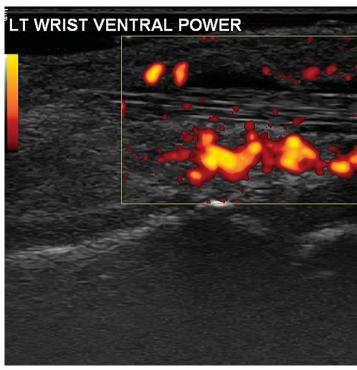


RA

Longitudinal scan, ventral

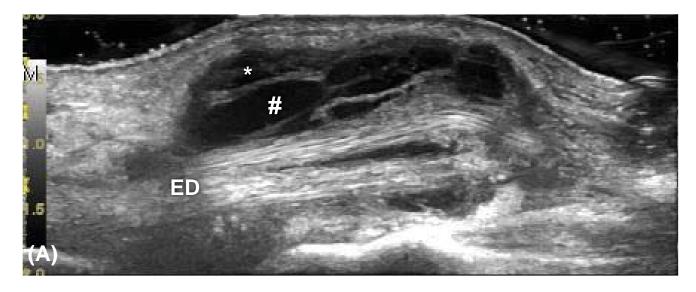
Severe tenosynovitis of wrist (*). Marked tenosynovial hypertrophy with intense inflammation.

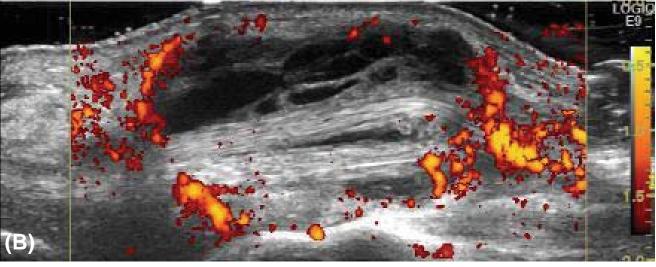


Kuo, Chang-Fu

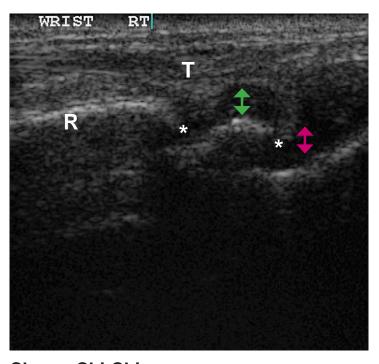
Grey scale US using a Logiq 9 (General Electrics Medical Systems, Milwaukee, WI) with a volumetric probe (4D16L), with power doppler

- (A) Longitudinal US scan of the extensor digitorum tendons showed marked tenosynovial hypertrophy (*) with effusion (#) and sequestration.
- (B) Power Doppler US showed tenosynovial vascularity. ED:extensor digitorum tendons.

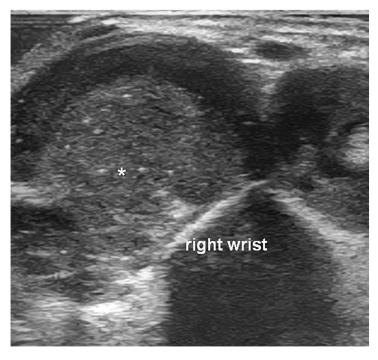




Lai, Kuo-Lung Gray scale and power Doppler US (PRF 1.3KHz) using a GE E9 (General Electrics) with a linear probe (15MHz)



Chang, Chi-Ching Grey scale US using a Taitan 180



RA

Longitudinal dorsal median scan of wrist

Marked joint cavity widening. Synovial fluid (*) echotexture appears anechoic with echoic spots, due to the presence of proteinaceous material. T = extensor digitorum tendons; RC = Radiocarpal (green double); MC = mid-carpal (red-double); R = radius

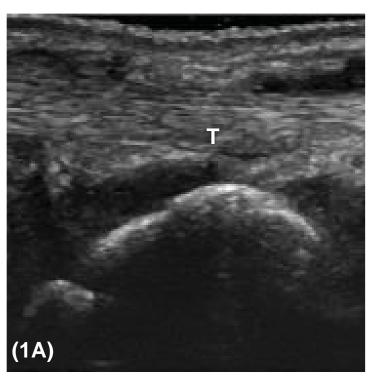
RA

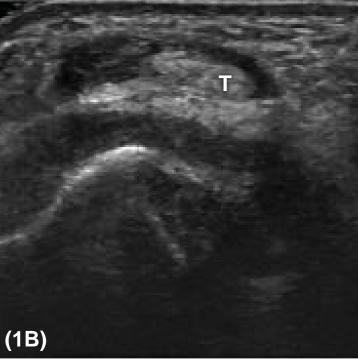
Transverse scan, dorsal

Extensive synovial hypertrophy (*) of joints and overlying tendons. The synovial hypertrophy is tumor-like.

Kuo, Chang-Fu

Grey scale US using a Logiq 9 (General Electrics Medical Systems, Milwaukee, WI) with a volumetric probe (4D16L), with power doppler

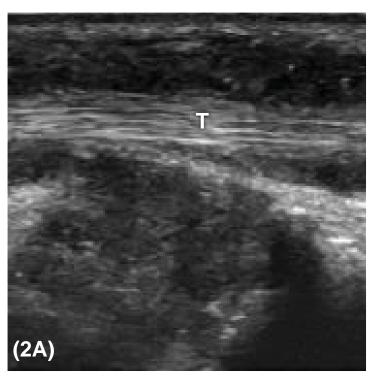




RA **ECU** tenosynovitis Longitudinal scan

Extensor carpi ulnaris (ECU) tenosynovitis. Longitudinal (1A) and transverse(1B) US scans of the ECU tendon in a RA patient with mild ECU tenosynovitis. The tenosynovium was thickened and hypoechoic, formed halo sign in transverse view(1B). Another RA patient with severe ECU tenosynovitis which presented marked tenosynovial hypertrophy in both longitudinal (2A) and transverse(2B) US scans. T: ECU tendon.

Lai, Kuo-Lung Gray scale US using a GE E9 (General Electrics) with a linear probe (15MHz)



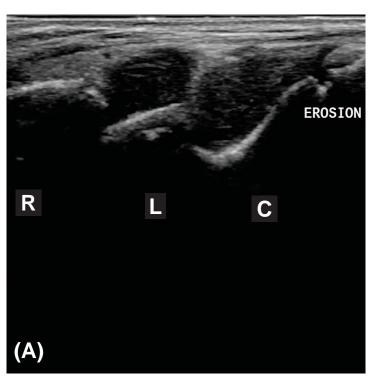


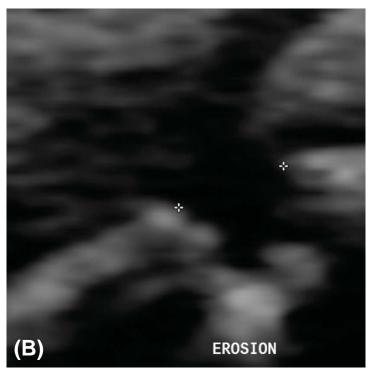
RA

ECU tenosynovitis Longitudinal scan

Extensor carpi ulnaris (ECU) tenosynovitis. Longitudinal (1A) and transverse(1B) US scans of the ECU tendon in a RA patient with mild ECU tenosynovitis. The tenosynovium was thickened and hypoechoic, formed halo sign in transverse view(1B). Another RA patient with severe ECU tenosynovitis which presented marked tenosynovial hypertrophy in both longitudinal (2A) and transverse(2B) US scans. T: ECU tendon.

Lai, Kuo-Lung Gray scale US using a GE E9 (General Electrics) with a linear probe (15MHz)





RA

Dorsal longitudinal scan (A) and amplied image for bony erosion (0.1461cm) (B).

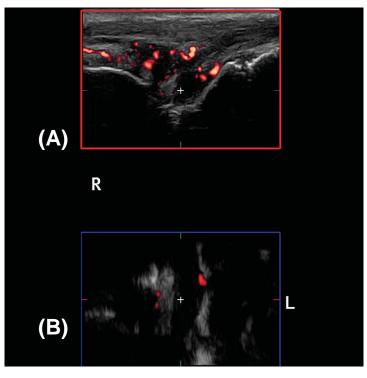
Widening of radiocarpal joint capsule with synovial membrane proliferation and a bony erosion in captate. PDUS showed a neovasculized vessel in synovium toward the erosive region.

R = radius

L = lunate

C = captate

Chen, Hsin-Hua Grey scale US using a Philip iU22 with a volumetric probe (4D, 5-13MHz)



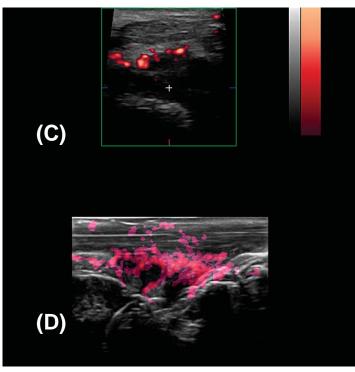
RA

Dorsal longitudinal (A) and reconstructed coronal (B), transverse (C) scan, with reconstructed 3D image (D).

Widening of Joint capsule of Radiolunate joint with synovial thickening and many power Doppler signals in the proliferated synovium.

R = radius

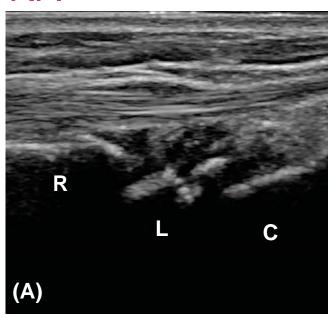
L = lunate

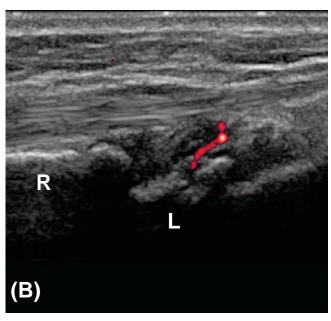


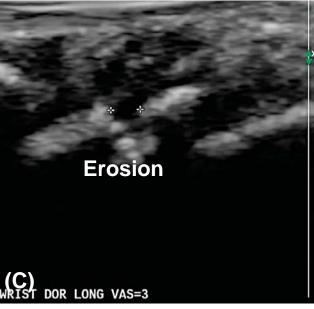
Chen, Hsin-Hua

3D Power Doppler US using a Philip iU22 with a with a volumetric probe (4D,5-13 MHz)

Wrist RA







Chen, Hsin-Hua

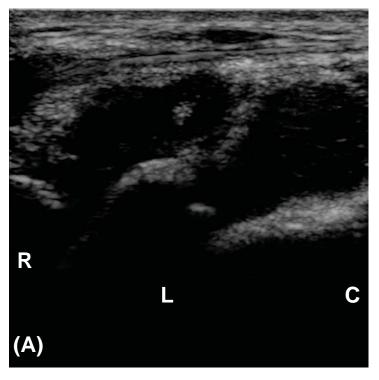
Grey scale and power Doppler US using a Philip iU22 with a volumetric probe (4D, 5-13MHz)

Anti-TNF Failure

Dorsal longitudinal scan (A) and Power Doppler image (B), amplied image for bony erosion (0.131cm) (C).

Widening of radiocarpal joint capsule with synovial membrane proliferation and a bony erosion in lunate. PDUS showed a neovasculized vessel in synovium toward the erosive region.

R= radius, L= lunate, C= captate.



R (B)

Chen, Hsin-Hua

Grey scale and power Doppler US using a Philip iU22 with a linear probe (7-15MHz)

RA

Dorsal longitudinal scan (A) and Power Doppler image (B).

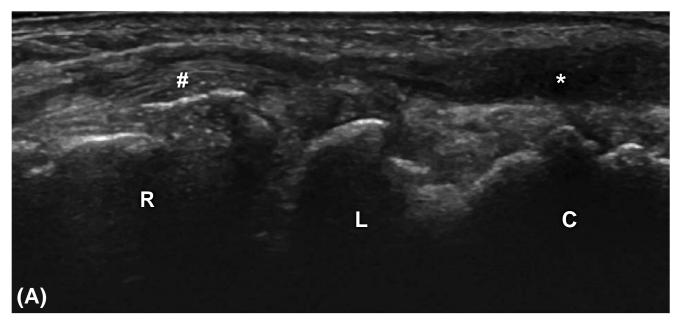
Widening of radiocarpal joint capsule with synovial membrane proliferation. PDUS showed a marked hypervascularity within the joint capsule.

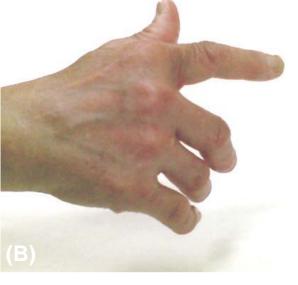
R = radius

L = lunate

C = captate

RA

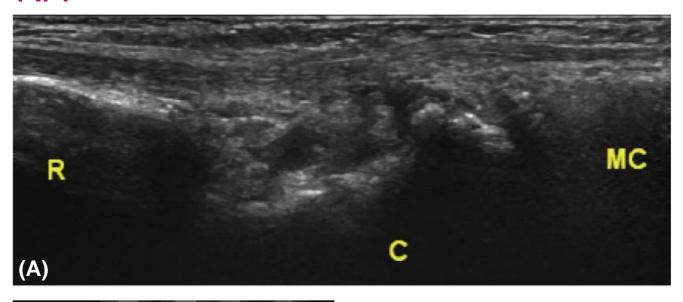




Lai, Kuo-Lung Gray scale US using a GE E9 (General Electrics) with a linear probe (15MHz)

RA Extensor tendon rupture Longitudinal scan

Extensor tendon rupture in RA. (A) Longitudinal US scan of the dorsal wrist. Absence of ED tendon at the distal portion(*). Retraction of the ruptured ED tendon(#) was found. (B) The patient could not extend the 3rd, 4th and 5th fingers. ED: extensor digitorum tendon, R: radius, L: lunate, C: capitate.





Lai, Kuo-Lung Gray scale US using a GE E9 (General Electrics) with a linear probe (15MHz)

Carpal bone ankylosis Longitudinal scan

Carpal bone ankylosis in RA. (A) Longitudinal scan at dorsal aspect of wrist showed cortex irregularity and ankylosis of carpal bones. The lunatecapitate junction was illdefined. (B)X-ray of the same wrist. R: radius, C: carpal bone, MC: 3rd metacarpal bone.