

1

A

The screenshot shows the Python IDLE 3.10.4 environment. The main window displays a script named `1A.py` with the following code:

```
l=['manar','saly','samar','amir','asala']
s=input('enter your name:')
if s in l:
    print(" graduated....")
else:
    print(" not graduated....")
```

The IDLE Shell window shows the execution of the script. It prompts the user to enter a name, and the user has entered 'manar'. The output is ' graduated....'.

```
>>>
===== RESTART: F:\1\1A.py =====
enter your name:manar
 graduated....
>>>
```

B

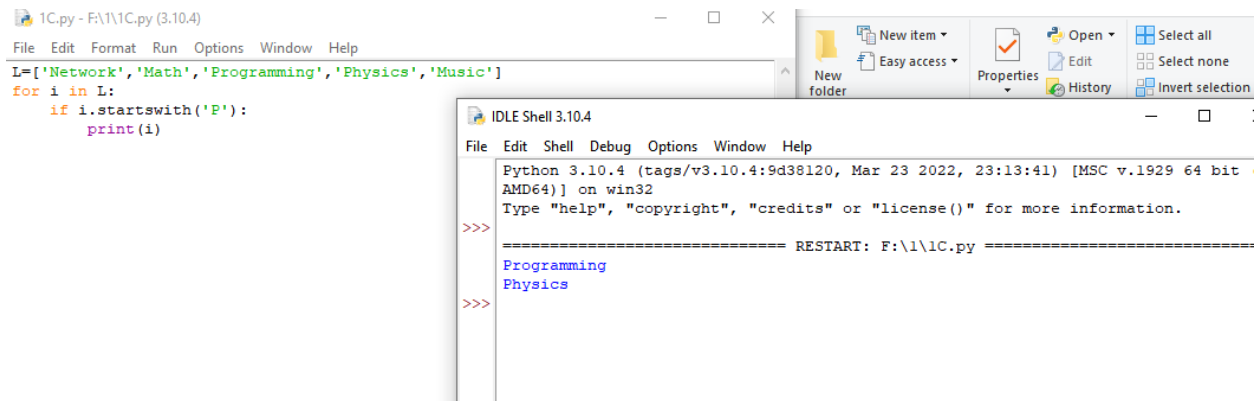
The screenshot shows the Python IDLE 3.10.4 environment. The main window displays a script named `1B.py` with the following code:

```
o=[x for x in range(1,1000) if x%2!=0]
print(o)
```

The IDLE Shell window shows the execution of the script. It displays the output of the list comprehension, which is a list of odd numbers from 1 to 999.

```
>>>
===== RESTART: F:\1\1B.py =====
[1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95, 97, 99, 101, 103, 105, 107, 109, 111, 113, 115, 117, 119, 121, 123, 125, 127, 129, 131, 133, 135, 137, 139, 141, 143, 145, 147, 149, 151, 153, 155, 157, 159, 161, 163, 165, 167, 169, 171, 173, 175, 177, 179, 181, 183, 185, 187, 189, 191, 193, 195, 197, 199, 201, 203, 205, 207, 209, 211, 213, 215, 217, 219, 221, 223, 225, 227, 229, 231, 233, 235, 237, 239, 241, 243, 245, 247, 249, 251, 253, 255, 257, 259, 261, 263, 265, 267, 269, 271, 273, 275, 277, 279, 281, 283, 285, 287, 289, 291, 293, 295, 297, 299, 301, 303, 305, 307, 309, 311, 313, 315, 317, 319, 321, 323, 325, 327, 329, 331, 333, 335, 337, 339, 341, 343, 345, 347, 349, 351, 353, 355, 357, 359, 361, 363, 365, 367, 369, 371, 373, 375, 377, 379, 381, 383, 385, 387, 389, 391, 393, 395, 397, 399, 401, 403, 405, 407, 409, 411, 413, 415, 417, 419, 421, 423, 425, 427, 429, 431, 433, 435, 437, 439, 441, 443, 445, 447, 449, 451, 453, 455, 457, 459, 461, 463, 465, 467, 469, 471, 473, 475, 477, 479, 481, 483, 485, 487, 489, 491, 493, 495, 497, 499, 501, 503, 505, 507, 509, 511, 513, 515, 517, 519, 521, 523, 525, 527, 529, 531, 533, 535, 537, 539, 541, 543, 545, 547, 549, 551, 553, 555, 557, 559, 561, 563, 565, 567, 569, 571, 573, 575, 577, 579, 581, 583, 585, 587, 589, 591, 593, 595, 597, 599, 601, 603, 605, 607, 609, 611, 613, 615, 617, 619, 621, 623, 625, 627, 629, 631, 633, 635, 637, 639, 641, 643, 645, 647, 649, 651, 653, 655, 657, 659, 661, 663, 665, 667, 669, 671, 673, 675, 677, 679, 681, 683, 685, 687, 689, 691, 693, 695, 697, 699, 701, 703, 705, 707, 709, 711, 713, 715, 717, 719, 721, 723, 725, 727, 729, 731, 733, 735, 737, 739, 741, 743, 745, 747, 749, 751, 753, 755, 757, 759, 761, 763, 765, 767, 769, 771, 773, 775, 777, 779, 781, 783, 785, 787, 789, 791, 793, 795, 797, 799, 801, 803, 805, 807, 809, 811, 813, 815, 817, 819, 821, 823, 825, 827, 829, 831, 833, 835, 837, 839, 841, 843, 845, 847, 849, 851, 853, 855, 857, 859, 861, 863, 865, 867, 869, 871, 873, 875, 877, 879, 881, 883, 885, 887, 889, 891, 893, 895, 897, 899, 901, 903, 905, 907, 909, 911, 913, 915, 917, 919, 921, 923, 925, 927, 929, 931, 933, 935, 937, 939, 941, 943, 945, 947, 949, 951, 953, 955, 957, 959, 961, 963, 965, 967, 969, 971, 973, 975, 977, 979, 981, 983, 985, 987, 989, 991, 993, 995, 997, 999]
>>>
```

C



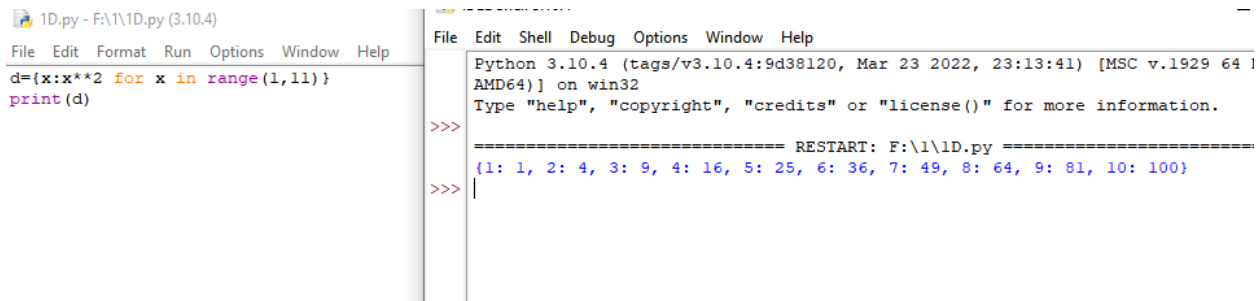
The screenshot shows the Python IDLE 3.10.4 environment. The editor window displays a file named `1C.py` with the following code:

```
L=['Network','Math','Programming','Physics','Music']
for i in L:
    if i.startswith('P'):
        print(i)
```

The Shell window shows the execution output:

```
Python 3.10.4 (tags/v3.10.4:9d38120, Mar 23 2022, 23:13:41) [MSC v.1929 64 bit
AMD64] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: F:\1\1C.py =====
Programming
Physics
>>>
```

D



The screenshot shows the Python IDLE 3.10.4 environment. The editor window displays a file named `1D.py` with the following code:

```
d={x:x**2 for x in range(1,11)}
print(d)
```

The Shell window shows the execution output:

```
Python 3.10.4 (tags/v3.10.4:9d38120, Mar 23 2022, 23:13:41) [MSC v.1929 64 bit
AMD64] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: F:\1\1D.py =====
{1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25, 6: 36, 7: 49, 8: 64, 9: 81, 10: 100}
>>>
```

2

The screenshot shows the Python IDLE 3.10.4 interface. On the left, the editor displays a script named '3.py' with the following code:

```

while True:
    d=int(input('enter number'))
    binary=[]
    while True:
        binary.append(str(d%2))
        d//=2
        if d==0:
            break
    binary.reverse()
    binary=''.join(binary)
    print(binary)
    print("enter 0 to stop")
    s=input()
    if s=='0':
        break

```

On the right, the IDLE Shell 3.10.4 window shows the execution of this script. It prompts the user to 'enter number' and prints the resulting binary string. The user enters 44, 4, 23, and 14, which are converted to 101100, 100, 1110, and 11101 respectively. The user enters 0 to stop the program.

```

===== RESTART:
enter number44
101100
enter 0 to stop
1
enter number4
100
enter 0 to stop
23
enter number14
1110
enter 0 to stop
0
>>>

```

3

The screenshot shows the Python IDLE 3.10.4 interface. On the left, the editor displays a script named '3.py' with the following code:

```

print("answer a questions")
name=input("enter your name")
infile=open("q.txt", 'r')
outfile=open("manar.txt", 'w')
s=infile.read()
l=s.splitlines()
infile.close()
n=0
for i in l:
    t=i.split('$')
    print(t[0])
    s=input()
    if s==t[1]:
        n+=1
print("welcome",name,"your result is", n)
outfile.write(name)
outfile.write("\n")
outfile.write(str(n))
outfile.close()

```

On the right, the IDLE Shell 3.10.4 window shows the execution of this script. It prompts the user to 'enter your name' and prints the result of the calculations. The user enters 'manar' and the program prints 'welcome manar your result is 6'.

```

===== RESTART:
answer a questions
enter your namemanar
split method to turn string in list
true
join method to turn list in string
true
32+2
34
33+1
34
30+4
34
35-1
34
2+1000
11
welcome manar your result is 6
>>>

```

```
|split method to turn string in list$true  
join method to turn list in string$true  
32+2$34  
33+1$34  
30+4$34  
35-1$34  
2+1000$1002
```

File Edit Format View He
manar
6