INSIDE MASTER BRANCH AGAIN !!!!!!

Topics

1. Setup commands

- Configure
 - Cloning
 - Creating New

2. Frequently used ones

- Get current remote repo (pull and branch)
- Update changes to local repo (add and commit)
- Sending changes to remote repo (merge and push)

3. Rest Misc Commands

Setup

Configure (git config)

• Username:

```
git config user.name "Homo Sepian"
```

• Email:

```
git config user.email "abcd@xyz.com"
```

This name and email is used to track who has committed which changes.

Use git config --global <rest code> to avoid configuring these for each repository

Cloning

```
git clone <link to repository>
```

Creating

Go inside the project folder then:

git init git remote add origin <link to remote repository>

Frequently Used Commands

Pushing to remote repository

git push <link to remote repository>

To not remember the link to remote repository, we create a kind of variable to store the remote repository link using:

git remote add <name of variable> <link to remote repository>

Generally <name of variable> is origin.

We can also specify the branch we want to push by adding the branch name at the end of these commands. Eg: git push origin master

Miscellaneous Commands

Create branch

git branch

branch name>

Switch branch

git checkout
branch name>

To create and checkout the branch, use

To not specify origin each time, we can use -u option after git push to make it default remote repository to push to. After doing that, from next time, command for pushing just remains:git push

git checkout -b
branch name>

Go to just previous commit

git checkout -f

View commits

git log

To view commits with differences

git log -p

To view *5* commits, use

git log -p -5

Delete a branch

git branch -d <branch name>

View status

git status

To view status in a compact form, use:

git status -s

View difference between files staged and files last committed:

staged means changes that are added but not committed. git diff --staged