## **CERTIFICATE**

This is to certify that the project report entitled **Navigator For Visually Impaired Person** is a bonafide work of

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## PROJECT REPORT APPROVAL

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This project report entitles "Navigator For Visually Impaired Person" by							
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Examiner							
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Place:

Date:

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#### 1. ABSTRACT

According to WHO, India has 12 million visually impaired due to uncorrected refractive error.

Several visually impaired people belong to the underprivileged background and live in villages and tier 4 cities where they don't have access to spectacles, but they are unaware this is correctable.

Navigator for Visually Impaired People refers to systems that can assist or guide people with vision loss, ranging from partially sighted to the blind, utilizing sound commands.

Creating a fusion of sensing technology and voice-based guidance system, products can be developed which could give better results than individual technology. The proposed system will be suitable to reduce collision risks by enabling an impaired person to walk outdoors easily.

The suggested result includes a camera vision system to make an independent operation for out-of-door navigation using the Internet of things and create a good user experience to blind peoples.

#### 2. INTRODUCTION

Recent studies on global health estimate that 217 million people suffer from visual impairment, and 36 million from blindness. It has affected their freedom threatened in terms of many everyday tasks, with the focus being placed on those that involve moving through a strange environment.

In this regard, a navigation system's purpose is to provide users with required and/or helpful data to get to a destination point. As we will see, researchers working in this field have yet to find effective, efficient, safe, and cost-effective technical solutions for both the outdoor and indoor guidance needs of blind and visually impaired people.

This navigation system is designed for helping blind people to navigate around safely. User does not need to move the white cane around to detect obstacle like they do with the normal cane. Therefore a user can easily walk with a white cane and continuously get information about obstacles around with the help of sensors and IoT.

Much research is being conducted on building a navigation system for visually impaired people. Several researchers address this challenge in indoor and outdoor environments. However, most of these approaches have limitations since this challenge involves many issues (e.g., accuracy, and coverage).

# 3. LITERATURE SURVEY

PAPER	OVERVIEW	LIMITATIONS	SCOPE
Smart Cap –	The system uses	Not capable of	GPS module can
Wearable Visual	Tensor Flow API	recognizing	be introduced for
Guidance System	for object detecti-	objects near that	improving efficie-
For Blind, ISBN:	on. OpenCV helps	person.	ncy. Detection of
978-1-5386-2456-	in the image proc-		objects at torso is
2.	essing operations.		possible by placing
			sensor in belt, etc.
Smart Assistive	The paper presents	This device is	The project can be
Navigation	a smart glass and a	based on internet	made independent
Devices for	smart pair of shoes	connectivity hence	of internet so as it
Visually Impaired	by integrating	it is not reliable.	can work in region
People, ISBN:	various sensors		with no internet
978-1-7281-1322-	with raspberry PI.		facility.
7.			
Smart Eye for	The project is a	Difficult to	As the system is
Visually Impaired-	voice-enabled	identify objects at	voice enabled,
An aid to help the	system that would	ground level.	Some mechanism
blind people,	direct visually		to differentiate
ISBN: 978-1-	challenged people		noise can improve
5386-9471-8.	in their day-to-day		the system.
	work.		
Smart Stick For	This paper propo-	They can't detect	Instead of ultra-
Blind People,	sed a solution for	obstructions that	sonic sensor, some
ISBN: 978-1-	blind people by	are hidden but very	other sensor can be
7281-5197-7.	using an the	dangerous for the	suggested to make
	ultrasonic sensor	blind such as	system more
	in the blind stick.	downward stairs,	reliable.
		holes, etc	

#### 4. PROPOSED SYSTEM

#### **4.4 METHODOLOGY**

#### 4.4.1 RESEARCH & SURVEY

The "National Blindness and Visual Impairment Survey 2015-2019" was conducted to provide evidence about the present status of blindness and visual impairment in India. The survey was planned by the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India. Dr. Rajendra Prasad Centre for Ophthalmic Sciences, AIIMS, New Delhi was responsible for planning and executing the fieldwork, monitoring, analysis, and report writing of the survey.

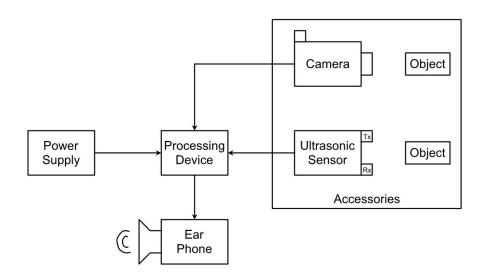
#### Results:

- Blindness was higher among illiterates (3.23%) compared to the literate population. It was only 0.43% among the 10th pass and above.
- Maximum prevalence of blindness was seen in 80+ age group (11.6%), followed by 70-79 age group (4.1%), 60-69 age group (1.6%) and 50-59 age group (0.5%).
- Important barriers were financial constraints (22.1%), the need for surgery not felt (18.4%), and fear of surgery (16.1%). Among males, the most important barriers were financial constraints (31.0%) and local reasons (21.5%). Among females, local reasons (23.1%) and financial constraints (21.2%) were the most important barriers.

#### 4. PROPOSED SYSTEM

#### **4.4 METHODOLOGY**

#### 4.4.2 BLOCK DIAGRAM



The block diagram consists of the camera unit, sensor unit, processing unit, power, and output unit.

Camera Unit: The camera unit is responsible for capturing images.

Sensor Unit: the sensor unit provides the distance of the object from the unit.

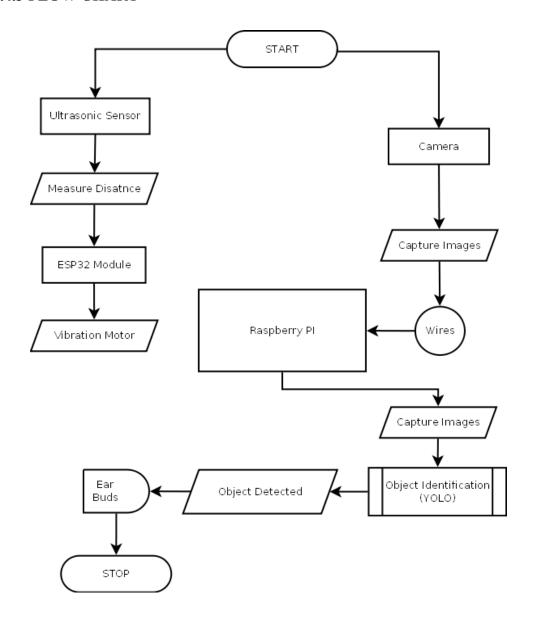
<u>Processing Unit</u>: It plays an important role in detecting and identifying objects (image processing), it also receives data from the ultrasonic sensor and then instructs the user about the object identified and the distance it is located at (So the user can navigate accordingly).

Output Unit: The output is provided to a user in terms of an audio signal using earphones.

# 4. PROPOSED SYSTEM

#### **4.4 METHODOLOGY**

#### 4.4.3 FLOW CHART



## 5. IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FOR NEXT SEMESTER

Once we are done with the simulation part, we will shift to implementing the actual prototype of it. In this process, we will try to make the project affordable so that the project becomes cost-effective and budget friendly. Also, we may contact a visually impaired person to know his/her needs and requirements.

Every time we will try to implement it in the real environment to get the ideal output. After implementation, with the help of a visually impaired person, we can test it in actual surroundings and can go through their problems, and can improve the system simultaneously.

#### 6. CONCLUSION

Visually impaired people faced many problems in their daily life, and while traveling they always depend on any person or guide dog. Blind Stick is very helpful for them but Stick has certain restrictions. We created a navigation device for visually impaired people so that they can perform their daily tasks.

There are certain Devices already available in the market but they cannot solve the actual problem. Our project is an integrated system of those devices.

In this paper, We present wearable Accessories in the form of Smart Glasses and Smart Shoes for visually impaired people to deal with their Tasks. Smart Glasses Capture images in front of those objects and recognize them and convert it into an audio form which is then sent to the earphones.

Once, a person goes close to that object Smart Shoes Gives output in the form of a vibration motor so that the person avoids those objects. So, with the help of this project person can easily detect and avoid an obstacle, and also simply communicate with the environment.

#### 6. CONCLUSION

#### **6.1 ADVANTAGES**

- 1. Both indoor and outdoor navigation are possible with the device.
- 2. Detects obstacles and notifies the blind person through vibration and speech production.
- 3. The devices placed are comfortable and easy to handle.
- 4. Cheap, light-weight constructions available, effectively informs of obstacles at ground-level.

#### **6.2 LIMITATIONS**

- 1. Does not protect from obstacles at the torso.
- 2. The system is capable of identifying obstacles at reasonable distances and speeds; however, it is suggested that if an automated navigation system can be combined with a white cane, one can have a safe and reliable mobility aid.
- 3. It needs many components that make the system complex and expensive.

### **6.3 FUTURE SCOPE**

- 1. This project can be extended by incorporating a GPS module.
- 2. We can interface this module to send messages to near and dear once of the blind person regarding his/her current position.
- 3. During so, we can track the moment of the blind person in a very efficient manner.
- 4. The future work can be performance of the stick can be improved by adding health monitoring features.
- 5. The proposed system must work on Wide Area Network and visually impaired people must be able to travel anywhere without restricting the areas.

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