

1. Which of the following algorithm can be used to efficiently to calculate single source shortest paths in a Directed Acyclic Graph?

- ☐ A Dijkstra
- ☐ B Bellman FOrd
- ☐ C Topological sort (AcyclicSp)
- ☐ D Strongly connected component

2. In a weighted graph, assume that the shortest path from a source 's' to a destination 't' is correctly calculated using a shortest path algorithm. Is the following statement true? If we increase weight of every edge by 1, the shortest path always remains same.

- ☐ A True
- ☐ B False

3. To implement Dijkstra's shortest path algorithm on graphs so that it runs in linear time, the data structure to be used is:

- ☐ A Stack
- ☐ B Queue
- ☐ C Trees
- ☐ D RB Trees

4. To implement Prim's algorithm on graphs so that it runs in linear time, the data structure to be used is:

- ☐ A Stack
- ☐ B List
- ☐ C Queue
- ☐ D RB Trees

5. Is the following statement valid?.

Given a weighted graph where weights of all edges are unique (no two edge have same weights), there is always a unique shortest path from a source to destination in such a graph.

- ☐ A True
- ☐ B False

6. Is the following statement valid?

Given a graph where all edges have positive weights, the shortest paths produced by Dijkstra and Bellman Ford algorithm may be different but path weight would always be same.

- ☐ A True
- ☐ B False

7. Is following statement valid ?

Lazy Prim's Implementation uses Index-Min PQ.

- ☐ A True
- ☐ B False

8. Prim's algorithm computes the MST of any connected edge-weighted graph. The lazy version of Prim's algorithm uses space proportional to E and time proportional to $E \log E$ in the best case.

- ☐ A True
- ☐ B False

9. Kruskal's algorithm computes the MST of any connected edge-weighted graph with E edges and V vertices using extra space proportional to E and time proportional to $E \log E$ in the best case.

- ☐ A True
- ☐ B False

10. Is following statement valid?

if a graph's edges all have same weights, the MST is unique.

- ☐ A True
- ☐ B False