Question 1: Load

- Programmatically download and load into your favorite analytical tool the transactions data. This data, which is in line-delimited JSON format, can be found here
- Please describe the structure of the data. Number of records and fields in each record?
- Please provide some additional basic summary statistics for each field. Be sure to include a count of null, minimum, maximum, and unique values where appropriate.

```
!unzip transactions.zip
Archive: transactions.zip
  inflating: transactions.txt
import json
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from tqdm import tqdm
data = []
with open("transactions.txt", "r") as f:
    for line in f:
        if line.strip(): # skip empty lines
            data.append(json.loads(line))
data[0]
{ 'accountNumber': '737265056',
 'customerId': '737265056',
 'creditLimit': 5000.0,
 'availableMoney': 5000.0,
 'transactionDateTime': '2016-08-13T14:27:32',
 'transactionAmount': 98.55,
 'merchantName': 'Uber',
 'acgCountry': 'US',
 'merchantCountryCode': 'US',
 'posEntryMode': '02',
 'posConditionCode': '01',
 'merchantCategoryCode': 'rideshare',
 'currentExpDate': '06/2023',
 'accountOpenDate': '2015-03-14',
 'dateOfLastAddressChange': '2015-03-14',
 'cardCVV': '414',
 'enteredCVV': '414',
 'cardLast4Digits': '1803',
 'transactionType': 'PURCHASE',
```

```
'echoBuffer': '',
'currentBalance': 0.0,
'merchantCity': '',
'merchantState': '',
'merchantZip': '',
'cardPresent': False,
'posOnPremises': '',
'recurringAuthInd': '',
'expirationDateKeyInMatch': False,
'isFraud': False}

df = pd.DataFrame(data)

df.head()
{"type":"dataframe","variable_name":"df"}
```

Some of these columns dont seem to have values in them

```
df["transactionDateTime"] = pd.to datetime(df["transactionDateTime"])
df["accountOpenDate"] = pd.to datetime(df["accountOpenDate"])
df["dateOfLastAddressChange"] =
pd.to datetime(df["dateOfLastAddressChange"])
df["currentExpPeriod"] = pd.to datetime(df["currentExpDate"],
format="%m/%Y")
numerical columns = df.select dtypes(include=[np.number,
"datetime64[ns]"]).columns
categorical columns = df.select dtypes(exclude=[np.number,
"datetime64[ns]"]).columns
df.describe()
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"df\",\n \"rows\": 8,\n \"fields\": [\n
{\n \"column\": \"creditLimit\",\n \"properties\": {\n
\"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 273388.01597613463,\n
\"min\": 250.0,\n
                  \"max\": 786363.0,\n
                                \"samples\": [\n
\"num unique values\": 8,\n
10759.464458526152,\n
                            15000.0,\n
                                               786363.0
                  \"semantic type\": \"\",\n
        ],\n
\"column\":
\"availableMoney\",\n \"properties\": {\n
                                                  \"dtype\":
\"number\",\n\\"std\": 274673.47898207273,\n
                                                      \"min\": -
              \"max\": 786363.0,\n \"num_unique_values\":
1005.63,\n
       \"samples\": [\n
                                  6250.725369288736,\n
8,\n
7500.0,\n
                 786363.0\n
                                  ],\n
                                             \"semantic type\":
                                        }\n
                                               },\n {\n
                                       \"properties\": {\n
\"dtype\": \"date\",\n \\"min\": \"1970-01-01 \\"max\": \"2016-12-30 23:59:45\",\n \\"num_unique_values\": 7,\n \\"samples\": [\n
```

```
\"786363\",\n\\"2016-07-06\01:58:58.395681536\",\n
\"2016-10-05 13:52:03.500000\"\n ],\n \"semantic_type\":
\"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\n }\n {\n\"column\": \"transactionAmount\",\n \"properties\": {\n\"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 277890.328464602,\n\"min\": 0.0,\n \"max\": 786363.0,\n
\"num_unique_values\": 8,\n \"samples\": [\n 136.98579095150708,\n 191.48,\n 786363.0\
           ],\n \"semantic type\": \"\",\n
\"description\": \"\"\n }\n },\n {\n \"column\": \"accountOpenDate\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"date\",\n \"min\": \"1970-01-01 00:00:00.000786363\",\n
\"max\": \"2015-12-31 00:00:00\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 7,\n \"samples\": [\n \"786363\",\n \"2014-02-03
01:11:17.352825856\",\n \"2015-05-04 00:00:00\"\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"dateOfLastAddressChange\",\n
\"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"date\",\n \"min\":
\"1970-01-01 00:00:00.000786363\",\n \"max\": \"2016-12-30
00:00:00\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 7,\n \"samples\":
[\n \"786363\",\n \"2015-04-14
06:46:41.127723520\",\n \"2016-06-06 00:00:00\"\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
                                                                                   }\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"currentBalance\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 275087.6938219826,\n \"min\": 0.0,\n \"max\": 786363.0,\
n \"num_unique_values\": 8,\n \"samples\": [\n 4508.739089237413,\n 5291.095,\n 786363.0\
n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
\"description\": \"\"\n }\n {\n \"column\":
\"currentExpPeriod\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\":
\"date\",\n \"min\": \"1970-01-01 00:00:00.000786363\",\n
\"max\": \"2033-08-01 00:00:00\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 7,\n \"samples\": [\n \"786363\",\n \"2026-09-25
23:50:42.724542720\",\n\\"semantic_type\":\"\",\n\\"description\":\"\"\n
                                                                                     }\
      }\n ]\n}","type":"dataframe"}
df.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 786363 entries, 0 to 786362
Data columns (total 30 columns):
                                          Non-Null Count
       Column
                                                                 Dtype
 0
                                          786363 non-null
                                                                 object
      accountNumber
      customerId
                                         786363 non-null
 1
                                                                 object
 2
      creditLimit
                                          786363 non-null
                                                                 float64
 3
                                         786363 non-null
       availableMoney
                                                                 float64
       transactionDateTime
                                         786363 non-null datetime64[ns]
```

```
5
     transactionAmount
                               786363 non-null
                                                float64
 6
     merchantName
                               786363 non-null
                                                object
 7
     acqCountry
                               786363 non-null
                                                object
 8
     merchantCountryCode
                               786363 non-null
                                                object
 9
     posEntryMode
                               786363 non-null
                                                object
 10
    posConditionCode
                               786363 non-null
                                                object
 11
    merchantCategoryCode
                               786363 non-null
                                                object
 12 currentExpDate
                               786363 non-null
                                                object
 13 accountOpenDate
                               786363 non-null
                                                datetime64[ns]
 14 dateOfLastAddressChange
                               786363 non-null
                                                datetime64[ns]
 15 cardCVV
                               786363 non-null
                                                object
 16 enteredCVV
                               786363 non-null
                                                object
 17 cardLast4Digits
                               786363 non-null
                                                object
 18 transactionType
                               786363 non-null
                                                object
 19 echoBuffer
                               786363 non-null
                                                object
 20 currentBalance
                               786363 non-null
                                                float64
 21 merchantCity
                               786363 non-null
                                                object
 22 merchantState
                               786363 non-null
                                                object
 23 merchantZip
                               786363 non-null
                                                object
 24 cardPresent
                               786363 non-null
                                                bool
 25 posOnPremises
                               786363 non-null
                                                object
26 recurringAuthInd
                               786363 non-null
                                                object
 27 expirationDateKeyInMatch
                               786363 non-null
                                                bool
28 isFraud
                               786363 non-null
                                                bool
29
    currentExpPeriod
                               786363 non-null
                                                datetime64[ns]
dtypes: bool(3), datetime64[ns](4), float64(4), object(19)
memory usage: 164.2+ MB
len(df), len(df.columns)
(786363, 30)
def summarize(df):
    numeric stats = {}
    categorical_stats = {}
    for col in numerical columns:
        s = df[col]
        nulls = s.isnull().sum()
        uniques = s.nunique()
        numeric stats[col] = {
            "Null Count": nulls,
            "Unique Values": uniques,
            "Min": s.min(),
            "Max": s.max(),
            "Mean": s.mean(),
            "Median": s.median(),
    for col in categorical columns:
        s = df[col]
```

```
nulls = s.isnull().sum()
    uniques = s.nunique()
    empty_strings = (s == "").sum()
    categorical_stats[col] = {
        "Null Count": nulls,
        "Unique Values": uniques,
        "Most Frequent": s.mode().iloc[0] if not s.mode().empty
else "N/A",
        "Frequency Count" : s.value_counts().iloc[0] if not
s.value_counts().empty else "N/A",
        "Empty String Count": empty_strings,
    }
    numeric_df = pd.DataFrame(numeric_stats).T
    categorical_df = pd.DataFrame(categorical_stats).T
    return numeric_df, categorical_df
num_cols_stats, cat_cols_stats = summarize(df)
```

Answer 1:

The data is provided as a .txt file containing line-delimited JSON. Each line represents a credit card transaction and is structured as a JSON object. There are 786,363 records and 29 fields in each record.

Some statistics for each of the fields are below, split by whether numerical or categorical. It is worth noting that while there are no null values in any of the columns, there are some columns in the categorical data which have empty strings, with some of them being entirely empty. It might be beneficial to drop them entirely during later analysis and feature engineering.

num_cols_stats				
	Null Count	Unique Values		Min
\				
creditLimit	0.0	10.0	2	50.0
availableMoney	0.0	521916.0	- 100	5.63
transactionDateTime	0	776637	2016-01-01 00:0	1:02
transactionAmount	0.0	66038.0		0.0
accountOpenDate	0	1820	1989-08-22 00:0	0:00
dateOfLastAddressChange	0	2184	1989-08-22 00:0	0:00
currentBalance	0.0	487318.0		0.0

currentExpPeriod	0		165	2019-12-01	00:00	9:00
Moon		Max				
<pre>Mean \ creditLimit</pre>		50000.0				
10759.464459		F0000 0				
availableMoney 6250.725369		50000.0				
transactionDateTime 01:58:58.395681536	2016-12-30		2016	5-07-06		
transactionAmount 136.985791		2011.54				
accountOpenDate 01:11:17.352825856	2015-12-31	00:00:00	2014	1-02-03		
dateOfLastAddressChange 06:46:41.127723520	2016-12-30	00:00:00	2015	5-04-14		
currentBalance 4508.739089		47498.81				
currentExpPeriod 23:50:42.724542720	2033-08-01	00:00:00	2026	5-09-25		
<pre>creditLimit availableMoney transactionDateTime transactionAmount accountOpenDate</pre>	2016-07-08 2014-09-05	87.9 00:00:00				
<pre>dateOfLastAddressChange currentBalance currentExpPeriod</pre>	2016-01-13	2451.76				
cat_cols_stats	2020 10 01	00100100				
accountNumber customerId merchantName acqCountry merchantCountryCode posEntryMode posConditionCode merchantCategoryCode currentExpDate	Null Count 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Unique Va	5000 5000 2490 5 5 6 4 19 165	Most Frequence 380680 380680 U	0241 0241 Jber US US 05 01	
cardCVV enteredCVV cardLast4Digits transactionType echoBuffer	9 9 9 9		899 976 5246 4	PURCI	869 869 593	

merchantCity merchantState merchantZip cardPresent posOnPremises recurringAuthInd expirationDateKeyInMatch isFraud	0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 2 1 1 2 2	False False False
	Frequency Count En	mptv Strina Co	ount
accountNumber customerId merchantName acqCountry merchantCountryCode posEntryMode posConditionCode merchantCategoryCode currentExpDate cardCVV enteredCVV cardLast4Digits transactionType echoBuffer merchantCity merchantState merchantZip cardPresent	32850 32850 25613 774709 778511 315035 628787 202156 5103 33749 33424 32946 745193 786363 786363 786363 786363 433495	786 786 786 786	0 0 0 1562 724 1054 409 0 0 0 0 0 0 698 6363 6363 6363 6363
<pre>posOnPremises recurringAuthInd expirationDateKeyInMatch isFraud</pre>	786363 786363 785320 773946		5363 5363 0 0

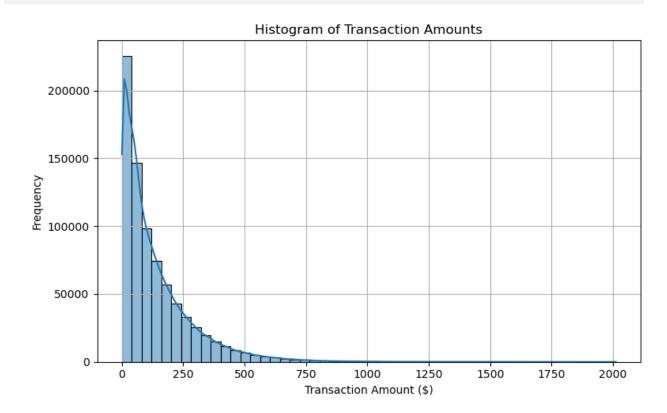
Question 2: Plot

- Plot a histogram of the processed amounts of each transaction, the transactionAmount column.
- Report any structure you find and any hypotheses you have about that structure.

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
sns.histplot(df["transactionAmount"], bins=50, kde=True)
plt.title("Histogram of Transaction Amounts")
plt.xlabel("Transaction Amount ($)")
plt.ylabel("Frequency")
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/seaborn/_oldcore.py:1119: FutureWarning: use_inf_as_na option is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Convert inf values to NaN before operating instead.

with pd.option context('mode.use inf as na', True):



Answer 2

The histogram is right skewed, with most transactions clustering towards the left (median=\$87.9). The longer tail extends towards higher amounts, with purchases of over \$750 being very rare. The peak of the histogram is at very low amounts, indicating most transactions are probably less than \$20. I suspect this is because consumers tend to spend smaller amounts more frequently rather than making large purchases regularly. These smaller transactions could be recurring daily/weekly purchases like groceries, transit, fast food, coffees as opposed to larger purchases which are often non recurring.

Question 3: Data Wrangling - Duplicate Transactions

You will notice a number of what look like duplicated transactions in the data set. One type of duplicated transaction is a reversed transaction, where a purchase is followed by a reversal.

Another example is a multi-swipe, where a vendor accidentally charges a customer's card multiple times within a short time span.

- 1. Can you programmatically identify reversed and multi-swipe transactions?
- What total number of transactions and total dollar amount do you estimate for the reversed transactions? For the multi-swipe transactions? (please consider the first transaction to be "normal" and exclude it from the number of transaction and dollar amount counts)
- 3. Did you find anything interesting about either kind of transaction?

Identifying Reversals

Assumption: Since most credit card transactions will be purchase and these empty transactionType values are a very small fraction of all transactions, I will replace these with the type "PURCHASE"

```
df['transactionType'] = df['transactionType'].replace('', 'PURCHASE')

df_copy = df.copy()
df_copy = df_copy.sort_values(by=["accountNumber",
"transactionDateTime"])

df_copy
{"type":"dataframe","variable_name":"df_copy"}
```

I am assuming that in a lot of the cases, the reversal will be immediately preceded by the corresponding purchase i.e same amount, same merchant, same customer but opposite transactionType

```
# Sort by these columns for convenience
df_sorted = df_copy.sort_values(by=["customerId", "merchantName",
"transactionDateTime"]).copy()
df_sorted = df_sorted.reset_index(drop=False) # preserve original
```

```
index
df sorted.rename(columns={"index": "original index"}, inplace=True)
# Find back-to-back reversal-purchase pairs by using indices
reversal indices = df sorted[df sorted["transactionType"]==
"REVERSAL"].index.values.astype(int)
purchase_indices = reversal_indices - 1
prev index df = pd.DataFrame(purchase indices,
columns=["purchase index"])
reversal index df = pd.DataFrame(reversal indices,
columns=["reversal index"])
purchase amounts = pd.DataFrame(df sorted.loc[purchase indices,
"transactionAmount"].values, columns=["purchase amount"])
reversal amounts = pd.DataFrame(df sorted.loc[reversal indices,
"transactionAmount"].values, columns=["reversal amount"])
# Combine and filter exact matches
quick match candidates = pd.concat([prev index df, purchase amounts,
reversal index df, reversal amounts], axis=1)
# quick match candidates =
quick match candidates[~(quick match candidates["reversal amount"] ==
0)1
quick match candidates["amounts match"] =
quick match candidates[["purchase amount",
"reversal amount"]].apply(lambda x: x[0] == x[1], axis=1)
# Capture matched indices from fast pass
fast reversal indices =
quick match candidates.loc[quick match candidates["amounts match"],
"reversal index"].values
fast purchase indices =
quick match candidates.loc[quick match candidates["amounts match"],
"purchase index"].values
fast matched indices = np.concatenate((fast reversal indices,
fast purchase indices))
# Extract rows from original DataFrame
fast matches = df sorted.loc[fast matched indices, ["original index",
"customerId", "merchantName", "transactionAmount",
"transactionDateTime", "transactionType"]]
fast matches = fast matches.sort values(by=["customerId",
"merchantName", "transactionDateTime"])
# Remove matched indices from original data
matched indices = fast matches["original index"].unique()
df unmatched = df copy.drop(index=matched indices)
```

```
<ipython-input-20-3d2f57c4706e>:19: FutureWarning: Series. getitem
treating keys as positions is deprecated. In a future version, integer
keys will always be treated as labels (consistent with DataFrame
behavior). To access a value by position, use `ser.iloc[pos]`
  quick match candidates["amounts match"] =
quick_match_candidates[["purchase_amount",
"reversal amount"]].apply(lambda x: x[0] == x[1], axis=1)
fast matches
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"fast matches\",\n \"rows\": 26032,\n
\"fields\": [\n {\n \"column\": \"original_index\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"s
227955,\n \"min\": 38,\n \"max\": 786301,\n \"num_unique_values\": 26032,\n \"samples\": [\n 474416,\n 687301,\n \"description\": \"\"\n
                                                                          }\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"customerId\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n
\"num_unique_values\": 2866,\n \"samples\": [\n
\"795213218\",\n \"954773577\",\n \"441663479\"\n \],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n \\"properties\": \\n \"dtype\": \"category\",\n
\"num_unique_values\": 1853,\n \"samples\": [\n
\"Subway #228067\",\n \"Shake Shack #174098\",\n \"Domino's Pizza #643011\"\n ],\n \"semantic_type\":
\"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\n },\n {\n\"column\": \"transactionAmount\",\n \"properties\": {\n\"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 151.85113470897363,\n
\"min\": 0.0,\n \"max\": 1435.64,\n
\"num_unique_values\": 10364,\n \"samples\": [\n
\"2016-01-01 00:47:37\",\n\\"max\": \"2016-12-30 23:16:52\",\n
\"dtype\": \"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 3,\n
\"samples\": [\n \"PURCHASE\",\n \"REVERSAL\",\n \"ADDRESS_VERIFICATION\"\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n }\n ]\
n}","type":"dataframe","variable name":"fast matches"}
```

fast_matches dataframe has pairs of purchases and then reversals. Hence, if there are 25254 rows here, that means half of those are reversals. Hence, out of the 20303 reversal transactions, 12627 reversal transactions have been paired with a corresponding purchase right before it.

For the remaining reversals, it means that there have been purchases between the pair of purchase and reversal. Hence, I will look at groups of customerId, merchantName and transactionAmount, split by purchases and reversals. For each reversal, I will start look for a purchase group that has the same key values and a timestamp before the reversal. Once identified, that purchase group will be removed from consideration for future reversals.

```
reversals =
df unmatched[df unmatched["transactionType"]=="REVERSAL"].copy()
purchases = df unmatched[df unmatched["transactionType"]==
"PURCHASE"].copy()
group keys = ["customerId", "merchantName", "transactionAmount"]
matched rows = []
for keys, group reversals in tqdm(reversals.groupby(group keys),
total=reversals.groupby(group keys).ngroups, desc="Matching
reversals"):
    group purchases = purchases[
        (purchases["customerId"] == keys[0]) &
        (purchases["merchantName"] == keys[1]) &
        (purchases["transactionAmount"] == keys[2])
    1
    used purchases = set()
    group reversals =
group reversals.sort values("transactionDateTime")
    for _, rev_row in group_reversals.iterrows():
        # Only consider purchases before this reversal
        prior purchases = group purchases[
            group purchases["transactionDateTime"] <</pre>
rev row["transactionDateTime"]
        ].sort values("transactionDateTime", ascending=False)
        for _, pur_row in prior_purchases.iterrows():
            if pur row.name not in used purchases:
                matched_rows.append({
                    "customerId": keys[0],
                    "merchantName": keys[1],
                    "transactionAmount": keys[2],
                    "purchase_time": pur_row["transactionDateTime"],
                    "reversal time": rev row["transactionDateTime"],
                    "purchase index": pur row.name,
                    "reversal_index": rev_row.name,
                    "time diff sec": (rev row["transactionDateTime"] -
pur row["transactionDateTime"]).total seconds()
```

```
})
    used_purchases.add(pur_row.name)
    break

remaining_match_df = pd.DataFrame(matched_rows)
#remaining_match_df =
pd.read_parquet('dataframes/remaining_match_df.parquet')

Matching reversals: 100%| 7267/7267 [36:35<00:00,
3.31it/s]

#remaining_match_df.to_parquet('dataframes/remaining_match_df.parquet', index=True)</pre>
```

I will get the indices for these identified purchases and reversals and create a df with the structure of the original df

```
fast_indices = fast_matches["original_index"].values
remaining_indices = pd.concat([
    remaining_match_df["purchase_index"],
    remaining_match_df["reversal_index"]
]).values

all_matched_indices = np.unique(np.concatenate([fast_indices,
    remaining_indices]))

matched_transactions_df =
    df_copy.loc[all_matched_indices].sort_values(by=["customerId",
    "merchantName", "transactionDateTime"])

matched_transactions_df

{"type":"dataframe","variable_name":"matched_transactions_df"}

matched_transactions_df.to_parquet('dataframes/
all_matched_reversals.parquet', index=True)
```

Identifying Multiswipes

```
df_copy = df.copy()

#Filter purchases
purchase_df = df_copy[df_copy["transactionType"].str.upper() ==
"PURCHASE"].copy()
#Sort
purchase_df = purchase_df.sort_values(by=["customerId",
"merchantName", "transactionAmount", "transactionDateTime"])
purchase_df["is_duplicate"] = purchase_df.duplicated(
    subset=["customerId", "merchantName", "transactionAmount"],
```

```
keep=False
#Calculate the time difference between the transactions with the same
customerId, merchantName, and transactionAmount
purchase df["timeDiff"] = purchase df.groupby(
    ["customerId", "merchantName", "transactionAmount"]
)["transactionDateTime"].diff().dt.total seconds()
purchase df['timeDiff']
541917
                NaN
541962
                NaN
541920
                NaN
541904
                NaN
541925
                NaN
108113
          2688551.0
108114
          2705645.0
108115
          2609864.0
108109
                NaN
108107
                NaN
Name: timeDiff, Length: 745891, dtype: float64
```

These NaN values indicate the first of the multiswipe transaction since no prior for time difference and hence have NaN.

Since 180 seconds i.e 3 minutes is a reasonable time to assume for classifying as multiswipe and there aren't more up until 5 minutes, after which it seems unreasonable to attempt to classify as multiswipe, I chose 3 minutes as the threshold. Since the first occurences of a multiswipe have timeDiff as NaN, the comparison with 180 will always return False, and I dont need to worry about not including the first occurences.

```
multi_swipe_candidates = purchase_df[
   (purchase_df["is_duplicate"]) &
    (purchase_df["timeDiff"] <= 180)</pre>
```

```
].copy()
multi_swipe_candidates = multi_swipe_candidates.sort_values(
    by=["customerId", "merchantName", "transactionAmount",
"transactionDateTime"]
)
multi_swipe_candidates
{"type":"dataframe","variable_name":"multi_swipe_candidates"}
```

I will also check which of the multiswipe purchases was later reversed.

```
multi_swipe_indices = set(multi_swipe_candidates.index)
matched_indices = set(matched_transactions_df.index)
overlap_indices = multi_swipe_indices.intersection(matched_indices)
multi_swipe_reversed_df =
matched_transactions_df.loc[list(overlap_indices)].copy()
multi_swipe_reversed_df =
multi_swipe_reversed_df.sort_values(by=["customerId", "merchantName",
"transactionDateTime"])
```

I will create df_flagged to keep flags for these purchase-reverse transaction and multiswipes

```
df_flagged = df.copy()
df_flagged["purchase_will_be_reversed"] = df_flagged.index.isin(

matched_transactions_df[matched_transactions_df["transactionType"]==
"PURCHASE"].index
)
df_flagged["reversal_matches_purchase"] = df_flagged.index.isin(

matched_transactions_df[matched_transactions_df["transactionType"]==
"REVERSAL"].index
)
df_flagged["is_multi_swipe"] =
df_flagged.index.isin(multi_swipe_candidates.index)
df_flagged["is_multi_swipe_purchase_reversed"] =
df_flagged.index.isin(multi_swipe_reversed_df.index)
```

Summary

```
total_matched_amount =
matched_transactions_df["transactionAmount"].sum() / 2
total_multi_swipe_amount =
multi_swipe_candidates["transactionAmount"].sum()
total_reversal_amount =
df_copy[df_copy.transactionType=='REVERSAL'].transactionAmount.sum()
total_multi_swipe_reversed_amount =
```

```
multi swipe reversed df.transactionAmount.sum()
total multi swipe not reversed amount = total multi swipe amount -
total_multi_swipe_reversed_amount
total unidentified reversals amount = total reversal amount -
total matched amount
total fast reversals amount =
fast matches[fast matches.transactionType=="REVERSAL"].transactionAmou
nt.sum()
total identified reversals = (len(matched transactions df))//2
total_reversals = len(df_copy[df_copy['transactionType']=='REVERSAL'])
total unidentified reversals = total reversals -
total identified reversals
total fast reversals =
len(fast matches[fast matches.transactionType=="REVERSAL"])
total multi swipes reversed = len(multi swipe reversed df)
print(f"Total Reversals: {total reversals}")
print(f"Identified Reversals: {total identified reversals}")
print(f"Total Fast Reversals: {total fast reversals}")
print(f"Unidentified Reversals: {total unidentified reversals}")
print()
print(f"Total Reversals Amount: $\{\text{total reversal amount:,.2f}\}")
print(f"Total Identified Reversals Amount: $
{total matched amount:,.2f}")
print(f"Total Fast Reversals Amount: $
{total fast reversals amount:,.2f}")
print(f"Total Unidentified Reversals Amount: $
{total unidentified reversals amount:,.2f}")
print()
print(f"Total Multi-Swipes identified: {len(multi swipe candidates)}")
print(f"Total Multi-Swipes Reversed: {total multi swipes reversed}")
print(f"Total Multi-Swipe Amount: ${total multi swipe amount:,.2f}")
print(f"Total Multi-Swipe Reversed Amount: $
{total multi swipe reversed amount:,.2f}")
print(f"Total Multi-Swipe Not Reversed Amount: $
{total multi swipe not reversed amount:,.2f}")
Total Reversals: 20303
Identified Reversals: 18165
Total Fast Reversals: 13016
Unidentified Reversals: 2138
Total Reversals Amount: $2,821,792.50
Total Identified Reversals Amount: $2,669,343.17
Total Fast Reversals Amount: $1,900,955.97
Total Unidentified Reversals Amount: $152,449.33
Total Multi-Swipes identified: 7457
Total Multi-Swipes Reversed: 152
Total Multi-Swipe Amount: $1,104,006.71
```

```
Total Multi-Swipe Reversed Amount: $25,849.02
Total Multi-Swipe Not Reversed Amount: $1,078,157.69
```

Exploring Trends in Reversals

```
matched indices = matched transactions df.index.values
unidentified reversals = df.drop(index=matched indices)
[df.drop(index=matched indices).transactionType=='REVERSAL']
unidentified reversals['customerId'].value counts().sort values().rese
t index().iloc[0]
customerId
              153938865
count
Name: 0, dtype: object
df[df.customerId=='153938865']
[['transactionDateTime','merchantName','transactionAmount','transactio
nType']]
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"df[df\",\n \"rows\": 47,\n \"fields\":
[\n {\n \"column\": \"transactionDateTime\",\n
\"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"date\",\n
                                                            \"min\":
\"2016-01-05 18:46:49\",\n\\"max\": \"2016-12-28 14:37:40\",\n\\"num_unique_values\": 47,\n\\"samples\": [\n\\"2016-
                             \"2016-11-03 03:30:28\",\n
08-11 21:53:36\",\n
08-11 21:53:36\",\n \ 2010-11-03 03:30:20\,\...\
\"2016-08-11 09:31:43\"\n \ \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \ \"description\": \"\"\n \ \\n \ \\n\
\"column\": \"merchantName\",\n
                                     \"properties\": {\n
\"dtype\": \"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 16,\n
                           \"Eazy Repair\",\n
                                                         \"Shell Auto
\"samples\": [\n
Body\",\n
                    \"Convenient Tire\"\n
                                                   ],\n
\"semantic_type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"transactionAmount\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"number\",\n \"std\": 100.09234541111645,\n \"min\": 0.0,\n \"max\": 390.98,\n
31.49,\n
],\n \"semantic type\":
                                             }\n
                                                     },\n {\n
\"column\": \"transactionType\",\n \"properties\": {\n
\"dtype\": \"category\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 3,\n
\"samples\": [\n \"PURCHASE\",\n \"REVERSAL\",\n \"ADDRESS_VERIFICATION\"\n ],\n \"semantic_type\":
\"ADDRESS_VERIFICATION\"\n ],\n \"ser \"\",\n \"description\": \"\n }\n
                                                      }\n ]\
n}","type":"dataframe"}
```

At index 14037, there is a reversal for \$163.14 at Shell Auto Body. Preceding it, there are 3 purchases at the same merchant for \$52.78, \$118.46 and \$336.05. This is possibly a case where there were purchases at the same merchant totalling higher than the reversal. This is to say that

a part of the total purchases was reversed. I suspect the 2138 unidentified reversals are of this kind too where a part of the purchase was reversed.

```
matched transactions df[matched transactions df.isFraud].transactionTy
pe.value counts()
transactionType
REVERSAL
                        310
PURCHASE
                        304
ADDRESS VERIFICATION
                          6
Name: count, dtype: int64
fraud transactions reversed =
matched transactions df[(matched transactions df.isFraud) &
(matched transactions df.transactionType=='REVERSAL')].transactionAmou
nt.sum()
fraud transactions reversed
np.float64(73556.73)
```

Hence, from the identified reversals, I can say that at least 304 of the fraud transactions, totalling \$73,556 were reversed.

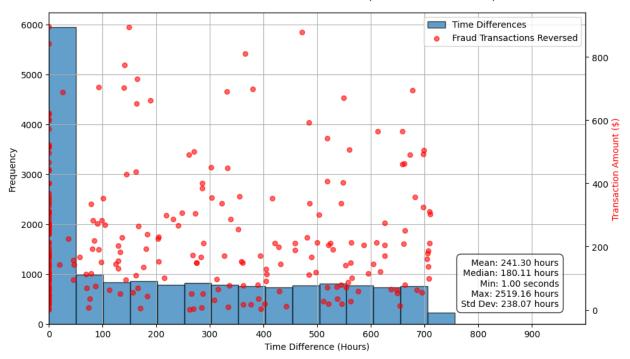
```
time diffs = []
bubble points = [] # (time diff in minutes, transactionAmount)
for i in range(0, len(matched transactions df) - 1, 2):
    t1 = matched transactions df.iloc[i]
    t2 = matched transactions df.iloc[i + 1]
    if {"PURCHASE",
"REVERSAL" \ . issubset(\{t1["transactionType"].upper(),
t2["transactionType"].upper()}):
        diff minutes = abs((t2["transactionDateTime"] -
t1["transactionDateTime"]).total seconds()) / 60
        time diffs.append(diff minutes)
        # Check if the REVERSAL transaction is marked as fraud
        if t1["transactionType"].upper() == "REVERSAL" and t1.isFraud:
            bubble points.append((diff minutes/60,
t1["transactionAmount"]))
        elif t2["transactionType"].upper() == "REVERSAL" and
t2.isFraud:
            bubble points.append((diff minutes/60,
t2["transactionAmount"]))
mean = np.mean(time diffs)
median = np.median(time diffs)
minimum = np.min(time diffs)
```

```
maximum = np.max(time_diffs)
std_dev = np.std(time_diffs)
```

Lets see what the graph for times for reversal looks like, and also see the time taken for the fraud transactions to be reversed as well.

```
def format time(mins):
    if mins < 1:
        return f"{mins * 60:.2f} seconds"
    elif mins < 60:
        return f"{mins:.2f} minutes"
    else:
        hrs = mins / 60
        return f"{hrs:.2f} hours"
stats text = f"Mean: {format time(mean)}\n" \
             f"Median: {format time(median)}\n" \
             f"Min: {format time(minimum)}\n" \
             f"Max: {format time(maximum)}\n" \
             f"Std Dev: {format time(std dev)}"
# Add text box with statistics in the lower right
time diffs = [time diff/60 for time diff in time diffs]
fig, ax1 = plt.subplots(figsize=(10, 6))
# Histogram on primary y-axis
counts, bins, patches = ax1.hist(time diffs, bins=50,
edgecolor="black", alpha=0.7, label="Time Differences")
ax1.set xlabel("Time Difference (Hours)")
ax1.set ylabel("Frequency")
ax1.set xticks(np.arange(0, 1000, 100))
ax1.set xlim(0, 1000)
ax1.grid(True)
# Create second y-axis
ax2 = ax1.twinx()
# Plot fraud reversal bubbles on secondary axis
if bubble points:
    bubble x, bubble y = zip(*bubble points)
    ax2.scatter(bubble x, bubble y, s=30, c='red', alpha=0.6,
label="Fraud Transactions Reversed")
    ax2.set ylabel("Transaction Amount ($)", color='red')
# Titles and legend
fig.suptitle("Time Between Purchase and Reversal (With Fraud
Bubbles)", fontsize=14)
fig.tight lavout()
fig.legend(loc="upper right", bbox to anchor=(1, 1),
```

Time Between Purchase and Reversal (With Fraud Bubbles)



We can see that most reversals happen within the first 50 hours. There are no obvious patterns for the time taken to reverse fraudulent transactions and the amount, although it is visible that often, they are reversed in a couple of hours itself, indicated by the cluster of bubbles sticking to the left.

```
df_copy[df_copy["transactionType"]=="REVERSAL"]
["customerId"].value counts().reset index()
{"summary":"{\n \"name\":
\"df copy[df copy[\\\"transactionType\\\"]==\\\"REVERSAL\\\"]
[\\\"customerId\\\"]\",\n \"rows\": 3023,\n \"fields\": [\n
                                                                {\n
\"column\": \"customerId\",\n
                                  \"properties\": {\n
\"dtype\": \"string\",\n
                               \"num unique values\": 3023,\n
                         \"977789958\\",\n
\"samples\": [\n
                                                   \"334209018\",\n
\"146382124\"\n
                                  \"semantic type\": \"\",\n
                      ],\n
\"description\": \"\"\n
                                                    \"column\":
                            }\n
                                   },\n
                                           {\n
                 \"properties\": {\n
\"count\",\n
                                            \"dtype\": \"number\",\n
```

```
\"std\": 23,\n \"min\": 1,\n \"max\": 907,\n
\"num_unique_values\": 89,\n \"samples\": [\n 46,\n
36,\n 68\n ],\n \"semantic_type\": \"\",\n
\"description\": \"\"\n }\n ]\n}","type":"dataframe"}
```

It was interesting that the first customer here had 907 reversals.

This customer even had 783 fraud transactions

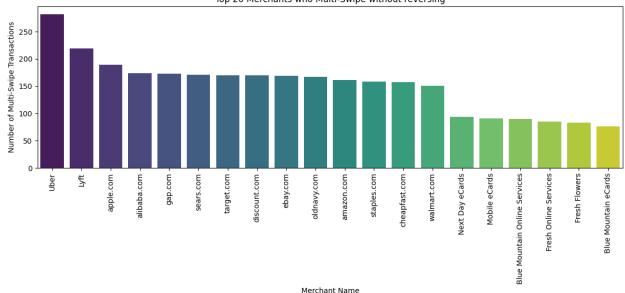
```
flags = ["purchase will be reversed", "reversal matches purchase",
"is multi swipe", "is multi swipe purchase reversed"]
suspicious customer[suspicious customer.isFraud][flags+
['transactionType']].value counts()
purchase will be reversed
                            reversal matches purchase is multi swipe
is multi swipe purchase reversed transactionType
False
                            False
                                                        False
False
                                   PURCHASE
                                                            744
                            True
                                                        False
False
                                   REVERSAL
                                                             14
True
                            False
                                                        False
False
                                   PURCHASE
                                                             13
                                                       True
False
                            False
False
                                   PURCHASE
                                                        False
                                                              2
False
                                   REVERSAL
ADDRESS VERIFICATION
True
                            False
                                                        True
True
                                   PURCHASE
                                                              1
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

This customer had 743 fraudulent charges on his card which were never reversed. It is surprising how the card was not closed after a good number of these.

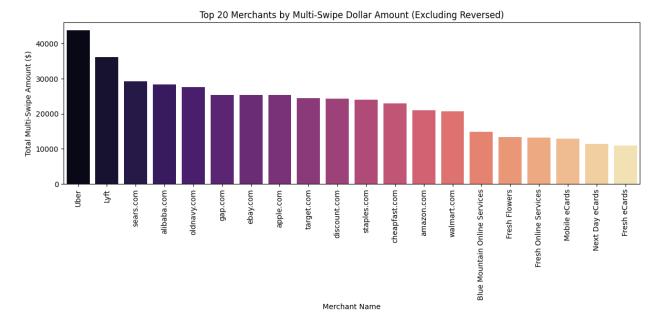
Exploring Multiswipes

```
merchant swipe counts =
multi swipe candidates["merchantName"].value counts().reset index()
merchant swipe counts.columns = ["merchantName", "multi swipe count"]
merchant swipe counts
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"merchant swipe counts\",\n \"rows\":
1283,\n \"fields\": [\n
                         {\n \"column\": \"merchantName\",\n
                          \"dtype\": \"string\",\n
\"properties\": {\n
                                                             \"WSC
\"num unique values\": 1283,\n
                                   \"samples\": [\n
                  \"Powerlifting #982788\",\n
#13185\",\n
                                                       \"KFC
                          \"semantic type\": \"\",\n
#383929\"\n
                  ],\n
\"description\": \"\"\n
                           }\n
                                         {\n \"column\":
                                  },\n
\"multi_swipe_count\",\n \"properties\": {\n
                                                      \"dtype\":
\"number\",\n \"std\": 20,\n
                                        \"min\": 1,\n
\"max\": 283,\n
                    \"num unique values\": 56,\n
\"samples\": [\n
                         283,\n
                                                       30\
                                        175.\n
        ],\n
                    \"semantic type\": \"\",\n
\"description\": \"\"\n
                       n}","type":"dataframe","variable_name":"merchant_swipe_counts"}
multi swipe not reversed df=multi swipe candidates.drop(index=multi sw
ipe reversed df.index)
top merchants =
multi swipe not reversed df['merchantName'].value counts().reset index
().head(20)
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.barplot(data=top merchants, x='merchantName', y='count',
palette='viridis')
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.xlabel('Merchant Name')
plt.ylabel('Number of Multi-Swipe Transactions')
plt.title('Top 20 Merchants who Multi-Swipe without reversing')
plt.tight layout()
plt.show()
<ipython-input-93-936427627925>:5: FutureWarning:
Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be
removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set
`legend=False` for the same effect.
  sns.barplot(data=top merchants, x='merchantName', y='count',
palette='viridis')
```





```
merchant amounts = (
    multi_swipe_not_reversed_df.groupby('merchantName')
['transactionAmount']
        .sum()
        .reset index()
        .rename(columns={'transactionAmount': 'totalAmount'})
        .sort values('totalAmount', ascending=False)
)
top_amounts = merchant_amounts.head(20)
# 4. Plot
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.barplot(data=top amounts, x='merchantName', y='totalAmount',
palette='magma')
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.xlabel('Merchant Name')
plt.vlabel('Total Multi-Swipe Amount ($)')
plt.title('Top 20 Merchants by Multi-Swipe Dollar Amount (Excluding
Reversed)')
plt.tight layout()
plt.show()
<ipython-input-94-db50f7df92e2>:13: FutureWarning:
Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be
removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set
`legend=False` for the same effect.
  sns.barplot(data=top amounts, x='merchantName', y='totalAmount',
palette='magma')
```



We can see that rideshare apps are the highest multiswipe merchants whose transactions were not reversed, both by frequency as well as by dollar amount

Answer 3

- 1. I was able to programmatically identify reversals of purchases as well as multiswipes (within a threshold of 3 minutes)
- Total instant reversals identified: 13016
- Dollar Amount for identified instant reversals: \$1,900,955.97
- Total Multiswipes identified: 7457
- Dollar Amount for identified multiswipes: \$1,104,006.71
- 1. Out of the 7457 multiswipe transactions totalling \$1.1M, only 152 were reversed, totalling \$25,849.02. This means that multi-swipes happen often and rack up over a million dollars, but almost never get reversed. This could be the customers tolerating small accidental charges or them simply not noticing them, but the vendors earn a lot of money through these multi-swipes.

Question 4: Model

Fraud is a problem for any bank. Fraud can take many forms, whether it is someone stealing a single credit card, to large batches of stolen credit card numbers being used on the web, or even a mass compromise of credit card numbers stolen from a merchant via tools like credit card skimming devices.

1. Each of the transactions in the dataset has a field called isFraud. Please build a predictive model to determine whether a given transaction will be fraudulent or not. Use as much of the data as you like (or all of it).

- 2. Provide an estimate of performance using an appropriate sample, and show your work.
- 3. Please explain your methodology (modeling algorithm/method used and why, what features/data you found useful, what questions you have, and what you would do next with more time)

Data Cleaning

```
cat cols stats
{"summary":"{\n \"name\": \"cat_cols_stats\",\n \"rows\": 22,\n
\label{eq:column} $$ ''fields'': [\n {\n \column\": \"Null Count\",\n \"properties\": {\n \column\'': \''dtype\": \''date\",\n \column\''} $$
                                                             \"min\":
            \"max\": \"0\",\n
\"0\",\n
                                        \"num unique values\": 1,\n
                           \"0\"\n
\"samples\": [\n
                                            ],\n
\"semantic type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
                                                                    }\
n },\n {\n \"column\": \"Unique Values\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\": \"date\",\n \"max\": 5246,\n \"num_unique_values\": 12,\n
                                                             \"min\": 1,\n
                    1\n ],\n
\"samples\": [\n
                                                     \"semantic_type\":
\"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
                                               }\n
                                                       },\n
                                                                {\n
\"column\": \"Most Frequent\",\n \"properties\": {\n
\"dtype\": \"string\",\n \"num unique values\": 12,\n
                            \"\"\n ],\n
\"samples\": [\n
                                                        \"semantic type\":
              \"description\": \"\"\n
\"\",\n
                                            }\n
                                                       },\n
                                                               {\n
\"column\": \"Frequency Count\",\n \"properties\": {\n
\"dtype\": \"date\",\n \"min\": \"5103\",\n \"786363\",\n \"num_unique_values\": 16,\n
                                                              \"max\":
                                                             \"samples\":
              \"32850\"\n ],\n
                                               \"semantic type\": \"\",\n
\"description\": \"\"\n }\n {\n \"column\":
\"Empty String Count\",\n \"properties\": {\n \"dtype\":
\"date\",\n
                    \"min\": \"0\",\n \"max\": \"786363\",\n
\"num_unique_values\": 7,\n \"samples\": [\n
                                                                  \"0\"\n
             \"semantic type\": \"\",\n \"description\": \"\"\n
],\n
       }\n ]\n}","type":"dataframe","variable_name":"cat_cols_stats"}
}\n
```

I will drop the columns with all empty strings.

```
drop_cols = ["posOnPremises", "recurringAuthInd",
"merchantZip", "merchantState", "merchantCity", "echoBuffer"]
df = df.drop(columns=drop_cols)
df[df.accountNumber != df.customerId]
{"type":"dataframe"}
```

Since accountNumber is redundant, I will drop it

```
df = df.drop(columns=["accountNumber"])
```

```
df.head()
{"type":"dataframe","variable_name":"df"}
```

I will drop non fraud duplicates with a reasonable subset of columns, which will most likely be subscriptions

```
fraud_df = df[df['isFraud']]
nonfraud_df = df[~df['isFraud']].drop_duplicates(keep='first',subset =
["customerId","transactionAmount","merchantName","accountOpenDate","me
rchantCategoryCode","cardLast4Digits"])

df = pd.concat([fraud_df, nonfraud_df]).sort_index()
```

Feature Engineering

Card CVV entered wrong

```
df[df.cardCVV != df.enteredCVV]
["isFraud"].value_counts(normalize=True)

isFraud
False    0.967946
True    0.032054
Name: proportion, dtype: float64

df["cvvMatch"] = df.cardCVV == df.enteredCVV
```

Age of account

```
df["accountAge"] = (df.transactionDateTime -
df.accountOpenDate).dt.days
```

Time since address was changed

```
df["sinceDateOfLastAddressChange"] = (
    df.transactionDateTime - df.dateOfLastAddressChange
).dt.days
```

Do country codes match

```
df["countryMatch"] = df.acqCountry == df.merchantCountryCode
```

Date properties

```
df["dayOfMonth"] = df.transactionDateTime.dt.day
df["month"] = df.transactionDateTime.dt.month
df["dayOfYear"] = df.transactionDateTime.dt.dayofyear
df["weekOfYear"] = df.transactionDateTime.dt.isocalendar().week
df["dayOfWeek"] = df.transactionDateTime.dt.dayofweek
df["quarter"] = df.transactionDateTime.dt.quarter
df["hour"] = df.transactionDateTime.dt.hour
```

Weekday or weekend

```
df["weekday"] = df.day0fWeek < 5</pre>
```

What part of day (I made 4 parts)

```
df["partOfDay"] = pd.cut(df.hour, bins=4, labels=[0, 1, 2,3])
```

The average fraud rate for each customer based on their previous transactions — current transaction excluded.

```
df["avgFraud"] = (
     df.groupby("customerId")["isFraud"]
     .transform(lambda x: x.shift().expanding().mean())
     .fillna(0)
)
df.columns
Index(['customerId', 'creditLimit', 'availableMoney',
'transactionDateTime',
         'transactionAmount', 'merchantName', 'acqCountry',
'merchantCountryCode', 'posEntryMode', 'posConditionCode',
         'merchantCategoryCode', 'currentExpDate', 'accountOpenDate',
         'dateOfLastAddressChange', 'cardCVV', 'enteredCVV',
'cardLast4Digits',
         'transactionType', 'currentBalance', 'cardPresent',
'expirationDateKeyInMatch', 'isFraud', 'currentExpPeriod',
'cvvMatch',
         'accountAge', 'sinceDateOfLastAddressChange', 'countryMatch',
'dayOfMonth', 'month', 'dayOfYear', 'weekOfYear', 'dayOfWeek',
         'quarter', 'hour', 'weekday', 'partOfDay', 'avgFraud'],
       dtype='object')
```

I will now add some features, mainly focusing on 1)Extracting temporal features for transaction activity 2)Customer-Merchant Activity and Familiarity

```
# Sort data by customer and transaction time
df = df.sort_values(["customerId", "transactionDateTime"])
```

```
# Set datetime index for time-based rolling features
df = df.set index("transactionDateTime")
# Transaction count in recent time windows
df["transactionCountLast1hr"] = df.groupby("customerId")
["transactionAmount"].rolling("1h").count().reset index(level=0,
drop=True)
df["transactionCountLast24hr"] = df.groupby("customerId")
["transactionAmount"].rolling("1d").count().reset index(level=0,
drop=True)
df["transactionCountLast7d"] = df.groupby("customerId")
["transactionAmount"].rolling("7d").count().reset index(level=0,
drop=True)
# Amount spent in recent time windows
df["amountSpentLast24hr"] = df.groupby("customerId")
["transactionAmount"].rolling("1d").sum().reset index(level=0,
drop=True)
df["amountSpentLast7d"] = df.groupby("customerId")
["transactionAmount"].rolling("7d").sum().reset index(level=0,
drop=True)
#Reset index back to normal for non-rolling features
df = df.reset index()
# Unique merchants visited today
df["date"] = df["transactionDateTime"].dt.date
df["numMerchantsVisitedToday"] = df.groupby(["customerId", "date"])
["merchantName"].transform("nunique")
# Statistical amounts (past week)
df = df.sort values(["customerId", "transactionDateTime"])
df["meanTransactionAmountPastWeek"] = df.groupby("customerId")
["transactionAmount"].transform(
    lambda x: x.rolling(window=7, min periods=1).mean()
)
# First transaction of the day
df["isFirstTransactionToday"] = df.groupby(["customerId",
"date"]).cumcount() == 0
# Is new merchant for customer
df["isNewMerchantForCustomer"] = df.groupby("customerId")
["merchantName"].transform(lambda x: ~x.duplicated())
# Merchant frequency (normalized)
merchant_freq = df["merchantName"].value_counts(normalize=True)
df["merchantTransactionFrequency"] =
df["merchantName"].map(merchant freq)
```

```
# Is Domestic transaction
df["isDomesticTransaction"] = df["acqCountry"] ==
df["merchantCountryCode"]
# Frequent merchant country for each customer
customer country mode = df.groupby("customerId")
["merchantCountryCode"].agg(
    lambda x: x.mode().iloc[0] if not x.mode().empty else np.nan
df["frequentMerchantCountryCode"] =
df["customerId"].map(customer country mode)
df["isFrequentMerchantCountry"] = df["merchantCountryCode"] ==
df["frequentMerchantCountryCode"]
# Time since last transaction
df["timeSinceLastTransaction"] = df.groupby("customerId")
["transactionDateTime"].diff().dt.total seconds()
#Saving unbinned dollar amounts for later, in case
df["availableMoney0g"] = df["availableMoney"]
df["transactionAmount0g"] = df["transactionAmount"]
# Binning available money and transaction amount
df["availableMoney"] = pd.cut(
    df.availableMoney,
    bins=[-5000, -1000, -500, -100, 0, 100, 500, 1000, 5000, 50000],
    labels=[0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8],
df["transactionAmount"] = pd.qcut(df.transactionAmount, 4, labels=[0,
1, 2, 3])
df.to parquet('dataframes/df cleaned.parquet', index=True)
```

Sampling

```
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_parquet('dataframes/df_cleaned.parquet')

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler,
OneHotEncoder,OrdinalEncoder
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
from sklearn.feature_selection import VarianceThreshold
from sklearn.metrics import precision_score, recall_score,
roc_auc_score, accuracy_score
```

```
from sklearn.ensemble import
RandomForestClassifier, HistGradientBoostingClassifier
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
import joblib
df.columns
Index(['transactionDateTime', 'customerId', 'creditLimit',
'availableMoney',
         'transactionAmount', 'merchantName', 'acqCountry',
         'merchantCountryCode', 'posEntryMode', 'posConditionCode',
'merchantCategoryCode', 'currentExpDate', 'accountOpenDate',
         'dateOfLastAddressChange', 'cardCVV', 'enteredCVV',
'cardLast4Digits',
         'transactionType', 'currentBalance', 'cardPresent',
         'expirationDateKeyInMatch', 'isFraud', 'currentExpPeriod',
'cvvMatch',
         'accountAge', 'sinceDateOfLastAddressChange', 'countryMatch',
'dayOfMonth', 'month', 'dayOfYear', 'weekOfYear', 'dayOfWeek',
         'quarter', 'hour', 'weekday', 'partOfDay', 'avgFraud', 'transactionCountLast1hr', 'transactionCountLast24hr', 'transactionCountLast7d', 'amountSpentLast24hr',
'amountSpentLast7d',
         'date', 'numMerchantsVisitedToday',
'meanTransactionAmountPastWeek',
         'isFirstTransactionToday', 'isNewMerchantForCustomer',
         'merchantTransactionFrequency', 'isDomesticTransaction',
         'frequentMerchantCountryCode', 'isFrequentMerchantCountry',
         'timeSinceLastTransaction', 'availableMoneyOg',
'transactionAmountOg'],
       dtype='object')
```

The sampling I am doing is primarily from customers who have been victims of fraud transactions as I believe. I take all the fraud transactions from them. For the non fraud transactions, I sample from the same customers because I believe this will encode more information. I sample 7.5% from these non fraud cases, which I settled on after some trial and error on the models I trained below. For some noise, I am also 1% from the customers who never experienced fraud transactions.

```
def custom_sample(input_df):
    #Get all customers who experienced fraud
    fraud_customers = input_df[input_df["isFraud"] == True]
["customerId"].unique()

# All fraud transactions from those customers
    fraud_df = input_df[(input_df["customerId"].isin(fraud_customers)))
& (input_df["isFraud"] == True)]

# Sample 7.5% of non-fraud transactions from those same customers,
```

```
based on trial and error
    nonfraud df from fraud customers = input df[
        (input df["customerId"].isin(fraud customers)) &
(input df["isFraud"] == False)
    nonfraud sampled =
nonfraud df from fraud customers.sample(frac=0.075, random state=42)
    # Sample from customers who never had fraud in 2016
    nonfraud 2016 df = input df[
        (input df["transactionDateTime"].dt.year == 2016)
        & (~input df["customerId"].isin(fraud customers))
    ]
    # Identify customers who had no fraud at all in 2016
    nonfraud customers 2016 = nonfraud 2016 df.groupby("customerId")
["isFraud"].sum()
    nonfraud customers 2016 =
nonfraud customers 2016[nonfraud customers 2016 == 0].index
    # Sample transactions from these clean customers to add noise
    noise sample =
input df[input df["customerId"].isin(nonfraud customers 2016)].sample(
frac=0.01, random state=42)
    # Combine all three subsets
    final sampled df = pd.concat([fraud df, nonfraud sampled,
noise sample], axis=0).sample(frac=1,
random state=42).reset index(drop=True)
    return final sampled df
final sampled df = custom sample(df)
final sampled df.isFraud.value counts()
isFraud
False
         45657
True
         12417
Name: count, dtype: int64
final sampled df = final sampled df.drop(
    [
        "currentExpDate",
        "accountOpenDate",
        "dateOfLastAddressChange",
        "cardCVV",
        "enteredCVV",
"cardLast4Digits", "currentExpPeriod", "date", "availableMoneyOg",
"transactionAmountOg"
    ],
```

```
axis=1,
)
```

Train Test Split, preprocessers and evaluation function

```
target = "isFraud"
numeric features = [
    "creditLimit", "availableMoney", "transactionAmount",
"currentBalance",
    "accountAge", "sinceDateOfLastAddressChange", "dayOfMonth",
"month",
    "dayOfYear", "weekOfYear", "dayOfWeek", "quarter", "hour",
"weekday",
    "transactionCountLast1hr", "transactionCountLast24hr",
"transactionCountLast7d",
    "amountSpentLast24hr", "amountSpentLast7d",
"numMerchantsVisitedToday",
    "meanTransactionAmountPastWeek",
    \verb|"merchantTransactionFrequency", \verb|'"timeSinceLastTransaction"| \\
categorical features = [
    "merchantName", "acqCountry", "merchantCountryCode",
"posEntryMode",
    "posConditionCode", "merchantCategoryCode", "transactionType",
    "frequentMerchantCountryCode"
ordinal features = [
    "cardPresent", "expirationDateKeyInMatch", "cvvMatch",
"countryMatch",
    "isFirstTransactionToday", "isNewMerchantForCustomer",
    "isDomesticTransaction", "isFrequentMerchantCountry"
features = numeric_features+categorical_features+ordinal_features
final sampled df = final sampled df[features+[target]].dropna()
X = final sampled df[features]
y = final sampled df[target]
X_train_full, X_test, y_train_full, y_test = train_test split(X, y,
test size=0.2, random state=42, stratify=y)
X_train, X_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(X_train_full,
y train full, test size=0.2, random state=42, stratify=y train full)
# ColumnTransformers for preprocessing
preprocessor = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[
    ("num", StandardScaler(), numeric features),
    ("cat", OneHotEncoder(handle unknown="ignore",
```

```
sparse output=False), categorical features),
    ("ord", OrdinalEncoder(), ordinal features)
1)
def evaluate pipeline(pipeline):
    y proba = pipeline.predict proba(X test)[:, 1] # probability for
class 1
    y pred = pipeline.predict(X test)
    # Metrics
    precision = precision_score(y_test, y_pred)
    recall = recall_score(y_test, y_pred)
    auc = roc_auc_score(y_test, y_proba)
    train score = pipeline.score(X train, y train)
    test score = pipeline.score(X test, y test)
    # Output
    print(f"Precision: {precision:.4f}")
                            {recall:.4f}")
    print(f"Recall:
   print(f"Kecall:
print(f"AUC-ROC:
                            {auc:.4f}")
    print(f"Train Accuracy: {train_score:.4f}")
    print(f"Test Accuracy: {test score:.4f}")
    print("Classification Report:")
    print(classification report(y_test, y_pred))
    print("Confusion Matrix:")
    print(confusion matrix(y test, y pred))
```

I'll test the performance on Logistic Regression Classifier, Random Forest Classifier and HistGradientBoostingClassifier. I am using a VarianceThreshold selector to filter features that dont vary much.

Logistic Regression Classifier

```
['creditLimit',
                                                     'availableMoney',
'transactionAmount',
                                                     'currentBalance',
                                                     'accountAge',
'sinceDateOfLastAddressChange',
                                                     'dayOfMonth',
'month',
                                                     'dayOfYear',
'weekOfYear',
                                                     'dayOfWeek',
'quarter',
                                                     'hour', 'weekday',
'transactionCountLast1hr',
'transactionCountLast24hr',
                                                     'transactio...
'frequentMerchantCountryCode']),
                                                   ('ord',
OrdinalEncoder(),
                                                    ['cardPresent',
'expirationDateKeyInMatch',
                                                     'cvvMatch',
'countryMatch',
'isFirstTransactionToday',
'isNewMerchantForCustomer',
'isDomesticTransaction',
'isFrequentMerchantCountry'])])),
                ('selector', VarianceThreshold()),
                ('classifier',
                 LogisticRegression(class weight='balanced',
max iter=400,
                                     n jobs=-1, solver='newton-cg'))])
evaluate_pipeline(log_reg_pipeline)
Precision:
                0.3816
Recall:
                0.7076
AUC-ROC:
                0.7569
Train Accuracy: 0.7039
Test Accuracy: 0.6928
Classification Report:
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
False True	0.90 0.38	0.69 0.71	0.78 0.50	9097 2469
accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.64 0.79	0.70 0.69	0.69 0.64 0.72	11566 11566 11566
Confusion Matr [[6266 2831] [722 1747]]	ix:			

Random Forest

```
rf_pipeline = Pipeline(steps=[
    ("preprocessor", preprocessor),
    ("selector", VarianceThreshold()),
    ("classifier", RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=100,
class weight="balanced", n jobs=-1, random state=42))
])
%%time
rf_pipeline.fit(X_train, y_train)
CPU times: user 34.5 s, sys: 736 ms, total: 35.3 s
Wall time: 7.62 s
Pipeline(steps=[('preprocessor',
                 ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('num',
StandardScaler(),
                                                    ['creditLimit',
                                                     'availableMoney',
'transactionAmount',
                                                     'currentBalance',
                                                     'accountAge',
'sinceDateOfLastAddressChange',
                                                     'dayOfMonth',
'month',
                                                     'dayOfYear',
'weekOfYear',
                                                     'dayOfWeek',
'quarter',
                                                     'hour', 'weekday',
'transactionCountLast1hr',
```

```
'transactionCountLast24hr',
                                                     'transactio...
'frequentMerchantCountryCode']),
                                                   ('ord',
OrdinalEncoder(),
                                                    ['cardPresent',
'expirationDateKeyInMatch',
                                                     'cvvMatch',
'countryMatch',
'isFirstTransactionToday',
'isNewMerchantForCustomer',
'isDomesticTransaction',
'isFrequentMerchantCountry'])])),
                 ('selector', VarianceThreshold()),
                 ('classifier',
                 RandomForestClassifier(class_weight='balanced',
n_{jobs=-1}
                                         random state=42))])
evaluate pipeline(rf pipeline)
Precision:
                0.7617
                0.1385
Recall:
AUC-ROC:
                0.7889
Train Accuracy: 1.0000
Test Accuracy:
                0.8068
Classification Report:
                                               support
              precision
                            recall f1-score
       False
                              0.99
                                                   9097
                   0.81
                                        0.89
        True
                   0.76
                              0.14
                                        0.23
                                                   2469
                                                  11566
    accuracy
                                        0.81
                   0.79
                              0.56
                                        0.56
                                                  11566
   macro avq
weighted avg
                   0.80
                              0.81
                                        0.75
                                                  11566
Confusion Matrix:
[[8990 107]
 [2127 342]]
```

Gradient Boosting

```
gb pipeline = Pipeline(steps=[
    ("preprocessor", preprocessor),
    ("selector", VarianceThreshold()),
    ("classifier",
HistGradientBoostingClassifier(max iter=200,learning rate=0.1,max dept
h=3, random state=42))
])
%%time
gb_pipeline.fit(X_train, y_train)
CPU times: user 1min 1s, sys: 769 ms, total: 1min 2s
Wall time: 14.3 s
Pipeline(steps=[('preprocessor',
                 ColumnTransformer(transformers=[('num',
StandardScaler(),
                                                    ['creditLimit',
                                                     'availableMoney',
'transactionAmount',
                                                     'currentBalance',
                                                     'accountAge',
'sinceDateOfLastAddressChange',
                                                     'dayOfMonth',
'month',
                                                     'dayOfYear',
'weekOfYear',
                                                     'dayOfWeek',
'quarter',
                                                     'hour', 'weekday',
'transactionCountLast1hr'.
'transactionCountLast24hr',
                                                     'transactio...
'frequentMerchantCountryCode']),
                                                   ('ord',
OrdinalEncoder(),
                                                    ['cardPresent',
'expirationDateKeyInMatch',
                                                     'cvvMatch',
'countryMatch',
'isFirstTransactionToday',
```

```
'isNewMerchantForCustomer',
'isDomesticTransaction',
'isFrequentMerchantCountry'])])),
                 ('selector', VarianceThreshold()),
                 ('classifier',
                  HistGradientBoostingClassifier(max depth=3,
max iter=200,
                                                   random state=42))])
evaluate_pipeline(gb_pipeline)
Precision:
                0.6703
Recall:
                0.2503
AUC-ROC:
                0.7815
Train Accuracy: 0.8180
Test Accuracy:
                0.8137
Classification Report:
               precision
                             recall
                                    f1-score
                                                 support
                              0.97
                                                    9097
       False
                    0.83
                                         0.89
        True
                    0.67
                              0.25
                                         0.36
                                                    2469
    accuracy
                                         0.81
                                                   11566
   macro avg
                    0.75
                              0.61
                                         0.63
                                                   11566
weighted avg
                    0.79
                              0.81
                                         0.78
                                                   11566
Confusion Matrix:
[[8793 304]
 [1851 618]]
```

Once I got a general idea of how the models perform, I did a grid search. In case of fraud detection, it is important to be able to correctly identify fraud cases. But the fraud transactions are very underrepresented (~2%) in the data. The training and test data has been prepared such that the fraud cases are still underrepresented but the extent has been reduced to allow the model to meaningfully learn to be able to identify them. Aiming for a very high recall will mean a trade-off in terms of precision. While false positives are not as costly as false negatives in the case of fraud detection, a really low precision will quickly rack up enough costs for the bank due to the number of transactions that the bank processes in a year. Hence, I am doing the grid search with objective of maximizing the ROC-AUC score to find that model that best balances the TPR and FPR, so that I can identify which of the three models and at what parameters should I use. In fraud detection, the probabilities given by the model for fraud cases will be lower since it is so rare and the conventional threshold of 0.5 will hamper the model performance. Hence, I will be setting a custom threshold on the model with the best ROC-AUC since that model will be able to distinguish between the classes the best at different thresholds, allowing me to test which threshold balances Precision and Recall the best. Hence, the plan is: Find model with best ROC-AUC using train data --> Check F1 score with validation data at different thresholds to choose best threshold -> Use that threshold to make predictions on test data and get final metrics

GridSearch ROC AUC

```
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
# Logistic Regression
log reg params = {
    'classifier C': [0.001,0.01, 0.1, 1, 10,100],
    'classifier_solver': ['newton-cg', 'lbfgs'],
    'classifier max iter': [100]
}
# Random Forest
rf params = {
    'classifier n estimators': [80,160, 240],
    'classifier max depth': [None, 10, 20],
    'classifier min samples split': [4,5,6]
}
# GradientBoostingClassifier
qb params = {
    'classifier learning rate': [0.001,0.01, 0.1],
    'classifier max depth': [None, 10,20],
}
log reg pipeline = Pipeline(steps=[
    ("preprocessor", preprocessor),
    ("selector", VarianceThreshold()),
    ("classifier", LogisticRegression(random state=42))
rf pipeline = Pipeline(steps=[
    ("preprocessor", preprocessor),
    ("selector", VarianceThreshold()),
    ("classifier", RandomForestClassifier(random state=42))
gb pipeline = Pipeline(steps=[
    ("preprocessor", preprocessor),
    ("selector", VarianceThreshold()),
    ("classifier", HistGradientBoostingClassifier(random state=42))
])
# Logistic Regression Grid Search
log reg grid = GridSearchCV(log reg pipeline, log reg params,
cv=5,scoring='roc auc', n jobs=-1,verbose=3)
# Random Forest Grid Search
rf grid = GridSearchCV(rf pipeline, rf params, cv=5,
scoring='roc auc', n jobs=-1,verbose=3)
```

```
# GradientBoosting Grid Search
gb grid = GridSearchCV(gb pipeline, gb params, cv=5,
scoring='roc auc', n jobs=-1,verbose=3)
%%time
log reg grid.fit(X train, y train)
joblib.dump(log_reg_grid.best_estimator_,
"models/log reg grid auc roc.pkl")
Fitting 5 folds for each of 12 candidates, totalling 60 fits
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
rearession
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
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    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
```

```
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
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Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
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    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
```

```
n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
```

```
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n_iter_i = _check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
```

```
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
```

```
shown in:
   https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear_model/_logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
   https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
[CV 3/5] END classifier C=0.001, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.721 total time= 19.7s
[CV 3/5] END classifier C=0.01, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.738 total time= 25.5s
[CV 3/5] END classifier C=0.01, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.738 total time= 10.9s
[CV 4/5] END classifier C=0.1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.757 total time= 46.2s
[CV 3/5] END classifier__C=1, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier__solver=newton-cg;, score=0.754 total time= 1.5min
[CV 3/5] END classifier C=10, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.747 total time= 3.9min
[CV 3/5] END classifier__C=100, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier__solver=newton-cg;, score=0.741 total time=11.5min
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=4, classifier__n_estimators=80;,
score=0.821 total time= 18.9s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.827 total time= 35.8s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.841 total time= 53.5s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.826 total time= 35.0s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=5, classifier__n_estimators=240;,
score=0.839 total time= 52.3s
```

```
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.828 total time= 34.7s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.838 total time= 51.4s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.793 total time= 13.7s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.783 total time= 9.8s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.793 total time= 13.7s
[CV 4/5] END classifier__max_depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.780 total time=
                         9.8s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.792 total time= 13.7s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.826 total time= 20.4s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.834 total time= 29.9s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.814 total time= 11.0s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min_samples_split=5, classifier n_estimators=160;,
score=0.823 total time= 20.3s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.821 total time= 11.0s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.809 total time= 11.2s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.833 total time= 20.3s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.813 total time= 29.1s
[CV 4/5] END classifier learning_rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.791 total time= 1.2min
[CV 1/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=20;, score=0.801 total time= 1.1min
```

```
[CV 1/5] END classifier learning rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.835 total time= 1.1min
[CV 2/5] END classifier__learning_rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=10;, score=0.841 total time= 1.1min
[CV 3/5] END classifier learning rate=0.01,
classifier max_depth=20;, score=0.819 total time= 1.1min
[CV 4/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.868 total time= 59.1s
[CV 5/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1, classifier max depth=10;,
score=0.868 total time= 54.7s
[CV 5/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1, classifier max depth=20;,
score=0.868 total time= 56.4s
[CV 1/5] END classifier C=0.001, classifier_max_iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.724 total time=
[CV 2/5] END classifier__C=0.001, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.734 total time=
[CV 3/5] END classifier C=0.001, classifier max iter=100,
classifier__solver=lbfgs;, score=0.711 total time=
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=0.001, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.715 total time=
[CV 1/5] END classifier C=0.01, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.744 total time=
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=0.01, classifier max iter=100,
classifier__solver=lbfgs;, score=0.755 total time=
[CV 3/5] END classifier C=0.01, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.729 total time=
[CV 4/5] END classifier__C=0.1, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.753 total time= 38.6s
[CV 3/5] END classifier C=1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier__solver=newton-cg;, score=0.745 total time= 1.1min
[CV 4/5] END classifier C=10, classifier max_iter=100,
classifier__solver=newton-cg;, score=0.743 total time= 3.2min
[CV 1/5] END classifier C=100, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.749 total time= 10.7s
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=100, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.759 total time= 10.7s
[CV 3/5] END classifier C=100, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.742 total time= 10.8s
[CV 4/5] END classifier__C=100, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.748 total time= 11.0s
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=100, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.743 total time= 10.8s
CPU times: user 1min 52s, sys: 4.2 s, total: 1min 57s
Wall time: 16min 53s
['log reg grid auc roc.pkl']
%%time
rf grid.fit(X train, y_train)
joblib.dump(rf_grid.best_estimator_, "models/rf_grid_auc_roc.pkl")
```

```
Fitting 5 folds for each of 27 candidates, totalling 135 fits
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=0.001, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.725 total time= 18.3s
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=0.001, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.725 total time=
[CV 1/5] END classifier__C=0.01, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfqs;, score=0.753 total time= 10.8s
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=0.01, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.760 total time= 10.6s
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=0.01, classifier max iter=100,
classifier__solver=lbfgs;, score=0.745 total time= 10.6s
[CV 1/5] END classifier C=0.1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier__solver=lbfgs;, score=0.760 total time= 11.0s
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=0.1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier__solver=lbfgs;, score=0.769 total time= 10.8s
[CV 3/5] END classifier C=0.1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.746 total time= 11.0s
[CV 4/5] END classifier__C=0.1, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfqs;, score=0.756 total time= 10.8s
[CV 4/5] END classifier__C=1, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cq;, score=0.757 total time= 1.7min
[CV 1/5] END classifier C=10, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.760 total time= 10.9s
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=10, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.769 total time= 10.7s
[CV 3/5] END classifier C=10, classifier max iter=100,
classifier_solver=lbfgs;, score=0.747 total time= 10.7s
[CV 4/5] END classifier C=10, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.755 total time= 11.1s
[CV 5/5] END classifier__C=10, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.754 total time= 11.0s
[CV 1/5] END classifier__C=100, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.753 total time=14.0min
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.841 total time= 19.0s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.838 total time= 36.4s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.829 total time= 18.5s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.819 total time= 18.5s
[CV 1/5] END classifier__max_depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.835 total time= 35.3s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
```

```
score=0.849 total time= 52.2s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=6, classifier__n_estimators=80;,
score=0.831 total time= 18.5s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=6, classifier__n_estimators=240;,
score=0.839 total time= 51.3s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.779 total time= 5.8s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.792 total time=
                         9.8s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.782 total time=
                         9.8s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier__min_samples_split=4, classifier__n_estimators=240;,
score=0.794 total time= 13.6s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples_split=5, classifier__n_estimators=80;,
score=0.781 total time=
                        5.8s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.785 total time=
                        9.7s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min_samples_split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.782 total time= 13.7s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.803 total time=
                         9.8s
[CV 3/5] END classifier__max_depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.780 total time= 13.7s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier__min_samples_split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.816 total time= 11.1s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.818 total time= 20.6s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.819 total time= 11.1s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.808 total time= 11.0s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.835 total time= 20.5s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=20,
```

```
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.812 total time= 29.6s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.817 total time= 11.1s
[CV 1/5] END classifier__max_depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.826 total time= 29.2s
[CV 2/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.810 total time= 1.1min
[CV 5/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
classifier__max_depth=10;, score=0.796 total time= 1.1min
[CV 5/5] END classifier_learning_rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=20;, score=0.796 total time= 1.1min
[CV 5/5] END classifier learning rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.831 total time= 1.1min
[CV 1/5] END classifier learning rate=0.01,
classifier__max_depth=20;, score=0.835 total time= 1.1min
[CV 2/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.874 total time= 58.5s
[CV 3/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1, classifier max depth=10;,
score=0.858 total time= 56.0s
[CV 4/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1, classifier max depth=20;,
score=0.868 total time= 57.7s
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=0.001, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.715 total time= 14.6s
[CV 4/5] END classifier C=0.001, classifier max_iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.723 total time=
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=0.01, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.735 total time= 23.2s
[CV 3/5] END classifier C=0.1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier__solver=newton-cg;, score=0.739 total time= 38.2s
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.766 total time= 1.1min
[CV 3/5] END classifier C=10, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.740 total time= 3.2min
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=100, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.735 total time= 9.3min
[CV 2/5] END classifier__max_depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.781 total time= 21.2s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=4, classifier__n_estimators=160;,
score=0.788 total time= 41.0s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=4, classifier__n_estimators=240;,
score=0.782 total time= 1.0min
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.782 total time= 40.6s
```

```
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.783 total time= 20.8s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.765 total time= 20.5s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.789 total time= 39.7s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.791 total time= 58.2s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.738 total time= 9.3s
[CV 4/5] END classifier C=0.001, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.726 total time= 18.2s
[CV 4/5] END classifier__C=0.001, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfqs;, score=0.726 total time=
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=0.01, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cq;, score=0.745 total time= 26.8s
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=0.1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.770 total time= 44.1s
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=0.1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.753 total time= 11.0s
[CV 1/5] END classifier__C=1, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier_solver=lbfgs;, score=0.761 total time= 10.7s
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.769 total time= 11.0s
[CV 3/5] END classifier__C=1, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.747 total time= 10.9s
[CV 4/5] END classifier__C=1, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.757 total time= 10.9s
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfqs;, score=0.754 total time= 11.0s
[CV 1/5] END classifier C=10, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.758 total time= 4.9min
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=100, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.742 total time=12.4min
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.835 total time= 19.1s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.842 total time= 53.2s
[CV 2/5] END classifier__max_depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.841 total time= 18.6s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
```

```
score=0.831 total time= 18.6s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=5, classifier__n_estimators=240;,
score=0.838 total time= 52.1s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=6, classifier__n_estimators=80;,
score=0.841 total time= 18.4s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.837 total time= 18.2s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.842 total time= 34.6s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.797 total time=
                         5.8s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier__min_samples_split=4, classifier__n_estimators=80;,
score=0.800 total time=
                        5.8s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples_split=4, classifier__n_estimators=80;,
score=0.777 total time=
                        5.9s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.787 total time=
                        5.8s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min_samples_split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.804 total time=
                         9.8s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.780 total time=
                         9.9s
[CV 2/5] END classifier__max_depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.801 total time= 13.7s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.784 total time=
                         5.8s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.793 total time=
                        9.8s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.785 total time= 5.8s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.799 total time=
                         5.7s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.780 total time=
                         5.8s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=10,
```

```
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.793 total time= 9.8s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.822 total time= 11.1s
[CV 2/5] END classifier__max_depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.836 total time= 20.7s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.813 total time= 30.0s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier__min_samples_split=5, classifier__n_estimators=80;,
score=0.820 total time= 11.1s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.825 total time= 29.3s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.831 total time= 11.0s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.824 total time= 20.2s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.834 total time= 29.1s
[CV 3/5] END classifier learning_rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.775 total time= 1.1min
[CV 3/5] END classifier_learning_rate=0.001,
classifier__max_depth=10;, score=0.775 total time= 1.1min
[CV 4/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
classifier__max_depth=20;, score=0.791 total time= 1.2min
[CV 1/5] END classifier__learning_rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=10;, score=0.835 total time= 1.1min
[CV 2/5] END classifier learning rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=20;, score=0.842 total time= 1.1min
[CV 3/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.859 total time= 59.2s
[CV 4/5] END classifier__learning_rate=0.1, classifier__max_depth=10;,
score=0.870 total time= 56.7s
[CV 1/5] END classifier C=0.001, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.724 total time= 15.5s
[CV 2/5] END classifier__C=0.01, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.755 total time= 22.9s
[CV 4/5] END classifier C=0.01, classifier max iter=100,
classifier__solver=lbfgs;, score=0.744 total time=
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=0.1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.746 total time= 38.8s
[CV 4/5] END classifier C=1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cq;, score=0.753 total time= 1.2min
```

```
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=10, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.742 total time= 2.7min
[CV 4/5] END classifier__C=100, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.737 total time=11.1min
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=4, classifier__n_estimators=80;,
score=0.777 total time= 21.4s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.781 total time= 40.6s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.784 total time= 1.0min
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=5, classifier__n_estimators=160;,
score=0.773 total time= 39.6s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=5, classifier__n_estimators=240;,
score=0.783 total time= 59.4s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.771 total time= 38.8s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.786 total time= 57.9s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min_samples split=5, classifier n_estimators=80;,
score=0.747 total time=
                         5.6s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.744 total time=
                         5.5s
[CV 1/5] END classifier C=0.001, classifier_max_iter=100,
classifier__solver=lbfgs;, score=0.731 total time=
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=0.001, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.739 total time=
[CV 3/5] END classifier C=0.001, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.721 total time=
[CV 4/5] END classifier C=0.01, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.748 total time= 27.6s
[CV 3/5] END classifier C=0.1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.748 total time= 46.4s
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier__solver=newton-cg;, score=0.772 total time= 1.5min
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=10, classifier max iter=100,
classifier__solver=newton-cg;, score=0.761 total time= 4.0min
[CV 4/5] END classifier _C=100, classifier _max_iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.741 total time=13.7min
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.836 total time= 18.7s
```

```
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.846 total time= 36.0s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.830 total time= 52.7s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.847 total time= 35.2s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.827 total time= 51.6s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.846 total time= 35.0s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.828 total time= 51.1s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.781 total time= 13.8s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.805 total time= 9.9s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.782 total time= 13.7s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.787 total time=
                        9.8s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier__min_samples_split=6, classifier__n_estimators=240;,
score=0.800 total time= 13.7s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.812 total time= 11.3s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.828 total time= 20.4s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.828 total time= 29.7s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.816 total time= 20.3s
[CV 5/5] END classifier__max_depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.825 total time= 29.6s
[CV 4/5] END classifier_ max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
```

```
score=0.818 total time= 20.2s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier__min_samples_split=6, classifier__n_estimators=240;,
score=0.826 total time= 28.6s
[CV 1/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
classifier__max_depth=10;, score=0.801 total time= 1.2min
[CV 2/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=20;, score=0.810 total time= 1.2min
[CV 3/5] END classifier learning rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.819 total time= 1.2min
[CV 4/5] END classifier learning rate=0.01,
classifier__max_depth=10;, score=0.832 total time= 1.2min
[CV 5/5] END classifier learning rate=0.01,
classifier__max_depth=20;, score=0.831 total time= 1.2min
[CV 1/5] END classifier_learning_rate=0.1, classifier__max_depth=10;,
score=0.869 total time= 57.1s
[CV 2/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1, classifier max depth=20;,
score=0.874 total time=\overline{1.0}min
[CV 3/5] END classifier C=0.001, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cq;, score=0.711 total time= 16.0s
[CV 3/5] END classifier C=0.01, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cq;, score=0.729 total time= 23.8s
[CV 1/5] END classifier__C=0.1, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier__solver=newton-cg;, score=0.754 total time= 40.7s
[CV 1/5] END classifier C=1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.757 total time= 1.1min
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=10, classifier max_iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.755 total time= 2.6min
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=100, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.748 total time=10.8min
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min_samples split=4, classifier n_estimators=80;,
score=0.765 total time= 21.4s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.789 total time= 1.0min
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.781 total time= 20.8s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=5, classifier__n_estimators=80;,
score=0.777 total time= 20.9s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.790 total time= 58.9s
[CV 2/5] END classifier__max_depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.786 total time= 20.5s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
```

```
score=0.777 total time= 20.4s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=6, classifier__n_estimators=160;,
score=0.779 total time= 39.2s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.747 total time=
                        5.6s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.755 total time= 5.6s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.728 total time=
                         5.6s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.749 total time=
                         5.6s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier__min_samples_split=4, classifier__n_estimators=160;,
score=0.751 total time= 9.4s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier__n_estimators=160;,
score=0.732 total time=
                        9.3s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.749 total time= 13.0s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min_samples_split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.740 total time= 12.9s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.739 total time=
                         9.2s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.747 total time=
                        5.6s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.724 total time=
                         5.5s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.754 total time=
                        9.3s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.732 total time= 12.9s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.763 total time= 10.6s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.764 total time= 19.3s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=20,
```

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classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.769 total time= 10.7s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.840 total time= 36.1s
[CV 2/5] END classifier__max_depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.849 total time= 53.1s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.835 total time= 18.7s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=5, classifier__n_estimators=160;,
score=0.839 total time= 35.7s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.836 total time= 18.6s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.821 total time= 18.5s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.837 total time= 35.2s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.848 total time= 51.8s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.791 total time= 9.9s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.780 total time= 14.0s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.790 total time= 5.9s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.793 total time= 13.8s
[CV 3/5] END classifier__max_depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.782 total time=
                        5.9s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier__n_estimators=160;,
score=0.783 total time=
                        9.8s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier__min_samples_split=6, classifier__n_estimators=240;,
score=0.780 total time= 13.9s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.823 total time= 11.2s
```

```
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.826 total time= 29.9s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier__min_samples_split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.829 total time= 11.1s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.826 total time= 20.5s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.836 total time= 29.9s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.817 total time= 11.2s
[CV 5/5] END classifier__max_depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.824 total time= 20.6s
[CV 1/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.801 total time= 1.1min
[CV 4/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
classifier__max_depth=10;, score=0.791 total time= 1.2min
[CV 2/5] END classifier learning rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.842 total time= 1.2min
[CV 3/5] END classifier_learning_rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=10;, score=0.819 total time= 1.2min
[CV 4/5] END classifier_learning_rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=20;, score=0.832 total time= 1.2min
[CV 5/5] END classifier learning_rate=0.1,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.868 total time= 58.8s
[CV 1/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1, classifier max depth=20;,
score=0.871 total time= 58.8s
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=0.001, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.734 total time= 15.0s
[CV 1/5] END classifier C=0.01, classifier max iter=100,
classifier__solver=newton-cg;, score=0.744 total time= 24.4s
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=0.01, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.735 total time=
[CV 1/5] END classifier__C=0.1, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.754 total time= 10.3s
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=0.1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.764 total time= 10.4s
[CV 3/5] END classifier__C=0.1, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier__solver=lbfgs;, score=0.739 total time= 10.4s
[CV 5/5] END classifier__C=0.1, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier__solver=lbfgs;, score=0.746 total time= 10.2s
[CV 1/5] END classifier C=1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.754 total time= 10.2s
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=1, classifier max iter=100,
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classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.763 total time= 10.3s
[CV 3/5] END classifier C=1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.744 total time= 10.4s
[CV 4/5] END classifier C=1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.752 total time= 10.5s
[CV 5/5] END classifier__C=1, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfqs;, score=0.745 total time= 10.4s
[CV 1/5] END classifier__C=10, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.752 total time= 2.7min
[CV 3/5] END classifier C=100, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.734 total time=11.4min
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=4, classifier__n_estimators=80;,
score=0.777 total time= 21.3s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.782 total time= 41.0s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.782 total time= 20.9s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.767 total time= 20.8s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.790 total time= 39.9s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.791 total time= 58.9s
[CV 4/5] END classifier__max_depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=6, classifier__n_estimators=80;,
score=0.781 total time= 20.6s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.791 total time= 58.2s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.734 total time= 5.6s
[CV 2/5] END classifier__max_depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.755 total time=
                         9.4s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.749 total time=
                         9.2s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier__min_samples_split=4, classifier__n_estimators=240;,
score=0.756 total time= 13.1s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples_split=5, classifier__n_estimators=80;,
```

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score=0.752 total time=
                         5.5s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier__min_samples_split=5, classifier__n_estimators=80;,
score=0.736 total time=
                         5.5s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier__min_samples_split=5, classifier__n_estimators=240;,
score=0.751 total time= 13.0s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.751 total time= 5.6s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.750 total time=
                         9.4s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier__min_samples_split=6, classifier__n_estimators=240;,
score=0.757 total time= 12.9s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier__min_samples_split=4, classifier__n_estimators=80;,
score=0.753 total time= 10.7s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples_split=4, classifier__n_estimators=160;,
score=0.766 total time= 19.2s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier__min_samples_split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.766 total time= 28.1s
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=0.001, classifier max iter=100,
classifier__solver=newton-cg;, score=0.739 total time= 18.8s
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=0.01, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.760 total time= 29.9s
[CV 1/5] END classifier__C=0.1, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.762 total time= 50.1s
[CV 1/5] END classifier__C=1, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.764 total time= 1.6min
[CV 4/5] END classifier C=10, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cq;, score=0.747 total time= 3.7min
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=100, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.753 total time=11.0min
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.837 total time= 19.1s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.841 total time= 36.0s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.84\overline{3} total time= 53.2s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.838 total time= 35.6s
```

```
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.841 total time= 52.1s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.835 total time= 35.1s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.842 total time= 51.0s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.790 total time=
                        5.8s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.801 total time= 5.8s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.793 total time=
                         9.7s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.801 total time= 13.8s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.790 total time= 5.8s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.786 total time= 13.6s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.828 total time= 11.2s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier__min_samples_split=4, classifier__n_estimators=160;,
score=0.814 total time= 20.6s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.820 total time= 29.7s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.812 total time= 20.2s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.818 total time= 29.5s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.812 total time= 20.3s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.820 total time= 28.7s
[CV 5/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
```

```
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.796 total time= 1.1min
[CV 2/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
classifier__max_depth=10;, score=0.810 total time= 1.1min
[CV 3/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=20;, score=0.775 total time= 1.1min
[CV 4/5] END classifier_learning_rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.832 total time= 1.1min
[CV 5/5] END classifier learning rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=10;, score=0.831 total time= 1.1min
[CV 1/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.871 total time= 56.7s
[CV 2/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1, classifier max depth=10;,
score=0.875 total time= 53.8s
[CV 3/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1, classifier max_depth=20;,
score=0.859 total time= 58.4s
[CV 4/5] END classifier C=0.001, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.723 total time= 17.2s
[CV 4/5] END classifier__C=0.01, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cq;, score=0.744 total time= 24.6s
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=0.1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cq;, score=0.764 total time= 36.3s
[CV 4/5] END classifier C=0.1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.753 total time= 11.2s
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.749 total time= 1.3min
[CV 1/5] END classifier C=10, classifier max iter=100,
classifier_solver=lbfgs;, score=0.750 total time= 10.4s
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=10, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.759 total time= 10.4s
[CV 3/5] END classifier__C=10, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.742 total time= 10.7s
[CV 4/5] END classifier__C=10, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.749 total time= 10.7s
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=10, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfqs;, score=0.742 total time= 10.3s
[CV 1/5] END classifier C=100, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.747 total time= 8.7min
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=4, classifier__n_estimators=80;,
score=0.783 total time= 21.3s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.770 total time= 40.3s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.772 total time= 59.6s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=5, classifier__n_estimators=160;,
score=0.789 total time= 39.8s
```

```
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.774 total time= 58.5s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.790 total time= 39.1s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.771 total time= 57.2s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.751 total time= 13.0s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.730 total time= 9.2s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.750 total time= 12.9s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.729 total time=
                        9.3s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.751 total time= 12.9s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.772 total time= 19.7s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min_samples_split=4, classifier__n_estimators=240;,
score=0.779 total time= 28.1s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier __min_samples_split=5, classifier __n_estimators=80;,
score=0.767 total time= 10.5s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.767 total time= 19.2s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.772 total time= 10.6s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.758 total time= 10.6s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.778 total time= 19.3s
CPU times: user 1min 15s, sys: 869 ms, total: 1min 16s
Wall time: 9min 58s
['rf grid auc roc.pkl']
```

```
%%time
gb grid.fit(X train, y train)
joblib.dump(gb_grid.best_estimator_, "models/gb_grid_auc_roc.pkl")
Fitting 5 folds for each of 9 candidates, totalling 45 fits
CPU times: user 1min 9s, sys: 6.19 s, total: 1min 15s
Wall time: 8min 15s
['gb grid auc roc.pkl']
print("Best Logistic Regression Params:", log reg grid.best params )
evaluate pipeline(log reg grid.best estimator )
Best Logistic Regression Params: {'classifier C': 1,
'classifier__max_iter': 100, 'classifier__solver': 'newton-cg'}
Precision:
                0.6108
Recall:
                0.1977
AUC-ROC:
                0.7565
Train Accuracy: 0.8059
Test Accuracy: 0.8018
Classification Report:
              precision
                           recall f1-score
                                              support
                             0.97
       False
                   0.82
                                       0.88
                                                 9097
        True
                   0.61
                             0.20
                                       0.30
                                                 2469
                                       0.80
                                                11566
    accuracy
   macro avq
                   0.71
                             0.58
                                       0.59
                                                11566
                   0.77
                             0.80
                                       0.76
weighted avg
                                                11566
Confusion Matrix:
[[8786 311]
 [1981 488]]
# Random Forest
print("\n Best Random Forest Params:", rf grid.best params )
evaluate pipeline(rf grid.best estimator )
Best Random Forest Params: {'classifier max depth': None,
'classifier__min_samples_split': 5, 'classifier__n_estimators': 240}
Precision:
                0.7917
Recall:
                0.1539
                0.7953
AUC-ROC:
Train Accuracy: 0.9802
Test Accuracy: 0.8107
Classification Report:
                           recall f1-score
                                              support
              precision
                             0.99
                                       0.89
                                                 9097
       False
                   0.81
        True
                   0.79
                             0.15
                                       0.26
                                                 2469
```

```
0.81
                                                11566
   accuracy
                                       0.57
   macro avg
                   0.80
                             0.57
                                                11566
weighted avg
                                       0.76
                                                11566
                   0.81
                             0.81
Confusion Matrix:
[[8997 100]
[2089 380]]
# GradientBoostingClassifier
print("\n Best GradientBoosting Params:", gb_grid.best_params_)
evaluate pipeline(gb grid.best estimator )
Best GradientBoosting Params: {'classifier learning rate': 0.1,
'classifier max depth': None}
                0.6809
Precision:
Recall:
                0.2904
AUC-ROC:
                0.8067
Train Accuracy: 0.8384
Test Accuracy:
                0.8195
Classification Report:
              precision
                           recall f1-score
                                              support
       False
                   0.83
                             0.96
                                       0.89
                                                 9097
                             0.29
       True
                   0.68
                                       0.41
                                                 2469
                                       0.82
                                                11566
   accuracy
                             0.63
   macro avq
                   0.76
                                       0.65
                                                11566
                   0.80
                             0.82
                                       0.79
                                                11566
weighted avg
Confusion Matrix:
[[8761 336]
[1752 717]]
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.733 total time= 13.1s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.754 total time=
                         9.4s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min_samples_split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.733 total time= 13.1s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.739 total time=
                         5.6s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.750 total time= 13.1s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=20,
```

```
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.772 total time= 10.8s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.758 total time= 19.7s
[CV 4/5] END classifier__max_depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.769 total time= 28.4s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.758 total time= 19.6s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier__min_samples_split=5, classifier__n_estimators=240;,
score=0.771 total time= 28.1s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.761 total time= 19.6s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.770 total time= 27.6s
[CV 5/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.723 total time= 1.1min
[CV 5/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=10;, score=0.723 total time= 1.1min
[CV 2/5] END classifier learning rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.761 total time= 1.1min
[CV 3/5] END classifier_learning_rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=10;, score=0.743 total time= 1.1min
[CV 4/5] END classifier_learning_rate=0.01, classifier_max_depth=20;, score=0.759 total time= 1.1min
[CV 4/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.794 total time= 51.4s
[CV 4/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1, classifier max depth=10;,
score=0.792 total time= 49.1s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.748 total time=
                        9.2s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier__min_samples_split=5, classifier__n_estimators=240;,
score=0.740 total time= 12.9s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.748 total time= 9.2s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.743 total time= 13.0s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.777 total time= 19.5s
```

```
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.760 total time= 28.4s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier__min_samples_split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.767 total time= 10.6s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.773 total time= 28.2s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.774 total time= 10.5s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.764 total time= 10.6s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.775 total time= 28.1s
[CV 2/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.745 total time= 1.1min
[CV 1/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
classifier__max_depth=20;, score=0.742 total time= 1.1min
[CV 1/5] END classifier learning rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.757 total time= 1.1min
[CV 2/5] END classifier_learning_rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=10;, score=0.761 total time= 1.1min
[CV 3/5] END classifier_learning_rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=20;, score=0.743 total time= 1.1min
[CV 5/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.792 total time= 52.5s
[CV 5/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1, classifier max depth=10;,
score=0.790 total time= 50.0s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.756 total time= 10.7s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.778 total time= 19.5s
[CV 3/5] END classifier__max_depth=20,
classifier__min_samples_split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.758 total time= 28.0s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier__n_estimators=160;,
score=0.773 total time= 19.4s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier__min_samples_split=6, classifier__n_estimators=240;,
score=0.778 total time= 27.4s
[CV 3/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.722 total time= 1.1min
```

```
[CV 2/5] END classifier_learning_rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=20;, score=0.745 total time= 1.1min
[CV 3/5] END classifier_learning_rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.743 total time= 1.2min
[CV 4/5] END classifier learning rate=0.01,
classifier__max_depth=10;, score=0.759 total time= 1.1min
[CV 5/5] END classifier learning rate=0.01,
classifier__max_depth=20;, score=0.745 total time= 1.1min
[CV 1/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1, classifier max depth=10;,
score=0.796 total time= 46.1s
[CV 2/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1, classifier max depth=20;,
score=0.805 total time= 55.9s
[CV 3/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.760 total time= 27.7s
[CV 4/5] END classifier__learning_rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.738 total time= 1.0min
[CV 2/5] END classifier__learning_rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=10;, score=0.745 total time= 1.1min
[CV 3/5] END classifier_learning_rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=20;, score=0.722 total time= 1.1min
[CV 4/5] END classifier learning rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.759 total time= 1.1min
[CV 5/5] END classifier learning rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=\overline{10};, score=\overline{0}.744 total time= 1.1min
[CV 1/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.799 total time= 39.1s
[CV 2/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1, classifier max depth=10;,
score=0.804 total time= 49.8s
[CV 3/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1, classifier max depth=20;,
score=0.791 total time= 52.1s
[CV 4/5] END classifier__max_depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.769 total time= 19.1s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.767 total time= 28.0s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier__min_samples_split=6, classifier__n_estimators=160;,
score=0.768 total time= 19.0s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.766 total time= 27.2s [CV 1/5] END classifier__learning_rate=0.001,
classifier__max_depth=10;, score=0.742 total time= 1.1min
[CV 4/5] END classifier_learning_rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=10;, score=0.738 total time= 1.1min
[CV 4/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=20;, score=0.738 total time= 1.1min
```

```
[CV 5/5] END classifier learning rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.745 total time= 1.1min
[CV 2/5] END classifier__learning_rate=0.01,
classifier max depth=20;, score=0.761 total time= 1.1min
[CV 3/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.794 total time= 55.2s
[CV 1/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1, classifier max depth=20;,
score=0.799 total time= 40.8s
[CV 4/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1, classifier max depth=20;,
score=0.795 total time= 51.1s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.789 total time= 40.9s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.790 total time= 60.0s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=5, classifier__n_estimators=80;,
score=0.779 total time= 21.0s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.778 total time= 40.1s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.781 total time= 59.1s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier_min_samples_split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.785 total time= 39.4s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=None,
classifier__min_samples_split=6, classifier__n_estimators=240;,
score=0.780 total time= 57.7s
[CV 3/5] END classifier__max_depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.726 total time=
                         5.5s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.751 total time=
                         9.4s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier__min_samples_split=5, classifier__n_estimators=240;,
score=0.755 total time= 13.0s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.748 total time= 5.6s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=10,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.740 total time=
                         9.2s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier__min_samples_split=4, classifier__n_estimators=80;,
score=0.768 total time= 10.6s
```

```
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.763 total time= 10.6s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=4, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.773 total time= 28.3s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier__min_samples_split=5, classifier__n_estimators=80;,
score=0.774 total time= 10.5s
[CV 1/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.774 total time= 19.6s
[CV 2/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=5, classifier n estimators=240;,
score=0.779 total time= 28.0s
[CV 4/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=80;,
score=0.76\overline{5} total time= 10.5s
[CV 5/5] END classifier max depth=20,
classifier min samples split=6, classifier n estimators=160;,
score=0.765 total time= 19.0s
[CV 1/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.742 total time= 1.1min
[CV 3/5] END classifier learning rate=0.001,
classifier max depth=\overline{10};, score=\overline{0}.722 total time= 1.1min
[CV 5/5] END classifier__learning_rate=0.001,
classifier__max_depth=20;, score=0.723 total time= 1.1min
[CV 1/5] END classifier learning rate=0.01,
classifier__max_depth=10;, score=0.757 total time= 1.1min
[CV 1/5] END classifier__learning_rate=0.01,
classifier__max_depth=20;, score=0.757 total time= 1.1min
[CV 2/5] END classifier__learning_rate=0.1,
classifier max depth=None;, score=0.805 total time= 52.3s
[CV 3/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1, classifier max depth=10;,
score=0.794 total time= 50.5s
[CV 5/5] END classifier learning rate=0.1, classifier max depth=20;,
score=0.793 total time= 50.6s
```

The best performing model here is the HistGradientBoostingClassifier with a ROC AUC of 80.61. However, I feel like this can be improved so I'll try adding some more features so that I am more confident when moving on to threshold tuning.

Adding Some More Features

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
```

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler,
OneHotEncoder,OrdinalEncoder
from sklearn.compose import ColumnTransformer
from sklearn.pipeline import Pipeline
from sklearn.metrics import classification report, confusion matrix
from sklearn.feature selection import VarianceThreshold
from sklearn.metrics import precision score, recall score,
roc auc score, accuracy score
from sklearn.ensemble import
RandomForestClassifier, HistGradientBoostingClassifier
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
import joblib
df = pd.read parquet('dataframes/df cleaned.parquet')
# Amount ratios
df["amtCreditLimitRatio"] = df["transactionAmountOg"] /
df["creditLimit"]
df["amtAvailableRatio"]
                          = df["transactionAmount0g"] /
df["availableMoney0g"]
# Relative transaction amount vs customer average transaction amount
df["custAvgTxnAmt"] = df.groupby("customerId")
["transactionAmountOg"].transform("mean")
df["relativeTxnAmt"] = df["transactionAmount0g"] / df["custAvgTxnAmt"]
# Merchant-category diversity in past 7 days
df =
df.sort values(["customerId","transactionDateTime"]).set index("transa
ctionDateTime")
df["merchantCategoryCode cat"] =
df["merchantCategoryCode"].astype("category").cat.codes
# 7-day distinct merchant-category count
df["catDivLast7d"] = (
    df
      .groupby("customerId")["merchantCategoryCode_cat"]
      .rolling("7d")
      .apply(lambda x: x.nunique(), raw=False)
      .reset index(level=0, drop=True)
df.drop(columns=["merchantCategoryCode cat"], inplace=True)
df = df.reset index()
# Customer's typical transaction hour and deviation
typical hour = (
    df.groupby("customerId")["hour"]
      .agg(lambda x: x.mode().iloc[0] if not x.mode().empty else
np.nan)
```

```
df["typicalHour"] = df["customerId"].map(typical hour)
df["hourDeviation"] = (df["hour"] - df["typicalHour"]).abs()
# Cumulative fraud count per customer
df["cumFraudCount"] = df.groupby("customerId")["isFraud"].cumsum()
# Flag for first transaction in past week
df["firstTxnLast7d"] = (
    df.groupby("customerId")["transactionDateTime"]
      .transform(lambda x: x.diff().gt(pd.Timedelta("7d")))
      .astype(int)
def custom sample(input df):
    #Get all customers who experienced fraud
    fraud customers = input df[input df["isFraud"] == True]
["customerId"].unique()
    # All fraud transactions from those customers
    fraud df = input df[(input df["customerId"].isin(fraud customers))
& (input df["isFraud"] == True)]
    # Sample 7.5% of non-fraud transactions from those same customers,
based on trial and error
    nonfraud df from fraud customers = input df[
        (input df["customerId"].isin(fraud_customers)) &
(input_df["isFraud"] == False)
    nonfraud sampled =
nonfraud df from fraud customers.sample(frac=0.075, random state=42)
    # Sample from customers who never had fraud in 2016
    nonfraud 2016 df = input df[
        (input df["transactionDateTime"].dt.year == 2016)
        & (~input df["customerId"].isin(fraud customers))
    1
    # Identify customers who had no fraud at all in 2016
    nonfraud customers 2016 = nonfraud 2016 df.groupby("customerId")
["isFraud"].sum()
    nonfraud customers 2016 =
nonfraud customers 2016[nonfraud customers 2016 == 0].index
    # Sample transactions from these clean customers to add noise
    noise sample =
input df[input df["customerId"].isin(nonfraud customers 2016)].sample(
frac=0.01, random state=42)
    # Combine all three subsets
```

```
final sampled df = pd.concat([fraud df, nonfraud sampled,
noise sample], axis=0).sample(frac=1,
random state=42).reset index(drop=True)
    return final sampled df
target = "isFraud"
numeric features = [
    "creditLimit", "availableMoney", "transactionAmount",
"currentBalance",
    "accountAge", "sinceDateOfLastAddressChange", "dayOfMonth",
"month"
    "dayOfYear", "weekOfYear", "dayOfWeek", "quarter", "hour",
"weekday",
    "transactionCountLast1hr", "transactionCountLast24hr",
"transactionCountLast7d"
    "amountSpentLast24hr", "amountSpentLast7d",
"numMerchantsVisitedToday",
    "meanTransactionAmountPastWeek",
    \verb|"merchantTransactionFrequency", \verb| "timeSinceLastTransaction"| \\
categorical features = [
    "merchantName", "acqCountry", "merchantCountryCode",
"posEntryMode",
    "posConditionCode", "merchantCategoryCode", "transactionType",
    "frequentMerchantCountryCode"
ordinal features = [
    "cardPresent", "expirationDateKeyInMatch", "cvvMatch",
"countryMatch",
    "isFirstTransactionToday", "isNewMerchantForCustomer",
    "isDomesticTransaction", "isFrequentMerchantCountry"
1
final sampled df = custom sample(df)
final sampled df = final sampled df.drop(
    [
        "currentExpDate",
        "accountOpenDate",
        "dateOfLastAddressChange",
        "cardCVV",
        "enteredCVV",
"cardLast4Digits", "currentExpPeriod", "date", "availableMoneyOg",
"transactionAmountOg"
    ],
    axis=1,
)
```

```
new numeric features = numeric features+ [
"amtCreditLimitRatio", "amtAvailableRatio", "custAvgTxnAmt", "relativeTxn
Amt",
"catDivLast7d", "hourDeviation", "cumFraudCount" ]
new categorical features = categorical features
new ordinal features = ordinal features+
["typicalHour", "firstTxnLast7d"]
features =
new numeric features+new categorical features+new ordinal features
final sampled df = final sampled df[features+[target]].dropna()
X = final sampled df[features]
y = final sampled df[target]
X train full, X test, y train full, y test = train test split(X, y,
test_size=0.2, random state=4\overline{2}, stratify=y)
X train, X val, y train, y val = train test split(X train full,
y train full, test size=0.2, random state=42, stratify=y train full)
preprocessor = ColumnTransformer(transformers=[
    ("num", StandardScaler(), new numeric features),
    ("cat", OneHotEncoder(handle unknown="ignore",
sparse_output=False), new_categorical_features),
    ("ord", OrdinalEncoder(), new ordinal features)
1)
```

Grid Search ROC AUC with more features

```
# Logistic Regression
log reg params = {
    'classifier C': [0.001,0.01, 0.1, 1, 10,100],
    'classifier solver': ['newton-cg', 'lbfgs'],
    'classifier max iter': [100]
}
# Random Forest
rf params = {
    'classifier n estimators': [80,160, 240],
    'classifier max depth': [None, 10, 20],
    'classifier min samples split': [4,5,6]
}
# GradientBoostingClassifier
gb params = {
    'classifier learning rate': [0.001,0.01, 0.1],
    'classifier max depth': [None, 10,20],
}
log reg pipeline = Pipeline(steps=[
```

```
("preprocessor", preprocessor),
    ("selector", VarianceThreshold()),
    ("classifier", LogisticRegression(random state=42))
rf pipeline = Pipeline(steps=[
    ("preprocessor", preprocessor),
    ("selector", VarianceThreshold()),
    ("classifier", RandomForestClassifier(random state=42))
])
gb pipeline = Pipeline(steps=[
    ("preprocessor", preprocessor),
    ("selector", VarianceThreshold()),
    ("classifier", HistGradientBoostingClassifier(random state=42))
1)
# Logistic Regression Grid Search
log reg grid = GridSearchCV(log reg pipeline, log reg params,
cv=5,scoring='roc auc', n jobs=-1,verbose=3)
# Random Forest Grid Search
rf_grid = GridSearchCV(rf_pipeline, rf_params, cv=5,
scoring='roc auc', n jobs=-1,verbose=3)
# GradientBoosting Grid Search
gb grid = GridSearchCV(gb pipeline, gb params, cv=5,
scoring='roc auc', n jobs=-1,verbose=3)
%%time
log reg grid.fit(X train, y train)
joblib.dump(log reg grid.best estimator ,
"models/log reg grid auc roc w new feat.pkl")
Fitting 5 folds for each of 12 candidates, totalling 60 fits
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
```

```
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check_optimize_result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
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Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
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  n iter i = check optimize result(
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linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
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Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
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regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n_iter_i = _check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
```

```
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
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Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
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  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
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Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
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    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
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Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
```

```
n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
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Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
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    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
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STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
```

```
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n_iter_i = _check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
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    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
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  n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
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  n iter i = check optimize result(
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linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
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Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
```

```
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
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    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
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    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
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    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n_iter_i = _check_optimize_result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
```

```
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear_model/_logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
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regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
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Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
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rearession
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
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    https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
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regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
linear model/ logistic.py:458: ConvergenceWarning: lbfgs failed to
converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
```

```
Increase the number of iterations (max iter) or scale the data as
shown in:
   https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:
https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear model.html#logistic-
regression
  n iter i = check optimize result(
[CV 1/5] END classifier C=0.001, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.731 total time= 18.8s
[CV 1/5] END classifier__C=0.01, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier_solver=newton-cg;, score=0.753 total time= 28.7s
[CV 4/5] END classifier C=0.01, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfqs;, score=0.748 total time= 10.9s
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=0.1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.755 total time= 45.9s
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=1, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cg;, score=0.757 total time= 1.6min
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=10, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=newton-cq;, score=0.750 total time= 4.4min
[CV 1/5] END classifier C=100, classifier max iter=100,
classifier__solver=lbfgs;, score=0.760 total time= 11.3s
[CV 2/5] END classifier C=100, classifier max iter=100,
classifier__solver=lbfgs;, score=0.769 total time= 11.0s
[CV 3/5] END classifier__C=100, classifier__max_iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.747 total time= 11.1s
[CV 4/5] END classifier C=100, classifier max iter=100,
classifier__solver=lbfgs;, score=0.756 total time= 11.3s
[CV 5/5] END classifier C=100, classifier max iter=100,
classifier solver=lbfgs;, score=0.754 total time= 11.4s
CPU times: user 2min 38s, sys: 4.71 s, total: 2min 43s
Wall time: 21min 21s
['log reg grid auc roc w new feat.pkl']
%%time
rf_grid.fit(X_train, y_train)
joblib.dump(rf grid.best estimator ,
"models/rf grid auc roc w new feat.pkl")
Fitting 5 folds for each of 27 candidates, totalling 135 fits
CPU times: user 1min 7s, sys: 764 ms, total: 1min 8s
Wall time: 9min 29s
['rf grid auc roc w new feat.pkl']
%%time
gb_grid.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
joblib.dump(gb grid.best estimator ,
"models/gb grid auc roc w new feat.pkl")
Fitting 5 folds for each of 18 candidates, totalling 90 fits
CPU times: user 1min 15s, sys: 1.45 s, total: 1min 17s
Wall time: 16min 46s
['gb grid auc roc w new feat.pkl']
print("\n Best Logistic Regression Classifier Params:",
log reg grid.best params )
evaluate pipeline(log reg grid.best estimator )
 Best Logistic Regression Classifier Params: {'classifier C': 1,
'classifier max iter': 100, 'classifier solver': 'newton-cg'}
                0.6092
Precision:
Recall:
                0.2248
AUC-ROC:
                0.7650
Train Accuracy: 0.8081
Test Accuracy:
                0.8037
Classification Report:
              precision
                           recall f1-score
                                              support
                   0.82
                             0.96
                                       0.89
                                                  9097
       False
       True
                   0.61
                             0.22
                                       0.33
                                                  2469
                                       0.80
                                                 11566
    accuracy
   macro avq
                   0.71
                             0.59
                                       0.61
                                                 11566
                             0.80
                                       0.77
                                                 11566
weighted avg
                   0.78
Confusion Matrix:
[[8741 356]
[1914 555]]
print("\n Best Random Forest Classifier Params:",
rf grid.best params )
evaluate_pipeline(rf_grid.best_estimator_)
 Best Random Forest Classifier Params: {'classifier max depth': None,
'classifier__min_samples_split': 4, 'classifier__n_estimators': 240}
Precision:
                0.8223
Recall:
                0.2155
AUC-ROC:
                0.8503
Train Accuracy: 0.9974
Test Accuracy:
                0.8226
Classification Report:
              precision
                           recall f1-score
                                               support
       False
                   0.82
                             0.99
                                       0.90
                                                  9097
```

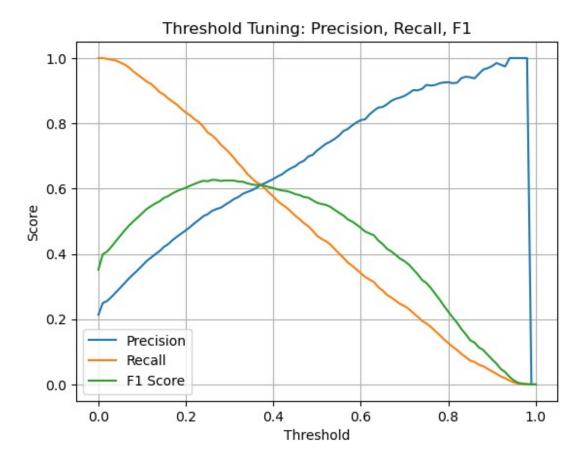
```
True
                    0.82
                              0.22
                                        0.34
                                                   2469
                                        0.82
    accuracy
                                                  11566
                    0.82
                              0.60
                                        0.62
                                                  11566
   macro avg
                              0.82
weighted avg
                    0.82
                                        0.78
                                                  11566
Confusion Matrix:
[[8982
       115]
 [1937
        532]]
print("\n Best GradientBoosting Params:", gb_grid.best_params_)
evaluate_pipeline(gb_grid.best_estimator_)
Best GradientBoosting Params: {'classifier_learning_rate': 0.1,
'classifier__max_depth': None, 'classifier__min_samples_leaf': 20}
Precision:
                0.7130
Recall:
                0.4609
AUC-ROC:
                0.8742
Train Accuracy: 0.8685
Test Accuracy:
                0.8453
Classification Report:
              precision
                            recall f1-score
                                                support
       False
                    0.87
                              0.95
                                        0.91
                                                   9097
                              0.46
                                        0.56
        True
                    0.71
                                                   2469
                                        0.85
                                                  11566
    accuracy
                    0.79
   macro avg
                              0.71
                                        0.73
                                                  11566
weighted avg
                    0.83
                              0.85
                                        0.83
                                                  11566
Confusion Matrix:
[[8639 458]
 [1331 1138]]
```

I was able to bump up the best ROC AUC score to 87.42 with these new features. Since the HistGradientBoostingClassifier is the best at distinguishing between classes accross different thresholds, I will threshold tune only that. Now I will estimate the best probability threshold for classification using the validation data.

Best Model

```
best_model = joblib.load('models/gb_grid_auc_roc_w_new_feat.pkl')
y_proba = best_model.predict_proba(X_val)[:, 1] # Probability of the
positive class (fraud)
import numpy as np
from sklearn.metrics import precision_score, recall_score, f1_score
```

```
thresholds = np.linspace(0, 1, 101) # thresholds from 0.00 to 1.00
results = []
for t in thresholds:
    y pred = (y proba >= t).astype(int)
    precision = precision_score(y_val, y_pred)
    recall = recall score(y val, y pred)
    f1 = f1 score(y val, y pred)
    results.append((t, precision, recall, f1))
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
metrics/ classification.py:1344: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision is
ill-defined and being set to 0.0 due to no predicted samples. Use
`zero division` parameter to control this behavior.
  warn prf(average, modifier, msg start, len(result))
/share/apps/anaconda3/2024.02/lib/python3.11/site-packages/sklearn/
metrics/ classification.py:1344: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision is
ill-defined and being set to 0.0 due to no predicted samples. Use
`zero division` parameter to control this behavior.
 warn prf(average, modifier, msg start, len(result))
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
results = np.array(results)
plt.plot(results[:, 0], results[:, 1], label='Precision')
plt.plot(results[:, 0], results[:, 2], label='Recall')
plt.plot(results[:, 0], results[:, 3], label='F1 Score')
plt.xlabel("Threshold")
plt.ylabel("Score")
plt.title("Threshold Tuning: Precision, Recall, F1")
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



```
best_f1_idx = results[:, 3].argmax()
best_threshold = results[best_f1_idx, 0]
print(f"Best threshold for F1: {best_threshold}")
Best threshold for F1: 0.26
```

Now that I have the ideal threshold for classification as Fraud, I will use this threshold for getting the metrics for the test data.

```
y_proba = best_model.predict_proba(X_test)[:, 1]
final_preds = (y_proba >= best_threshold).astype(int)

precision = precision_score(y_test, final_preds)
recall = recall_score(y_test, final_preds)
f1 = f1_score(y_test, final_preds)
print(f"Final Precision: {precision}")
print(f"Final Recall: {recall}")
print(f"Final f1-score: {f1}")

Final Precision: 0.5285754904748365
Final Recall: 0.7529364115026327
Final f1-score: 0.6211159371867692
```

```
nonFraud = len(np.where(final preds==0)[0])
fraud = len(np.where(final preds==1)[0])
total = len(final preds)
print(f"nonFraud preds: {nonFraud}")
print(f"Fraud preds: {fraud}")
print(f"Total preds: {total}")
nonFraudFrac = nonFraud/total
fraudFrac = fraud/total
print(f"Fraction of nonFraud preds: {nonFraudFrac}")
print(f"Fraction of Fraud preds: {fraudFrac}")
false positives = np.where((final preds == \frac{1}{0}) & (y test == \frac{0}{0}))[\frac{0}{0}]
fp count = len(false positives)
print(f"Number of false positives: {fp count}")
print(f"False positive rate: {fp count/len(y test):.4f}")
nonFraud preds: 8049
Fraud preds: 3517
Total preds: 11566
Fraction of nonFraud preds: 0.6959190731454262
Fraction of Fraud preds: 0.3040809268545738
Number of false positives: 1658
False positive rate: 0.1434
y_test.value_counts()
isFraud
False
         9097
True
         2469
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

The model now has a balanced performance with a f1 score of 0.62. With a recall of 0.75, 3 out of 4 fraudulent transactions will be identified correctly. With a precision of 0.52, there will still be some false positives. However, as visible from the test data above, False Positive Rate is 14.34%. This is a reasonable trade-off since the costs of fraud transactions is much higher than non fraud transactions.

Feature Importance

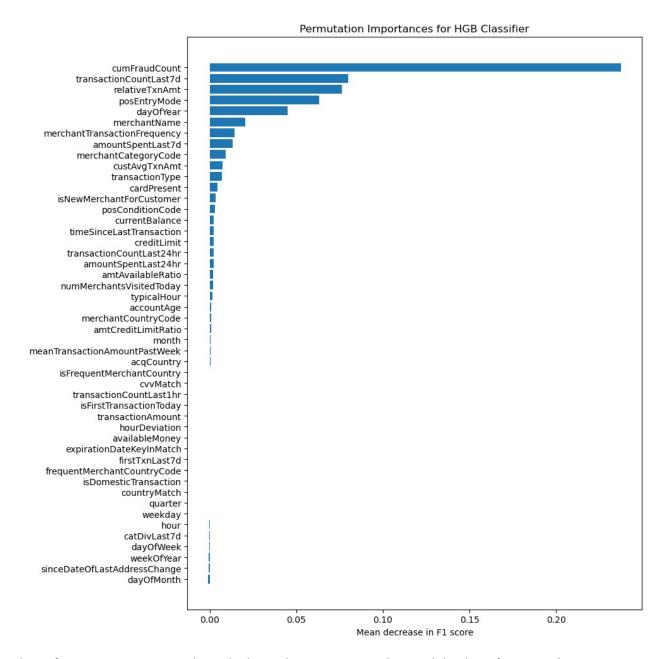
Since the HistGradientBoostingClassifier implementation of sklearn does not output feature importance, I attempted to explain the importances through permutation_importance. Source: https://github.com/scikit-learn/scikit-learn/issues/15132

I also wanted to use my fine tuned threshold while evaluating the feature importance, so I had to implement a custom wrapper which will use my threshold, since permutation_importance internally uses model.predict with a 0.5 threshold without an option to customzie the threshold.

```
from sklearn.base import BaseEstimator, ClassifierMixin
```

```
class ThresholdWrapper(BaseEstimator, ClassifierMixin):
    def init (self, model, threshold=0.26):
        self.model = model
        self.threshold = threshold
    def fit(self, X, y):
        self.model.fit(X, y)
        return self
    def predict(self, X):
        proba = self.model.predict proba(X)[:, 1]
        return (proba >= self.threshold).astype(int)
    def predict proba(self, X):
        return self.model.predict proba(X)
    def score(self, X, y):
        from sklearn.metrics import fl score
        return f1 score(y, self.predict(X))
from sklearn.inspection import permutation importance
wrapped model = ThresholdWrapper(model=best model, threshold=0.26)
result = permutation importance(
    wrapped model, X test, y test,
    scoring='f1',
    n repeats=30,
    random state=42,
    n jobs=-1
)
importances mean = result.importances mean
feature_names = X_test.columns
sorted_idx = np.argsort(importances_mean)[::-1]
print("Feature permutation importances (sorted):")
for idx in sorted idx:
    print(f"{feature names[idx]:<20} {importances mean[idx]:.4f}")</pre>
Feature permutation importances (sorted):
cumFraudCount
                       0.2375
transactionCountLast7d 0.0800
relativeTxnAmt
                      0.0762
posEntryMode
                      0.0632
day0fYear
                      0.0449
merchantName
                      0.0207
merchantTransactionFrequency 0.0146
amountSpentLast7d
                      0.0131
merchantCategoryCode 0.0092
custAvgTxnAmt
                      0.0075
```

```
0.0069
transactionType
                      0.0046
cardPresent
isNewMerchantForCustomer 0.0034
posConditionCode
                      0.0031
currentBalance
                      0.0025
timeSinceLastTransaction 0.0024
creditLimit
                      0.0023
transactionCountLast24hr 0.0022
                      0.0022
amountSpentLast24hr
amtAvailableRatio
                      0.0020
numMerchantsVisitedToday 0.0019
typicalHour
                      0.0016
accountAge
                      0.0008
merchantCountryCode
                      0.0008
amtCreditLimitRatio
                      0.0008
month
                      0.0005
meanTransactionAmountPastWeek 0.0004
acqCountry
                      0.0004
isFrequentMerchantCountry 0.0002
cvvMatch
                      0.0001
transactionCountLast1hr 0.0001
isFirstTransactionToday 0.0001
                      0.0000
transactionAmount
hourDeviation
                      0.0000
                      0.0000
availableMoney
expirationDateKeyInMatch 0.0000
firstTxnLast7d
                      0.0000
frequentMerchantCountryCode
                             0.0000
isDomesticTransaction 0.0000
countryMatch
                      0.0000
quarter
                      0.0000
                      0.0000
weekday
hour
                      -0.0001
catDivLast7d
                      -0.0002
                      -0.0003
day0fWeek
week0fYear
                      -0.0004
sinceDateOfLastAddressChange -0.0005
dav0fMonth
                      -0.0009
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.barh(
    feature names[sorted idx],
    importances mean[sorted idx],
    align='center'
plt.xlabel("Mean decrease in F1 score")
plt.title("Permutation Importances for HGB Classifier")
plt.gca().invert yaxis()
plt.tight layout()
plt.show()
```



These feature importances do make logical sense to me. The model values features that capture recent user behavior and account history more than static transaction details isolated to that transaction.

- cumFraudCount stands out by a wide margin it's the single most predictive feature.
 This makes sense: accounts with a history of fraud are much more likely to have frauds again, or may be compromised long-term. This could be inherently susceptible customers who repeatedly fall victim to fraud, like senior citizens who are taken advantage of.
- transactionCountLast7d and relativeTxnAmt also rank high, indicating that recent activity spikes and irregular transaction amounts relative to a customer's norm are strong fraud indicators. These features help capture behavioral drift and sudden changes in spending habits.

- posEntryMode and dayOfYear suggest that how and when a transaction occurs matters certain entry methods (like manually keyed cards) and specific timeframes may carry higher risk.
- Merchant metadata still contribute, but not as much as other features. Some merchant categories (like electronics or luxury goods) could be more commonly targeted in fraud due to higher transaction value.

Answer 4

Data Cleaning & Feature Engineering

I started by removing empty, redundant, and duplicate columns, then engineered a set of behavioral and contextual features. My final features included:

- Match checks (e.g., whether the entered CVV matches the real one, or if the acquiring country matches the merchant's).
- Account-related timing, like days since account opening or last address change.
- Time-based behavior, such as part of day, day of week, hour, and whether the transaction was the first of the day.
- Rolling transaction activity, like transaction counts and total spend over 1-hour, 24-hour, and 7-day windows.
- Merchant patterns, including whether the customer had seen the merchant before, how
 frequently a merchant appears across the dataset, and how diverse the customer's
 spending categories were in the past week.
- Behavioral baselines, such as the customer's typical transaction hour, average spend, and deviation from these norms.
- Cumulative fraud history per customer.

These features were designed to capture both short-term spikes in behavior and longer-term patterns, which are often strong indicators in fraud detection.

Sampling Strategy Given the heavy class imbalance in fraud data, I sampled:

- All fraud transactions for each customer who has experienced fraud.
- A 7.5% sample of non-fraud transactions from those same customers, to retain relevant context.
- A 1% sample of non-fraud transactions from customers who have never experienced fraud, to introduce noise and avoid overfitting to a fraud-heavy subset.

This was selected after some trial and error with the 3 models

Modeling Approach

I split the data into train, validation, and test sets (60/20/20). Features were categorized into numeric, ordinal, and categorical, and transformed using a sklearn ColumnTransformer.

I experimented with three models: Logistic Regression, Random Forest, and HistGradientBoostingClassifier.

- Logistic Regression
- Random Forest
- HistGradientBoostingClassifier (HGB)

Logistic Regression was a good starting point because it's simple and easy to interpret. Random Forest helped capture more complex patterns in the data, but was ultimately overfitting. In the end, HistGradientBoostingClassifier worked best — it was fast and was great at picking up subtle fraud signals.

Each pipeline included a VarianceThreshold feature selector, and I ran grid search to optimize ROC AUC. I chose to optimize for ROC AUC because it gives a balanced view of how well the model separates fraud from non-fraud across all classification thresholds. This allowed me to later fine-tune the decision threshold specifically for F1 score, depending on the trade-off between false positives and false negatives.

Threshold Tuning

Since fraud is rare, raw predicted probabilities are usually low, and using a default 0.5 threshold would miss most fraud cases. After selecting the best model (HistGradientBoostingClassifier with a ROC AUC of 87.42), I fine-tuned the threshold using the validation set by sweeping values from 0.0 to 1.0, selecting the threshold that maximized F1 score (to balance precision and recall). This threshold came out to be 0.26, showing that the model is not very confident about fraud classifications simply because of the sheer non fraud samples.

Final Metrics on Test Set

With the selected threshold, the final performance on the test set was:

Precision: 0.53 Recall: 0.75 F1-score: 0.62 FPR: 0.14 The model effectively identifies most fraudulent cases, while keeping false positives at a manageable level.

Feature Importance

Since HistGradientBoostingClassifier doesn't expose importances directly, I used permutation importance and implemented a custom model wrapper to ensure it used my fine-tuned threshold (since the default is 0.5).

Key findings:

- cumFraudCount was the most predictive feature, showing that prior fraud involvement is a strong signal likely reflecting either high-risk customers or compromised accounts.
- transactionCountLast7d and relativeTxnAmt were also highly ranked, indicating that sudden changes in activity or abnormal spend levels are common red flags.
- posEntryMode and dayOfYear show that how and when a transaction happens can influence risk e.g., manually entered cards and certain periods may be riskier.
- Merchant metadata like category and frequency contributed to the model but played a supporting role, providing additional context rather than being primary features.

With more time, I would explore a larger hyperparameter grid. I kept the current grid fairly limited due to the computational cost of grid search, but a broader search could help fine-tune the model further.

I'd also be interested in experimenting with attention-based models, which might be better at capturing complex transaction patterns and sequential behavior, especially in customer histories.

Additionally, I'd look into better understanding the nature of false positives and whether certain types of fraud require separate treatment. If there was more context around why a transaction was fraud, it might be useful to be able to incorporate the fraud type.

What didn't work:

At first, I tried sampling the data so that it was perfectly balanced between fraud and non-fraud transactions, by undersampling nonfraud cases to be equal to fraud. The idea was to give the model an equal chance to learn both classes. But in reality, it led to really poor precision. The model started flagging way too many legitimate transactions as fraud.

That kind of tradeoff wouldn't work in a real banking environment, where false alarms would frustrate customers and overwhelm fraud teams. So I moved away from strict balancing and instead went with a sampling approach that gave the model enough fraud to learn from, while keeping the number of false positives more reasonable.