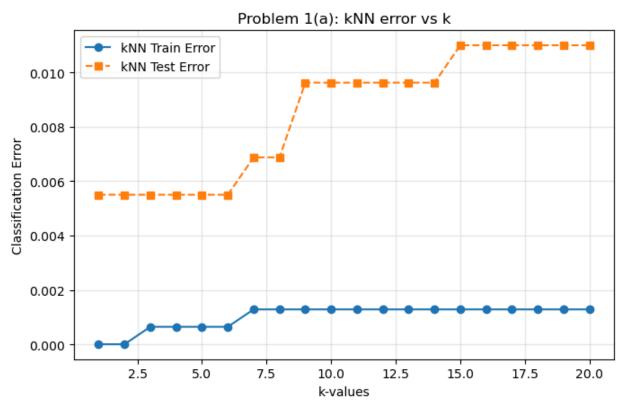
## CS598 PSL — Assignment 1 — Problem 1

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
In [5]: train = np.loadtxt("pendigits.tra", delimiter=",")
        test = np.loadtxt("pendigits.tes", delimiter=",")
        X_train = train[:, :-1]
        Y_train = train[:, -1]
        X \text{ test} = \text{test}[:, :-1]
        Y_{test} = test[:, -1]
In [6]: uin_first = 0
        uin second = 1
        d0, d1 = sorted((uin_first, uin_second))
        train_mask = (Y_train == d0) | (Y_train == d1)
        test_mask = (Y_test == d0) | (Y_test == d1)
        X_train = X_train[train_mask]
        Y_train = (Y_train[train_mask] == d1).astype(int)
        X test = X test[test mask]
        Y_test = (Y_test[test_mask] == d1).astype(int)
In [8]: train_error = []
        test error = []
        for k in range(1, 21):
            clf = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=k, metric="euclidean")
            clf.fit(X train, Y train)
            train error.append((clf.predict(X train) != Y train).mean())
            test_error.append((clf.predict(X_test) != Y_test ).mean())
        train_error = np.array(train_error)
        test error = np.array(test error)
        plt.figure(figsize=(7, 4.6))
        plt.plot(np.arange(1, 21), train_error, "-o", label="kNN Train Error")
        plt.plot(np.arange(1, 21), test_error, "--s", label="kNN Test Error")
        plt.xlabel("k-values")
        plt.ylabel("Classification Error")
        plt.title(f"Problem 1(a): kNN error vs k")
        plt.grid(alpha=0.3)
        plt.legend()
        plt.tight layout()
        plt.show()
```



```
In [20]: from sklearn.model_selection import StratifiedKFold, cross_val_score
         from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
         from sklearn.model selection import cross val predict
         from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
         ks = np.arange(1, 21)
         cv = StratifiedKFold(n_splits=5, shuffle=True, random_state=598)
         cv error = []
         for k in ks:
             clf = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=k, metric="euclidean")
             acc = cross val score(clf, X train, Y train, cv=cv, scoring="accuracy")
             cv error.append(1 - acc.mean())
         cv_error = np.array(cv_error)
         k_cv = int(ks[np.where(cv_error == cv_error.min())[0][0]])
         dof knn = len(X train) / k cv
         clf = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=k_cv, metric="euclidean").fit(X_train,
         test_err_at_kcv = (clf.predict(X_test) != Y_test).mean()
         lr = LinearRegression().fit(X_train, Y_train)
         lr_train_pred = (lr.predict(X_train) >= 0.5)
         lr_test_pred = (lr.predict(X_test) >= 0.5)
         lr_train_err = (lr_train_pred != Y_train).mean()
         lr test err
                       = (lr test pred != Y test ).mean()
         dof_{r} = X_{train.shape[1]} + 1
         lr_cv_pred = cross_val_predict(LinearRegression(), X_train, Y_train, cv=5)
         lr_cv_err = 1 - accuracy_score(Y_train, (lr_cv_pred >= 0.5))
```

The plot does not show a clear U-shaped error curve. The test error stays low for small k and then gradually increases as k gets larger. This means the data does not strongly

demonstrate the typical bias-variance tradeoff, since we don't see the left side of the U where high variance would normally raise error.

## **Linear Regression Results:**

• Degrees of Freedom (DoF): 17

• Training Error: 0.001

• Test Error: 0.026

## **kNN Results:**

- Optimal k: 1
- Degrees of Freedom at optimal k: 1559
- Test Error at optimal k: 0.006

## Problem 2

```
In [22]: import numpy as np
         from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsRegressor
         num = np.random.default rng(598)
         X = num.standard normal((1000, 4))
         eps = num.standard_normal(1000)
         y = X[:, 0] + 2*X[:, 1] - X[:, 2] + eps
         X \text{ train} = X[:500]
         Y_{train} = y[:500]
         X_{\text{test}} = X[500:]
         Y_{\text{test}} = y[500:]
In [23]: def mse(y_true, y_pred):
              y_true = np.asarray(y_true, float).ravel()
              y_pred = np.asarray(y_pred, float).ravel()
              return float(np.mean((y_true - y_pred)**2))
In [31]: for k in [4, 5]:
              knn = KNeighborsRegressor(n_neighbors=k, metric="euclidean")
              knn.fit(X_train, Y_train)
              yhat = knn.predict(X_test)
              print(f"k={k}: Test MSE = {mse(Y_test, yhat):.4f}")
         k=4: Test MSE = 1.4327
         k=5: Test MSE = 1.4437
 In []: def mykNN(xtrain, ytrain, xtest, k):
              train_l2_norm = np.sum(xtrain**2, axis=1)
              test_l2_norm = np.sum(xtest**2, axis=1)
              squared distances = test l2 norm[:, None] + train l2 norm[None, :] - 2 * ()
              neighbor_indices = np.argpartition(squared_distances, k-1, axis=1)[:, :k]
              y_test = np.mean(ytrain[neighbor_indices], axis=1)
              return y_test
          for k in [4, 5]:
```

```
yhat = mykNN(X_train, Y_train, X_test, k=k)
print(f"mykNN - k={k}: Test MSE = {mse(Y_test, yhat)}")
```

mykNN - k=4: Test MSE = 1.432656807625424 mykNN - k=5: Test MSE = 1.4436701075750904