 \to u_{end+1} = u_{end-1} \tag{10}$$

Substitute into Eq. (3) when i = 1

$$u_1 = -2u_2 + h^2 F_1 \tag{11}$$

Substitute into Eq. (3) when i = end

$$u_{end} = -\left(1 - \frac{h}{2}P_{end}\right)u_{end-1} - \left(1 + \frac{h}{2}P_{end}\right)u_{end+1} + h^2F_{end}$$
(12)

$$u_{end} = -2u_{end-1} + h^2 F_{end} (13)$$

Solving over iterations

$$u_i^{k+1} = -\frac{1}{2} \left(-\left(1 - \frac{h}{2}P_i\right) u_{i-1}^{k+1} - \left(1 + \frac{h}{2}P_i\right) u_{i+1}^k + h^2 F_i \right)$$
(14)

Split into 5 sections. Solutions are in the general form $A\tilde{\mathbf{u}} = B$.

Let $a_i = \frac{h}{2}P_i$.

RBC core $r_0 < r < r_1$

Governing equation:

$$\frac{D_{NO}}{r} \frac{d}{dr} \left(r \frac{dC_{NO}}{dr} \right) - \lambda_{core} C_{NO} = 0$$
$$F_i = \frac{\lambda_{core} u_i}{D_{NO}}$$

Boundary condition:

$$u'(0) = 0 \to u_1 = u_2,$$

 $u'_{RBC}(r_1) = \sigma, \ \sigma = u'_{CFL}(r_1)$

Using second-order accurate one-sided difference approximation, j represents indexes in CFL domain.

$$\sigma = \frac{-3u_j + 4u_{j+1} - u_{j+2}}{2h}$$

$$\frac{3u_i - 4u_{i-1} + u_{i-2}}{2h} = \sigma,$$

$$3u_i - 4u_{i-1} + u_{i-2} = 2h\sigma$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 + a_{2} & 0 & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & 0 \\ 1 - a_{3} & -2 & 1 + a_{3} & \ddots & & & \vdots \\ 0 & 1 - a_{4} & -2 & \ddots & \ddots & & & \vdots \\ \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & & \vdots \\ \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & & \vdots \\ \vdots & & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & -2 & 1 + a_{n-3} & 0 & 0 \\ \vdots & & & \ddots & 1 - a_{n-2} & -2 & 1 + a_{n-2} & 0 \\ \vdots & & & \ddots & \cdots & 0 & 1 - a_{n-1} & -2 & 1 + a_{n-1} \\ 0 & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & 1 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}, \ \tilde{\mathbf{u}} = \begin{bmatrix} u_{2} \\ u_{3} \\ \vdots \\ u_{n} \end{bmatrix}, \ B = \begin{bmatrix} h^{2}F_{2} - (1 - a_{2})u_{1} \\ h^{2}F_{3} \\ \vdots \\ h^{2}F_{i} \\ \vdots \\ u_{n} \end{bmatrix}$$
(15)

CFL $r_1 < r < r_2$ Governing equation

$$\frac{D_{NO}}{r} \frac{d}{dr} \left(r \frac{dC_{NO}}{dr} \right) = 0$$
$$F_i = \frac{0}{D_{NO}}$$

Boundary condition:

$$u_{CFL}(r_1) = u_{RBC}(r_1),$$

 $u'_{CFL}(r_2) = \phi, \ \phi = u'_{EC}(r_2),$

Using one-sided difference approximation again, i is CFL, j is RBC

$$\phi = \frac{-3u_k + 4u_{k+1} - u_{k+2}}{2h},$$

$$\frac{3u_i - 4u_{i-1} + u_{i-2}}{2h} = \phi,$$

$$3u_i - 4u_{i-1} + u_{i-2} = 2h\phi$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 + a_{2} & 0 & & & & & & & & & & \\ 1 - a_{3} & -2 & 1 + a_{3} & \ddots & & & & & & & \vdots \\ 0 & 1 - a_{4} & -2 & \ddots & \ddots & & & & & \vdots \\ \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & & & & \vdots \\ \vdots & & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & & & & \vdots \\ \vdots & & & \ddots & \ddots & -2 & 1 + a_{n-3} & 0 & 0 \\ \vdots & & & \ddots & 1 - a_{n-2} & -2 & 1 + a_{n-2} & 0 \\ \vdots & & & \ddots & \dots & \dots & 0 & 1 - a_{n-1} & -2 & 1 + a_{n-1} \\ 0 & & \dots & \dots & \dots & 1 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}, \tilde{\mathbf{u}} = \begin{bmatrix} u_{2} \\ u_{3} \\ \vdots \\ u_{4} \\ \vdots \\ u_{n} \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} h^{2}F_{2} - (1 - a_{2})u_{1} \\ h^{2}F_{3} \\ \vdots \\ h^{2}F_{i} \\ \vdots \\ h^{2}F_{n-1} \\ 2h\phi \end{bmatrix}$$
(16)

EC $r_2 < r < r_3$ is same method as CFL, only difference is in the R_{NO} term.

Governing equation

$$\frac{D_{NO}}{r}\frac{d}{dr}\left(r\frac{dC_{NO}}{dr}\right) + R_{NO} = 0$$

$$F_i = -\frac{R_{NO_{max}}}{D_{NO}} \frac{P_{O_2}}{P_{O_2} + K_{m,eNOS}}$$

Boundary condition:

$$u_{EC}(r_2) = u_{CFL}(r_2),$$

 $u'_{EC}(r_3) = \gamma, \ \gamma = u'_{VW}(r_3)$

VW $r_3 < r < r_4$ is same method as CFL, only difference is in the R_{O_2} term. Governing equation

$$\frac{D_{NO}}{r} \frac{d}{dr} \left(r \frac{dC_{NO}}{dr} \right) - \lambda_{vw,t} C_{NO} = 0$$
$$F_i = \frac{\lambda_{vw,t} u_i}{D_{NO}}$$

Boundary condition:

$$u_{VW}(r_3) = u_{EC}(r_3),$$

 $u'_{VW}(r_4) = \delta, \ \delta = u'_T(r_4)$

T $r_4 < r < r_5$. Combined since same governing equation. Governing equation

$$\begin{split} \frac{D_{NO}}{r} \frac{d}{dr} \left(r \frac{dC_{NO}}{dr} \right) - \lambda_{vw,t} C_{NO} &= 0 \\ F_i &= \frac{\lambda_{vw,t} u_i}{D_{NO}} \end{split}$$

$$u_T(r_4) = u_{VW}(r_4),$$

 $u'(r_5) = 0 \rightarrow u_n = u_{n-1}$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 + a_{2} & 0 & \cdots & \cdots & \vdots \\ 1 - a_{3} & -2 & 1 + a_{3} & \ddots & & \vdots \\ 0 & 1 - a_{4} & -2 & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \vdots & & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & \cdots & \cdots & 0 & 1 - a_{n-1} & -2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \tilde{\mathbf{u}} = \begin{bmatrix} u_{2} \\ u_{3} \\ \vdots \\ u_{i} \\ \vdots \\ u_{n-1} \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} h^{2}F_{2} - (1 - a_{2})u_{1} \\ h^{2}F_{3} \\ \vdots \\ u_{i} \\ \vdots \\ h^{2}F_{n-1} - (1 + a_{n-1})u_{n} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(17)$$

 O_2 is solved using the same matrix as NO except in RBC where it has a constant partial pressure. RBC core $r_0 < r < r_1$

$$P_{O_2} = 70$$

CFL $r_1 < r < r_2$ Governing equation

$$\alpha \frac{D_{O_2}}{r} \frac{d}{dr} \left(r \frac{dP_{O_2}}{dr} \right) = 0$$
$$F_i = \frac{0}{\alpha D_{O_2}}$$

Boundary condition:

$$v_{CFL}(r_1) = v_{RBC}(r_1),$$

 $v'_{CFL}(r_2) = \phi, \ \phi = v'_{EC}(r_2)$

EC $r_2 < r < r_3$ Governing equation

$$\alpha \frac{D_{O_2}}{r} \frac{d}{dr} \left(r \frac{dP_{O_2}}{dr} \right) - R_{NO} = 0$$
$$F_i = \frac{R_{NO_{max}}}{\alpha D_{O_2}} \frac{P_{O_2}}{P_{O_2} + K_{m.eNOS}}$$

Boundary condition:

$$v_{EC}(r_2) = v_{CFL}(r_2),$$

 $v'_{EC}(r_3) = \gamma, \ \gamma = v'_{VW}(r_3)$

VW $r_3 < r < r_4$ Governing equation

$$\alpha \frac{D_{O_2}}{r} \frac{d}{dr} \left(r \frac{dP_{O_2}}{dr} \right) - Q_{O_2 \, max \, VW} \frac{P_{O_2}}{P_{O_2} + appK_m} = 0$$

$$appK_m = K_m \left(1 + \frac{C_{NO}}{C_{ref}} \right)$$

$$F_i = \frac{Q_{O_2 \, max \, VW}}{\alpha D_{O_2}} \frac{P_{O_2}}{P_{O_2} + K_m \left(1 + \frac{u_i}{C_{ref}} \right)}$$
(18)

Boundary condition:

$$v_{VW}(r_3) = v_{EC}(r_3),$$

 $v'_{VW}(r_4) = \delta, \ \delta = v'_T(r_4)$

T $r_4 < r < r_5$ Governing equation

$$\alpha \frac{D_{O_2}}{r} \frac{d}{dr} \left(r \frac{dP_{O_2}}{dr} \right) - Q_{O_2 \max T} \frac{P_{O_2}}{P_{O_2} + appK_m} = 0$$

$$appK_m = K_m \left(1 + \frac{C_{NO}}{C_{ref}} \right)$$

$$F_i = \frac{Q_{O_2 \max T}}{\alpha D_{O_2}} \frac{P_{O_2}}{P_{O_2} + K_m \left(1 + \frac{u_i}{C_{ref}} \right)}$$
(19)

Boundary condition:

$$v_T(r_4) = v_{VW}(r_4),$$

 $v'_T(r_5) = 0 \rightarrow v_n = v_{n-1}$

$$v_{T}'(r_{5}) = 0 \rightarrow v_{n} = v_{n-1}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix}
-2 & 1 + a_{2} & 0 & \cdots & \cdots & \cdots & 0 \\
1 - a_{3} & -2 & 1 + a_{3} & \ddots & & & \vdots \\
0 & 1 - a_{4} & -2 & \ddots & \ddots & & \vdots \\
\vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\
\vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\
\vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\
\vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\
\vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\
\vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\
\vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\
\vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\
\vdots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \ddots & \vdots \\
h^{2}G_{2} - (1 - a_{2})v_{1} \\
h^{2}G_{3} \\
\vdots \\
\vdots \\
h^{2}G_{i} \\
\vdots \\
h^{2}G_{i} \\
\vdots \\
h^{2}G_{n-1} \\
0
\end{bmatrix} (20)$$