# **Practical 2**

PRN: 23520005

Name: Manas Indrapal Gedam

Batch: B7

GitHub Link: Link

# Study and implementation of basic OpenMP clauses

#### Clauses:

num\_threads(n) – Specify number of threads
parallel for – Automatically split loop iterations
private(var) – Each thread gets its own copy
shared(var) – All threads share one copy
reduction(+:var) – Safely combine results from all threads
schedule(static/dynamic) – Control how loop iterations are assigned to threads

## **Problem Statement 1: Vector-Scalar Addition**

Program:

```
C P1.c > 分 main()
      #include <stdio.h>
      #include <omp.h>
      #include <stdlib.h>
      int main() {
          int n = 1000000000;
          float scalar = 2.5;
          float *A = malloc(n * sizeof(float));
10
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
              A[i] = i * 1.0;
11
12
13
14
          double start = omp_get_wtime();
15
16
          #pragma omp parallel for num_threads(4)
17
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
              A[i] += scalar;
18
19
20
          double end = omp_get_wtime();
21
22
          printf("Time taken: %f seconds\n", end - start);
23
24
25
          free(A);
26
          return 0;
      3
27
28
```

Output:

```
    manas@Manass-MacBook-Air HPCL 2 % gcc-15 -fopenmp P1.c -o P1
    manas@Manass-MacBook-Air HPCL 2 % ./P1
    Time taken: 0.058932 seconds
    manas@Manass-MacBook-Air HPCL 2 %
```

#### Information

- Clause used: #pragma omp parallel for num\_threads(n)
- Threads tested: 1, 2, 4, 8
- Data sizes tested: 1M, 10M, 100M elements

## Analysis:

Execution time decreases as threads increase.

Performance gain slows down due to thread overhead beyond 4-8 threads.

## **Problem Statement 2: Calculation of Pi**

Program:

```
C P2.c > ₩ main()
      #include <stdio.h>
      #include <omp.h>
      int main() {
          int num_steps = 100000000;
          double step = 1.0 / (double)num_steps;
          double sum = 0.0:
          double start = omp_get_wtime();
10
11
          #pragma omp parallel for reduction(+:sum) num_threads(4)
12
          for (int i = 0; i < num steps; <math>i++) {
13
              double x = (i + 0.5) * step;
14
              sum += 4.0 / (1.0 + x * x);
15
17
          double pi = sum * step;
          double end = omp_get_wtime();
18
19
20
          printf("Calculated Pi: %.15f\n", pi);
21
          printf("Time taken: %f seconds\n", end - start);
22
          return 0;
23
```

### Output:

```
■ manas@Manass-MacBook-Air HPCL 2 % gcc-15 -fopenmp P2.c -o P2
■ manas@Manass-MacBook-Air HPCL 2 % ./P2
Calculated Pi: 3.141592653589683
Time taken: 0.131581 seconds
□ manas@Manass-MacBook-Air HPCL 2 % ■
```

#### Information

- Clause used: reduction(+:sum), num\_threads(n)
- Threads tested: 1, 2, 4, 8

• Step count: 10M, 100M, 1B

# Analysis:

The reduction clause ensures thread-safe summation. Result is precise and consistent across all thread counts.