1. Import the necessary libraries

```
In [1]:
         import nltk
         nltk.download("punkt")
         nltk.download("stopwords")
         [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to C:\Users\Manav
        [nltk_data] Patadia\AppData\koaming\..___
[nltk_data] Package punkt is already up-to-date!
                        Patadia\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
         [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to C:\Users\Manav
         [nltk_data]
[nltk_data] Pa
                         Patadia\AppData\Roaming\nltk data...
        [nltk data]
                       Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
In [2]:
         from nltk import word tokenize
         from nltk import sent tokenize
         from spellchecker import SpellChecker
         import re
         from string import punctuation
         from nltk.corpus import stopwords
         from nltk.stem.snowball import SnowballStemmer
```

2. Load the text in data.text to a variable text. Apply lower casing.

```
In [3]: data_path = "C:\spark\MCA\Semester1\E3_NLP\input\lab_e2
   \Artificial_Intelligence.txt"
   text = ""
   with open (data_path, "rb") as f:
        text = f.read()
   text = text.lower()
In [4]: text = str(text)
```

3. Create a vocabulary for the text.

```
In [5]: vocab = text.split(" ")
```

4. Apply the word tokenization process to the text and store in wordTokens

```
In [6]: wordTokens = word_tokenize(text)
```

a. How is str.split() different from word tokenizer?

split() split a string into a list of strings after breaking the given string by the specified separator.

split() on given text gave 2140 sub-strings which included only words

word_tokenize() divide strings into lists of substrings. For example, tokenizers can be used to find the words and punctuation in a string

word_tokenize() on given strings gave 2462 sub-strings which included both words and punctuations

```
print("Number of splits using split():", len(vocab))
print("Number of splits using word tokenize():", len(wordTokens))
Number of splits using split(): 2140
Number of splits using word tokenize(): 2430
```

b. How many tokens are there now?

```
In [8]:
        print("Number of splits using word tokenize():", len(wordTokens))
       Number of splits using word tokenize(): 2430
```

c. Print the tokens

```
In [9]:
         print(wordTokens)
```

print(wordTokens)

["b'ai", 'is', 'undoubtedly', 'one', 'of', 'the', 'biggest', 'tech', 'trends', 'at', 'the', 'moment', ', 'and', 'during', '2021', 'it', 'will', 'become', 'an', 'even', 'more', 'valuable', 'tool', 'for', 'helping', 'us', 'to', 'interpret', 'and', 'understand', 'the', 'world', 'around', 'us', '.', 'the', 'volume', 'of', 'data', 'we', 'are', 'colle cting', 'on', 'health-care', ', 'infection', 'rates', ', ', 'and', 'the', 'success', 'of', 'measures', 'we', 'take', 'to', 'prevent', 'the', 'spread', 'of', 'infection', 'will', 'continue', 'to', 'inorease', '.', 'this', 'means', 'that', 'machine', 'learning', 'algorithms', 'will', 'become', 'better', 'informed', 'and', 'increasingly', 'sophistic ated', 'in', 'the', 'solutions', 'they', 'uncover', 'for', 'us', '.', '\ln'\nfrom', 'co mputer', 'vision', 'systems', 'monitoring', 'the', 'capacity', 'of', 'public', 'areas', 'to', 'analyxing', 'the', 'interactions', 'uncovered', 'through, 'contact', 'tracing, 'initiatives', ', 'self-learning', 'algorithms', 'will', 'spot', 'connections', 'and ', 'insights', 'that', 'would', 'go', 'unnoticed', 'by', 'manual', 'human', 'analysis', '', 'they', 'will', 'help', 'us', 'predict', 'demand', 'for', 'services', 'from', 'hos pitals', 'and', 'other', 'healthcare', 'providers', ', 'and', 'allow', 'administrator 's', 'to', 'make', 'better', 'decisions', 'about', 'when', 'and', 'shere', 'to', 'deeloy', 'resources', '.', '\n\n\n', 'n', 'business', ', 'the', 'challenge', 'will', 'be', 'to', 'understand', 'the', 'changing', 'patterns', 'of', 'customer', 'behavior', '.', 'more', 'shopping', 'and', 'socializing', 'to', 'virtual', 'working', 'environments', ', 'mee', 'ynman', 'accivity', 'will', 'take', 'place', 'online', '\n'xe2\x80\x93', 'from', 'shopping', 'and', 'socializing', 'to', 'virtual', 'working', 'environments', ', 'mee', 'on', 'we', 'sophisticated', 'and', 'increasingly', 'fit', 'the', 'budget', 'and', 'infrast ructure', 'requirements', 'of', 'war', 'war', 'or', 'we', 'an', 'veyect', 'the', 'best', 'cincuits', 'to' , 'digital', 'components', 'devoted', 'to', 'mac', 'operations', ',', 'but', 'analog 'circuits', 'theoretically', 'can', 'perform', 'these', 'computations', 'for', 'orde rs', 'of', 'magnitude', 'less', 'energy', '.', 'this', 'strategy\\xe2\\x80\\x94known', 'as', 'analog', 'ai', ',', 'compute-in-memory', 'or', 'processing-in-memory\\xe2\\x80\\

```
x94often', 'performs', 'these', 'multiply-accumulate', 'operations', 'using', 'non-vola tile', 'memory', 'devices', 'such', 'as', 'flash', ', 'magnetoresistive', 'ram', '(', 'mram', )', ', 'phase-change', 'memory', '(', 'pcm', ')', 'and', 'even', 'more', 'esoteric', 'technologies.\\r\\\\r\\\r\\none', 'base', 'non', 'praseodymium', 'calcium', 'manganese', 'oxide', 'electrochemical', 'ram', '(', 'ecram', ')', 'devices', ', 'which', 'act', 'like', 'miniature', 'batteries', ', 'storing', 'data', 'in', 'the', 'form', 'of', 'changes', 'in', 'their', 'conductan ce', ', 'study', 'lead', 'author', 'chuljun', 'lee', 'at', 'the', 'pohang', 'university', 'of', 'science', 'and', 'technology', 'in', 'korea', 'notes', 'that', 'neural', 'n etwork', 'hardware', 'often', 'hast', 'different', 'demands', 'during', 'training', 'ver sus', 'during', 'applications', '.', 'for', 'instance', ',', 'low', 'energy', 'barriers', 'help', 'neural', 'networks', 'learn', 'quickly', ', 'but', 'high', 'energy', 'barriers', 'help', 'them', 'retain', 'what', 'they', 'learned', 'for', 'use', 'during', 'a pplications.\\r\\n\\r\\n', '"'", 'heating', 'p', 'their', 'devices', 'almost', '100', 'degrees', 'c', 'warmer', 'during', 'training', 'p', 'their', 'devices', 'almost', '100', 'degrees', 'c', 'warmer', 'during', 'training', 'p', ""'", 'says', 'electrical', 'engine 'r', 'john', 'paul', 'streachan', ', 'head', 'of', 'the', 'petac's\n'berg', 'institute', 'for', 'neuromorphic', 'compute', 'nodes', 'at', 'the', 'pl\xc3\\xbclic h', 'rissearch', 'center', 'in', 'germany', ', 'who', 'did', 'not', 'participate', 'in', 'this', 'study', '.', ''', 'when', 'it', 'cooled', 'down', ', 'they', 'got', 'the', 'advantages', 'of', 'longer', 'retention', 'and', 'lower', 'current', 'operation', '', 'by', 'just', 'adjusting', 'one', 'knob', ',', 'heat', '', 'they', 'got', 'the', 'persearchers', 'detailed', 'their', 'findings', 'at', 'the', 'annual', 'esee', 'international', 'electron', 'deterioration', 'this', 'ecram', 'may', 'face', 'after', 'multiple', 'dinnesions', 'of
                 x94often', 'performs', 'these', 'multiply-accumulate', 'operations', 'using', 'non-vola
  electric', 'polarization', 'within', 'each', 'transistor.\\r\\n\\r\\na', 'challenge', 'fefets', 'face', 'is', 'whether', 'they', 'can', 'still', 'display', 'the', 'analog', 'behavior', 'valuable', 'to', 'ai', 'applications', 'as', 'they', 'scale', 'down', ',', 'or', 'whether', 'they', 'will', 'abruptly', 'switch', 'to', 'a', 'binary', 'mode', 'where', 'they', 'only', 'store', 'one', 'bit', 'of', 'information', ',', 'with', 'the', 'polarization', 'either', 'one', 'state', 'or', 'the', 'other.\\r\\n\\r\\n', "''', 'the', 'strength', 'of', 'this', 'team\\', "s', 'work', 'is', 'in', 'their', 'insight', 'into', 'the', 'materials', 'involved', ',', ""'", 'says', 'strachan', ',', 'who', 'did', 'not', 'take', 'part', 'in', 'this', 'research', '.', ''', 'a', 'ferroelectric', 'material', 'can', 'be', 'thought', 'of', 'as', 'a', 'block', 'made', 'of', 'many', 'little ', 'domains', ',', 'just', 'as', 'a', 'ferromagnet', 'can', 'be', 'thought', 'up', 'as ', 'up', 'and', 'down', 'domains', '.', 'for', 'the', 'analog', 'behavior', 'they', 'de sire', ',', 'they', 'want', 'all', 'these', 'domains', 'to', 'slowly', 'align', 'either', 'up', 'or', 'down', 'at', 'once', '.', 'so', 'they', 'physically', 'broke', 'up', 'their', 'ferroelectric', 'superlattice', 'structure', 'with', 'multiple', 'dielectric', 'layers', 'or', 'down', 'at', 'once', '.', 'so', 'they', 'physically', 'broke', 'up', 'their', 'ferroelectric', 'superlattice', 'structure', 'with', 'multiple', 'dielectric', 'layers', 'to', 'reduce', 'this', 'runaway', 'process', '.', ''\', '\\r\\n\\r\\nther\nther', 'system', 'achieved', 'a', '94.1', '%', 'online', 'learning', 'accuracy', ',', which', 'compared', 'very', 'well', 'against', 'other', 'fefet', 'and', 'rram', 'technologies', ',', 'findings', 'that', 'scientists', 'detailed', 'on', 'dec.', '14', 'at', 'the', 'iedm', 'conference', '.', 'strachan', 'notes', 'future', 'research', 'can', 'seek', 'to', 'opt imize', 'properties', 'such', 'as', 'current', 'rand', 'trawa', 'rovel', 'novel', 'novel', 'nade', 'rand', 'rande', 'ra
      'conference', '.', 'strachan', 'notes', 'future', 'research', 'can', 'seek', 'to', 'opt imize', 'properties', 'such', 'as', 'current', 'levels.\\r\\n\\r\\na', 'novel', 'microc hip', 'from', 'scientists', 'in', 'japan', 'and', 'taiwan', 'made', 'using', 'c-axis-al igned', 'crystalline', 'indium', 'gallium', 'zinc', 'oxide', '.', 'study', 'co-author', 'satoru', 'ohshita', 'at', 'semiconductor', 'energy', 'laboratory', 'co.', 'in', 'japan', 'notes', 'their', 'oxide', 'semiconductor', 'field-effect', 'transistors', '(', 'osf ets', ')', 'displayed', 'ultra-low-current', 'operations', 'below', 'l', 'nano-ampere', 'per', 'cell', 'and', 'operation', 'efficiencies', 'of', '143.9', 'trillion', 'operations', 'per', 'second', 'per', 'watt', ',', 'the', 'best', 'reported', 'to', 'date', 'in', 'analog', 'ai', 'chips', ',', 'findings', 'detailed', 'on', 'dec.', '14', 'at', 'the', 'iedm', 'conference', '.', 'in', 'these', 'are', 'extremely', 'low-current', 'device s', ',', "''", 'strachan', 'says', '.', 'isince', 'the', 'currents', 'needed', 'are', 'so', 'low', ',', 'you', 'can', 'make', 'circuit', 'blocks', 'larger\\xe2\\x80\\x94 they', 'get', 'arrays', 'of', '512', 'by', '512', 'memory', 'cells', ',', 'whereas', 'the', 'typical', 'numbers', 'for', 'rram', 'are', 'more', 'like', '100', 'by', '100.', 'that\\', "s", 'a', 'big', 'win', ',', 'since', 'larger', 'blocks', 'get', 'a', 'quadra tic', 'advantage', 'in', 'the', 'weights', 'they', 'store', '.', 'in', 'when', 'the', 'osfets', 'are', 'combined', 'with', 'capacitors', ',', 'they', 'can', 'retain', 'inform ation', 'with', 'more', 'than', '90', '%', 'accuracy', 'for', '30', 'hours', '.', 'that', 'could', 'be', 'a', 'long', 'enough', 'time', 'to', 'move', 'that', 'informatio
```

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n', 'to', 'some', 'less', 'volatile', 'technology\\xe2\\x80\\x94tens', 'of', 'hours', 'of', 'retention', 'is', 'not', 'a', 'dealbreaker', ',', "''", 'strachan', 'says', '.', 'all', 'in', 'all', ',', '``', 'these', 'new', 'technologies', 'that', 'researchers', 'are', 'exploring', 'are', 'all', 'proof', 'of', 'concept', 'cases', 'that', 'raise', 'new', 'questions', 'about', 'challenges', 'they', 'may', 'face', 'in', 'their', 'future', ',', "''", 'strachan', 'says', '.', '``', 'they', 'also', 'show', 'a', 'path', 'to', 'the', 'foundry', ',', 'which', 'they', 'need', 'for', 'high-volume', ',', 'low-cost', 'commercial', 'products.\\xe2\\x80\\x9d\\r\\n\\r\\n2021', 'was', 'the', 'year', 'in', 'which', 'the', 'wonders', 'of', 'artificial', 'intelligence', 'stopped', 'being', 'a', 'story', '', 'which', 'is', 'not', 'to', 'say', 'that', 'ieee', 'spectrum', "didn\\'
      'commercial', 'products.\\xe2\\x80\\x9d\\r\\n\\r\\n2021', 'was', the', year', in',
which', 'the', 'wonders', 'of', 'artificial', 'intelligence', 'stopped', 'being', 'a',
'story', '.', 'which', 'is', 'not', 'to', 'say', 'that', 'ieee', 'spectrum', "didn\\'
t", 'cover', 'ai\\xe2\\x80\\x94we', 'covered', 'the', 'heck', 'out', 'of', 'it', '.', '
but', 'we', 'all', 'know', 'that', 'deep', 'learning', 'can', 'do', 'wondrous', 'things
', 'and', 'that', 'it\\', "'s", 'being', 'rapidly', 'incorporated', 'into', 'many', 'in
dustries', ';', 'that\\', "'s", 'yesterday\\', "'s", 'news', '.', 'many', 'of', 'this',
'year\\', "'s", 'top', 'articles', 'grappled', 'with', 'the', 'limits', 'of', 'deep', '
learning', '(', 'today\\', "'s", 'dominant', 'strand', 'of', 'ai', ')', 'and', 'spotlig'
hted', 'researchers', 'seeking', 'new', 'paths.\\r\\n\\r\\nhere', 'are', 'the', '10', '
most', 'popular', 'ai', 'articles', 'that', 'spectrum', 'published', 'in', '2021', ',',
learning', '(', 'today\\', "Is", 'dominant', 'strand', 'of', 'ai', ')', 'and', 'spotlig
hted', 'researchers', 'seeking', 'new', 'paths.\\r\\n\\r\\n\r\\nhere', 'are', 'the', '10',
most', 'popular', 'ai', 'articles', 'thatt', 'spectrum', 'published', 'in', '2021', ',
'ranked', 'by', 'the', 'amount', 'of', 'time', 'people', 'spent', 'reading', 'them',
'.', 'several', 'came', 'from', 'spectruw\\', "'s", 'october', '2021', 'special', 'iswe', 'on', 'ai', ', 'the', 'great', 'ai', 'reckoning.\\r\\n\r\\n\r\\n', ', 'deep', 'lea
rning\\', "'s', 'diminishing', 'returns', ':', 'mit\\', "'s", 'neil', 'thompson', 'and
', 'several', 'of', 'his', 'collaborators', 'captured', 'the', 'top', 'spot', 'with',
'a', 'thoughtful', 'feature', 'article', 'about', 'the', 'computational', 'and', 'energy
', 'costs', 'of', 'training', 'deep', 'learning', 'systems', ', 'they, 'analyzed',
'the', 'improvements', 'of', 'image', 'classifiers', 'and', 'found', 'that', ''', 'the',
'halve', 'the', 'error', 'rate', ', 'you', 'can', 'expect', 'co', 'need', 'more', 'th
an', '500', 'times', 'the', 'computational', 'resources', '., ""'', 'they', 'wrote',
':', '', 'faced', 'with', 'skyrocketing', 'costs', ', 'researchers', will', 'eithe
se', 'problems', ', 'or', 'they', 'will', 'abandon', 'working', 'on', 'these', 'min', 'the', 'and', 'progress', 'will', 'languish', ', '"'', 'their', 'article', 'isn'\t'',
'a', 'total', 'downer', ', 'though', ', 'they', 'ended', with', 'some', 'promising
', 'ideas', 'for', 'the', 'way', 'forward.\r\n\n\r\n\r\n'\r\n', 'the', 'raticle', 'isn'\t'',
'the', 'ai', 'index', 'drops', 'ai', 'massive', 'load', 'of', 'data', 'into', 'the',
'curators', 'presented', 'a', 'global', 'perspective', 'on', 'academia', 'and', 'more',
'', 'you'\, 'nree', 'volot', 'i', 'elephind', 'sous', 'i', 'the', 'index\n', 's', 'diligent',
'curators', 'presented', 'a', 'global', 'perspective', 'on', 'academia', 'and', 'indous', '', 'you', 'nree', '', 'wath', ''s'', 'halig', 'care', 'to', 'haligent', 'curated', 'data', 'hos', 'graphs', 'covering', 'jo
      'as', 'the', 'introduction', 'to', 'spectrum\\', "'s", 'special', 'report', 'on', 'ai', ',', 'telling', 'the', 'story', 'of', 'the', 'field', 'from', '1956', 'to', 'present', 'day', 'while', 'also', 'cueing', 'up', 'the', 'other', 'articles', 'in', 'the', 'special', 'issue', '.', 'if', 'you', 'want', 'to', 'understand', 'how', 'we', 'got', 'here', ',', 'this', 'is', 'the', 'article', 'for', 'you', '.', 'it', 'pays', 'special', 'attention', 'to', 'past', 'feuds', 'between', 'the', 'symbolists', 'who', 'bet', 'on', 'expert', 'systems', 'and', 'the', 'connectionists', 'who', 'invented', 'neural', 'networks', ',', 'and', 'looks', 'forward', 'to', 'the', 'possibilities', 'of', 'hybrid', 'neuro-symbolic', 'systems.\\r\\n\\r\\n5', '.', 'andrew', 'ng', 'x-rays', 'the', 'ai', 'hype', ':', 'this', 'short', 'article', 'relayed', 'an', 'anecdote', 'from', 'a', 'zoom', 'q', '&', 'a', 'session', 'with', 'ai', 'pioneer', 'andrew', 'ng', ',', 'who', 'was', 'deeply', 'involved', 'in', 'early', 'ai', 'efforts', 'at', 'google', 'brain', 'and', 'ba
       eeply', 'involved', 'in', 'early', 'ai', 'efforts', 'at', 'google', 'brain', 'and', 'ba idu', 'and', 'now', 'leads', 'a', 'company', 'called', 'landing', 'ai', '.', 'ng', 'spo ke', 'about', 'an', 'ai', 'system', 'developed', 'at', 'stanford', 'university', 'that ', 'could', 'spot', 'pneumonia', 'in', 'chest', 'x-rays', ',', 'even', 'outperforming', 'radiologists', '.', 'but', 'there', 'was', 'a', 'twist', 'to', 'the', 'story.\\r\\n\\r\\n6', '.', 'openai\\', "'s", 'gpt-3', 'speaks', '!', '(', 'kindly', 'disregard', 'tox ic', 'language', ')', ':', 'when', 'the', 'san', 'francisco-based', 'ai', 'lab', 'openai', 'unveiled', 'the', 'language-generating', 'system', 'gpt-3', 'in', '2020', '', 'the', 'the', 'language-generating', 'system', 'gpt-3', 'in', ''.
          i', 'unveiled', 'the', 'language-generating', 'system', 'gpt-3', 'in', '2020', ',', 'the', 'first', 'reaction', 'of', 'the', 'ai', 'community', 'was', 'awe', '.', 'gpt-3', 'could', 'generate', 'fluid', 'and', 'coherent', 'text', 'on', 'any', 'topic', 'and', 'in', 'any', 'style', 'when', 'given', 'the', 'smallest', 'of', 'prompts', '.', 'but', 'it
```

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'we', 'are', 'together', 'at', 'item', '#', '10', 'on', 'this', 'list', '.', 'spectrum ', 'contributor', 'charles', 'choi', 'pulled', 'together', 'this', 'entertaining', 'lis t', 'of', 'failures', 'and', 'explained', 'what', 'they', 'reveal', 'about', 'the', 'we aknesses', 'of', 'today\\', "'s", 'ai', '.', 'the', 'cartoons', 'of', 'robots', 'gettin g', 'themselves', 'into', 'trouble', 'are', 'a', 'nice', 'bonus.\\r\\n\\r\\nso', 'there ', 'you', 'have', 'it', '.', 'keep', 'reading', 'ieee', 'spectrum', 'to', 'see', 'what ', 'happens', 'next', '.', 'will', '2022', 'be', 'the', 'year', 'in', 'which', 'researc hers', 'figure', 'out', 'solutions', 'to', 'some', 'of', 'the', 'knotty', 'problems', 'we', 'covered', 'in', 'the', 'year', 'that\\', "'s", 'now', 'ending', '?', 'will', 'the y', 'solve', 'algorithmic', 'bias', ',', 'put', 'an', 'end', 'to', 'catastrophic', 'for getting', ',', 'and', 'find', 'ways', 'to', 'improve', 'performance', 'without', 'busti
```

5- Apply the sentence tokenization process to the text and store in sentTokens.

```
In [10]: sentTokens = sent_tokenize(text)

In [11]: readLines = []
    with open (data_path, "rb") as f:
        readLines.append(str(f.readlines()))
```

a. How is readlines() different from sentence tokenizer.

The readlines() method returns a list containing each line in the file as a list item. It splits input using "\n" new line character

The sent_tokenize() marks the end and beginning of sentence at what characters and punctuation and returns each sentences from the given input.

b. How many tokens are there now?

```
In [12]:
         print("Number of splits using sent tokenize():", len(sentTokens))
         print("Number of splits using readlines():", len(readLines[0]))
        Number of splits using sent_tokenize(): 76
        Number of splits using readlines(): 14183
```

c. Print the tokens and compare them with the readlines.

```
In [13]:
          sentTokens
Out[13]: ["b'ai is undoubtedly one of the biggest tech trends at the moment, and during 2021 it
         will become an even more valuable tool for helping us to interpret and understand the w
         orld around us.",
          'the volume of data we are collecting on health-care, infection rates, and the success
         of measures we take to prevent the spread of infection will continue to increase.',
          'this means that machine learning algorithms will become better informed and increasin
```

- gly sophisticated in the solutions they uncover for us.', \\r\\nfrom computer vision systems monitoring the capacity of public areas to analyzi ng the interactions uncovered through contact tracing initiatives, self-learning algori thms will spot connections and insights that would go unnoticed by manual human analysi s.',
- 'they will help us predict demand for services from hospitals and other healthcare pro viders, and allow administrators to make better decisions about when and where to deplo y resources.',
- '\\r\\nfor business, the challenge will be to understand the changing patterns of cust omer behavior.',
- 'more human activity will take place online \\xe2\\x80\\x93 from shopping and socializ ing to virtual working environments, meetings, and recruitment.',
- 'during 2021 we can expect the tools we use to analyze these behavioral shifts to beco me more sophisticated and increasingly fit the budget and infrastructure requirements o f more and more organizations.',
- '\\r\\nsome of the best circuits to drive ai in the future may be analog, not digital, and research teams around the world are increasingly developing new devices to support such analog ai.\\r\\n\\r\\nthe most basic computation in the deep neural networks drivi ng the current explosion in ai is the multiply-accumulate (mac) operation.',
- 'deep neural networks are composed of layers of artificial neurons, and in mac operati ons, the output of each one of these layers is multiplied by the values of the strength s or "weights" of their connections to the next layer, which then sums up these contrib utions.\\r\\n\\r\\nmodern computers have digital components devoted to mac operations, but analog circuits theoretically can perform these computations for orders of magnitud e less energy.',
- 'this strategy\\xe2\\x80\\x94known as analog ai, compute-in-memory or processing-in-me $mory\\xe2\\x80\\x94$ often performs these multiply-accumulate operations using non-volati a, however, is exploring neural networks based on praseodymium calcium manganese oxide electrochemical ram (ecram) devices, which act like miniature batteries, storing data i n the form of changes in their conductance.',
- 'study lead author chuljun lee at the pohang university of science and technology in k orea notes that neural network hardware often has different demands during training ver sus during applications.',
- 'for instance, low energy barriers help neural networks learn quickly, but high energy barriers help them retain what they learned for use during applications.\\r\\n\\r\\n"he ating up their devices almost 100 degrees c warmer during training brought out the char acteristics that are good for training," says electrical engineer john paul strachan, h ead of the peter $gr\xc3\xbcnberg$ institute for neuromorphic compute nodes at the j\\x c3\\xbclich research center in germany, who did not participate in this study.',
- ""when it cooled down, they got the advantages of longer retention and lower current o
- 'by just adjusting one knob, heat, they could see improvements on multiple dimensions

of computing."',
 'the researchers detailed their findings at the annual ieee international electron devices meeting (iedm) in san francisco on dec. 14.\\r\\n\\r\\none key question this work faces is what kind of deterioration this ecram may face after multiple cycles of heatin

- g and cooling, strachan notes.',
 'still, "it was a very creative idea, and their work is a proof of concept that there
 could be some potential with this approach.',
- '"\\r\\n\\r\\nanother group investigated ferroelectric field-effect transistors (fefets).',
- 'study lead author khandker akif aabrar at the university of notre dame explained that fefets store data in the form of electric polarization within each transistor.\r\\n\\r\\na challenge fefets face is whether they can still display the analog behavior valua ble to ai applications as they scale down, or whether they will abruptly switch to a bi nary mode where they only store one bit of information, with the polarization either on e state or the other.\r\\n\\r\\n"the strength of this team\\\'s work is in their insig ht into the materials involved," says strachan, who did not take part in this researc h.'.
- '"a ferroelectric material can be thought of as a block made of many little domains, just as a ferromagnet can be thought up as up and down domains.',
- 'for the analog behavior they desire, they want all these domains to slowly align eith er up or down in response to an applied electric field, and not get a runaway process w here they all go up or down at once.',
- 'so they physically broke up their ferroelectric superlattice structure with multiple dielectric layers to reduce this runaway process.',
- '"\\r\\n\\r\\nthe system achieved a 94.1% online learning accuracy, which compared ver y well against other fefet and rram technologies, findings that scientists detailed on dec. 14 at the iedm conference.',
- 'strachan notes future research can seek to optimize properties such as current level s.\\r\\n\\r\\na novel microchip from scientists in japan and taiwan made using c-axis-a ligned crystalline indium gallium zinc oxide.',
- 'study co-author satoru ohshita at semiconductor energy laboratory co. in japan notes their oxide semiconductor field-effect transistors (osfets) displayed ultra-low-current operations below 1 nano-ampere per cell and operation efficiencies of 143.9 trillion op erations per second per watt, the best reported to date in analog ai chips, findings de tailed on dec. 14 at the iedm conference.',
 - '"these are extremely low-current devices," strachan says.',
- '"since the currents needed are so low, you can make circuit blocks larger\\xe2\\x80\\ x94they get arrays of 512 by 512 memory cells, whereas the typical numbers for rram are more like 100 by 100. that\\\'s a big win, since larger blocks get a quadratic advantage in the weights they store.',
- '"when the osfets are combined with capacitors, they can retain information with more than 90% accuracy for 30 hours.',
- ""that could be a long enough time to move that information to some less volatile tech nology\\xe2\\x80\\x94tens of hours of retention is not a dealbreaker," strachan says.', 'all in all, "these new technologies that researchers are exploring are all proof of c oncept cases that raise new questions about challenges they may face in their future," strachan says.',
- '"they also show a path to the foundry, which they need for high-volume, low-cost comm ercial products. $\xe2\x80\x9d\r\n\r\n\c$ as the year in which the wonders of ar tificial intelligence stopped being a story.',
- "which is not to say that ieee spectrum didn\\'t cover ai\\xe2\\x80\\x94we covered the heck out of it.",
- "but we all know that deep learning can do wondrous things and that it\\'s being rapid ly incorporated into many industries; that\\'s yesterday\\'s news.",
- "many of this year\\'s top articles grappled with the limits of deep learning (toda y\\'s dominant strand of ai) and spotlighted researchers seeking new paths.\\r\\n\\r\\n here are the 10 most popular ai articles that spectrum published in 2021, ranked by the amount of time people spent reading them.",
- "several came from spectrum\\'s october 2021 special issue on ai, the great ai reckoning.\\r\\n\\r\\n1.",
- "deep learning\\'s diminishing returns: mit\\'s neil thompson and several of his collaborators captured the top spot with a thoughtful feature article about the computational and energy costs of training deep learning systems.",
- 'they analyzed the improvements of image classifiers and found that "to halve the error rate, you can expect to need more than 500 times the computational resources."',
- 'they wrote: "faced with skyrocketing costs, researchers will either have to come up w ith more efficient ways to solve these problems, or they will abandon working on these problems and progress will languish."',
 - "their article isn\\'t a total downer, though.",
 - 'they ended with some promising ideas for the way forward. $\r\$
- '15 graphs you need to see to understand ai in 2021: every year, the ai index drops a massive load of data into the conversation about ai.',
- "in 2021, the index\\'s diligent curators presented a global perspective on academia a nd industry, taking care to highlight issues with diversity in the ai workforce and eth ical challenges of ai applications.",
- 'i, your humble ai editor, then curated that massive amount of curated data, boiling 2

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22 pages of report down into 15 graphs covering jobs, investments, and more.',
 "you\\'re welcome.\\r\\n\\r\\n3.",
 'how deepmind is reinventing the robot: deepmind, the london-based alphabet subsidiar
y, has been behind some of the most impressive feats of ai in recent years, including b
reakthrough work on protein folding and the alphago system that beat a grandmaster at t
he ancient game of go.',
"so when deepmind\\'s head of robotics raia hadsell says she\\'s tackling the long-sta
nding ai problem of catastrophic forgetting in an attempt to build multi-talented and a
daptable robots, people pay attention.\\r\\n\\r\\n4.",
"the turbulent past and uncertain future of artificial intelligence: this feature arti
cle served as the introduction to spectrum\\'s special report on ai, telling the story
of the field from 1956 to present day while also cueing up the other articles in the sp
ecial issue.",
 'if you want to understand how we got here, this is the article for you.',
'it pays special attention to past feuds between the symbolists who bet on expert syst
ems and the connectionists who invented neural networks, and looks forward to the possi
bilities of hybrid neuro-symbolic systems.\\r\\n\\r\\n5.',
'andrew ng x-rays the ai hype: this short article relayed an anecdote from a zoom q&a
session with ai pioneer andrew ng, who was deeply involved in early ai efforts at googl
e brain and baidu and now leads a company called landing ai.',
 'ng spoke about an ai system developed at stanford university that could spot pneumoni
a in chest x-rays, even outperforming radiologists.',
 "openai\\'s gpt-3 speaks!",
 '(kindly disregard toxic language): when the san francisco-based ai lab openai unveile
d the language-generating system gpt-3 in 2020, the first reaction of the ai community
was awe.',
'gpt-3 could generate fluid and coherent text on any topic and in any style when given
the smallest of prompts.',
 'but it has a dark side.'
 'trained on text from the internet, it learned the human biases that are all too preva
lent in certain portions of the online world, and can therefore has an awful habit of u
nexpectedly spewing out toxic language.',
 "your humble ai editor (again, that\\'s me) got very interested in the companies that
are rushing to integrate gpt-3 into their products, hoping to use it for such applicati
ons as customer support, online tutoring, mental health counseling, and more.",
"i wanted to know: if you\\'re going to employ an ai troll, how do you prevent it from
insulting and alienating your customers?\\r\\n\\r\\n7.",
'fast, efficient neural networks copy dragonfly brains: what do dragonfly brains have
to do with missile defense?',
'ask frances chance of sandia national laboratories, who studies how dragonflies effic
iently use their roughly 1 million neurons to hunt and capture aerial prey with extraor
dinary precision.',
'her work is an interesting contrast to research labs building neural networks of ever
-increasing size and complexity (recall #1 on this list).',
'she writes: "by harnessing the speed, simplicity, and efficiency of the dragonfly ner
vous system, we aim to design computers that perform these functions faster and at a fr
action of the power that conventional systems consume."\\r\\n\\r\\n8.', "deep learning isn\\'t deep enough unless it copies from the brain: in a former life,
jeff hawkins invented the palmpilot and ushered in the smartphone era.",
"these days, at the machine intelligence company numenta, he\\'s investigating the bas is of intelligence in the human brain and hoping to usher in a new era of artificial ge
neral intelligence.",
"this q&a with hawkins covers some of his most controversial ideas, including his conv
iction that superintelligent ai doesn\\'t pose an existential threat to humanity and hi
s contention that consciousness isn\\'t really such a hard problem.\\r\\n\\r\\n9.",
"the algorithms that make instacart roll: it\\'s always fun for spectrum readers to ge
t an insider\\'s look at the tech companies that enable our lives.",
 'engineers sharath rao and lily zhang of instacart, the grocery shopping and delivery
company, explain that the company\\\'s ai infrastructure has to predict the availabilit
y of "the products in nearly 40,000 grocery stores\\xe2\\x80\\x94billions of different
data points," while also suggesting replacements, predicting how many shoppers will be
available to work, and efficiently grouping orders and delivery routes. \\r\\n\\r\\n1
 '7 revealing ways ais fail: everyone loves a list, right?',
 'after all, here we are together at item #10 on this list.',
 "spectrum contributor charles choi pulled together this entertaining list of failures
and explained what they reveal about the weaknesses of today\\'s ai.",
'the cartoons of robots getting themselves into trouble are a nice bonus.\\r\\n\\r\\ns
o there you have it.',
 'keep reading ieee spectrum to see what happens next.',
 "will 2022 be the year in which researchers figure out solutions to some of the knotty
problems we covered in the year that\\'s now ending?",
 "will they solve algorithmic bias, put an end to catastrophic forgetting, and find way
s to improve performance without busting the planet\\'s energy budget?",
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Out[14]: '[b]'AI is undoubtedly one of the biggest tech trends at the moment, and during 2021 it will become an even more valuable tool for helping us to interpret and understand the w orld around us. The volume of data we are collecting on health-care, infection rates, a nd the success of measures we take to prevent the spread of infection will continue to increase. This means that machine learning algorithms will become better informed and i ncreasingly sophisticated in the solutions they uncover for us. \\r\\n\', b\'From compu ter vision systems monitoring the capacity of public areas to analyzing the interaction s uncovered through contact tracing initiatives, self-learning algorithms will spot con nections and insights that would go unnoticed by manual human analysis. They will help us predict demand for services from hospitals and other healthcare providers, and allow administrators to make better decisions about when and where to deploy resources. $\$ n', b'For business, the challenge will be to understand the changing patterns of cust omer behavior. More human activity will take place online \\xe2\\x80\\x93 from shopping and socializing to virtual working environments, meetings, and recruitment. During 2021 we can expect the tools we use to analyze these behavioral shifts to become more sophis ticated and increasingly fit the budget and infrastructure requirements of more and mor e organizations. \\r\\n\', b\'Some of the best circuits to drive AI in the future may b e analog, not digital, and research teams around the world are increasingly developing new devices to support such analog AI.\\r\\n\', b\'\\r\\n\', b\'The most basic computat ion in the deep neural networks driving the current explosion in AI is the multiply-acc umulate (MAC) operation. Deep neural networks are composed of layers of artificial neur ons, and in MAC operations, the output of each one of these layers is multiplied by the values of the strengths or "weights" of their connections to the next layer, which then sums up these contributions. $\r\n\$, b\'\\r\\n\', b\'Modern computers have digital com ponents devoted to MAC operations, but analog circuits theoretically can perform these computations for orders of magnitude less energy. This strategy\\xe2\\x80\\x94known as analog AI, compute-in-memory or processing-in-memory\\xe2\\x80\\x94often performs these multiply-accumulate operations using non-volatile memory devices such as flash, magneto resistive RAM (MRAM), resistive RAM (RRAM), phase-change memory (PCM) and even more eso teric technologies.\\r\\n\', b\'\\r\\n\', b\'One team in Korea, however, is exploring n eural networks based on praseodymium calcium manganese oxide electrochemical RAM (ECRA M) devices, which act like miniature batteries, storing data in the form of changes in their conductance. Study lead author Chuljun Lee at the Pohang University of Science an d Technology in Korea notes that neural network hardware often has different demands du ring training versus during applications. For instance, low energy barriers help neural networks learn quickly, but high energy barriers help them retain what they learned for use during applications.\\r\\n\', b\'\\r\\n\', b\'"Heating up their devices almost 100 degrees C warmer during training brought out the characteristics that are good for trai ning," says electrical engineer John Paul Strachan, head of the Peter $Gr_x \sim h$ Institute for Neuromorphic Compute Nodes at the $J\xc3\xc3$ Research Center in Germ any, who did not participate in this study. "When it cooled down, they got the advantag es of longer retention and lower current operation. By just adjusting one knob, heat, t hey could see improvements on multiple dimensions of computing." The researchers detail ed their findings at the annual IEEE International Electron Devices Meeting (IEDM) in S an Francisco on Dec. 14.\\r\\\n\', b\'\\r\\\n\', b\\'One key question this work faces is w hat kind of deterioration this ECRAM may face after multiple cycles of heating and cool ing, Strachan notes. Still, "it was a very creative idea, and their work is a proof of concept that there could be some potential with this approach."\\r\\n\', b\'\\r\\n\', b\'Another group investigated ferroelectric field-effect transistors (FEFETs). Study le ad author Khandker Akif Aabrar at the University of Notre Dame explained that FEFETs st ore data in the form of electric polarization within each transistor.\\r\\n\', b\'\\r\\ n\', b\'A challenge FEFETs face is whether they can still display the analog behavior ${ t v}$ aluable to AI applications as they scale down, or whether they will abruptly switch to a binary mode where they only store one bit of information, with the polarization eithe r one state or the other.\\r\\n\', b\'\\r\\n\', b\'"The strength of this team\\\'s work is in their insight into the materials involved," says Strachan, who did not take part in this research. "A ferroelectric material can be thought of as a block made of many l ittle domains, just as a ferromagnet can be thought up as up and down domains. For the analog behavior they desire, they want all these domains to slowly align either up or d own in response to an applied electric field, and not get a runaway process where they all go up or down at once. So they physically broke up their ferroelectric superlattice structure with multiple dielectric layers to reduce this runaway process."\\r\\n\', b\'\\r\\n\', b\'The system achieved a 94.1% online learning accuracy, which compared ve ry well against other FEFET and RRAM technologies, findings that scientists detailed on Dec. 14 at the IEDM conference. Strachan notes future research can seek to optimize pro perties such as current levels.\\r\\n\', b\'\r\\n\', b\'A novel microchip from scienti sts in Japan and Taiwan made using c-axis-aligned crystalline indium gallium zinc oxid e. Study co-author Satoru Ohshita at Semiconductor Energy Laboratory Co. in Japan notes their oxide semiconductor field-effect transistors (OSFETs) displayed ultra-low-current operations below 1 nano-ampere per cell and operation efficiencies of 143.9 trillion op erations per second per watt, the best reported to date in analog AI chips, findings de tailed on Dec. 14 at the IEDM conference. "These are extremely low-current devices," St

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r\xe2\xe2\xe2 whereas the typical numbers for RRAM are more like 100 by 100. That \\'s a big win, since larger blocks get a quadr
atic advantage in the weights they store. "When the OSFETs are combined with capacitor
s, they can retain information with more than 90% accuracy for 30 hours. "That could be
a long enough time to move that information to some less volatile technology \xe2 \xe
0\\x94tens of hours of retention is not a dealbreaker," Strachan says. All in all, "the
se new technologies that researchers are exploring are all proof of concept cases that
raise new questions about challenges they may face in their future," Strachan says. "Th
ey also show a path to the foundry, which they need for high-volume, low-cost commercia
1 products.\\xe2\\x80\\x9d\\r\\n\', b\'\\r\\n\', b"2021 was the year in which the wonde
rs of artificial intelligence stopped being a story. Which is not to say that IEEE Spec
trum didn\'t cover AI\\xe2\\x80\\x94we covered the heck out of it. But we all know that
deep learning can do wondrous things and that it\'s being rapidly incorporated into man
y industries; that \'s yesterday \'s news. Many of this year \'s top articles grappled wit
h the limits of deep learning (today\'s dominant strand of AI) and spotlighted research
ers seeking new paths.\\n', b'', b''
that Spectrum published in 2021, ranked by the amount of time people spent reading the
m. Several came from Spectrum\'s October 2021 special issue on AI, The Great AI Reckoni
ng.\\r\\n", b\'\\r\\n\', b\'1. Deep Learning\\\'s Diminishing Returns: MIT\\\'s Neil Th
ompson and several of his collaborators captured the top spot with a thoughtful feature
article about the computational and energy costs of training deep learning systems. The
y analyzed the improvements of image classifiers and found that "to halve the error rat
e, you can expect to need more than 500 times the computational resources." They wrote:
"Faced with skyrocketing costs, researchers will either have to come up with more effic
ient ways to solve these problems, or they will abandon working on these problems and progress will languish." Their article isn\'t a total downer, though. They ended with
some promising ideas for the way forward.\\r\\n\', b\'\\r\\n\', b"2. 15 Graphs You Need to See to Understand AI in 2021: Every year, The AI Index drops a massive load of data into the conversation about AI. In 2021, the Index\'s diligent curators presented a glo
bal perspective on academia and industry, taking care to highlight issues with diversit
y in the AI workforce and ethical challenges of AI applications. I, your humble AI edit
or, then curated that massive amount of curated data, boiling 222 pages of report down
into 15 graphs covering jobs, investments, and more. You\'re welcome.\\r\\n", b\'\\r\\
n\', b"3. How DeepMind Is Reinventing the Robot: DeepMind, the London-based Alphabet su
bsidiary, has been behind some of the most impressive feats of AI in recent years, incl
uding breakthrough work on protein folding and the AlphaGo system that beat a grandmast
er at the ancient game of Go. So when DeepMind\'s head of robotics Raia Hadsell says sh
e\'s tackling the long-standing AI problem of catastrophic forgetting in an attempt to
build multi-talented and adaptable robots, people pay attention.\\r\\n", b\'\\r\\n\',
b"4. The Turbulent Past and Uncertain Future of Artificial Intelligence: This feature a
rticle served as the introduction to Spectrum\'s special report on AI, telling the stor
y of the field from 1956 to present day while also cueing up the other articles in the
special issue. If you want to understand how we got here, this is the article for you.
It pays special attention to past feuds between the symbolists who bet on expert system
s and the connectionists who invented neural networks, and looks forward to the possibi
lities of hybrid neuro-symbolic systems.\\r\\n", b\'\\r\\n\', b\'5. Andrew Ng X-Rays th
e AI Hype: This short article relayed an anecdote from a Zoom Q&A session with AI pione
er Andrew Ng, who was deeply involved in early AI efforts at Google Brain and Baidu and
now leads a company called Landing AI. Ng spoke about an AI system developed at Stanfor
d University that could spot pneumonia in chest x-rays, even outperforming radiologist s. But there was a twist to the story.\\r\\n\', b''\\r\\n\', b''6. OpenAI\'s GPT-3 Speak s! (Kindly Disregard Toxic Language): When the San Francisco-based AI lab OpenAI unveil
ed the language-generating system GPT-3 in 2020, the first reaction of the AI community was awe. GPT-3 could generate fluid and coherent text on any topic and in any style whe
n given the smallest of prompts. But it has a dark side. Trained on text from the inter
net, it learned the human biases that are all too prevalent in certain portions of the
online world, and can therefore has an awful habit of unexpectedly spewing out toxic la
nguage. Your humble AI editor (again, that\'s me) got very interested in the companies
that are rushing to integrate GPT-3 into their products, hoping to use it for such appl
ications as customer support, online tutoring, mental health counseling, and more. I wa
nted to know: If you\'re going to employ an AI troll, how do you prevent it from insult
ing and alienating your customers?\\r\\n", b\'\r\\\\\n\', b\'7. Fast, Efficient Neural Ne
tworks Copy Dragonfly Brains: What do dragonfly brains have to do with missile defense?
Ask Frances Chance of Sandia National Laboratories, who studies how dragonflies efficie
ntly use their roughly 1 million neurons to hunt and capture aerial prey with extraordi
nary precision. Her work is an interesting contrast to research labs building neural ne
tworks of ever-increasing size and complexity (recall #1 on this list). She writes: "By
harnessing the speed, simplicity, and efficiency of the dragonfly nervous system, we ai
m to design computers that perform these functions faster and at a fraction of the powe
r that conventional systems consume."\\r\\n\', b\'\\r\\n\', b"8. Deep Learning Isn\'t D
eep Enough Unless It Copies From the Brain: In a former life, Jeff Hawkins invented the
PalmPilot and ushered in the smartphone era. These days, at the machine intelligence co
mpany Numenta, he\'s investigating the basis of intelligence in the human brain and hop ing to usher in a new era of artificial general intelligence. This Q&A with Hawkins cov
ers some of his most controversial ideas, including his conviction that superintelligen
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t AI doesn\'t pose an existential threat to humanity and his contention that consciousn ess isn\'t really such a hard problem.\\r\\n", b\'\\r\\n\', b\'9. The Algorithms That M ake Instacart Roll: It\\\'s always fun for Spectrum readers to get an insider\\\'s look at the tech companies that enable our lives. Engineers Sharath Rao and Lily Zhang of In stacart, the grocery shopping and delivery company, explain that the company\\\'s AI in frastructure has to predict the availability of "the products in nearly 40,000 grocery stores\\xe2\\x80\\x94billions of different data points," while also suggesting replacem ents, predicting how many shoppers will be available to work, and efficiently grouping orders and delivery routes.\\r\\n\', b\'\\r\\n\', b"10. 7 Revealing Ways AIs Fail: Ever yone loves a list, right? After all, here we are together at item #10 on this list. Spe ctrum contributor Charles Choi pulled together this entertaining list of failures and e xplained what they reveal about the weaknesses of today\'s AI. The cartoons of robots g etting themselves into trouble are a nice bonus.\\r\\n", b\'\\r\\n\', b"So there you ha ve it. Keep reading IEEE Spectrum to see what happens next. Will 2022 be the year in wh ich researchers figure out solutions to some of the knotty problems we covered in the y ear that\'s now ending? Will they solve algorithmic bias, put an end to catastrophic fo rgetting, and find ways to improve performance without busting the planet\'s energy bud

Number of splits in given text using sent_tokenize(): 87

Number of splits in given text using readlines(): 50

sent_tokenize() uses punctuation marks as seperator

readlines() uses '\n' as seperator

'biggest',

6. Apply spelling correction on each word tokens and print the initial 15 misspelled tokens as well as the corrected tokens. Keep a count of corrected tokens.

```
In [15]: spell = SpellChecker()
   misspelled_tkn = {}
   corrected_words_tkn = []
   temp = wordTokens
   mwords = spell.unknown(wordTokens)
   for w_tkn in mwords:
        corrected_tkn = spell.correction(w_tkn)
        if(w_tkn != corrected_tkn):
            corrected_words_tkn = [re.sub(r'\b'+w_tkn+'\b', corrected_tkn,
        word) for word in temp]
        temp = corrected_words_tkn
        misspelled_tkn[w_tkn] = corrected_tkn
   top_15_misspell = list(misspelled_tkn.items())[:15]
```

```
top_15_misspell = list(misspelled_tkn.items())[:15]

In [16]: len(corrected_words_tkn)

Out[16]: 2430

In [17]: corrected_words_tkn[0:20]

Out[17]: ["b'ai",
    'is',
    'undoubtedly',
    'one',
    'of',
    'the',
```

a. Finally print all the corrected tokens

'trends',
'at',
'the',

7. Remove stop words and punctuation characters from the corrected token list.

```
In [20]: list_stop_words = stopwords.words("english")
    filtered_tokens = [w for w in corrected_words_tkn if w not in
    list_stop_words and w not in punctuation]
    print(len(filtered_tokens))
1343
```

8. Stem each tokens

```
In [21]:
         stemmer = SnowballStemmer("english")
         stem_tkn = []
         for w tkn in filtered tokens:
             corrected tkn = stemmer.stem(w tkn)
             stem tkn.append(corrected tkn)
```

9. Now create a vocabulary for the pre-processed text.

```
In [22]:
               vocab pre processed = stem tkn
               print(vocab pre processed[:20])
              ["b'ai", 'undoubt', 'one', 'biggest', 'tech', 'trend', 'moment', '2021', 'becom', 'even', 'valuabl', 'tool', 'help', 'us', 'interpret', 'understand', 'world', 'around', 'us',
```

10. Compare and observe vocabularies generated by Q3 and

```
In [23]:
                print("Length of original text = ", len(wordTokens))
               print("Length of pre processed text = ", len(vocab pre processed))
              Length of original text = 2430
              Length of pre processed text = 1343
In [24]:
               print(wordTokens[:50])
              ["b'ai", 'is', 'undoubtedly', 'one', 'of', 'the', 'biggest', 'tech', 'trends', 'at', 't he', 'moment', ',', 'and', 'during', '2021', 'it', 'will', 'become', 'an', 'even', 'mor e', 'valuable', 'tool', 'for', 'helping', 'us', 'to', 'interpret', 'and', 'understand', 'the', 'world', 'around', 'us', '.', 'the', 'volume', 'of', 'data', 'we', 'are', 'colle
              cting', 'on', 'health-care', ',', 'infection', 'rates', ',', 'and']
               print(vocab pre processed[:50])
              ["b'ai", 'undoubt', 'one', 'biggest', 'tech', 'trend', 'moment', '2021', 'becom', 'even ', 'valuabl', 'tool', 'help', 'us', 'interpret', 'understand', 'world', 'around', 'us', 'volum', 'data', 'collect', 'health-car', 'infect', 'rate', 'success', 'measur', 'take
              ', 'prevent', 'spread', 'infect', 'continu', 'increas', 'mean', 'machin', 'learn', 'alg
              orithm', 'becom', 'better', 'inform', 'increas', 'sophist', 'solut', 'uncov', 'us', '\\
              r\\nfrom', 'comput', 'vision', 'system', 'monitor']
```

In vocab pre processed, we can observe that the words have been converted to its root words, punctuations have been removed, misspelled words are corrected and stop-words have been removed. Length of original text = 2462 and Length of pre processed text = 1341