LATEX ASSIGNMENT

ANAND

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EXERCISE 12.3.3

1. Find the transpose of eaach of the following matrices:

(i)
$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(ii)
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

(iii)
$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 5 & 6 \\ \sqrt{3} & 5 & 6 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

2. If
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 3 \\ 5 & 7 & 9 \\ -2 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $B = \begin{pmatrix} -4 & 1 & -5 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, then verify that

(a)
$$(A + B) = A' + B'$$

(b)
$$(A - B)' = A' - B'$$

3. If
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 4 \\ -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $B = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$, then find $(A + 2B)'$

4. If
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $B = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$, then find the $(A + 2B)'$

5. For the matrices A and B, Verify that (AB)' = B'A', where

(i)
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, B = \begin{pmatrix} -1.2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(ii)
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$

6. If

(i)
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \alpha & \sin \alpha \\ -\sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{pmatrix}$$
, then verify that $A'A = 1$

(ii)
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} \sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \\ -\cos \alpha & \sin \alpha \end{pmatrix}$$
, then verify that $A'A = 1$

7. (i) Show that the matrix
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & 5 \\ -1 & 2 & 1 \\ 5 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
 is a symmetrical matrix.

(ii) Show that the matrix
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$
 is a skew symmetric matrix.

8. For the matrix
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ 5 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$$
, verify that

(i)
$$(A + A)$$
 is a symmetric matrix.

(ii)
$$(A - A)$$
 ia a skew symmetric matrix.

9. Find
$$\frac{1}{2}(A + A')$$
 and $\frac{1}{2}(A - A')$, when $A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & a & b \\ -a & 0 & c \\ -b & -c & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

10. Express the following matrices as the sum of a symmetric and a skew symmetric matrix:

(i)
$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 5 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(ii)
$$\begin{pmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

(iii)
$$\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 3 & -1 \\ -2 & -2 & 1 \\ -4 & -5 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

(iv)
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ -1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

11. If A, B are symmetric matrices of same order, then AB - BA is a

- (a) Skew symmetric matrix
- (b) Symmetric matrix
- (c) Zero matrix

(d) Identity matrix

- 12. If $A = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \alpha & -\sin \alpha \\ \sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{pmatrix}$ and A + A' = 1 then the value of α is
 - (a) $\frac{\pi}{6}$
 - (b) $\frac{\pi}{3}$
 - (c) π
 - (d) $\frac{3\pi}{2}$