# Spring Cloud Netflix Ribbon深度解析

# Ribbon简介

```
@Bean
@LoadBalanced
public RestTemplate restTemplate() { return new RestTemplate(); }
```

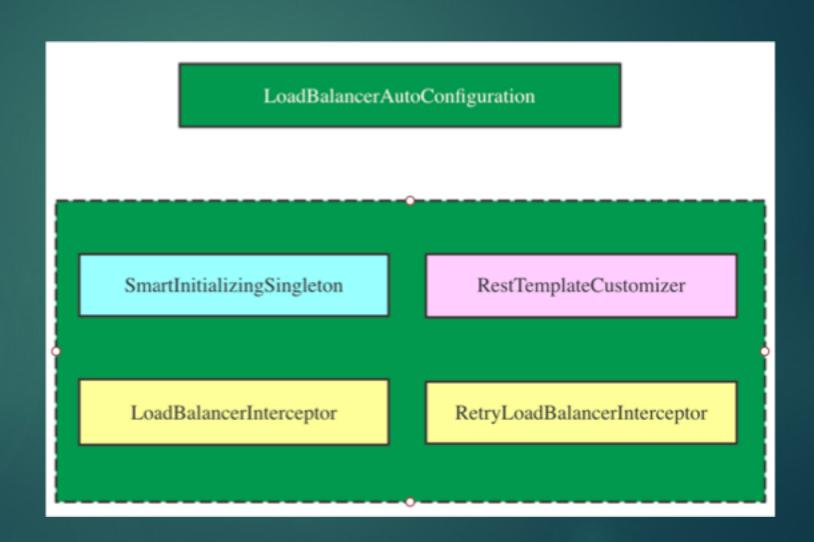
# Ribbon简介



▶ Ribbon相关配置的初始化: META-INF/spring.factories

```
# AutoConfiguration
org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.EnableAutoConfiguration=\
org.springframework.cloud.client.CommonsClientAutoConfiguration,\
org.springframework.cloud.client.discovery.composite.CompositeDiscoveryClientAutoConfiguration,\
org.springframework.cloud.client.discovery.noop.NoopDiscoveryClientAutoConfiguration,\
org.springframework.cloud.client.discovery.simple.SimpleDiscoveryClientAutoConfiguration,\
org.springframework.cloud.client.hypermedia.CloudHypermediaAutoConfiguration,\
og.springframework.cloud.client.loadbalancer.AsyncLoadBalancerAutoConfiguration,\
org.springframework.cloud.client.loadbalancer.LoadBalancerAutoConfiguration,\
org.springframework.cloud.client.loadbalancer.reactive.ReactiveLoadBalancerAutoConfiguration,\
org.springframework.cloud.client.serviceregistry.ServiceRegistryAutoConfiguration,\
org.springframework.cloud.commons.httpclient.HttpClientConfiguration,\
org.springframework.cloud.commons.util.UtilAutoConfiguration,\
org.springframework.cloud.client.serviceregistry.AutoServiceRegistrationAutoConfiguration
# Environment Post Processors
org.springframework.boot.env.EnvironmentPostProcessor=\
org.springframework.cloud.client.HostInfoEnvironmentPostProcessor
```

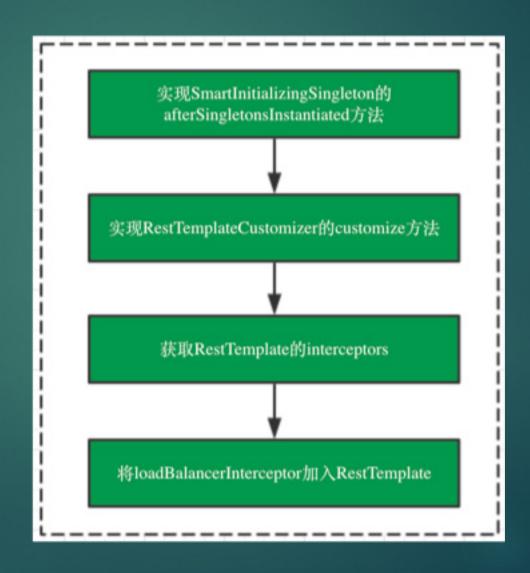
▶ Ribbon自动配置文件



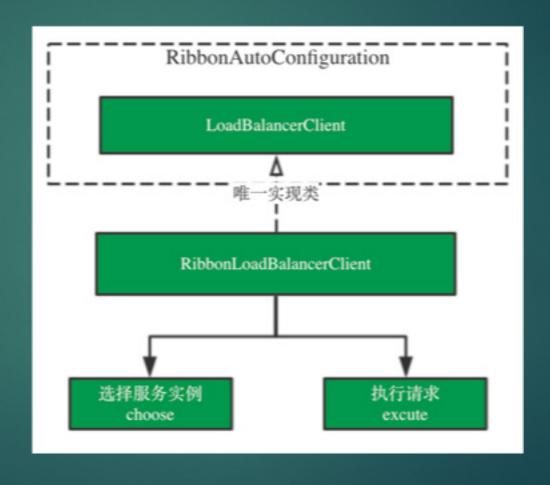
▶ RestTemplate的收集

```
@LoadBalanced
@Autowired(required = false)
private List<RestTemplate> restTemplates = Collections.emptyList();
```

- ▶ 向RestTemplate中加入Ribbon拦截器
- ► LoadBalancerInter ceptor还是
  RetryLoadBalance rInterceptor



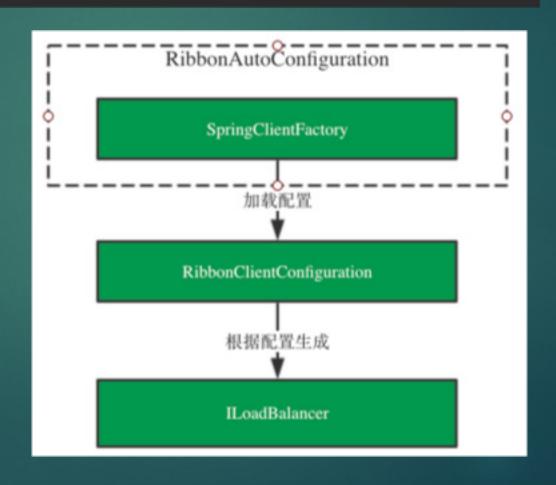
► 在构造 LoadBalancerInterce ptor拦截器时需要传入 LoadBalancerClient。 它是真正完成客户端负 载均衡的接口。



# Ribbon负载均衡行为定义

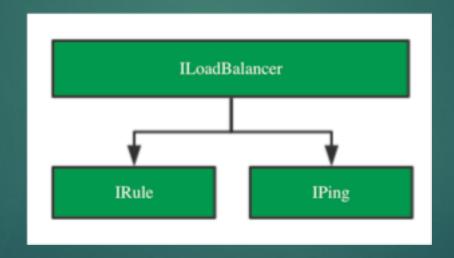
public RibbonLoadBalancerClient(SpringClientFactory clientFactory) {
 this.clientFactory = clientFactory;
}

- ► LoadBalancerClient的 构造器以 SpringClientFactory为 入参
- ▶ 通过 RibbonClientConfigur ation获取我们在yml配 置文件中的配置,来构造 SpringClientFactory并 生成ILoadBalancer



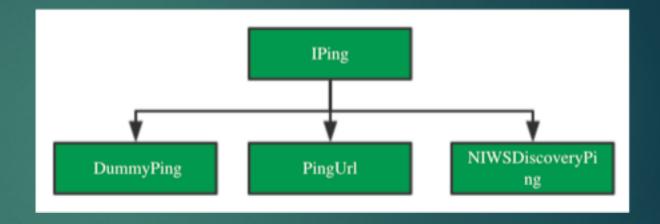
# Ribbon负载均衡行为定义

- ▶ ILoadBalancer——定义客户端负载行为。
- ▶ LoadBalancerClient通过ILoadBalancer来选择服务实例

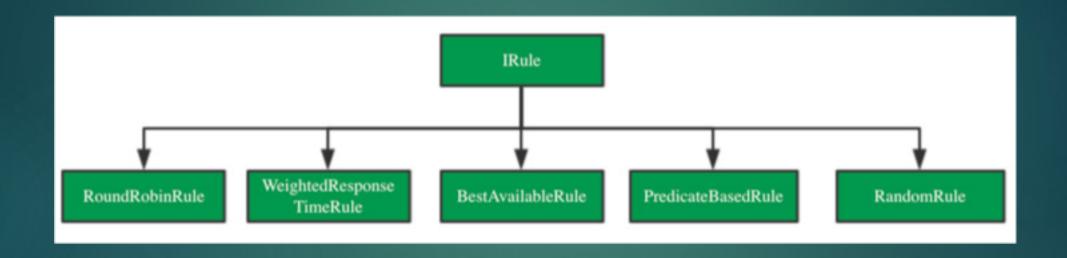


# Ribbon负载均衡行为定义-IPing

- ▶ DummyPing:直接返回true
- PingUrl: realPing
- ▶ NIWSDiscoveryPing: 从 discovery比如eureka里面获 取实例的状态,不是真的ping



# Ribbon负载均衡行为定义-IRule



# Ribbon的负载均衡策略-加权轮训

| 服务实例           | А   | В    | С     | D     |
|----------------|-----|------|-------|-------|
| 响应时间(Rt)       | 1s  | 2s   | 2s    | 5s    |
| 权重Wt(totle-Rt) | 9   | 8    | 8     | 5     |
| 权重累计Wtsofar    | 9   | 17   | 25    | 30    |
| 区间             | 0~9 | 9~17 | 17~25 | 25~30 |

# Ribbon的负载均衡策略-自定义策略

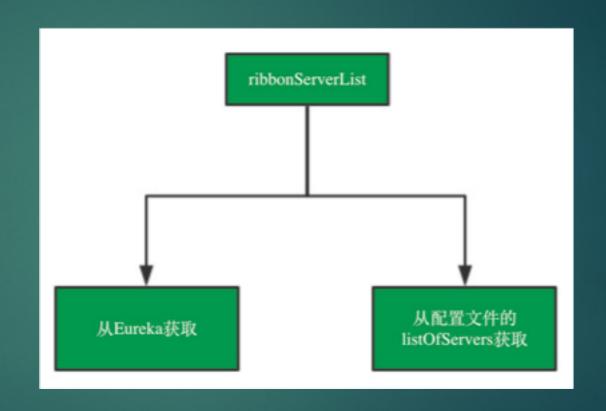
- ▶ 我们自定义的类是 可以通过父类拿到 服务列表的
- ► 然后可以根据自己 的需求实现负载均 衡算法



```
provider-user:
    ribbon:
    NFLoadBalancerRuleClassName: com.**.CustomRule
```

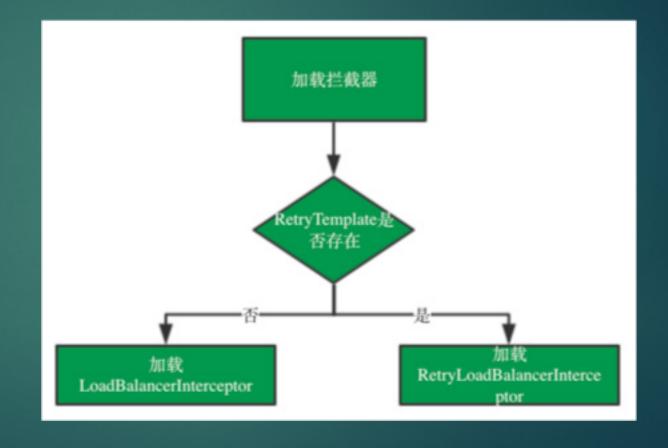
#### Ribbon服务列表的获取

- ▶ 服务列表的获取
- ▶ @ConditionalOnRibb onAndEurekaEnabled 如果Eureka和Ribbon都 是enabled则通过 Eureka获取服务列表
- ► 否则会直接从我们yml配置文件的listOfServers中获取服务列表



# Ribbon的重试-Spring-Retry

 ▶ 在加载拦截器的时候通过 @ConditionalOnClass 和@
 ConditionalOnMissingC lass来控制是加入 LoadBalancer拦截器还 是加入 RetryLoadBalancer拦截 器。



# Ribbon的重试—重试的触发

- ▶ 判断返回状态码
- ▶ 需要重试时抛出特定异常
- ▶ 按照规则重试



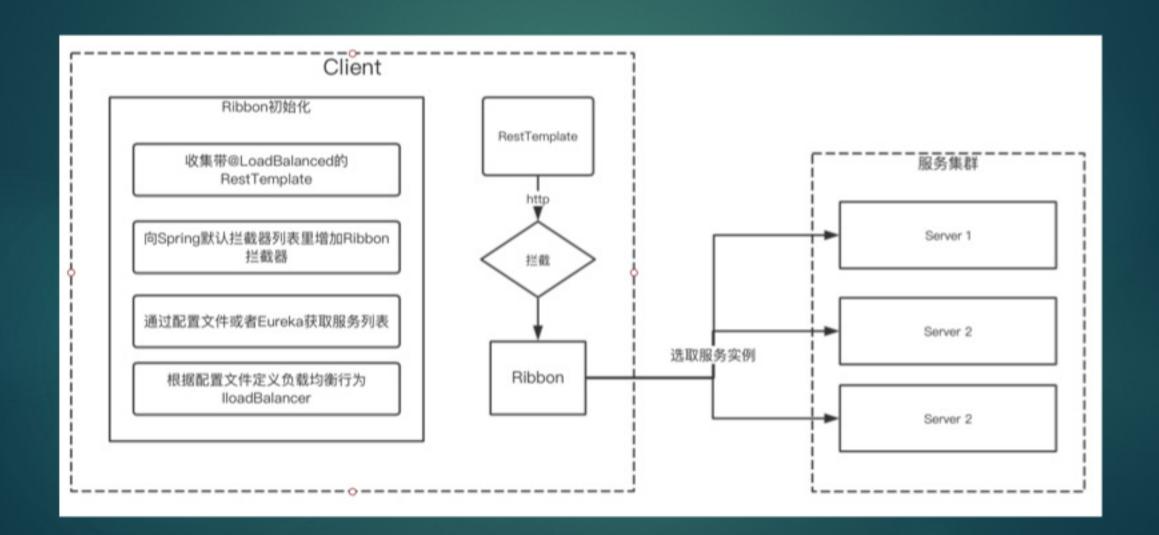
#### Ribbon的重试-默认规则

▶ 默认重试规则

```
# Max number of retries on the same server (excluding the first try)
sample-client.ribbon.MaxAutoRetries=1
```

# Max number of next servers to retry (excluding the first server)
sample-client.ribbon.MaxAutoRetriesNextServer=1

# 总结



# 感谢