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Quiz 7

Below you will find 15 quiz questions.

Ten (10) of these questions are drawn randomly from a pool of questions on this current topic.

The remaining five (5) questions are drawn randomly from a pool of questions on the previous topic.

Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

The observation that a high profile suicide tends to be followed by an increase in the rate of suicides and "accidental" deaths suggests that aggression is partly due to:

☒ Modelling ✓

☐ The power of fame

☐ Despair over the loss of someone famous

☐ A lack of personal control

Submit

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

Explanations for how de-individuation promotes aggression suggest that people are essentially _____ but they inhibit those tendencies. In crowds, people feel more _____ and so are not so concerned about _____ and they revert to their _____ instincts.

☐ pro-social, aggressive, norms, pro-social

☐ aggressive, anonymous, norms, pro-social

☒ aggressive, anonymous, norms, aggressive ✓

☐ aggressive, pro-social, norms, aggressive

Submit

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

Does de-individuation always lead to aggression?

☐ Yes, always.

☐ No, never.

☒ No, it depends on the context of the situation. ✓

☐ No, it depends on observational learning.

Submit

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

Warburton and colleagues (2005) conducted a study in which participants were ostracised or not, and

Warburton and colleagues (2005) conducted a study in which participants were ostracised or not, and then were given the opportunity to add hot sauce to a burger that a stranger would have to eat. All participants knew that the stranger did not like spicy food. How much hot sauce did the ostracised participants add?

- ☐ They added the same amount of hot sauce to the stranger's burger as the participants who were not ostracised.
- ☐ They added twice the amount of hot sauce to the stranger's burger than the participants who were not ostracised.
- ☒ They added four times more hot sauce to the stranger's burger than the participants who were not ostracised, even when the stranger was not the person who had ostracised them. ✓
- ☐ They added four times more hot sauce to the stranger's burger than the participants who were not ostracised, but only when the stranger was the person who had ostracised them.

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

Based on the research on alcohol and aggression, which of the below is false?

- ☐ When under the influence of alcohol, people are more likely to initiate violence than when they are sober.
- ☐ In Australia, around 47% of all homicides are alcohol related.
- ☐ Alcohol reduces a person's ability to think about the consequences of their actions.
- ☒ Alcohol decreases a person's sensitivity to immediate environmental cues. ✓

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

According to social cognitive explanations of aggression, people develop aggressive tendencies because of:

☒ Maladaptive thinking patterns. ✓

☐ Maladaptive social groups.

☐ Maladaptive genes.

☐ Maladaptive modelling.

Submit

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

Researchers observed that when participants were wearing lab coats, they made more negative comments about their parents and used more obscene language than did people in a control condition. This is evidence for the role of:

☐ Modelling

☐ Biology

☒ De-individuation ✓

☐ Personality

Submit

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

How would a social cognitive approach tackle the problem of aggression?

- ☒ By getting people to identify and change their dysfunctional belief systems ✓
- ☐ By making sure that television programs reduce their amount of violent content
- ☐ Simultaneously changing the environmental (social) and internal (cognitive) factors that promote aggression in people
- ☐ By reducing de-individuation, and making sure that people are identifiable and accountable for their aggressive behaviour

Submit

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

Research suggests that there is a strong correlation between the amount of violent TV that children watch and their aggression levels. One possible explanation for this effect is:

- ☐ Operant conditioning
- ☐ Associative learning
- ☒ Observational learning ✓
- ☐ Catharsis

Submit

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

Darley and Batson (1973) conducted a study in which participants prepared a talk, and were then informed that they were late for the next part of the study taking place in another building, or that they had plenty of time. What factors influenced participants' likelihood of helping?

☐ Whether their talk was about helping or not

☒ Whether they had time to do so ✓

☐ Altruistic personality

☐ Political orientation

Submit

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

In Duncan's experiment, participants interpreted a White man pushing a Black man as a playful shove, but when a Black man pushed a White man it was interpreted as an aggressive act. What was Duncan's explanation of this effect?

☐ Participants read into the situation an underlying hostility from the Black man to the White man, a hostility based on a history of prejudice in the US.

☒ Participants interpreted the same information through the lens of a stereotype of young Black men as aggressive. ✓

☐ Participants selectively attended to and remembered information that portrayed the Black man as aggressive.

☐ Participants sub-typed the White man's aggressive behavior.

Submit

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

Overt sexism has declined over time--nowadays it is difficult to find the differences in how men and women are perceived that earlier research observed. What is the explanation for this?

☒ Sexism has changed in how it is expressed to a less overt form. ✓

☐ Society has changed and women are no longer negatively stereotyped.

☐ Men and women have evolved to be equal and so there are no differences.

☐ Modern researchers are not as good at running experiments as the earlier researchers.

Submit

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

Steele and Aronson showed that Black Americans did better on a test when they were told it was "just a lab exercise" as opposed to being told it was "diagnostic of intellectual ability". This is an example of:

☐ Self-fulfilling prophecy

☐ Modern racism

☐ Culturally biased IQ tests

☒ Stereotype threat ✓

Submit

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

What are the three components of prejudice?

☒ Cognitive, affective, and behavioural ✓

☐ Cognitive, beliefs, and behavioural

☐ Discrimination, affective, and behavioural

☐ Cognitive, affective, and stereotypes

Submit

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

Multiple Choice

1/1 point (graded)

You are on a crowded train and overhear a person describing a competent work colleague as a “career woman”. This is an example of ____.

☐ Discrimination

☐ Prejudice

☒ Subtyping ✓

☐ Kernel of truth

Submit

You have used 1 of 1 attempt

✓ Correct (1/1 point)

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