



Analysis of Crime Rate in USA

| SAS |

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Problem Statement

To determine the percentage of each type of crime committed in the United States of America from 1960 through 2016.

Data Description

The data provided has the following components:

Variable	Description
Year	The time frame span over 57 years, beginning from 1960 to 2016
Population	The population of each year has been assumed to be recorded at the end of the year
Property	The number of property crimes of each year have been recorded
Murder	The number of murders of each year have been recorded
Rape	The number of rapes of each year have been recorded
Robbery	The number of robberies of each year have been recorded
Aggravated Assault	The number of assaults of each year have been recorded
Burglary	The number of burglaries of each year have been recorded
Larceny Theft	The number of larceny thefts of each year have been recorded
Vehicle Theft	The number of vehicle thefts of each year have been recorded

Data Exploration

Assigning library name:

```
libname crime "/folders/myshortcuts/my_folder";
```

Data Input

```
/*Importing dataset*/  
data crime.crimeRate;  
    infile '/folders/myshortcuts/my_folder/crime data 1960-  
2016.csv' delimiter=',' dsd missover firstobs=2;  
    input Year Population Property Murder Rape Robbery  
AggravatedAssault Burglary LarcenyTheft VehicleTheft;  
run;
```

Proc Contents

```
/*To check columns types, names and formats present in the dataset*/
```

```
proc contents data= crime.crimerate;
run;
Output:
```

The CONTENTS Procedure

Data Set Name	CRIME.CRIMERATE	Observations	57
Member Type	DATA	Variables	10
Engine	V9	Indexes	0
Created	11/13/2017 19:04:22	Observation Length	80
Last Modified	11/13/2017 19:04:22	Deleted Observations	0
Protection		Compressed	NO
Data Set Type		Sorted	NO
Label			
Data Representation	SOLARIS_X86_64, LINUX_X86_64, ALPHA_TRU64, LINUX_IA64		
Encoding	utf-8 Unicode (UTF-8)		

Engine/Host Dependent Information

Data Set Page Size	65536
Number of Data Set Pages	1
First Data Page	1
Max Obs per Page	817
Obs in First Data Page	57
Number of Data Set Repairs	0
Filename	/folders/myshortcuts/my_folder/crimerate.sas7bdat
Release Created	9.0401M4

Engine/Host Dependent Information	
Host Created	Linux
Inode Number	685
Access Permission	rwXrWX---
Owner Name	Root
File Size	128KB
File Size (bytes)	131072

Alphabetic List of Variables and Attributes

#	Variable	Type	Len
7	AggravatedAssault	Num	8
8	Burglary	Num	8
9	LarcenyTheft	Num	8
4	Murder	Num	8
2	Population	Num	8
3	Property	Num	8
5	Rape	Num	8
6	Robbery	Num	8
10	VehicleTheft	Num	8
1	Year	Num	8

NMiss

```
/*To check for missing values*/
proc means data= crime.crimerate nmiss;
run;
```

Analysis:

There are no missing values in the dataset. We can therefore move forward.

Proc Means

```
/*To get minimum, maximum, standard deviation, mean, median and number  
of missing values from  
each column (for each variable)*/  
proc means data=crime.crimerate;  
    var Population Property Murder Rape Robbery AggrevatedAssault  
    Burglary LarcenyTheft VehicleTheft;  
run;
```

Output:

The MEANS Procedure

Variable	Minimum	Maximum	Std Dev	Mean	Median	N Miss
Population	179323175	323127513	43269069.24	248818100	245807000	0
Property	3095700.00	12961100.00	2702962.57	9360732.44	10174754.00	0
Murder	8530.00	24700.00	4195.97	17289.40	17030.00	0
Rape	17190.00	109060.00	28044.08	73458.39	85141.00	0
Robbery	106670.00	687730.00	148691.52	413371.12	420806.00	0
AggrevatedAssault	154320.00	1135610.00	291302.59	684594.05	752423.00	0
Burglary	912100.00	3795200.00	731302.85	2393104.60	2228474.00	0
LarcenyTheft	1855400.00	8142200.00	1813943.93	5949291.39	6588046.00	0
VehicleTheft	328200.00	1661700.00	343649.37	1018413.44	1009600.00	0

Proc Freq

```
/*To get total levels for each variable*/  
proc freq data= crime.crimerate nlevels;  
    tables Population Property Murder Rape Robbery AggrevatedAssault  
    Burglary LarcenyTheft VehicleTheft /nocum nopercnt noprint;  
run;
```

Output:

The FREQ Procedure

Number of Variable Levels	
Variable	Levels
Population	57
Property	57
Murder	57
Rape	57
Robbery	57
AggravatedAssault	57
Burglary	57
LarcenyTheft	57
VehicleTheft	57

Proc Univariate

```
/*To get Moments, Basic Statistical Measures, Tests for Location:
Mu0=0, Quantiles (Definition 5) and Extreme Lowest/highest Observations
for each column(variable)*/
```

```
proc univariate data=crime.crimerate;
```

```
    var Population Property Murder Rape Robbery AggravatedAssault
    Burglary LarcenyTheft VehicleTheft;
```

```
run;
```

Output:

The UNIVARIATE Procedure Variable: Population

Moments			
N	57	Sum Weights	57
Mean	248818100	Sum Observations	1.41826E10
Std Deviation	43269069.2	Variance	1.87221E15

Moments			
Skewness	0.1740623	Kurtosis	-1.2306141
Uncorrected SS	3.63374E18	Corrected SS	1.04844E17
Coeff Variation	17.3898399	Std Error Mean	5731128.23

Basic Statistical Measures			
Location		Variability	
Mean	2.4882E8	Std Deviation	43269069
Median	2.4581E8	Variance	1.87221E15
Mode	.	Range	143804338
		Interquartile Range	76581924

Tests for Location: Mu0=0				
Test		Statistic		p Value
Student's t	t	43.4152	Pr> t 	<.0001
Sign	M	28.5	Pr>= M 	<.0001
Signed Rank	S	826.5	Pr>= S 	<.0001

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
100% Max	323127513
99%	323127513
95%	318907401
90%	311587816
75% Q3	287973924

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
50% Median	245807000
25% Q1	211392000
10%	193526000
5%	185771000
1%	179323175
0% Min	179323175

Extreme Observations			
Lowest		Highest	
Value	Obs	Value	Obs
179323175	1	313873685	53
182992000	2	316497531	54
185771000	3	318907401	55
188483000	4	320896618	56
191141000	5	323127513	57

The UNIVARIATE Procedure
Variable: Property

Moments			
N	57	Sum Weights	57
Mean	9360732.44	Sum Observations	533561749

Moments			
Std Deviation	2702962.57	Variance	7.30601E12
Skewness	-0.9231482	Kurtosis	-0.0176557
Uncorrected SS	5.40367E15	Corrected SS	4.09136E14
Coeff Variation	28.8755456	Std Error Mean	358016.138

Basic Statistical Measures			
Location		Variability	
Mean	9360732	Std Deviation	2702963
Median	10174754	Variance	7.30601E12
Mode	.	Range	9865400
		Interquartile Range	3639140

Tests for Location: Mu0=0				
Test		Statistic		p Value
Student's t	t	26.14612	Pr> t 	<.0001
Sign	M	28.5	Pr>= M 	<.0001
Signed Rank	S	826.5	Pr>= S 	<.0001

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
100% Max	12961100
99%	12961100
95%	12605400
90%	12218800

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
75% Q3	11558175
50% Median	10174754
25% Q1	7919035
10%	4352000
5%	3450700
1%	3095700
0% Min	3095700

Extreme Observations			
Lowest		Highest	
Value	Obs	Value	Obs
3095700	1	12356900	29
3198600	2	12505900	33
3450700	3	12605400	30
3792500	4	12655500	31
4200400	5	12961100	32

The UNIVARIATE Procedure
Variable: Murder

Moments			
N	57	Sum Weights	57

Moments			
Mean	17289.4035	Sum Observations	985496
Std Deviation	4195.9671	Variance	17606139.9
Skewness	-0.3976125	Kurtosis	-0.2933924
Uncorrected SS	1.80246E10	Corrected SS	985943836
Coeff Variation	24.2690102	Std Error Mean	555.76942

Basic Statistical Measures			
Location		Variability	
Mean	17289.40	Std Deviation	4196
Median	17030.00	Variance	17606140
Mode	.	Range	16170
		Interquartile Range	5644

Tests for Location: $\mu_0=0$				
Test	Statistic		p Value	
Student's t	t	31.10895	Pr> t	<.0001
Sign	M	28.5	Pr>= M	<.0001
Signed Rank	S	826.5	Pr>= S	<.0001

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
100% Max	24700
99%	24700
95%	23760

Quantiles (Definition 5)			
Level		Quantile	
90%		23040	
75% Q3		20510	
50% Median		17030	
25% Q1		14866	
10%		9960	
5%		8740	
1%		8530	
0% Min		8530	
Extreme Observations			
Lowest		Highest	
Value	Obs	Value	Obs
8530	3	23330	35
8640	4	23440	31
8740	2	23760	33
9110	1	24530	34
9360	5	24700	32

The UNIVARIATE Procedure
Variable: Rape

Moments

Moments			
N	57	Sum Weights	57
Mean	73458.386	Sum Observations	4187128
Std Deviation	28044.076	Variance	786470199
Skewness	-0.9038882	Kurtosis	-0.603183
Uncorrected SS	3.51622E11	Corrected SS	4.40423E10
Coeff Variation	38.1768203	Std Error Mean	3714.52861

Basic Statistical Measures			
Location		Variability	
Mean	73458.39	Std Deviation	28044
Median	85141.00	Variance	786470199
Mode	.	Range	91870
		Interquartile Range	37703

Tests for Location: $\mu_0=0$				
Test		Statistic	p Value	
Student's t	t	19.77596	Pr> t 	<.0001
Sign	M	28.5	Pr>= M 	<.0001
Signed Rank	S	826.5	Pr>= S 	<.0001

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
100% Max	109060
99%	109060

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
95%	106010
90%	97470
75% Q3	93103
50% Median	85141
25% Q1	55400
10%	23410
5%	17550
1%	17190
0% Min	17190

Extreme Observations			
Lowest		Highest	
Value	Obs	Value	Obs
17190	1	102220	35
17220	2	102560	31
17550	3	106010	34
17650	4	106590	32
21420	5	109060	33

The UNIVARIATE Procedure
Variable: Robbery

Moments			
N	57	Sum Weights	57
Mean	413371.123	Sum Observations	23562154
Std Deviation	148691.519	Variance	2.21092E10
Skewness	-0.4713573	Kurtosis	-0.0841579
Uncorrected SS	1.0978E13	Corrected SS	1.23811E12
Coeff Variation	35.9704659	Std Error Mean	19694.6728

Basic Statistical Measures			
Location		Variability	
Mean	413371.1	Std Deviation	148692
Median	420806.0	Variance	2.21092E10
Mode	.	Range	581060
		Interquartile Range	156710

Tests for Location: Mu0=0				
Test		Statistic	p Value	
Student's t	t	20.98898	Pr> t 	<.0001
Sign	M	28.5	Pr>= M 	<.0001
Signed Rank	S	826.5	Pr>= S 	<.0001

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
100% Max	687730
99%	687730

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
95%	659870
90%	592910
75% Q3	506570
50% Median	420806
25% Q1	349860
10%	138690
5%	110860
1%	106670
0% Min	106670

Extreme Observations			
Lowest		Highest	
Value	Obs	Value	Obs
106670	2	618950	35
107840	1	639270	31
110860	3	659870	34
116470	4	672480	33
130390	5	687730	32

The UNIVARIATE Procedure
Variable: AggravatedAssault

Moments			
N	57	Sum Weights	57
Mean	684594.053	Sum Observations	39021861
Std Deviation	291302.587	Variance	8.48572E10
Skewness	-0.4073039	Kurtosis	-0.9288253
Uncorrected SS	3.14661E13	Corrected SS	4.752E12
Coeff Variation	42.5511419	Std Error Mean	38583.9702

Basic Statistical Measures			
Location		Variability	
Mean	684594.1	Std Deviation	291303
Median	752423.0	Variance	8.48572E10
Mode	.	Range	981290
		Interquartile Range	435197

Tests for Location: Mu0=0				
Test		Statistic	p Value	
Student's t	t	17.74297	Pr> t 	<.0001
Sign	M	28.5	Pr>= M 	<.0001
Signed Rank	S	826.5	Pr>= S 	<.0001

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
100% Max	1135610
99%	1135610

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
95%	1113180
90%	1054860
75% Q3	891407
50% Median	752423
25% Q1	456210
10%	215330
5%	164570
1%	154320
0% Min	154320

Extreme Observations			
Lowest		Highest	
Value	Obs	Value	Obs
154320	1	1092740	32
156760	2	1099210	36
164570	3	1113180	35
174210	4	1126970	33
203050	5	1135610	34

The UNIVARIATE Procedure
Variable: Burglary

Moments			
N	57	Sum Weights	57
Mean	2393104.6	Sum Observations	136406962
Std Deviation	731302.852	Variance	5.34804E11
Skewness	-0.1897614	Kurtosis	-0.6414656
Uncorrected SS	3.56385E14	Corrected SS	2.9949E13
Coeff Variation	30.55875	Std Error Mean	96863.429

Basic Statistical Measures			
Location		Variability	
Mean	2393105	Std Deviation	731303
Median	2228474	Variance	5.34804E11
Mode	.	Range	2883100
		Interquartile Range	1022308

Tests for Location: Mu0=0				
Test		Statistic	p Value	
Student's t	t	24.70597	Pr> t 	<.0001
Sign	M	28.5	Pr>= M 	<.0001
Signed Rank	S	826.5	Pr>= S 	<.0001

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
100% Max	3795200
99%	3795200

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
95%	3447100
90%	3241410
75% Q3	3073300
50% Median	2228474
25% Q1	2050992
10%	1282500
5%	994300
1%	912100
0% Min	912100

Extreme Observations			
Lowest		Highest	
Value	Obs	Value	Obs
912100	1	3265300	16
949600	2	3327700	20
994300	3	3447100	23
1086400	4	3779700	22
1213200	5	3795200	21

The UNIVARIATE Procedure
Variable: LarcenyTheft

Moments			
N	57	Sum Weights	57
Mean	5949291.39	Sum Observations	339109609
Std Deviation	1813943.93	Variance	3.29039E12
Skewness	-0.9821954	Kurtosis	-0.1609742
Uncorrected SS	2.20172E15	Corrected SS	1.84262E14
Coeff Variation	30.4900838	Std Error Mean	240262.743

Basic Statistical Measures			
Location		Variability	
Mean	5949291	Std Deviation	1813944
Median	6588046	Variance	3.29039E12
Mode	.	Range	6286800
		Interquartile Range	1880000

Tests for Location: Mu0=0				
Test		Statistic	p Value	
Student's t	t	24.76161	Pr> t 	<.0001
Sign	M	28.5	Pr>= M 	<.0001
Signed Rank	S	826.5	Pr>= S 	<.0001

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
100% Max	8142200
99%	8142200

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
95%	7945700
90%	7879800
75% Q3	7142500
50% Median	6588046
25% Q1	5262500
10%	2572600
5%	2089600
1%	1855400
0% Min	1855400

Extreme Observations			
Lowest		Highest	
Value	Obs	Value	Obs
1855400	1	7904700	37
1913000	2	7915200	33
2089600	3	7945700	31
2297800	4	7997700	36
2514400	5	8142200	32

The UNIVARIATE Procedure
Variable: VehicleTheft

Moments			
N	57	Sum Weights	57
Mean	1018413.44	Sum Observations	58049566
Std Deviation	343649.374	Variance	1.18095E11
Skewness	-0.1252003	Kurtosis	-0.5047485
Uncorrected SS	6.57318E13	Corrected SS	6.61331E12
Coeff Variation	33.7436017	Std Error Mean	45517.4716

Basic Statistical Measures			
Location		Variability	
Mean	1018413	Std Deviation	343649
Median	1009600	Variance	1.18095E11
Mode	.	Range	1333500
		Interquartile Range	472367

Tests for Location: Mu0=0				
Test		Statistic	p Value	
Student's t	t	22.37412	Pr> t 	<.0001
Sign	M	28.5	Pr>= M 	<.0001
Signed Rank	S	826.5	Pr>= S 	<.0001

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
100% Max	1661700
99%	1661700

Quantiles (Definition 5)	
Level	Quantile
95%	1610800
90%	1539300
75% Q3	1237851
50% Median	1009600
25% Q1	765484
10%	496900
5%	366800
1%	328200
0% Min	328200

Extreme Observations			
Lowest		Highest	
Value	Obs	Value	Obs
328200	1	1563100	34
336000	2	1564800	30
366800	3	1610800	33
408300	4	1635900	31
472800	5	1661700	32

Analysis:

This step gives us the basic descriptive statistics for each variable.

Proc Sort

/*To sort data by year and store it in a new dataset to work on*/

```
proc sort data=crime.crimerate
          out=work.maingroup;
          by year;
run;
```

Data Transformation

New Column Addition

```
/*Creating column for total number of crimes per year.
creating column to find out minimum crime per year when compare to all
types of crime.
creating column to find out maximum crime per year when compare to all
types of crime.
to get value of a variable Population in the previous observation.
to calculate Rate of population.
to get value of a variable Total in the previous observation.
to calculate Rate of Total crime for each year. */

data work.Total;
    set work.maingroup;

    Total = SUM(of Property--VehicleTheft);
    MinCrime = MIN(of Property--VehicleTheft);
    MaxCrime = MAX(of Property--VehicleTheft);

    lagPopulation = lag(Population);
    rate_Population = (Population-lagPopulation)/lagPopulation;
    lagTotal = lag(Total);
    rate_Total = (Total-lagTotal)/lagTotal;

    Label rate_Population = "Rate of Population" rate_Total = "Rate
of Total"
          MinCrime = " Minimum crime in a year" MaxCrime = "Maximum
crime in a year";
run;
```

Proc Print

```
/*Printing dataset total*/
proc print data= work.Total (drop = lagPopulation lagTotal) Label;
run;
```

Output:

Obs	Year	Population	Property	Murder	Rape	Robbery	AggravatedAssault	Burglary	LarcenyTheft	VehicleTheft	Total	Minimum crime in a year	Maximum crime in a year	Rate of Population	Rate of Total
1	1960	17932 3175	30957 00	9110	17190	10784 0	15432 0	91210 0	18554 00	32820 0	64798 60	9110	30957 00	.	.
2	1961	18299 2000	31986 00	8740	17220	10667 0	15676 0	94960 0	19130 00	33600 0	66865 90	8740	31986 00	0.020 459	0.031 90
3	1962	18577 1000	34507 00	8530	17550	11086 0	16457 0	99430 0	20896 00	36680 0	72029 10	8530	34507 00	0.015 186	0.077 22
4	1963	18848 3000	37925 00	8640	17650	11647 0	17421 0	10864 00	22978 00	40830 0	79019 70	8640	37925 00	0.014 599	0.097 05
5	1964	19114 1000	42004 00	9360	21420	13039 0	20305 0	12132 00	25144 00	47280 0	87650 20	9360	42004 00	0.014 102	0.109 22
6	1965	19352 6000	43520 00	9960	23410	13869 0	21533 0	12825 00	25726 00	49690 0	90913 90	9960	43520 00	0.012 478	0.037 24
7	1966	19557 6000	47933 00	11040	25820	15799 0	23533 0	14101 00	28220 00	56120 0	10016 780	11040	47933 00	0.010 593	0.101 79
8	1967	19745 7000	54035 00	12240	27620	20291 0	25716 0	16321 00	31116 00	65980 0	11306 930	12240	54035 00	0.009 618	0.128 80
9	1968	19939 9000	61252 00	13800	31670	26284 0	28670 0	18589 00	34827 00	78360 0	12845 410	13800	61252 00	0.009 835	0.136 07
10	1969	20138 5000	67490 00	14760	37170	29885 0	31109 0	19819 00	38886 00	87850 0	14159 870	14760	67490 00	0.009 960	0.102 33
11	1970	20323 5298	73592 00	16000	37990	34986 0	33497 0	22050 00	42258 00	92840 0	15457 220	16000	73592 00	0.009 188	0.091 62
12	1971	20621 2000	77717 00	17780	42260	38770 0	36876 0	23993 00	44242 00	94820 0	16359 900	17780	77717 00	0.014 647	0.058 40
13	1972	20823 0000	74139 00	18670	46850	37629 0	39309 0	23755 00	41512 00	88720 0	15662 700	18670	74139 00	0.009 786	- 0.042 62
14	1973	20985 1000	78422 00	19640	51400	38422 0	42065 0	25655 00	43479 00	92880 0	16560 310	19640	78422 00	0.007 785	0.057 31
15	1974	21139 2000	92787 00	20710	55400	44240 0	45621 0	30392 00	52625 00	97710 0	19532 220	20710	92787 00	0.007 343	0.179 46

Obs	Year	Population	Property	Murder	Rape	Robbery	AggravatedAssault	Burglary	LarcenyTheft	VehicleTheft	Total	Minimum crime in a year	Maximum crime in a year	Rate of Population	Rate of Total
16	1975	213124000	10252700	20510	56090	470500	492620	3265300	5977700	1009600	21545020	20510	10252700	0.008193	0.10305
17	1976	214659000	10345500	18780	57080	427810	500530	3108700	6270800	966000	21695200	18780	10345500	0.007202	0.00697
18	1977	216332000	9955000	19120	63500	412610	534350	3071500	5905700	977700	20939480	19120	9955000	0.007794	-0.03483
19	1978	218059000	10123400	19560	67610	426930	571460	3128300	5991000	1004100	21332360	19560	10123400	0.007983	0.01876
20	1979	220099000	11041500	21460	76390	480700	629480	3327700	6601000	1112800	23291030	21460	11041500	0.009355	0.09182
21	1980	225349264	12063700	23040	82990	565840	672650	3795200	7136900	1131700	25472020	23040	12063700	0.023854	0.09364
22	1981	229146000	12061900	22520	82500	592910	663900	3779700	7194400	1087800	25485630	22520	12061900	0.016848	0.00053
23	1982	231534000	11652000	21010	78770	553130	669480	3447100	7142500	1062400	24626390	21010	11652000	0.010421	-0.03371
24	1983	233981000	10850500	19310	78920	506570	653290	3129900	6712800	1007900	22959190	19310	10850500	0.010569	-0.06770
25	1984	236158000	10608500	18690	84230	485010	685350	2984400	6591900	1032200	22490280	18690	10608500	0.009304	-0.02042
26	1985	238740000	11102600	18980	88670	497870	723250	3073300	6926400	1102900	23533970	18980	11102600	0.010933	0.04641
27	1986	240132887	11722700	20613	91459	542775	834322	3241410	7257153	1224137	24934569	20613	11722700	0.005834	0.05951
28	1987	242282918	12024700	20096	91110	517704	855088	3236184	7499900	1288674	25533456	20096	12024700	0.008954	0.02402
29	1988	245807000	12356900	20680	92490	542970	910090	3218100	7705900	1432900	26280030	20680	12356900	0.014545	0.02924

Obs	Year	Population	Property	Murder	Rape	Robbery	AggravatedAssault	Burglary	LarcenyTheft	VehicleTheft	Total	Minimum crime in a year	Maximum crime in a year	Rate of Population	Rate of Total
30	1989	248239000	12605400	21500	94500	578330	951710	3168200	7872400	1564800	26856840	21500	12605400	0.009894	0.02195
31	1990	248709873	12655500	23440	102560	639270	1054860	3073900	7945700	1635900	27131130	23440	12655500	0.001897	0.01021
32	1991	252177000	12961100	24700	106590	687730	1092740	3157200	8142200	1661700	27833960	24700	12961100	0.013940	0.02590
33	1992	255082000	12505900	23760	109060	672480	1126970	2979900	7915200	1610800	26944070	23760	12505900	0.011520	-0.03197
34	1993	257908000	12218800	24530	106010	659870	1135610	2834800	7820900	1563100	26363620	24530	12218800	0.011079	-0.02154
35	1994	260341000	12131900	23330	102220	618950	1113180	2712800	7879800	1539300	26121480	23330	12131900	0.009434	-0.00918
36	1995	262755000	12063900	21610	97470	580510	1099210	2593800	7997700	1472400	25926600	21610	12063900	0.009272	-0.00746
37	1996	265228572	11805300	19650	96250	535590	1037050	2506400	7904700	1394200	25299140	19650	11805300	0.009414	-0.02420
38	1997	267637000	11558175	18208	96153	498534	1023201	2460526	7743760	1354189	24752746	18208	11558175	0.009081	-0.02160
39	1998	270296000	10944590	16914	93103	446625	974402	2329950	7373886	1240754	23420224	16914	10944590	0.009935	-0.05383
40	1999	272690813	10208334	15522	89411	409371	911740	2100739	6955520	1152075	21842712	15522	10208334	0.008860	-0.06736
41	2000	281421906	10182586	15586	90178	408016	911706	2050992	6971590	1160002	21790656	15586	10182586	0.032018	-0.00238
42	2001	285317559	10437480	16037	90863	423557	909023	2116531	7092267	1228391	22314149	16037	10437480	0.013843	0.02402

Obs	Year	Population	Property	Murder	Rape	Robbery	AggravatedAssault	Burglary	LarcenyTheft	VehicleTheft	Total	Minimum crime in a year	Maximum crime in a year	Rate of Population	Rate of Total
43	2002	28797 3924	10455 277	16229	95235	42080 6	89140 7	21512 52	70573 70	12466 46	22334 222	16229	10455 277	0.009 310	0.000 90
44	2003	29069 0788	10442 862	16528	93883	41423 5	85903 0	21548 34	70268 02	12612 26	22269 400	16528	10442 862	0.009 434	- 0.002 90
45	2004	29365 6842	10319 386	16148	95089	40147 0	84738 1	21444 46	69370 89	12378 51	21998 860	16148	10319 386	0.010 203	- 0.012 15
46	2005	29650 7061	10174 754	16740	94347	41743 8	86222 0	21554 48	67834 47	12358 59	21740 253	16740	10174 754	0.009 706	- 0.011 76
47	2006	29939 8484	99835 68	17030	92757	44740 3	86085 3	21837 46	66070 13	11928 09	21385 179	17030	99835 68	0.009 752	- 0.016 33
48	2007	30162 1157	98434 81	16929	90427	44512 5	85585 6	21761 40	65685 72	10957 69	21092 299	16929	98434 81	0.007 424	- 0.013 70
49	2008	30437 4846	97679 15	16442	90479	44357 4	84213 4	22284 74	65880 46	95862 9	20935 693	16442	97679 15	0.009 130	- 0.007 42
50	2009	30700 6550	93370 60	15399	89241	40874 2	81251 4	22033 13	63380 95	79565 2	20000 016	15399	93370 60	0.008 646	- 0.044 69
51	2010	30933 0219	91126 25	14772	85593	36908 9	78184 4	21684 57	62046 01	73956 5	19476 546	14772	91126 25	0.007 569	- 0.026 17
52	2011	31158 7816	90527 43	14661	84175	35477 2	75242 3	21851 40	61510 95	71650 8	19311 517	14661	90527 43	0.007 298	- 0.008 47
53	2012	31387 3685	90019 92	14866	85141	35505 1	76200 9	21099 32	61688 74	72318 6	19221 051	14866	90019 92	0.007 336	- 0.004 68
54	2013	31649 7531	86507 61	14319	82109	34509 5	72657 5	19318 35	60186 32	70029 4	18469 620	14319	86507 61	0.008 360	- 0.039 09

Obs	Year	Population	Property	Murder	Rape	Robbery	AggravatedAssault	Burglary	LarcenyTheft	VehicleTheft	Total	Minimum crime in a year	Maximum crime in a year	Rate of Population	Rate of Total
55	2014	318907401	8209010	14164	84864	322905	731089	1713153	5809054	686803	17571042	14164	8209010	0.007614	-0.04865
56	2015	320896618	8024115	15883	91261	328109	764057	1587564	5723488	713063	17247540	15883	8024115	0.006238	-0.01841
57	2016	323127513	7919035	17250	95730	332198	803007	1515096	5638455	765484	17086255	17250	7919035	0.006952	-0.00935

Analysis:

Lag(variableName) basically creates a column with values equating to variableName-1, which needs to be used to calculate the rate of population.

Data Visualization

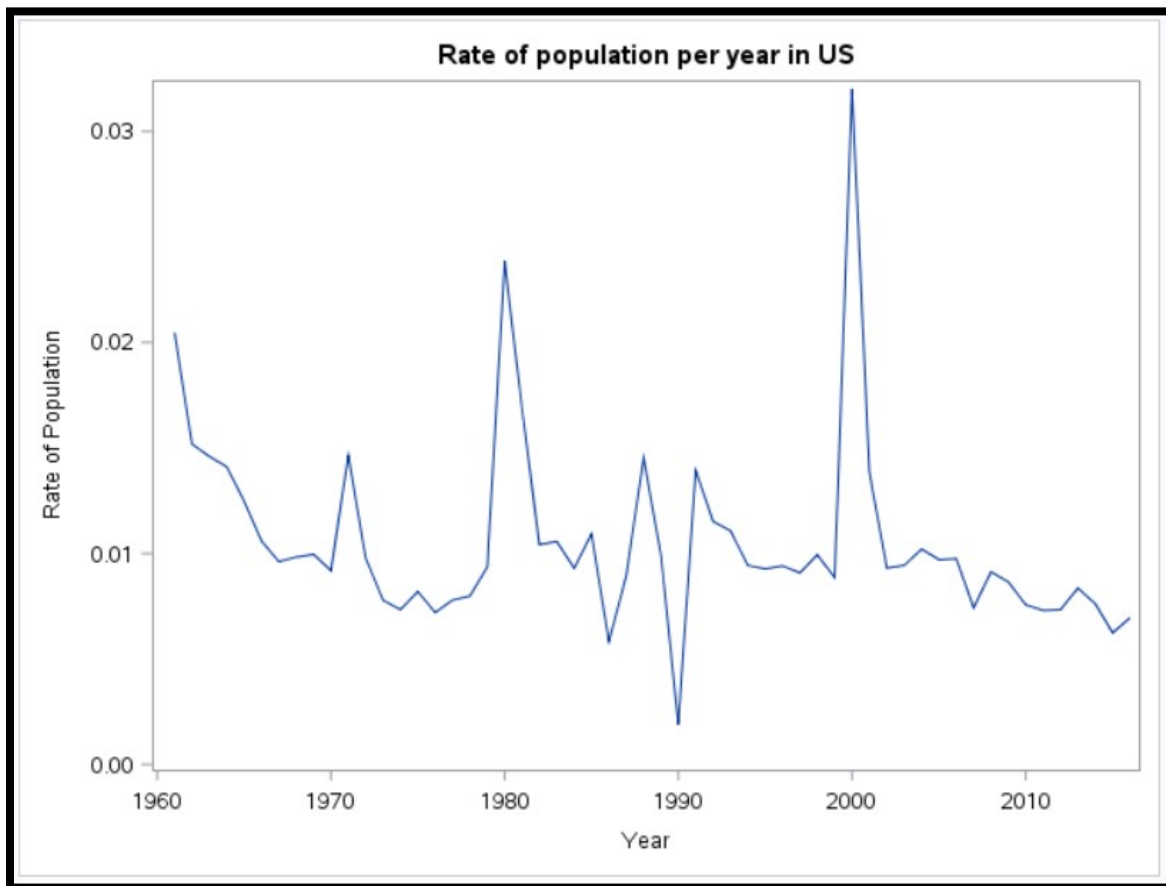
Proc SGPlot

```

/*To plot line graph for rate of population vs year rate of total crime vs year*/
title 'Rate of population per year in US';
proc sgplot data= Total;
    series X = Year Y = rate_Population;
run;
title;

```

Output:



Analysis:

This plots a line graph, which tells us the rate of population of US over the past 57 years has not been a steady rise as is an expected trend for population.

```
/*To plot line graph for rate of total crime vs year*/
```

```
title 'Rate of Total crime per year in US';
```

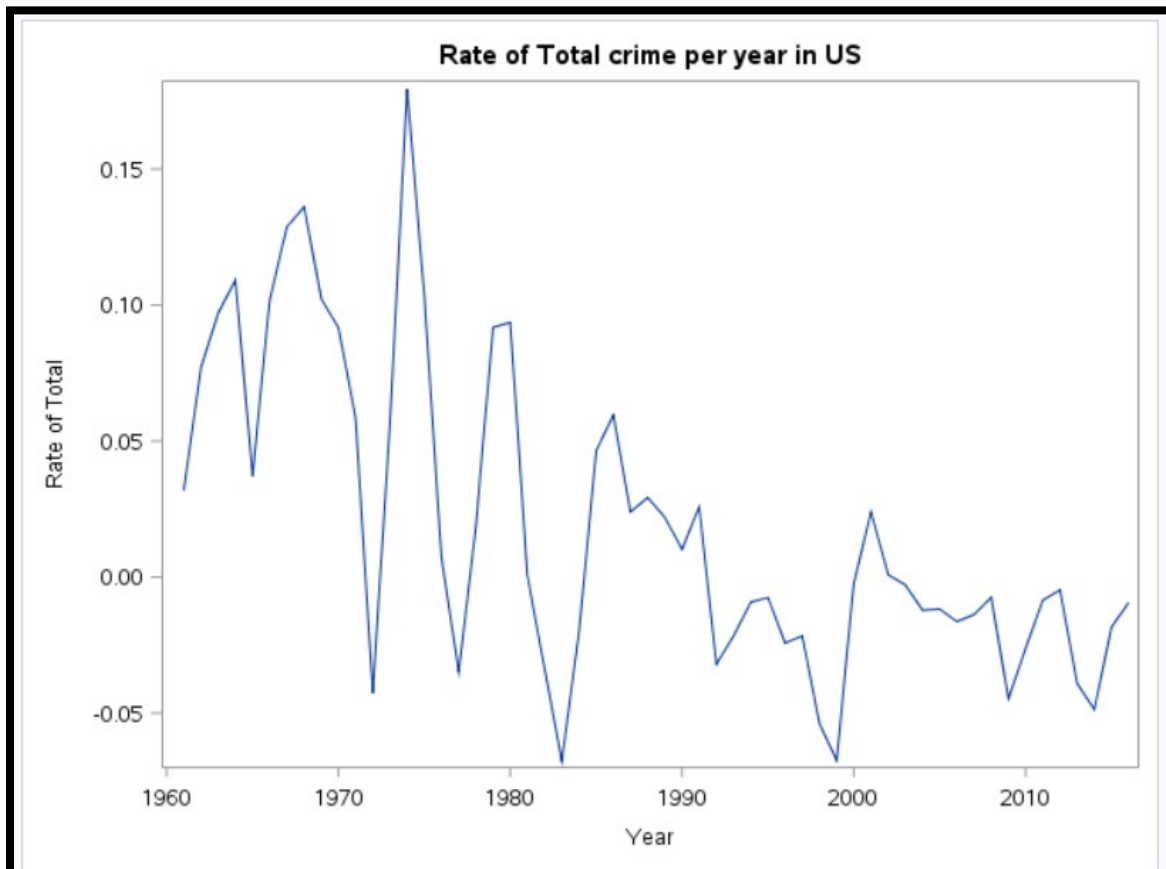
```
proc sgplot data= Total;
```

```
    series X = Year Y = rate_Total;
```

```
run;
```

```
title;
```

Output:



Analysis:

This graph shows that there is high variability in the rate of crimes perpetrated in the US.

Data Preparation

Retain

/*To calculate accumulating total for each type of crime (column wise total) and store it in a variable */

```
data work.PerTotal;
```

```
set work.Total;
```

```
retain T_Property 0 T_Murder 0 T_Rape 0 T_Robbery 0
```

```
      T_AggravatedAssault 0 T_Burglary 0
```

```
      T_LarcenyTheft 0 T_VehicleTheft 0 T_Total 0;
```

```
T_Property+Property;
```

```
T_Murder+Murder;
```

```
T_Rape+Rape;
```

```
T_Robbery+Robbery;
```

```
T_AggravatedAssault+AggravatedAssault;
```

```

    T_Burglary+Burglary;
    T_LarcenyTheft+LarcenyTheft;
    T_VehicleTheft+VehicleTheft;
    T_Total+Total;
run;

```

Analysis:

To calculate the percentage of crimes in US across the years, we would have to aggregate all the number of crimes committed each year and then deduce the percentage value of each. This step is to sum up all individual crimes since 1960.

Percentage Calculation

```

/*To find out the percentage of overall crime for each crime type*/
data work.CrimePer;
    set PerTotal;
    where Year=2016;

    Per_Property = T_Property/T_Total*100 ;
    Per_Murder = T_Murder/T_Total*100;
    Per_Rape = T_Rape/T_Total*100;
    Per_Robbery = T_Robbery/T_Total*100;
    Per_AggrevatedAssault = T_AggrevatedAssault/T_Total*100;
    Per_Burglary = T_Burglary/T_Total*100;
    Per_LarcenyTheft = T_LarcenyTheft/T_Total*100;
    Per_VehicleTheft = T_VehicleTheft/T_Total*100;
run;

```

Analysis:

The above snippet of code calculates the percentage of each crime out of the total.

Proc Format

```

/*Creating user define format*/
proc format;
    value populationPercent 0 - 10 = "low"
                          11 - 30 = "medium"
                          31 - 100 = "high";

run;

```

Proc Transpose

```

/*Transposed total percentage of all crimes(columns)
We can see in all these years percentage of property crime is highest*/

```

```
proc transpose data=work.CrimePer(keep= Per_Property Per_Murder
Per_Rape Per_Robbery Per_AggrevatedAssault Per_Burglary
Per_LarcenyTheft Per_VehicleTheft)
      out=work.transposeCrimePer
(rename=(col1=PercentageOfCrimes)) name=TypesOfCrime ;
      format PercentageOfCrime populationPercent.;
run;
```

Analysis:

By using transpose, we are clearly able to get a table of all percentages with respect to the crime. This can be further used to pick the highest number of crimes committed in US across all crime types.

```
/*To check the details of variables*/
proc contents data=work.transposeCrimePer;
run;
```

Proc Print with Label and Title

```
/*Printing Total percentage of each crime*/
title "Total percentage of each crime";
proc print data= work.transposeCrimePer label;
      Label TypesOfCrime="Types of Crimes"
PercentageOfCrimes="Percentage of Crimes";
run;
title;
```

Proc Sort

```
/*To sort data to determine top 3 highest crimes committed in US*/
proc sort data= work.transposecrimeper;
      by descending PercentageOfCrimes;
run;
```

Conclusion

The three highest number of crime types committed come out to be Property, Larceny Theft and Burglary. All three are crimes that are perpetrated to gain from the victim, in terms of value acquisition, rather than just causing physical harm. It can be deduced that the primary reason for committing a crime is to accomplish an ulterior motive.

These are closely followed by Vehicle Theft, which is another example of delinquency for personal gain.