

Practical: Plotting Graphs of Various Functions Using SciLab

Aim:

To plot the graphs of trigonometric functions ($\sin(x)$ and $\cos(x)$), exponential function (e^x), absolute function ($|x|$), and inverse and hyperbolic functions ($\tanh(x) + \arccos(x)$) using SciLab.

Materials Required:

- SciLab software (version 6.1 or higher)
- A computer system with SciLab installed

Theory (In Brief):

Graphing mathematical functions is an essential tool in understanding their behavior. SciLab provides built-in functions for plotting various mathematical functions such as trigonometric, exponential, absolute, inverse, and hyperbolic functions.

1. **Trigonometric Functions:** These functions describe the relationships between angles and sides of a right triangle. The sine function ($\sin(x)$) and cosine function ($\cos(x)$) oscillate between -1 and 1.
2. **Exponential Function (e^x):** The exponential function grows rapidly and is used in modeling population growth, compound interest, and various real-world phenomena.
3. **Absolute Function ($|x|$):** The absolute function returns the non-negative value of x and forms a V-shaped graph.
4. **Inverse and Hyperbolic Functions ($\tanh(x) + \arccos(x)$):** The hyperbolic tangent function ($\tanh(x)$) models growth similar to an S-curve, while the inverse cosine function ($\arccos(x)$) gives the angle whose cosine is x .

Formulas Required:

1. Trigonometric Functions: $y = \sin(x)$, $y = \cos(x)$
2. Exponential Function: $y = e^x$
3. Absolute Function: $y = |x|$
4. Hyperbolic & Inverse Functions: $y = \tanh(x) + \arccos(x)$

Result:

The graphs of trigonometric, exponential, absolute, inverse, and hyperbolic functions were successfully plotted using SciLab.