

Chen, Ying-Chou Power Doppler Ultrasonography using CGM OPUS 5000



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Dermatomyositis

Longitudinal scan of 1st metatarsalphalangeal joint

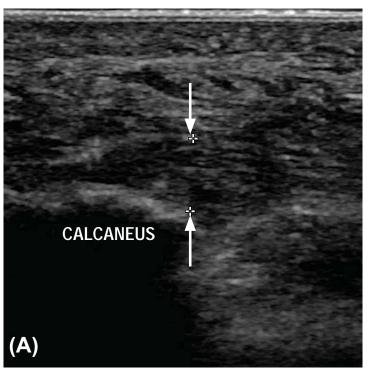
Confluent vessel Powder Doppler signals at right metatarsalphalangeal joint

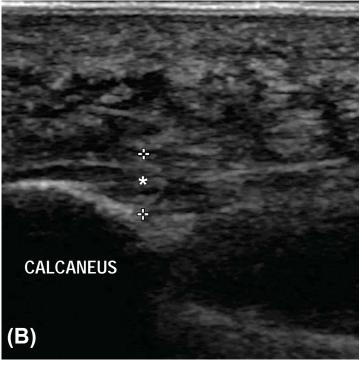
Other Diseases

Dermatomyositis

Longitudinal scan of right dorsal foot using 7.5 MHz transducer

Confluent vessel Powder Doppler signals at right metatarsalphalangeal joint





Plantar Fasciitis

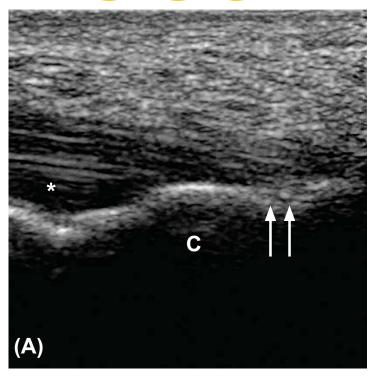
Plantar longitudinal scan over left plantar facial (A) and right plantar heel (B).

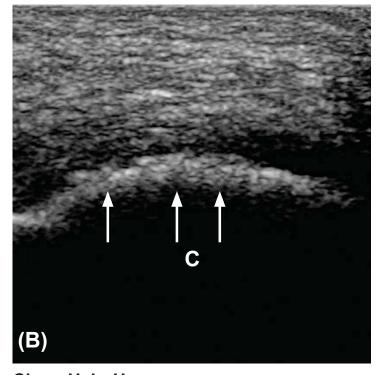
Swelling of left plantar fascia (arrows, 0.604cm) near calcaneus insertion site (arrows) was demonstrated with focal probe pressure tenderness. (A)

The asymptomatic contralateral plantar fascia (*) was thinner than the symptomatic one. (0.419 cm) (B).

Chen, Hsin-Hua

Grey scale US using a Philip iU22 with a volumetric probe (4D, 5-13MHz)





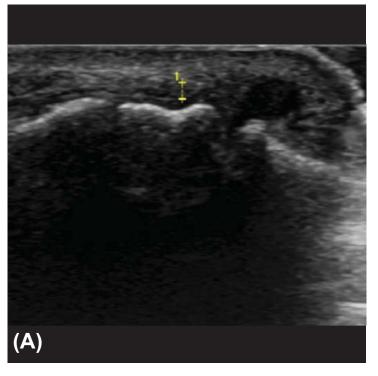
Chen, Hsin-Hua Grey scale US using a Philip iU22 with a linear probe (7-15 MHz)

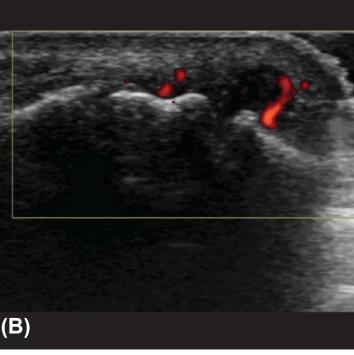
Seronegative **Arthropathy and** Enthesopathy(SAE)

Dorsal longitudinal scan (A) and transverse scan of heel (B).

Note a focal bony irregularity on the distal end of achilles tendon (arrows) with longitudinal (A) and transverse (B) scans, and another focal hypoechoic region (*) with a mild focal bony erosion beneath it, which might be related to tendinopathy.

C = calcaneus





Psoriatic arthritis

Longitudinal scan of toe DIP joint

Psoraitic arthritis and enthesitis. (A) Longitudinal US scan of right 4th toe DIP joint showed thickening of the extensor digitorum tendon (mark 1) and synovial hypertrophy with joint capsule distension (B) On power Doppler US, presence of vascularity at the synovium and the extensor digitorum tendon. PP: proximal phalanx, MP: middle phalanx, DP: distal phalanx.

Lai, Kuo-Lung

Gray scale and power Doppler US using a GE E9 (General Electrics) with a linear probe (18MHz)