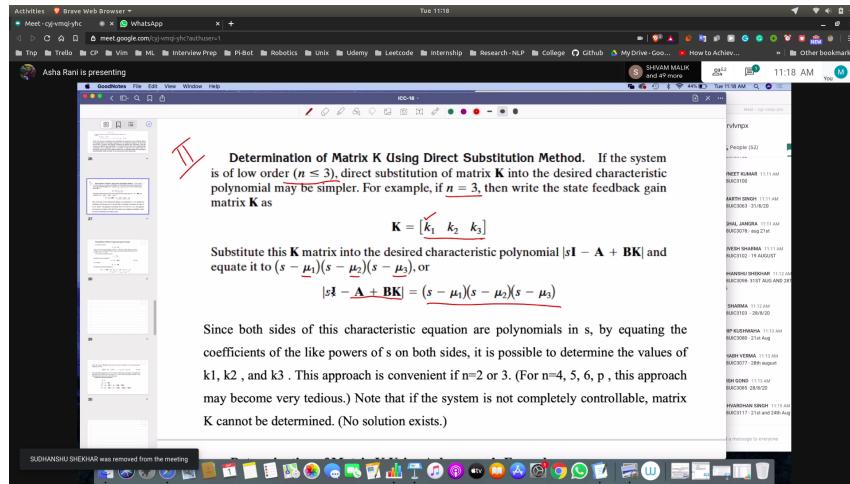
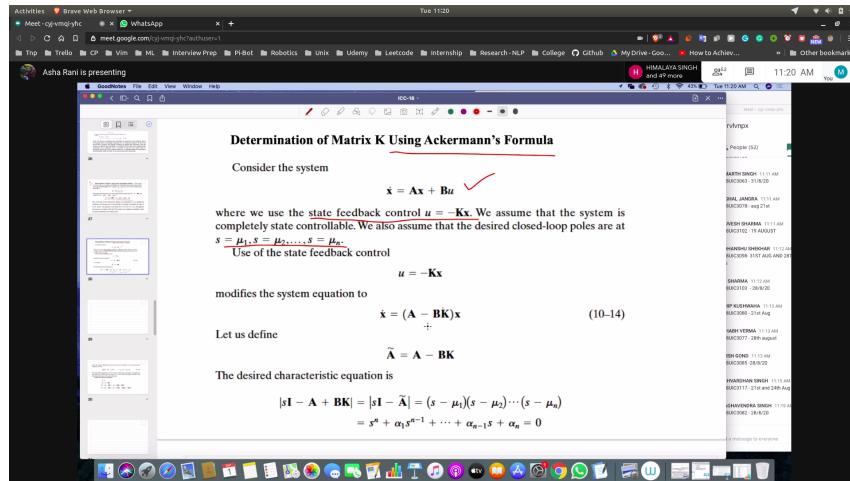


## Notes

### Determination of the k using direct substitution method



### Determination of K Using the Ackermann's Formula



### Deriving ackerman's formula

- We will prove this using the caley hamilton theorem
- every matrix A satisfies it's own characteristic equation

- First doing for the case of  $n = 3$

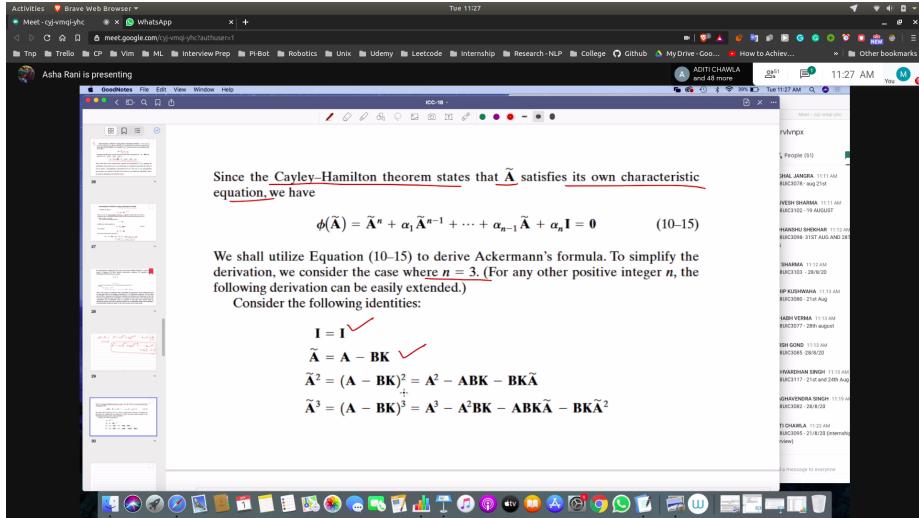
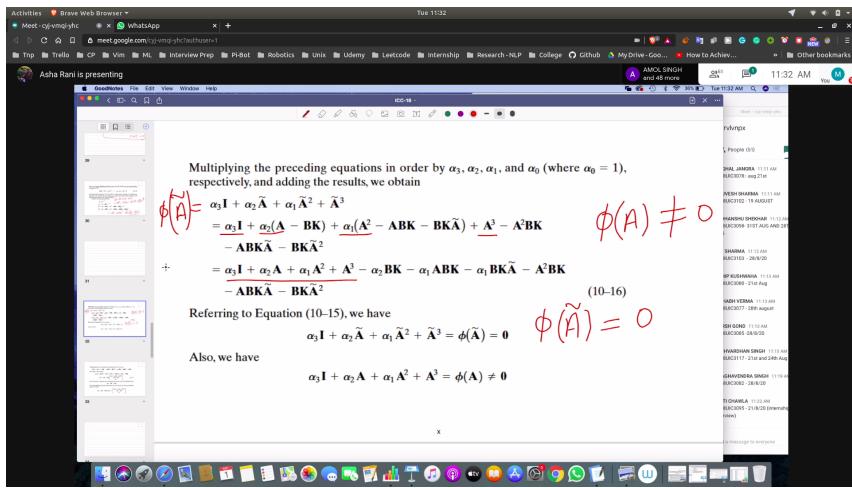


Figure 1: deriving\_ackermann

- 
- We make  $A \sim$  for the desired response
- and  $A$  will not satisfy the eqn.
- so  $\phi(A \sim) = 0$ , else  $\phi(A) \neq 0$



- making both the equation equal for desired and actual
-

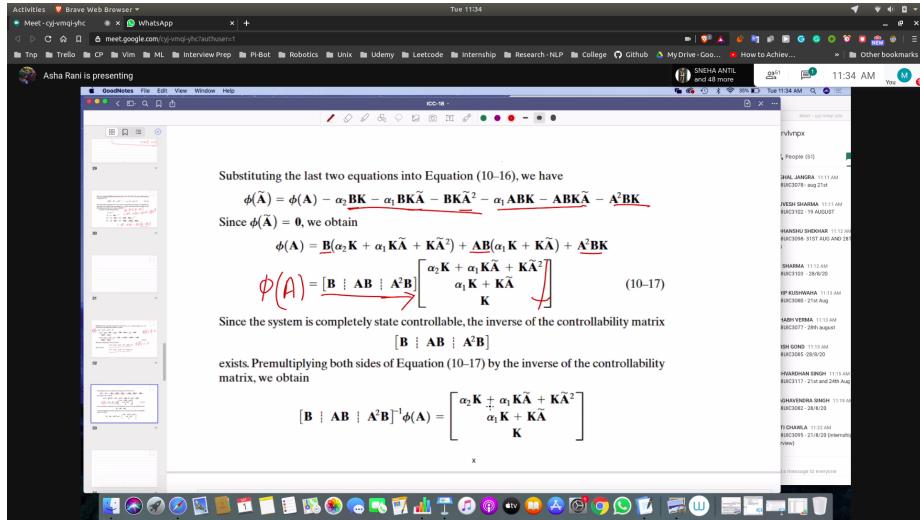
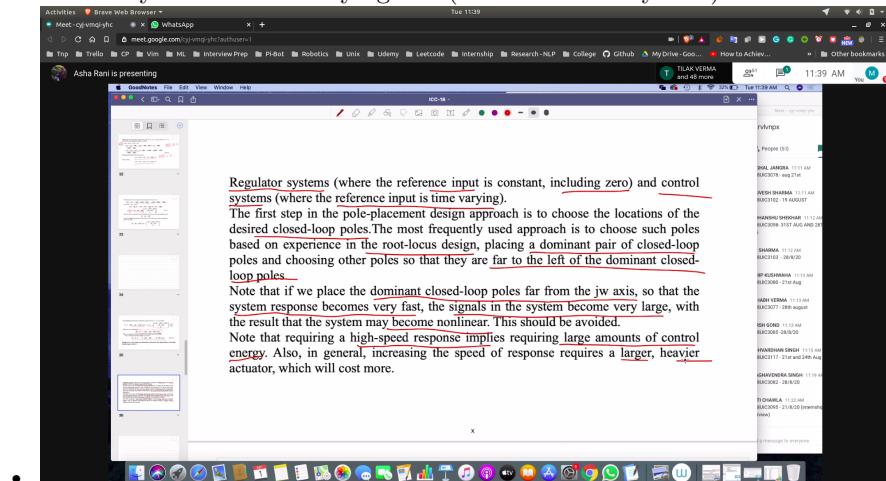


Figure 2: derive\_ackermann3

- obtaining K ( state feedback gain matrix)
- 

## Regulator System

- reference input is constant
- control system is time varying like (state feedback system)



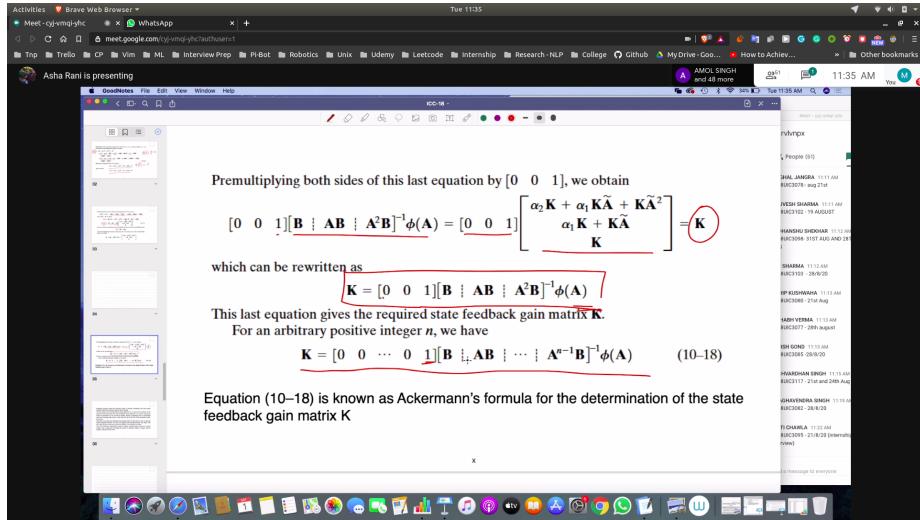
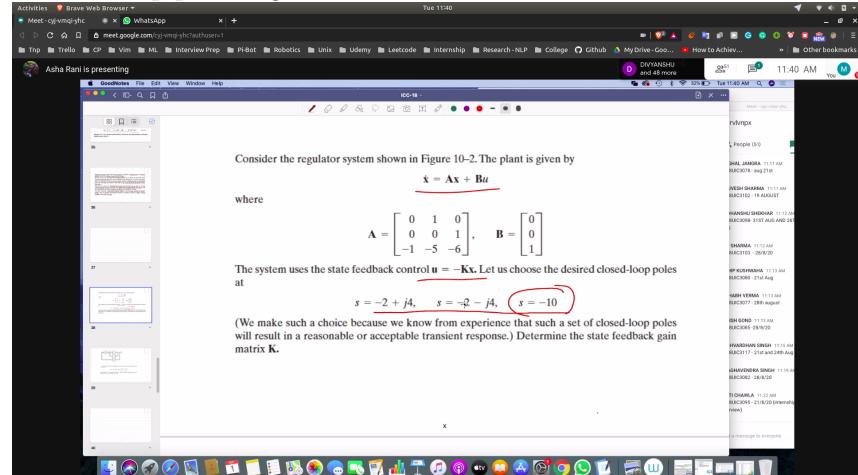


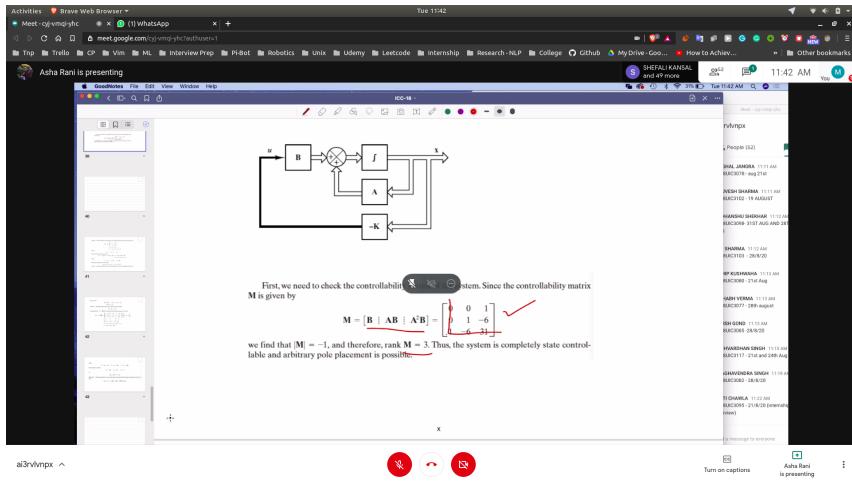
Figure 3: obtain\_k

## Doing Problem

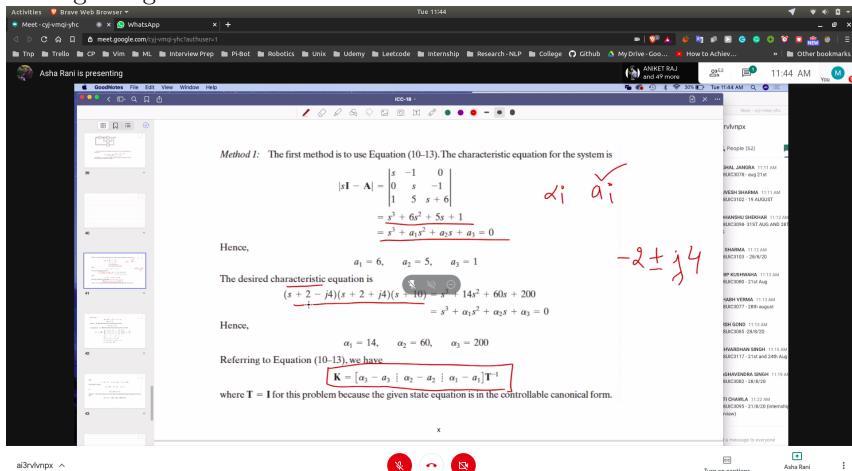
- We have the state variable equation
- Desired Loop poles is given



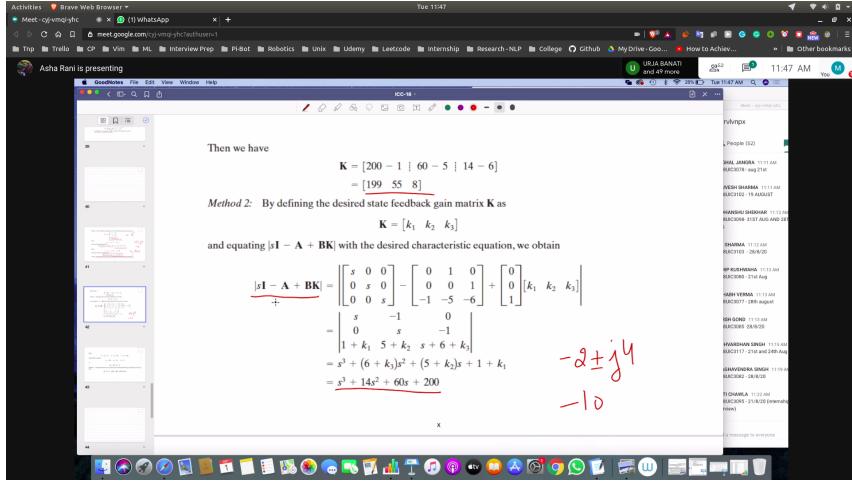
- First we check controllability using  $AB$  in the state equation



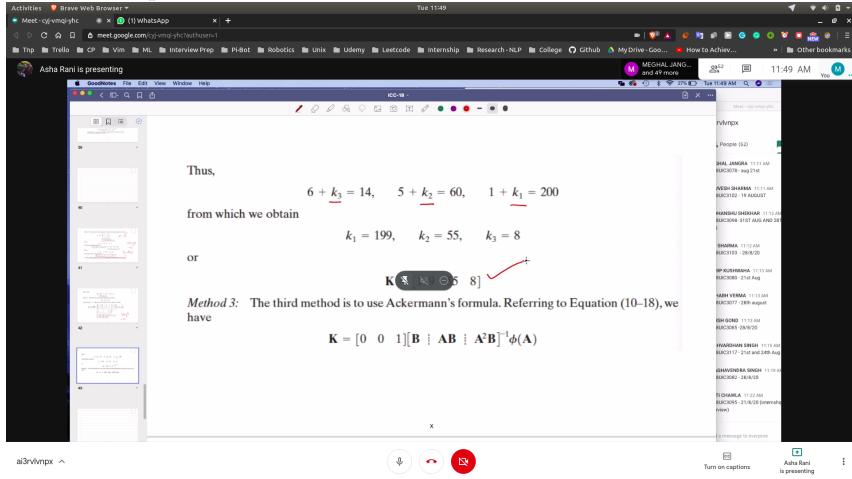
- solving using first method



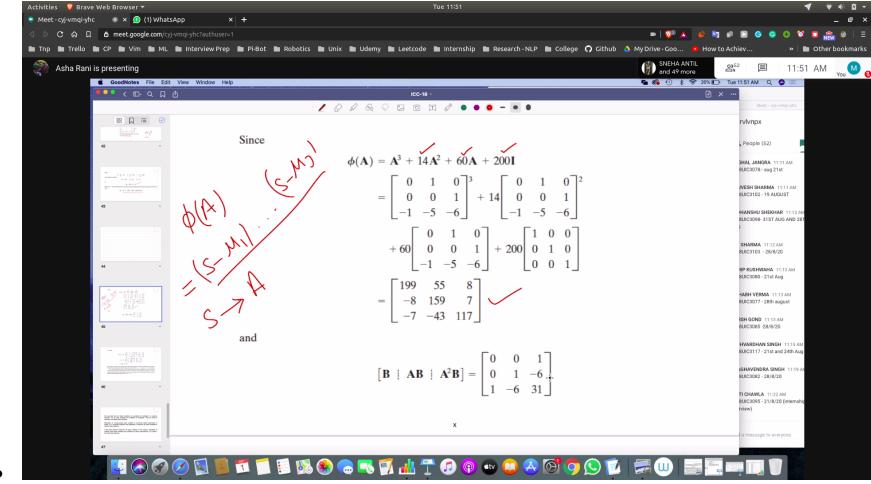
- obtained  $K$
- solving using second method



- so we put  $k_1, k_2, k_3$
- then put it equal to the desired question
- then form eqation in  $k_1, k_2, k_3$  and find the K matrix



- Third method
- find char eqn
- put A in that , and obtain phi(A)



## Homework

