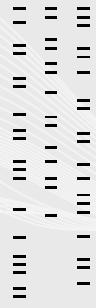
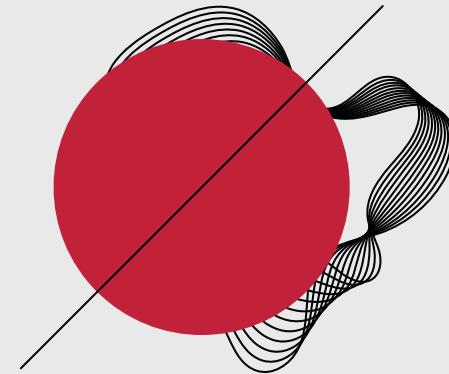


COVID-19

VACCINE

RESPONSE

CZ4034 Information Retrieval Group 24



OUR TEAM



Manav Arora



Chengxuan



Lu Cheng



Akshaya Muthu



Parth Taneja

TABLE OF CONTENTS

01. INTRODUCTION

Why analyse COVID-19
vaccine response?

03. INDEXING & QUERYING

UI for Querying

02. CRAWLING

How we got our data

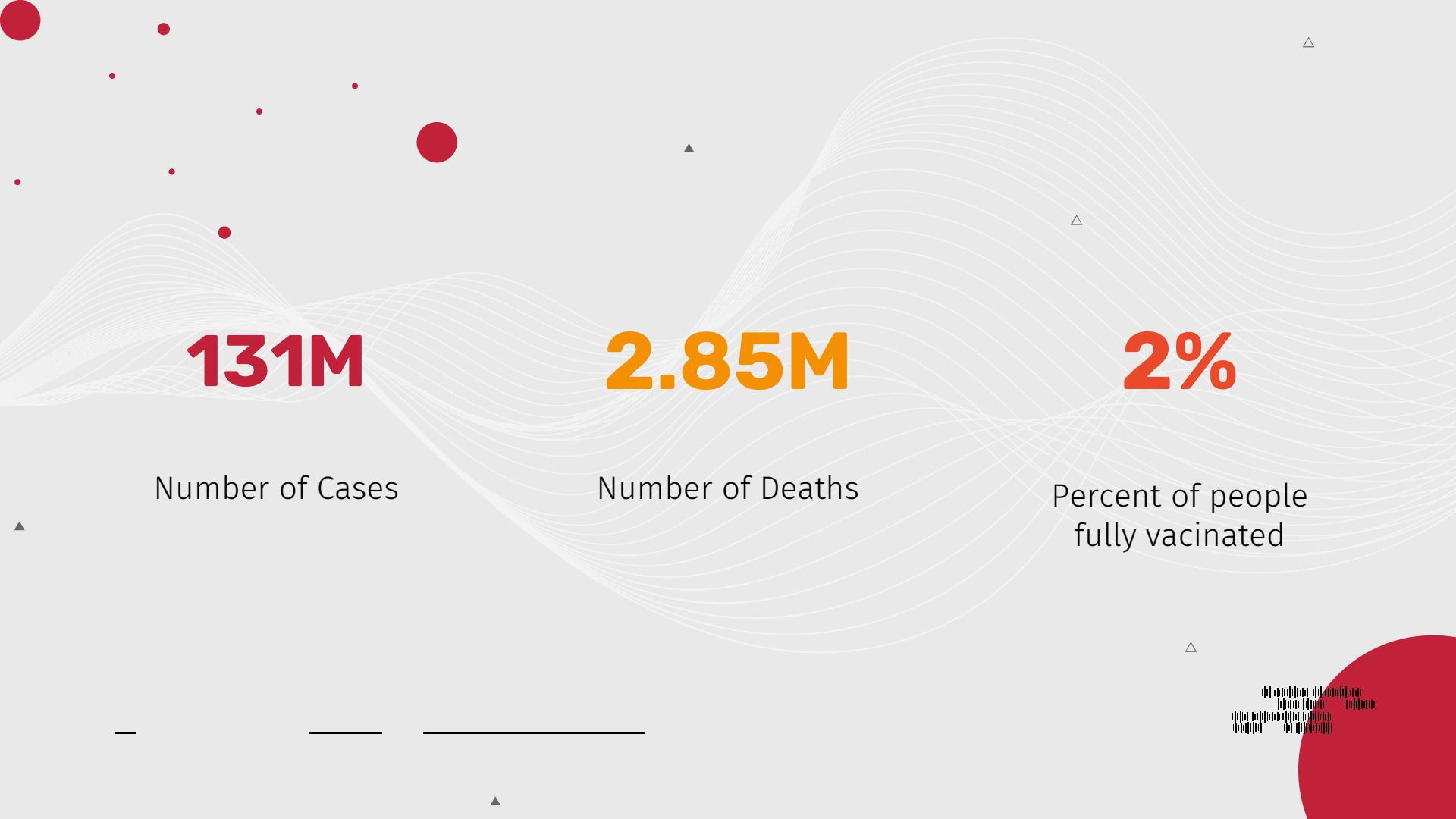
04. CLASSIFICATION

Sentiment prediction for
COVID-19 Vaccine



01.

INTRODUCTION



131M

Number of Cases

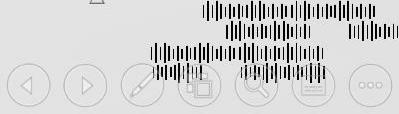
2.85M

Number of Deaths

2%

Percent of people
fully vaccinated

MIXED SENTIMENTS TOWARDS VACCINE.





02.

CRAWLING

60,775
TWEETS
CRAWLED

Keywords:

covid vaccine, coronavirus vaccine,
corona vaccine



INFORMATION RETRIEVABLE

- Total number of **Positive, Neutral & Negative** Response
- Tweets containing specific **keyword**
- Tweets from a specific geographic **location**
- Specific **precautionary measures and safety protocols** with respect to the vaccine
- **Approval, effectiveness, access, updates** regarding to vaccine

Records, Words and Types

Total Tweets	Total Number of words		Total Number of Unique Words	
	Pre-Processing	Post-Processing	Pre-Processing	Post-Processing
60,775	1,453,183	772,001	159,051	30,237

03. INDEXING & QUERYING



Indexing



INDEX

Apache SOLR 8.8.1 is used to index the crawled tweets

1



QUERY

JSON Result returned via HTTP GET

2



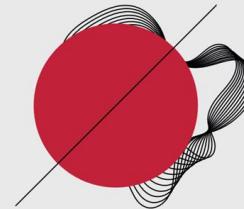
WEB INTERFACE

Django is used to built the web interface that displays the query result

COVID-19

VACCINE RESPONSE

START SEARCHING



COVID-19

VACCINE RESPONSE

START SEARCHING



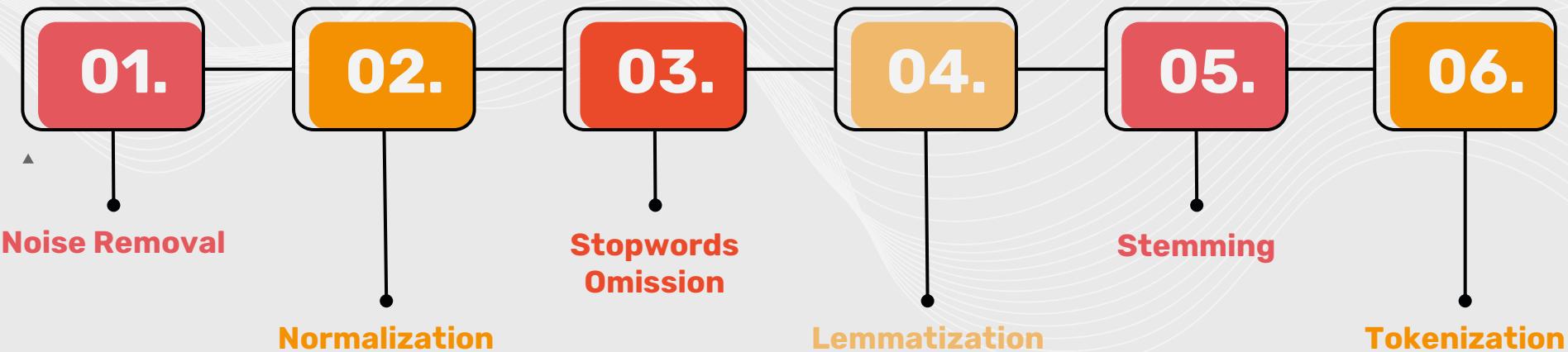
Speed of Querying

Query	Speed of Querying (milliseconds)
Processed:hate	0 ms
Processed:"pfizer vaccine"	26 ms
Processed:"worry" OR "hate"	6 ms
Processed:angry^4 covid	1 ms
Processed:happy vaccine~10	1 ms

04.

CLASSIFICATION

Pre-Processing



Results of Comparison Models

Model	Count Vectorizer			Tf-idf Vectorizer		
	Precision	Recall	F1 score	Precision	Recall	F1 score
Naive Bayes	0.824	0.833	0.824	0.812	0.800	0.800
KNN	0.788	0.735	0.735	0.790	0.757	0.757
SVM	0.944	0.944	0.944	0.953	0.953	0.953
Decision Tree	0.801	0.798	0.797	0.790	0.790	0.790

Bi-LSTM

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<hr/>		
embedding (Embedding)	(None, 182, 50)	1228350
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 182, 50)	0
bidirectional (Bidirectional)	(None, 128)	58880
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 128)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 3)	387
<hr/>		
Total params:	1,287,617	
Trainable params:	59,267	
Non-trainable params:	1,228,350	

BERT

Model: "tf_bert_for_sequence_classification"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<hr/>		
bert (TFBertMainLayer)	multiple	109482240
dropout_37 (Dropout)	multiple	0
classifier (Dense)	multiple	3845
<hr/>		
Total params:	109,486,085	
Trainable params:	109,486,085	
Non-trainable params:	0	

Results of Proposed Model

Label	Bi-LSTM			BERT		
	Precision	Recall	F1 score	Precision	Recall	F1 score
Positive	0.86	0.86	0.86	0.96	0.93	0.94
Neutral	0.88	0.94	0.91	0.96	0.98	0.97
Negative	0.90	0.82	0.86	0.94	0.95	0.95
Weighted average	0.876	0.878	0.877	0.952	0.952	0.952

Enhanced Classification

Aspect Based Classification

Model	Metrics		
	Precision	Recall	F1 score
Bi-LSTM	0.876	0.878	0.877
Attention Bi-LSTM	0.903	0.903	0.903

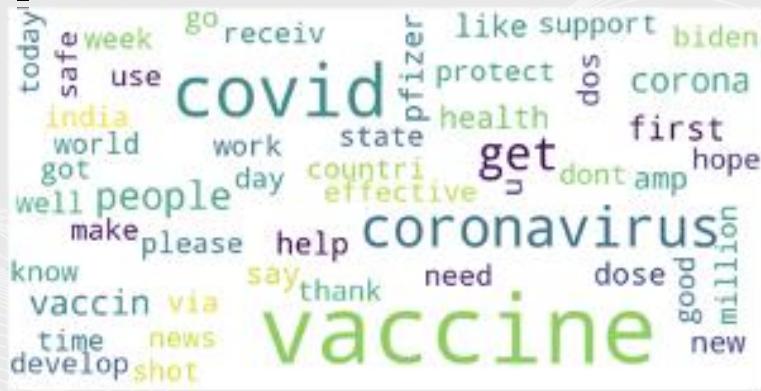
Ensemble Learning

Model	Tf-idf Vectorizer		
	Precision	Recall	F1 score
Decision Tree	0.790	0.790	0.790
Random Forest	0.905	0.904	0.903

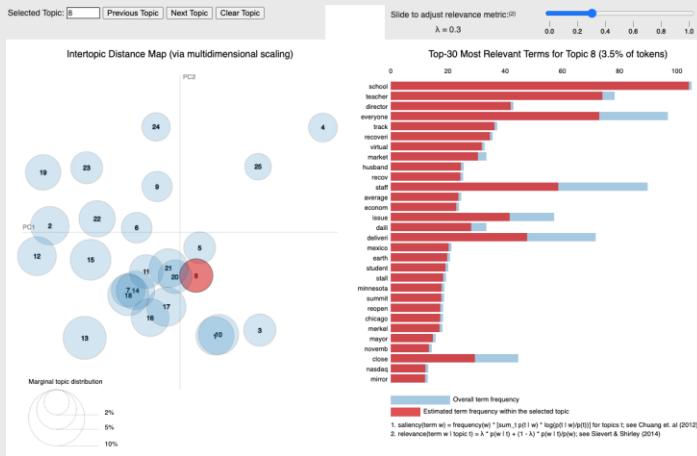
Visualisation



Word Cloud



LDA Topic Modelling



Geospatial Analysis



05.

CONCLUSION

Summary

Crawling

60,775 tweets crawled

Querying & Indexing

- Indexed tweets using Solr
- Web interface using Django

Classification

- Data Pre-processing
- Classified tweets into **Positive** or **Negative**
- Explored various models
- Enhanced classification with Ensemble Learning and Aspect Based Classification

THANKS!

