EDTERO earl b=3-7 (15>=7*b) 11 ((43-8*214) (= (b*6/Z)) =7 (15 >= 25,9) 11 (39) perches operadores pretmencos 10°62 x 5/1013 x (5+2×0) 160 2) 3 x (11) 1,60 33 1. · Ubdolo 2. White 3 · Division y Destro 2. -3* (A-B)+15-3*15-0%5 7 -3 * (-4) + 15 - 45 -0

3. -16-1.3 -15000/2000* 1. Recolver operaciones neutro parenteis => 15×60=90 => -12+90=>8 =7-15%3-15000 * (4×78)=10 2 Resolver modulo -15/03 =0 => 0-15000 *(4×76)=10 -1500-5 > 4x76=312 > 5x312 > 1560/10 4.3000 1 # (15/5-2) +2-49,4+2-156 -1 * (1)+2-0+2. -1+2-0+2 5. -50|-3-50% 60-4* (-5-9-4* (-3-7)-49)-7%-7 1. Resolver 190 operaciones denvo de los Parenesio mas internos -50-50%60-4*(-5-9+40-49)-711.-7 =)===-501,60-4*(-23)-71,-7 47 16,67-50+92+0 =) 58.67 Pulmerene A talleres paras outes of Lieues.

6. 3* 50/6+40% 100-100/(4*-3+2)

1. RESOLUER OPERACIONS PAROHESS:

-> 4x-3--12 => -12+2=10

2 Pessives models

\$ 901,100 = 90 (Por ser meror of 100).

=> 3.50 + 90 - 100 5

=) 30+90+10 = 130

7.8*(17-3*-9-(15+21767-2)/13-(-1-10)/10)

+A*8-1

1. RESOLUER OPERACIONES de paventesis internos isicianos por mosso.

=7 15+0-2 = 13 = -10,1

=7 8 * (17-5 * -9 - (13) / 13+ 10,1) + 135

8 * (17+27-1+10,1)+135

8* (53.1) + 135

424,8+135 = 559,6

8.57.1+21,2+12565-7*(4/2/2*8-8)

1. Resolvenos modulos

5-1.1=0

2162=0 => 0 + 12565=0

2. PEGOIVER deuto del paventeris.

A: 2 * 8 - 8 => 1 * 8 - 8 = 0

0+0+0

9. (5/3)+(((46%)6)-1)/3)+10/5*2

1. Moddo

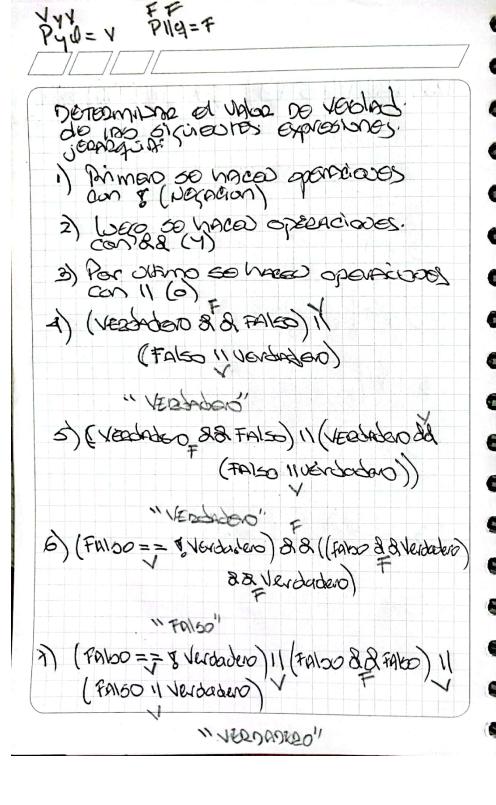
 $48 \frac{115}{3} \Rightarrow 48.(.15 = 3)$ $= 7(3-1)/3 = \frac{2}{3}$

z. Ushphondanes y musiches

2 +0 +2 = +

コラキューキー 15+6+36 = 59 = 6,33

Primovero"



```
B) FALOS = VERDADERO) & & (Verdadero & Allerboleo)
        8.8 (7960 8.8 Verdadero)
              V FALSO
9) A7688 10==1088 37.34=0
10) 74 = 88854(3-9)>-3884=51165=5
 11) (5%5>1 1/ (5==4)) 1/47=1/144-4
 2) \sqrt{(6*-1==6)88(2\times3*-1)1(3==3)1} 
(9 \times 50 / 10) 11 \sqrt{(18==2*9)}
             11 185 JUGO
                                        Primovero
```

