

## Lesson 18 — Expected value

### Problem 1

A fair die is thrown once, and your monetary gain from betting on each outcome (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6) are as follows:

Outcome:	1	2	3	4	5	6
How much you win or lose:	-\$1	-\$1	-\$1	\$1	\$2	-\$1

Would you play this game? Why or why not?

### Problem 2

A fair coin is tossed twice. You gain \$2 if both are heads. You lose \$1 otherwise.

Would you play this game? Why or why not?

### Problem 3

Suppose that you roll a single die. If an odd number (1, 3, or 5) comes up, you win the amount of your roll (\$1, \$3, or \$5, respectively). If an even number (2, 4, or 6) comes up, you have to pay the house the amount of your roll (\$2, \$4, or \$6, respectively)

- (a) Find the expected payoff for this game.
- (b) Is this a fair game? Explain.

### Problem 4

On an American roulette wheel, there are 38 numbers: 00, 0, 1, 2, 3,  $\dots$ , 35, 36. If you bet  $\$N$  on any one number—say, for example, on 10—you win  $\$36N$  if 10 comes up (i.e., you get  $\$37N$  back—your original bet plus your  $\$36N$  profit); if any other number comes up, you lose your  $\$N$  bet. Find the expected payoff of a \$1 bet on 10 (or any other number).

### Problem 5

Suppose that you roll a pair of honest dice. If you roll a total of 7, you win \$18; if you roll a total of 11, you win \$54; if you roll any other total, you lose \$9. Find the expected payoff for this game.

### Problem 6

A box contains twenty \$1 bills, ten \$5 bills, five \$10 bills, four \$20 bills, and one \$100 bill. You blindly reach into the box and draw a bill at random. What is the expected value of your draw?