Deblurring Face Images Using Exemplars

Digital Image Processing Semester Project

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Github Repo: https://bit.ly/3xPX2DX

Team Newt

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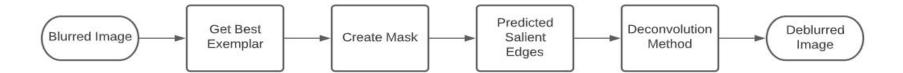
Paper Overview

- Aims to solve the problem of de-blurring of face images by using the more salient features of a human face
- Focused on motion blur images
- Salient features concluded by paper are eyes , mouth and lower contour.
- Exemplar-based algorithm to extract blur kernel
 - Avoids incorrect or noisy information from extra edges (for example hair)
 - Works for highly blurred images with fewer textures
- Non-blind deconvolution to recover latent image.
- Better and faster convergence than coarse-to-fine approaches of blur kernel estimation

Datasets

- Used in Paper http://www.cs.cmu.edu/afs/cs/project/PIE/MultiPie/Multi-Pie/Home.html
 - CIE Dataset
 - 2435 images
 - Faces with different expressions and orientations
 - Issue: paid
- Datasets Tried
 - Multi PIE http://www.cs.cmu.edu/afs/cs/project/PIE/MultiPie/Multi-Pie/Home.html
 - issue : paid
 - o CVL http://lrv.fri.uni-lj.si/facedb.html
 - Issue: paid
 - http://robotics.csie.ncku.edu.tw/Databases/FaceDetect_PoseEstimate.htm
 - Issue: no expressions
 - Issue: Only 90 images
- Dataset Used https://www.kaggle.com/jonathanoheix/face-expression-recognition-dataset
 - Extracted 2000 images https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1acmtZQFaZP2D-l3ESXVikd13slzCJpfa?usp=sharing
 - o Different expressions happy, angry, disgust, fear, neutral, sad, surprise
 - Various orientations

Pipeline



Note: Blurred Images were taken by applying horizontal motion blur on images from the dataset

Exemplars

- The reference image in our dataset used to deblur image
- Task: Find best matched exemplar for given blurred image B
- How?
 - o Get max over NCC over translated exemplar gradient and blurred image gradient
 - Translated from -15 to 15
 - Max value over all exemplars

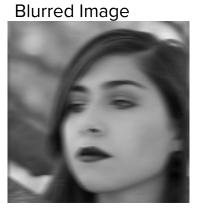
$$v_i = \max_t \left\{ \frac{\sum_x \nabla B(x) \nabla T_i(x+t)}{\|\nabla B(x)\|_2 \|\nabla T_i(x+t)\|_2} \right\},\,$$

Exemplars

Here are some of the examples from exemplars matched through cross-correlation values (when the original image is not present)

Blurred Image





Exemplar



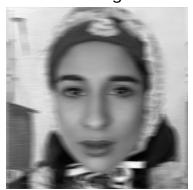
Exemplar



Blurred Image



Blurred Image



Exemplar

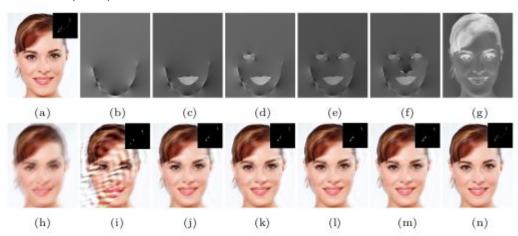


Exemplar



Mask

- Using the best exemplar, create a mask
- Best mask as found by paper
 - o Eyes
 - Mouth
 - Lower Contours (Jaw)



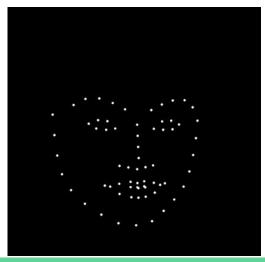
Creating the Mask

- Dlib is used to generated facial landmarks (68 points)
- Nose and eyebrows landmarks are removed
- Isolated Facial Parts are connected using cv2.line, generating a mask

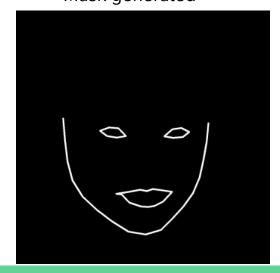
Exemplar Image



Landmarks detected



Mask generated



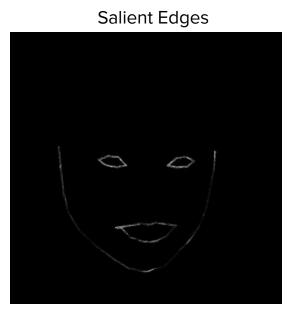
Salient Edges

$$\nabla S_{i^*}(x) = \begin{cases} \nabla T_{i^*}(x), & \text{if } x \in \{x | \mathcal{M}_{i^*}(x) = 1\}, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- Edges of the exemplar are taken
- Mask from previous step is applied to these edges, giving Salient edges

Mask





Blur Kernel Estimation

```
Algorithm 1 Solving (6)

Input: Blur image B and estimated kernel k. I \leftarrow B, \beta \leftarrow 2\lambda.

repeat

solve for \mathbf{w} using (11).

solve for I using (10).

\beta \leftarrow 2\beta.

until \beta > 1e^5

Output: Latent image I.
```

Algorithm 2 Blur kernel estimation algorithm

```
Input: Blur image B and predicted salient edges \nabla S.

for l = 1 \rightarrow n do

solve for k using (7).

solve for I using Algorithm 1.

\nabla S \leftarrow \nabla I.

end for

Output: Blur kernel k and intermediate latent image I.
```



Blur Kernel Estimation

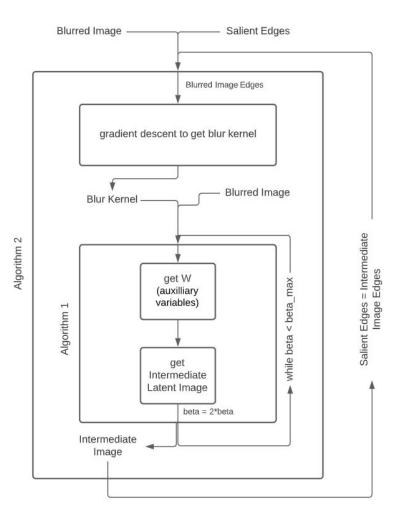
Brief steps for the entire algorithm:

- 1. Obtain a blur kernel estimated through gradient descent (Equation (1)).
- 2. Obtain a Latent image I using the blur kernel from 1.
 - a. Take an initial value of lambda and beta
 - b. Get auxiliary variable w using equation (2)
 - c. Get the latent image I using the fourier solution of (3) (equation (4))
 - d. Repeat from b. Till beta reaches a max value
- 3. Update the salient edges (del S) with del I.
- 4. Repeat from 1. For a number of iterations
- 5. Get final latent image as the output

$$\min_{k} \|\nabla S * k - \nabla B\|_{2}^{2} + \gamma \|k\|_{2}^{2}, \quad \text{(1)} \quad \mathbf{w} = \begin{cases} \nabla I, & |\nabla I|^{2} \geqslant \frac{\lambda}{\beta}, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

$$\min_{I} \|I * k - B\|_{2}^{2} + \beta \|\mathbf{w} - \nabla I\|_{2}^{2}, \qquad (3) \qquad I = \mathcal{F}^{-1} \left(\frac{\overline{\mathcal{F}(k)}\mathcal{F}(B) + \beta (\overline{\mathcal{F}(\partial_{x})}\mathcal{F}(w_{x}) + \overline{\mathcal{F}(\partial_{y})}\mathcal{F}(w_{y}))}{\overline{\mathcal{F}(k)}\mathcal{F}(k) + \beta (\overline{\mathcal{F}(\partial_{x})}\mathcal{F}(\partial_{x}) + \overline{\mathcal{F}(\partial_{y})}\mathcal{F}(\partial_{y}))} \right). \tag{4}$$

Diagramatic Explanation





Hyperparameters Used

- Number of Total Iterations: 50
- Gradient Descent for K in Algo 2
 - o Epochs: 100
 - o Tolerance: 1e-10
 - Learning rate: 1e-10
- Algo 1
 - Initial beta: 1
 - o Beta_max: 256

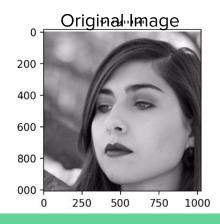
Final Results

Blurred image Matched Exemplar Salient Edges Mask

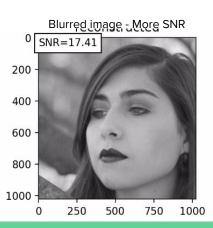
Epochs

Evaluation Metrics - SNR Ratio

- SNR Ratio
 - Ratio of average signal value to standard deviation of signal
 - Measurement for quality of image
 - To measured the improvement we compared the signal-to-noise ratios of original, blurred and original,
 de-blurred images
 - Desired : latter to have higher SNR values
- For evaluation SNR between a true clear image and image x:
 - Variance of clear image (signal) divided by Mean((x true image)^2) (noise)
 - o As seen below, the SNR of the deblurred output is more than that of the blurred image, indicating good retrieval







References

- Paper Implemented:
 https://faculty.ucmerced.edu/mhyang/papers/eccv14_deblur.pdf
- https://papers.nips.cc/paper/2009/hash/3dd48ab31d016ffcbf3314df2b3cb9ce-Abstract.html
- https://www.murtazahassan.com/courses/opency-projects/
- https://inst.eecs.berkeley.edu/~cs194-26/fa17/Lectures/ConvEdgesTemplate.pdf
- http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download;jsessionid=1F40310FF3E4F778B
 8253D4FFDCF91CF?doi=10.1.1.295.9311&rep=rep1&type=pdf

Division Of Work

- We took advantage of the VScode LiveShare extension which allows multiple people to edit the same codebase simultaneously
- Laksh Gradient Descent for kernel estimation , Algorithm 2
- Manasvi Algorithm 2, motion blur, GUI
- Mehul Algorithm 1, GUI
- Pooja best exemplar, mask creation, Algorithm 1