

# VIT-Vellore SCOPE

## CSE6037 - Deep Learning and its Applications

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### Assessment 1

[https://github.com/manansuthar55/CSE6037\\_20MAI0016\\_Assessment\\_1](https://github.com/manansuthar55/CSE6037_20MAI0016_Assessment_1)

### Problem 1

*Train a single perceptron to take multiple inputs and predict binary output by learning the weights and biases from the training data.*

In [1]:

```
# Make a prediction with weights
def predict(row, weights):
    activation = weights[0]
    for i in range(len(row)-1):
        activation += weights[i + 1] * row[i]
    return 1.0 if activation >= 0.0 else 0.0

# Learning Perceptron weights and bias using Stochastic Gradient Descent
def learning_parameters(train, l_rate, n_epoch):
    weights = [0.0 for i in range(len(train[0]))]
    for epoch in range(n_epoch):
        sum_error = 0.0
        for row in train:
            prediction = predict(row, weights)
            error = row[-1] - prediction
            sum_error += error**2
            weights[0] = weights[0] + l_rate * error
            for i in range(len(row)-1):
                weights[i + 1] = weights[i + 1] + l_rate * error * row[i]
        print('Epoch = %d, Sum^2_Error = %.2f' % (epoch+1, sum_error))
    return weights

# Input Samples
dataset = [[1,2,3,0],
           [4,5,6,1],
           [7,8,9,1]]
test=[4,7,8]
l_rate = 0.1      #Learning rate or Bias
n_epoch = 10     #Number of iterations for training the dataset
weights = learning_parameters(dataset, l_rate, n_epoch)
print("Learned weights :", weights)
print("Predicted output for the test sample is ", predict(test, weights))
```

```
Epoch = 1, Sum^2_Error = 2.00
Epoch = 2, Sum^2_Error = 1.00
Epoch = 3, Sum^2_Error = 2.00
Epoch = 4, Sum^2_Error = 1.00
Epoch = 5, Sum^2_Error = 2.00
Epoch = 6, Sum^2_Error = 1.00
Epoch = 7, Sum^2_Error = 1.00
Epoch = 8, Sum^2_Error = 0.00
Epoch = 9, Sum^2_Error = 0.00
Epoch = 10, Sum^2_Error = 0.00
Learned weights : [-0.4, 0.5000000000000001, 0.09999999999999992, -0.30000000000000004]
```

Predicted output for the test sample is 1.0

## Problem 2

**Use MLP Classifier algorithm on a classification dataset. Show the score, accuracy and confusion matrix of test samples.**

In [2]:

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.neural_network import MLPClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score

#Dataset fetched directly form UCI repository.
path="https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/00429/Cryotherapy.xlsx"
df=pd.read_excel(path)
```

- Here, we will be classifying whether the result of the cryotherapy treatment was a success on a patient or not. We have a detailed info of the patient for better future predictions.

In [3]:

```
df.head()
```

Out[3]:

	sex	age	Time	Number_of_Warts	Type	Area	Result_of_Treatment
0	1	35	12.00	5	1	100	0
1	1	29	7.00	5	1	96	1
2	1	50	8.00	1	3	132	0
3	1	32	11.75	7	3	750	0
4	1	67	9.25	1	1	42	0

- Preparing the sperate input dataframe and output vector. Also, splitting the training and testing data keeping 30% data for testing and rest for training.

In [4]:

```
X=df.drop('Result_of_Treatment', axis=1)
y=df['Result_of_Treatment']
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.30, stratify=y, random_state=42, shuffle=True)
```

- Now, we will use the inbuilt function MLPClassifier i.e. the Multilayer Perceptron Classifier for the classification problem.
- We measure the classifier's accuracy by score of the trained model, the confusion matrix of the test data on the trained model and the accuracy\_score of the test sample.

In [5]:

```
#Inbuilt function used for MLP classifier.
clf = MLPClassifier(random_state=42, max_iter=300).fit(X_train, y_train)
sc=clf.score(X_test, y_test)
print("Score : {:.2f}%".format(sc*100))
y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)
cm = confusion_matrix(y_pred, y_test)
print("Confussion Matrix of the predicted samples using test data:\n",cm)
ass=accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred, normalize=False)
print("Accuracy of MLPClassifier from test samples:", ass)
```

Score : 92.59%

Confussion Matrix of the predicted samples using test data:

```
[[13  2]
 [ 0 12]]
```

Accuracy of MLPClassifier from test samples: 25

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/sklearn/neural_network/_multilayer_perceptron.py:5
71: ConvergenceWarning: Stochastic Optimizer: Maximum iterations (300) reached and the op
timization hasn't converged yet.
    % self.max_iter, ConvergenceWarning)
```