

Testing Our Application

Episode - 13

① testing manually

② Writing test case ← writing code that will test our application

Types of testing (developer)

- 1) Unit testing ← testing a single component
- 2) Integration testing ← testing multiple component integrated
- 3) End to End Testing - e2e testing ← testing the the flow from entering the site to leaving.

React testing Library.

↳ build on top of DOM testing library

→ when we use Create React app the testing library is already included.

→ It uses Jest (Javascript testing framework)

So we will install both:

(As we are learning react from scratch)

① → `npm i -D @testing-library/react`

② `npm i -D jest`

Now we are using jest with babel so we will need to install additional library.

<https://jestjs.io/docs/getting-started>

③ `npm install --save-dev babel-jest @babel/core @babel/preset-env`

Note
Here parcel has it's own babel

and Jest also has it's own so they should not conflict so we need to create a config

<https://parcel.org/languages/javascript>

→ usage with other tools

Also create `babel.config.js`

from jest docs / getting started

④ → create a new file `.parcelrc`

And paste that code from above site

↓

Now to run test we have command in package.json

```
"scripts": {  
  "test": "jest"
```

Command → npm run test

⑤ create jest config

→ npm test -- --init

typescript → N

test environment → jsdom

Coverage report → Yes

provider → babel

Mock call etc → Yes

jest.config.js will be created

⑥ Install jsdom library (Because if we are using higher version of jest then it's lib needed to be installed separately)

npm i -D jest-environment-jsdom

test cases
so this does not run on browser so they will need a standalone environment,
Jsdom is like a browser to test

So the test cases are written in folder or file with extension

all the files inside this tells files

test

xxx.test.js
xxx.test.ts
xxx.spec.js
xxx.spec.ts

this is called as Dunder (two under scores)

Also called as dunder test

How to write a test case

in sum.test.js

→ import {sum} from './sum';

test("Sum function should calculate the sum of two numbers", () =>

const result = sum(3,4);

1) Assertion

expect(result).toBe(7);

});

reception of our test

call back function

To run test write \Rightarrow npm run test

① Making our contact us page look good.

Now we are testing the contact us Component

Testing A component whether it Rendered or not

① Contact.test.js create this file

to render in js dom \swarrow to get the elements from screen

```
import { render, screen } from '@testing-library/react';
import Contact from './Contact';
import '@testing-library/jest-dom';

test('Should load contact us component', () => {
  render(<Contact />);
  const heading = screen.getByRole('heading');
  expect(heading).toBeInTheDocument();
});
```

different types role

\rightarrow here we are checking that if we rendered the contact us page then it should render all the components present inside it

So we use screen and render provided by testing library to check

② We need to install @babel/preset-react because the jsx format is not enabled in jest

in babel.config.js \swarrow this is helping to convert jsx to html
babel is transpiler
add a preset important

```
[ "@babel/preset-react", { runtime: "automatic" } ]
```

③ • toBeInTheDocument() this function also comes from a library

npm i -D @testing-library/jest-dom

So install this and import it in your test document

→ import "@testing-library/jest-dom";

Beauty of jest is whenever it fails it also shows what was rendered on the page

New to search the element on the screen ~~that~~ there are many ways ex → ~~forget~~

• getBy

• getAllBy

expecting 1 result

expecting many result

Screen, getAllByPlaceholderText()

getAllByAltText()

getAllByTitle()

getAllByLabelText()

→ If there are multiple and you are using getBy it will throw an error.

* When the no. of test case increases you can group your test cases by using a function

```
describe ("Contact us test cases", () => {  
  test (...) {  
    test (...)  
  }  
})
```

You can also have describe under describe

* You can use it or test same keyword

add the coverage in git ignore

* Adding testcases for header Component

→ So in header Component you used 3 new things

① You need to provide you redux store to this dom

② You have used a <Link> tag this link tag is provided by "react-router-dom";

Extra

→ So import appStore from "../utils/appStore";
import { BrowserRouter } from "react-router-dom";

Left to
watch.