

# Assignment (TDM)

Prob

$$C = \frac{A\epsilon}{3.6\pi d}$$

$$C = \frac{\partial C}{\partial d} = -\frac{A\epsilon}{3.6\pi d^2}$$

given  $A = 5\text{cm}^2$

$$d = 1\text{mm} = 0.1\text{cm}$$

$$S = \frac{5 \times 1}{3.6 \times \pi \times 10^{-4}}$$

$$S = -442.1\text{pF/cm}$$

Prob

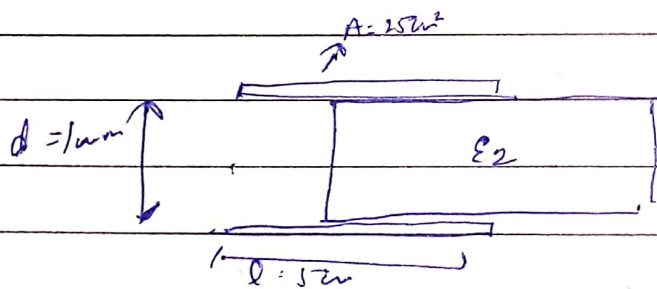
$$C = \frac{A_0}{3.6\pi d}$$

$$S = \frac{\partial C}{\partial d} = -\frac{A_0}{3.6\pi d^2}$$

$$A = \frac{\pi}{4} (2)^2 = \pi\text{cm}^2 \quad \epsilon = 1 \text{ for air}$$

$$S = -444\text{pF/cm}$$

B.3



$$C = \frac{\epsilon_0 \omega}{d_{\text{new}}} \left[ \epsilon_2 d - (\epsilon_2 - \epsilon_1) n \right] \quad \omega = \text{width} = 5\text{cm}$$

$\epsilon_2 = 1 \quad \epsilon_0 = 1$

case1

$$n = 0$$

$$C = \frac{5}{0.1} [4 \times 5 - (4 - 1) 0] = 1000\text{pF} = 1\text{nF}$$

Case 2

$$n = 2.5$$

$$C = \frac{5}{0.1} [4 \times 5 - (3 \times 2.5)] = 625 \text{ pF}$$

Case 3

$$C = \frac{5}{0.1} [4 \times 5 - (3 \times 6)] = 250 \text{ pF}$$

emf at cold junction or potentiometer

$$= 815 \times 0.041 = 33.415 \text{ mV}$$

Q12<sup>u</sup> a) Sensitivity of thermocouple =  $\frac{20.68}{400-0} = 0.0517 \text{ mV/}^\circ\text{C}$   
Reference Junction of  $0^\circ\text{C}$  is being used at  $25^\circ\text{C}$ .

$$E_{\text{corr}} = 0.0517 \times 25 = 1.293 \text{ mV}$$

b) Indicated emf b/w hot & reference junction at  $25^\circ\text{C}$   
 $= 8.92 \text{ mV}$

Difference of temp b/w hot & cold junction  
 $= \frac{8.92}{0.0517} = 172.53^\circ\text{C}$

Reference junction temp at  $25^\circ\text{C}$   
 $172.53 + 25 = 197.53^\circ\text{C}$

Exercis

Q12.5) Sensitivity =  $\frac{45.14}{1100-0} = 0.041 \text{ mV/}^\circ\text{C}$

The temp. diff b/w hot & cold junction  
is  $840 - 25^\circ = 815^\circ\text{C}$



Inductive sensing element.

$$\text{Q Ans 1)} \quad R_{\text{cov}} = \frac{R}{\mu_0 \mu_r r^2} = \frac{4 \times 2}{100 \times 1.2 \times 10^{-6} \times 10^{-2}} \\ = 6.6 \times 10^8$$

$$R_{\text{airmax}} = \frac{R}{\mu_0 \mu_r \mu_t} \\ = \frac{4}{1.2 \times 10^{-6} \times 100 \times 0.1 \times 0.5} \\ = 0.66 \times 10^8$$

$$R_{\text{gap}_1} = \frac{2d_1}{\mu_0 \pi r^2} = 21.2 \times 10^8$$

$$R_{\text{gap}_2} = \frac{2d_2}{\mu_0 \pi r^2} = 0.636 \times 10^8$$

$$R_{T_1} = 28.5 \times 10^5 \quad R_{T_2} = 7.95 \times 10^8$$

$$L_1 = \frac{\mu^2}{R_{T_1}} = 0.087 \text{ mH} \quad L_2 = 0.05 \text{ mH}$$

$$\text{Ans 2)} \quad \text{(i) Sensitivity} = \frac{f_{\text{sed}}}{\text{displacement}} = \frac{1.5}{4 \times 10^{-4}} \\ = 1.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ r/m} \\ = 15000 \text{ V/m}$$

$$\text{(ii) Resolution} = \frac{1}{\text{total counts}} \times f_{\text{sed}} = \frac{1}{1000} \times 10 = 0.01 \text{ V}$$

Q3) sensitivity =  $\frac{5}{25} = 0.2 \text{ V/mm}$

a)  $V = 0.2 \times 18.75 = 3.75 \text{ V}$

for  $18.75 \text{ mm}$   $V = 3.75 \text{ V}$

∴ for  $-10 \text{ mm}$   $V = -2 \text{ V}$

b)

