

Uniform Probability Spaces

Generally, outcomes may have different probabilities

Rain
$$P(rain) = 10\% P(no rain) = 90\%$$

Uniform (equiprobable) spaces

Uniform distribution

All outcomes are equally likely

Coin
$$P(h) = P(t) = \frac{1}{2}$$

Drastically simplifies probability specification

Uniform Probability Spaces

All outcomes are equally likely

$$\forall x \in \Omega \quad P(x) = p$$

$$1 = \sum_{x \in \Omega} P(x) = \sum_{x \in \Omega} p = |\Omega| \cdot p$$

$$p = 1/|\Omega|$$

$$\sum_{x \in \{3,5\}} x^2 = 3^2 + 5^2 = 34$$

$$\sum_{x \in \{3,5\}} x = 3+5=8$$

$$\sum_{x \in \{3,5\}} p = p + p = 2p$$

$$\sum_{x\in\Omega} p = p + \ldots + p = |\Omega| \cdot p$$

Fair coin
$$P(h) = P(t) = p$$
 $1 = P(h) + P(t) = 2 \cdot p$ $p = \frac{1}{2}$

$$p = \frac{1}{2}$$

Uniform spaces

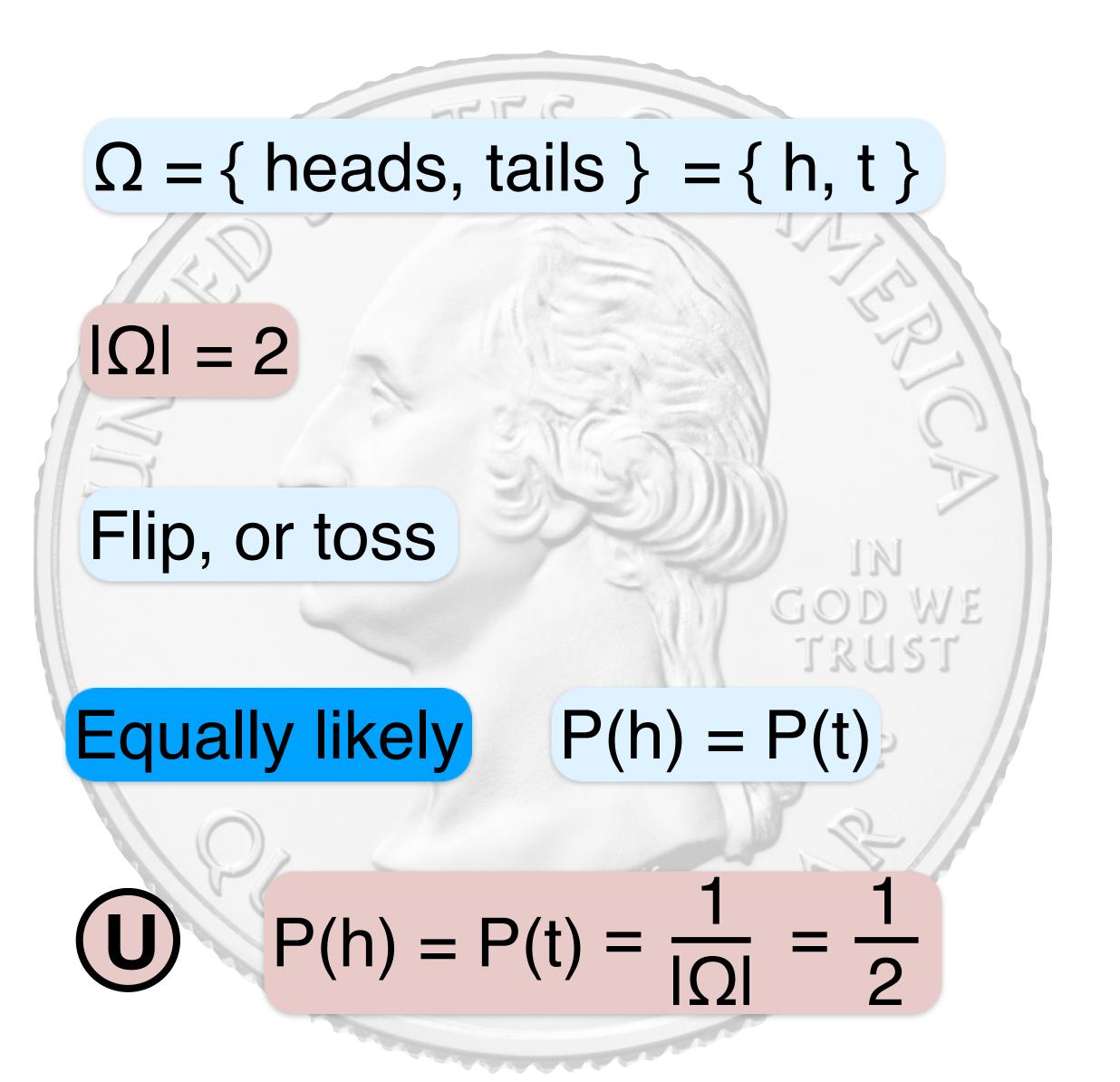
Every outcome has probability 1/ IΩI



Draw Uniformly, Randomly

All you need to know is $I\Omega I$!

Fair Coin





Fair Die

$$\Omega = \{ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 \}$$

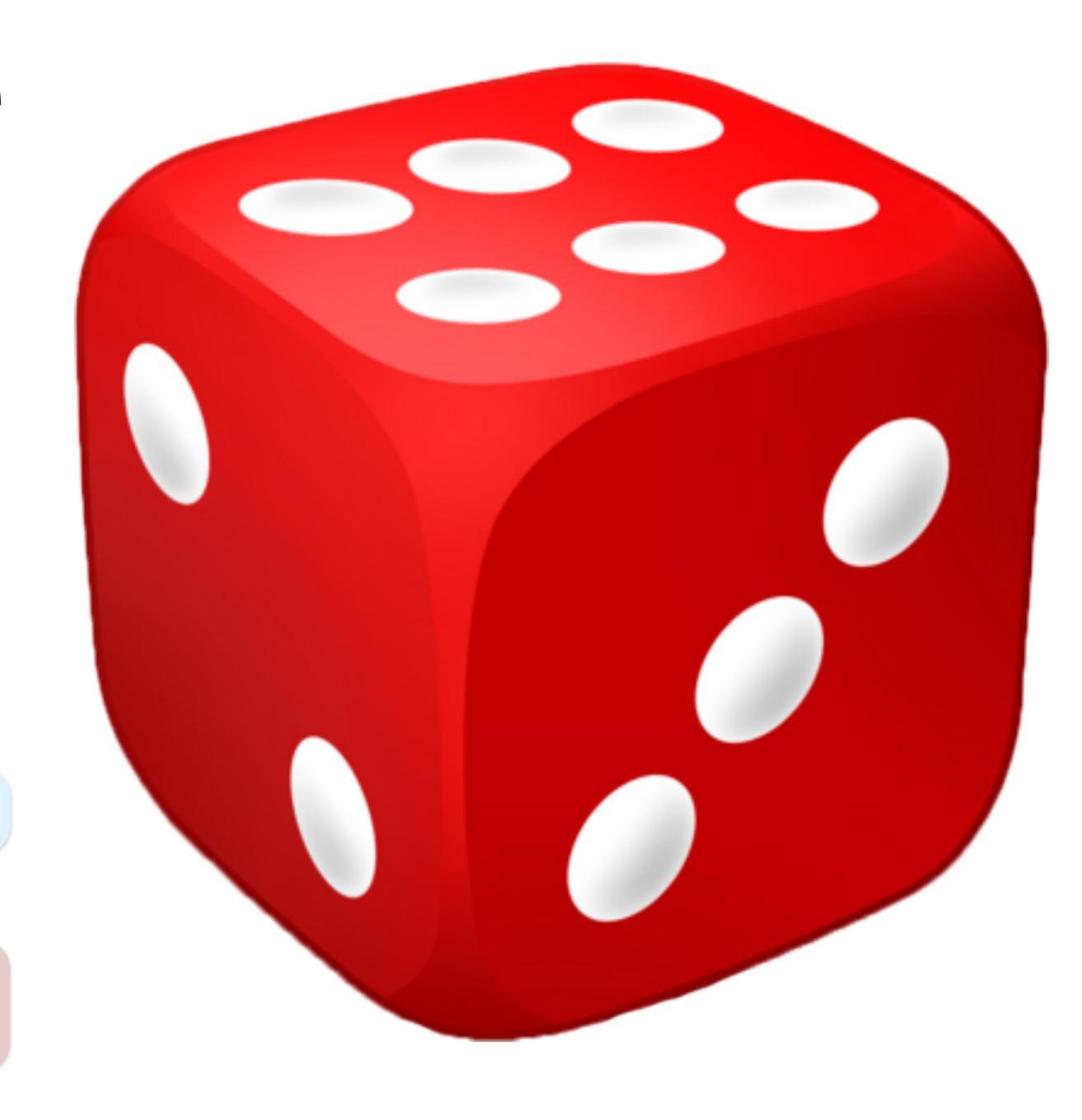
$$|\Omega| = 6$$

Roll

Equally likely

$$P(1) = ... = P(6)$$

$$\mathbf{U}$$
 $P(1) = ... = P(6) = \frac{1}{|\Omega|} = \frac{1}{6}$



Deck of Cards

$$\Omega = \{ \text{ cards } \}$$

$$|\Omega| = 52$$

Draw a card

Equally likely



$$P(\begin{bmatrix} \frac{3}{4} & \frac{*}{4} \\ \frac{*}{4} & \frac{1}{6} \end{bmatrix}) = \dots = P(\begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{10} \\ \frac{1}{10} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{52}$$

Uniform -> Non

Uniform, equiprobable, spaces

Coin

Die

Cards

In nature, nonuniform spaces abound

rain

grades

words

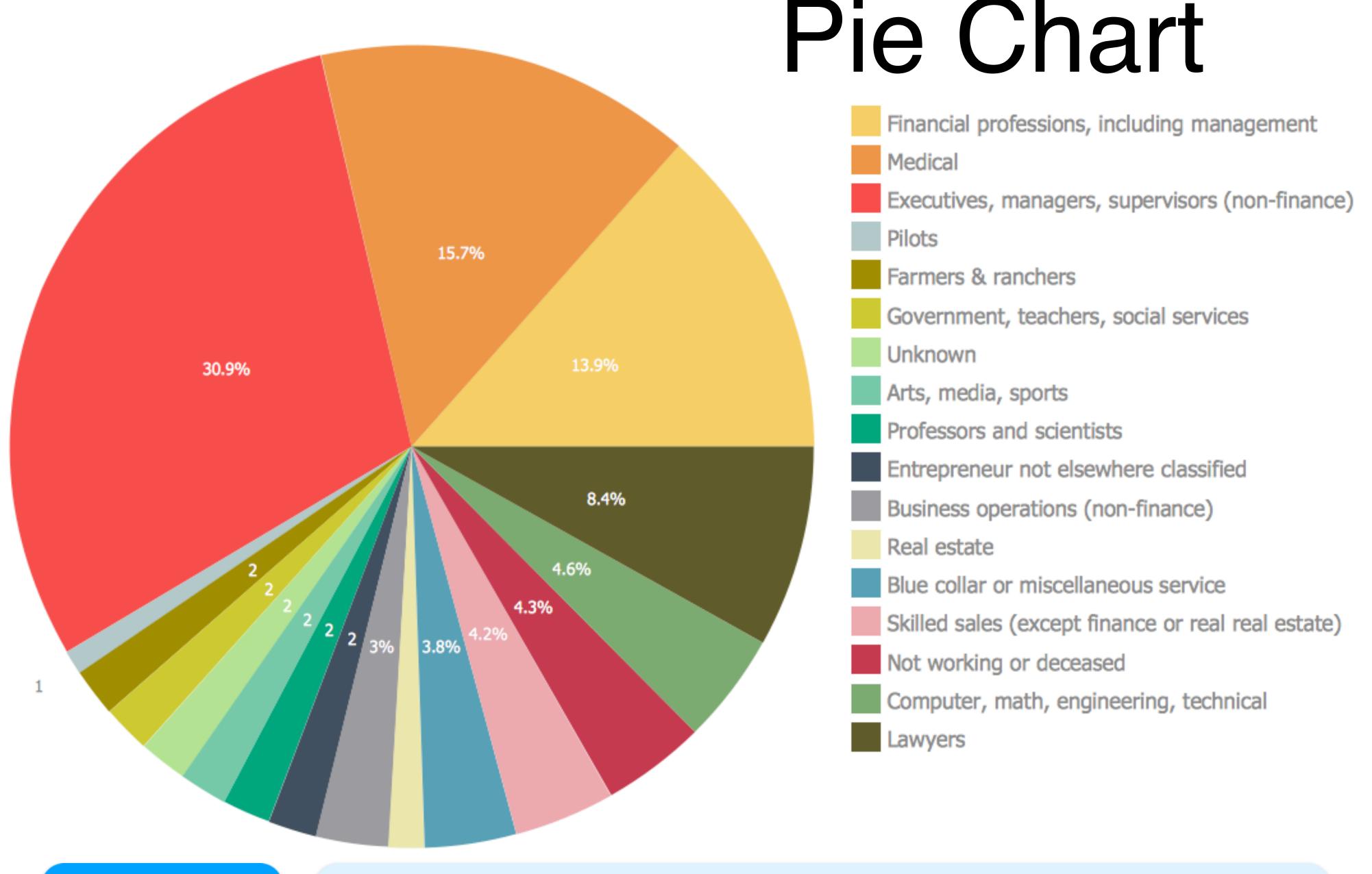
illnesses

web pages

people







Challenge

Non-uniform distribution we can remember

Tetrahedral Die

4-sided, pyramid die

Used in games, D&D

In games die equiprobable

We assume different probabilities

Easy to remember

Face	1	2	3	4
Probability	.1	.2	.3	.4

Conveniently, add to 1

Probability distribution

Do's and Don'ts

Random notation may be confusing at first

Which expressions are valid?



$$P(X = 3)$$
 fair die: $\frac{1}{6}$

$$P(3) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} P(X=3)$$

P(x) specify x, e.g., for
$$\forall x$$
, P(x)=\frac{1}{4}



$$P(1=3)$$

Possible, but less common. Make sure it's what you mean.



$$P(x = 3)$$



Uniform sample spaces

Coin, die, cards

Non-uniform spaces

Tetrahedral die

