# Lab6

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0.1 Lab6

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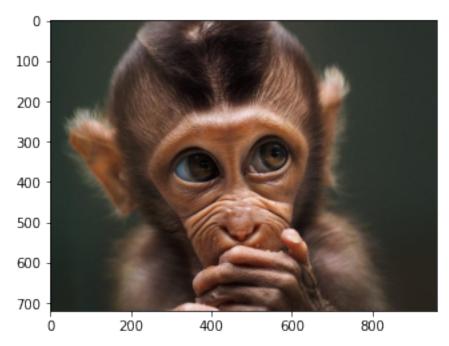
0.2 Importing Necessary modules

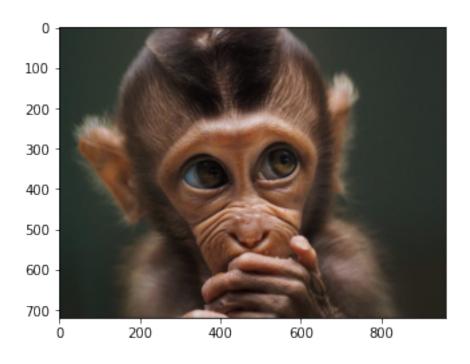
```
[1]: from PIL import Image
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import cv2
from scipy import stats
```

#### 0.2.1 Objective 1: To understand and implement the guassian filter on a given Image

```
[2]: img = cv2.imread('testImage.jpeg')
     plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
     plt.show()
     shape = img.shape
     rows = shape[0]
     cols = shape[1]
     for i in range(rows):
         for j in range(cols):
             sumA = int(img[i][j][0])*4
             sumB = int(img[i][j][1])*4
             sumC = int(img[i][j][2])*4
             if i>0 and j>0:
                  sumA + = img[i-1][j-1][0]
                  sumB + = img[i-1][j-1][1]
                  sumC + = img[i-1][j-1][2]
              if i>0:
                  sumA+=int(img[i-1][j][0])*2
                  sumB + = int(img[i-1][j][1])*2
                  sumC+=int(img[i-1][j][2])*2
             if i>0 and j<cols-1:
                  sumA += img[i-1][1][0]
                  sumB + = img[i-1][1][1]
                  sumC + = img[i-1][1][2]
```

```
if j>0:
            sumA+=img[i][j-1][0]
            sumB+=img[i][j-1][1]
            sumC+=img[i][j-1][2]
        if j<cols-1:
            sumA+=int(img[i][j+1][0])*2
            sumB+=int(img[i][j+1][1])*2
            sumC+=int(img[i][j+1][2])*2
        if i<rows-1 and j>0:
            sumA + = int(img[i+1][j-1][0])*2
            sumB+=int(img[i+1][j-1][1])*2
            sumC + = int(img[i+1][j-1][2])*2
        if i<rows-1:
            sumA+=img[i+1][j][0]
            sumB+=img[i+1][j][1]
            sumC+=img[i+1][j][2]
        if i<rows-1 and j<cols-1:</pre>
            sumA += int(img[i+1][j+1][0])*2
            sumB + = int(img[i+1][j+1][1])*2
            sumC + = int(img[i+1][j+1][2])*2
        img[i][j] = [int(sumA/16), int(sumB/16), int(sumC/16)]
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.show()
```



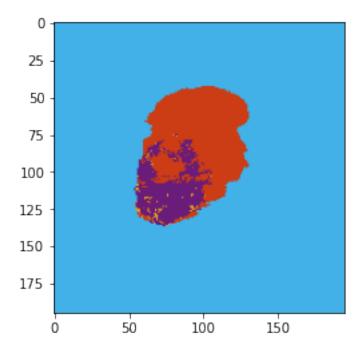


## 0.3 Objective 2

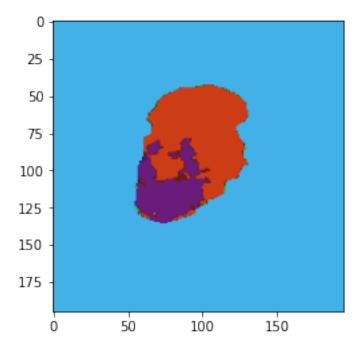
# 0.3.1 To understand explain and implement the 2-D and 3-D mode filter on the given image

```
[3]: img = cv2.imread('modeFiltering.png')
     plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
     plt.show()
     shape = img.shape
     rows = shape[0]
     cols = shape[1]
     for i in range(rows):
         for j in range(cols):
             A = [img[i][j][0]]
             B = [img[i][j][1]]
             C = [img[i][j][2]]
             if i>0 and j>0:
                 A.append(img[i-1][j-1][0])
                 B.append(img[i-1][j-1][1])
                 C.append(img[i-1][j-1][2])
             if i>0:
                 A.append(img[i-1][j][0])
                 B.append(img[i-1][j][1])
                 C.append(img[i-1][j][2])
             if i>0 and j<cols-1:</pre>
                 A.append(img[i-1][1][0])
```

```
B.append(img[i-1][1][1])
            C.append(img[i-1][1][2])
        if j>0:
            A.append(img[i][j-1][0])
            B.append(img[i][j-1][1])
            C.append(img[i][j-1][2])
        if j<cols-1:</pre>
            A.append(img[i][j+1][0])
            B.append(img[i][j+1][1])
            C.append(img[i][j+1][2])
        if i<rows-1 and j>0:
            A.append(img[i+1][j-1][0])
            B.append(img[i+1][j-1][1])
            C.append(img[i+1][j-1][2])
        if i<rows-1:
            A.append(img[i+1][j][0])
            B.append(img[i+1][j][1])
            C.append(img[i+1][j][2])
        if i<rows-1 and j<cols-1:</pre>
            A.append(img[i+1][j+1][0])
            B.append(img[i+1][j+1][1])
            C.append(img[i+1][j+1][2])
        a = stats.mode(A)[0]
        b = stats.mode(B)[0]
        c = stats.mode(C)[0]
        img[i][j] = [a, b, c]
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.show()
```



/var/folders/6r/c\_Opyh\_s5sl09dgwcds\_qyk40000gn/T/ipykernel\_30317/672425998.py:48
: DeprecationWarning: setting an array element with a sequence. This was
supported in some cases where the elements are arrays with a single element. For
example `np.array([1, np.array([2])], dtype=int)`. In the future this will raise
the same ValueError as `np.array([1, [2]], dtype=int)`.
 img[i][j] = [a, b, c]



[]: