1.WRITE A C PROGRAM TO REVERSE A STRING USING STACK

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stack>
using namespace std;
void reverse(char *a)
{
int i;
char res[10]={'\0'};
stack<char>s;
for(i=0;i<strlen(a);i++)</pre>
s.push(a[i]);
while(!s.empty())
strncat(res,&s.top(),1);
s.pop();
printf("%s",res);
main()
{
char a[10],res[10];
printf("enter the string");
scanf("%s",a);
reverse(a);
}
```

2.WRITE A C PROGRAM FOR INFIX TO POSTFIX CONVERSION USING STACK

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stack>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
stack<char>s;
bool isoperator(char c)
{
if(c=='+'||c=='-'||c=='*'||c=='/')
{
```

```
return true;
}
else
return false;
int order(char a)
if(a=='*'||a=='/')
return 2;
if(a=='+'||a=='-')
return 1;
bool highorder(char a,char b)
if(order(a)<=order(b))</pre>
return 1;
else
return 0;
bool isnumeric(char c)
if(c>='0' && c<='9')
return 1;
}
else
return 0;
bool isopening(char c)
if(c=='(')
```

```
return 1;
else
return 0;
bool isclosing(char c)
if(c==')')
return 1;
}
else
return 0;
char *infixtopostfix(char exp[])
{
int i;
char res[20]={'\0'};
for(i=0;i<strlen(exp);i++)</pre>
if(isoperator(exp[i]))
while(!s.empty() && highorder(exp[i],s.top()) && !isopening(s.top()))
strncat(res,&s.top(),1);
s.pop();
s.push(exp[i]);
else if(isnumeric(exp[i]))
strncat(res,&exp[i],1);
else if(isopening(exp[i]))
s.push(exp[i]);
else if(isclosing(exp[i]))
```

```
while(!s.empty() && !isopening(s.top()))
strncat(res,&s.top(),1);
s.pop();
}
s.pop();
while(!s.empty())
strncat(res,&s.top(),1);
s.pop();
return res;
}
main()
char exp[20],r[20];
printf("enter the expression");
scanf("%s",exp);
strcpy(r,infixtopostfix(exp));
printf("%s",r);
}
```

3.WRITE A C PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT QUEUE USING TWO STACKS

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stack>
using namespace std;
stack<int>s1;
stack<int>s2;
main()
{
  int i,n,e;
  printf("enter the no of elements");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  for(i=0;i<n;i++)
  {
    printf("enter the element");
    scanf("%d",&e);
    s1.push(e);</pre>
```

```
}
printf("removing the bottom element:\n");
while(!s1.empty())
{
    s2.push(s1.top());
    s1.pop();
}
    s2.pop();
while(!s2.empty())
{
    s1.push(s2.top());
    s2.pop();
}
printf("after removing the front element:\n");
while(!s1.empty())
{
    printf("%d",s1.top());
    s1.pop();
}
}
```

4.WRITE A C PROGRAM FOR INSERTION AND DELETION OF BST

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node{
  int data;
  struct node *leftlink;
  struct node *rightlink;
}*root=NULL;
  struct node* insert(struct node* root,int e)
{
  if(root==NULL)
{
    root=(struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    root->data=e;
    root->leftlink=root->rightlink=NULL;
    return root;
}
```

```
else if(root->data>e)
root->leftlink=insert(root->leftlink,e);
else if(root->data<e)
root->rightlink=insert(root->rightlink,e);
return root;
int minimum(struct node* root)
if(root->leftlink==NULL)
return root->data;
else
return minimum(root->leftlink);
struct node* remove(struct node* root,int e)
if(root==NULL)
return root;
else if(root->data>e)
root->leftlink=remove(root->leftlink,e);
else if(root->data<e)
root->rightlink=remove(root->rightlink,e);
}
else
if(root->leftlink==NULL && root->rightlink==NULL)
delete root;
return NULL;
else if(root->leftlink==NULL)
```

```
{
root=root->rightlink;
else if(root->rightlink==NULL)
root=root->leftlink;
else
int key=minimum(root->rightlink);
root->data=key;
root->rightlink=remove(root->rightlink,key);
}
}
return root;
void inorder(struct node *root)
if(root==NULL)
return;
inorder(root->leftlink);
printf("%d",root->data);
inorder(root->rightlink);
}
main()
int n,i,e;
printf("enter no of elements");
scanf("%d",&n);
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
printf("enter the element");
scanf("%d",&e);
root=insert(root,e);
}
inorder(root);
printf("\n");
printf("enter the element to to remove");
scanf("%d",&e);
root=remove(root,e);
inorder(root);
```