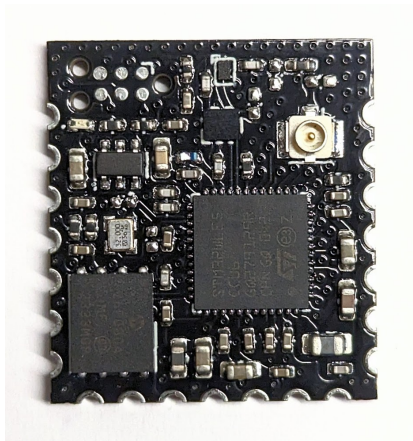


Sensor Network for Smart Agriculture

Jiří Maňák

June 4, 2024



Goals

Custom soil moisture sensor network

- ▶ Able to cover large-enough area
- ▶ Zero-maintenance, no external dependency
- ▶ Potentially expandable with more sensor types

Cover large—enough area with no external dependency

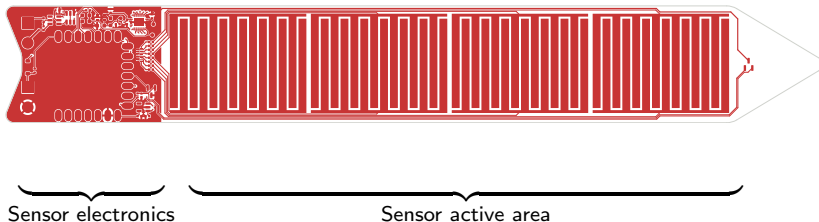
- ▶ LoRa
- ▶ Custom protocol

Zero-maintenance and expandable

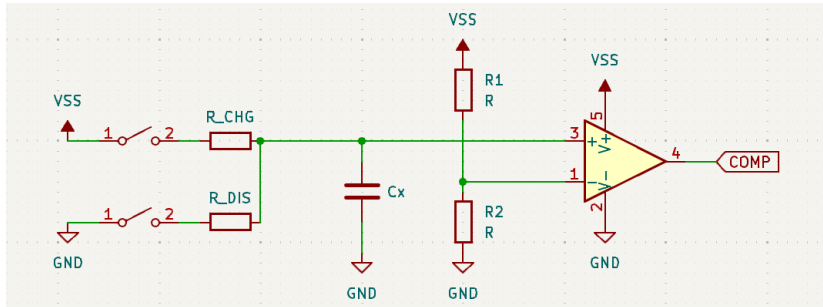
- ▶ Solar power
- ▶ OTA updates

Soil Moisture Sensor

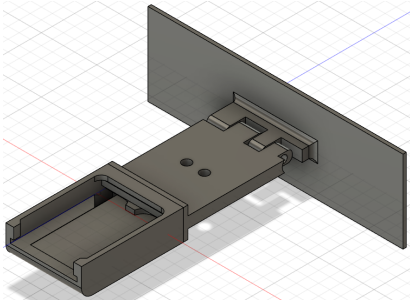
- ▶ PCB construction
- ▶ 4 capacitive zones (15 cm total depth)
- ▶ 330 mAh lithium cell, 150 mWp solar panel



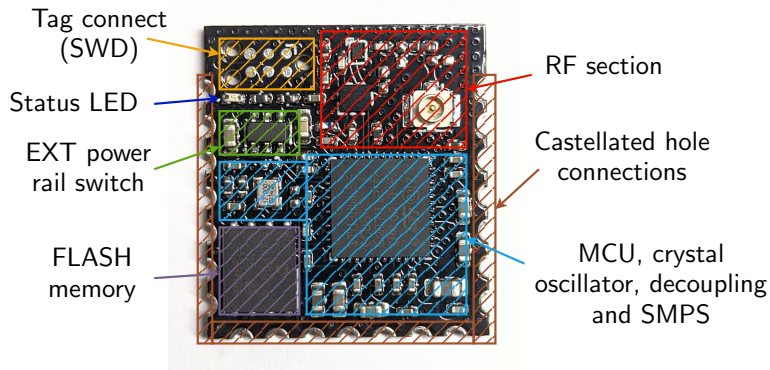
Soil Moisture Sensor



Soil Moisture Sensor



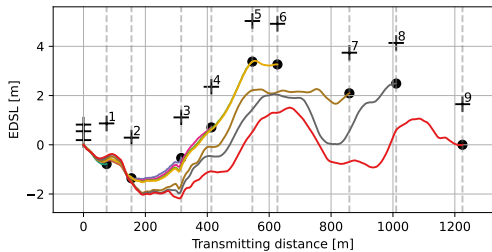
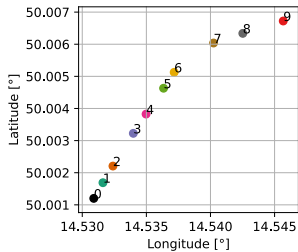
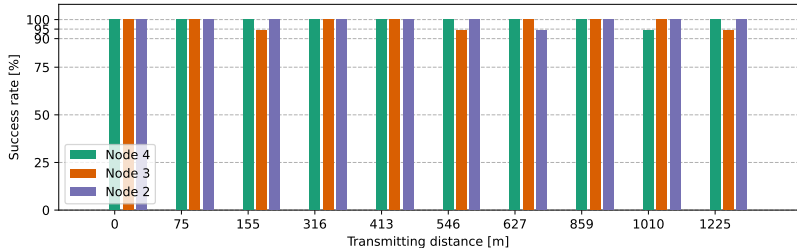
LoRa Module



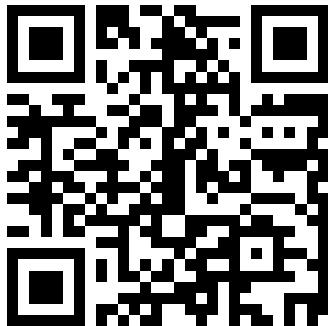
- ▶ **STM32WLE5CC**
- ▶ 868 MHz, 15 dBm
- ▶ **20.32×22.48 mm**

- ▶ 1 MB FLASH
- ▶ 2.3–3.5 V
- ▶ 16 IO pins

LoRa Module

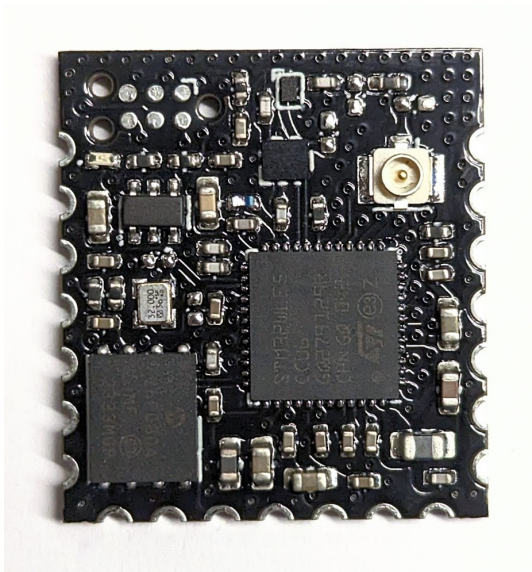


Live Demo

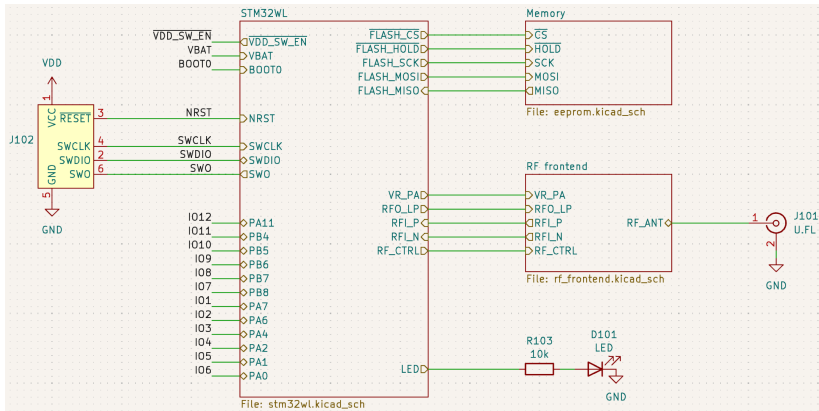


(or visit the link)

Motivation



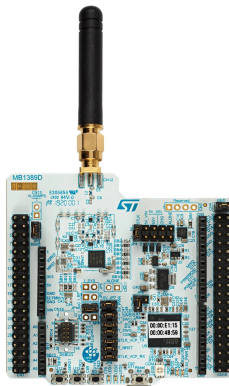
LoRa Module



LoRa Module



STDES-WL5U4ILH



Nucleo-WL55JC

Existing solution?

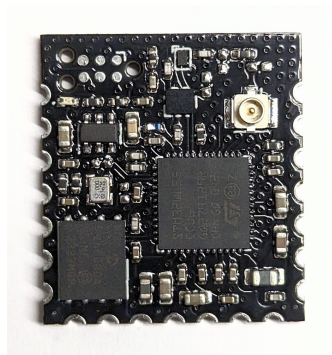


Seeed Studio Wio-E5

>

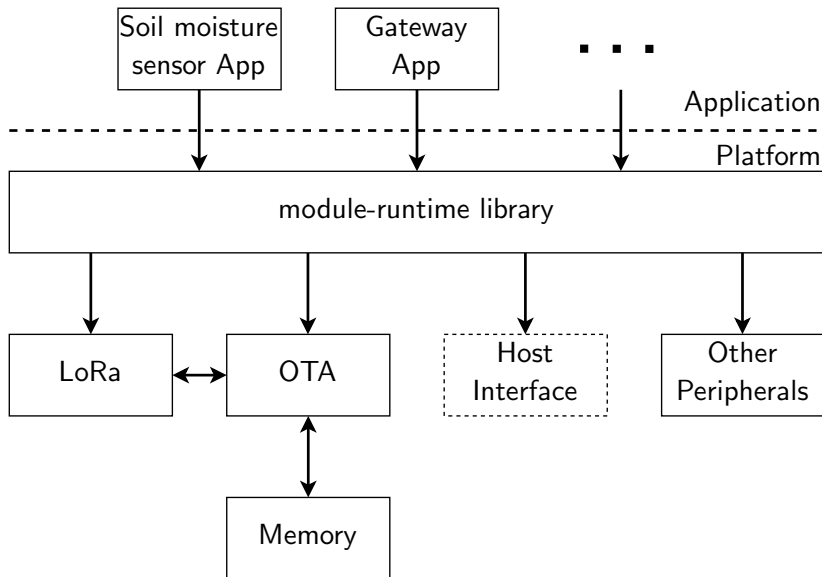
?

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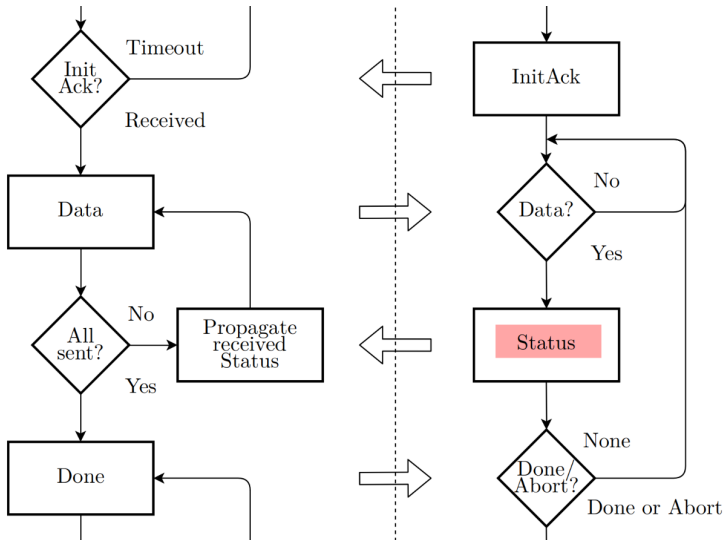


My LoRa Module

Firmware



Over The Air Update



Page 36, Figure 4.9

Soil Moisture Sensor



LoRa Module

- ▶ 2.8–3.3 V nominal voltage range,
- ▶ low power design - support for switchable power rails,
- ▶ target the EU868,
- ▶ wide temperature range
- ▶ minimize the amount of specialized hardware,
- ▶ support for OTA updates,
- ▶ integrated RF,
- ▶ host communication interface,
- ▶ minimal footprint,
- ▶ low cost.

Page 15, Section 3.2.3