List

August 15, 2024

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\mathbf{List}
 [7]: | list1 = [] \#Empty
 [9]: print(type(list1))
     <class 'list'>
[11]: list2 = [10,30,60] #list of interger number
[16]: list3 = [10.77,30.66,60.89] #list of float number
      list3
[16]: [10.77, 30.66, 60.89]
[18]: list4 = ['one', 'two', 'three'] #List of string
[22]: list5 = ['Mandeep', 25, [50,100], [150, 90]] #Nested Lists
      list5
[22]: ['Mandeep', 25, [50, 100], [150, 90]]
[26]: list6 = [100, 'Mandeep', 17.568] #List of mixed data types
      list6
[26]: [100, 'Mandeep', 17.568]
[28]: list7 = ['Mandeep', 25, [50, 100], [150,90], {'John', 'David'}]
      list7
[28]: ['Mandeep', 25, [50, 100], [150, 90], {'David', 'John'}]
[30]: len(list6) #Length of list
[30]: 3
     List Indexing
[33]: list2[0] #Retreive First element of the list
[33]: 10
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[35]: list4[0] # Retreive first element of the list
[35]: 'one'
[37]: list4[0][0] # Nested indexing - Access the first character of the first list ele
[37]: 'o'
[39]: list4[-1] #Last item of the list
[39]: 'three'
[41]: list5[-1] #Last item of the list
[41]: [150, 90]
     List Slicing
 [4]: mylist = ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
 [6]: mylist[0:3] #Return all items from 0th to 3rd index location excluding the item
 [6]: ['one', 'two', 'three']
 [8]: mylist[2:5] # List all items from 2nd to 5th index location excluding the item a
[8]: ['three', 'four', 'five']
[10]: mylist[:3] # Return first three items
[10]: ['one', 'two', 'three']
[12]: mylist[:2] # Return first two items
[12]: ['one', 'two']
[14]: mylist[-3:] #Return last two items
[14]: ['six', 'seven', 'eight']
[16]: mylist[-2:] #Return last two items
[16]: ['seven', 'eight']
[18]: mylist[-1] #Return last item of the list
[18]: 'eight'
[20]: mylist[:] #Return whole list
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[20]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
     Add, Remove & Change Items
[58]: mylist = ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
      mylist
[58]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
     1. Append Add an item at the end of the list
[60]: mylist.append('nine')
      mylist
[60]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine']
     2. Insert Add item at the particular give location in the list
[62]: mylist.insert(9, 'ten')
      mylist
[62]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine', 'ten']
[64]: mylist.insert(0,'NUMBER')
      mylist
[64]: ['NUMBER',
       'one',
       'two',
       'three',
       'four',
       'five',
       'six',
       'seven',
       'eight',
       'nine',
       'ten'l
     3. Remove
[67]: mylist.remove('NUMBER')
      mylist
[67]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine', 'ten']
     4.POP Remove lat item of the list
[71]: mylist.pop()
      mylist
```

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[71]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine']
[73]: mylist.pop(0) #Remove first element of the list
      mylist
[73]: ['two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine']
     5. Delete
[76]: del mylist[7]
      mylist
[76]: ['two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
     6. Change Values
[79]: mylist[0] = 1
      mylist[1] = 2
      mylist[2] = 3
      mylist
[79]: [1, 2, 3, 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
     7. clear deletes all items in the list/Empty list
[83]: mylist.clear()
      mylist
[83]: []
     8. Delete list
[86]: del mylist
      mylist
       NameError
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
       Cell In[86], line 2
             1 del mylist
       ----> 2 mylist
       NameError: name 'mylist' is not defined
     9. Copy List
[89]: mylist = ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', __

        'nine']

      mylist
[89]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine']
```

```
[91]: ourlist = mylist #New reference list "Yourlist"
      New reference must be always before '='
[94]: id(ourlist), id(mylist) #here both id/address will be same
[94]: (2158470072960, 2158470072960)
      But when you use copy function both will get different addresses
[97]: ourlist = mylist.copy()
[99]: id(ourlist), id(mylist)
[99]: (2158470234368, 2158470072960)
[102]: mylist[0]="Mandeep"
       mylist
[102]: ['Mandeep', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine']
[104]: ourlist
[104]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine']
      Here, as your list is a copy it will not affect any changes made in mylist
      10. Join List
[108]: list1 = ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four']
       list2 = ['five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
      Below third list in made by merging two individual lists
[115]: list3 = list1 + list2 #Join two lists by '+' operator
       list3
[115]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
      10. 1 extend() Below, second list is merged into first make them one
[121]: list1.extend(list2) #Append list2 with list1
       list1
[121]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
      11. List Membership
      If item is persent in list -> True ; else -> False
[125]: mylist
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```
[125]: ['Mandeep', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight', 'nine']
[127]: 'Mandeep' in mylist
[127]: True
[129]:
      'one' in mylist
[129]: False
[134]: if 'five' in list1: # Check if 'five' exist in the list
          print('five is present in the list')
       else:
           print('five is not present in the list')
      five is present in the list
      12. Reverse & Sort List
[140]: list99 = [55,2,9,595,599,52,29,5,6,95]
       list99
[140]: [55, 2, 9, 595, 599, 52, 29, 5, 6, 95]
[142]: list99.reverse() #List gets reverse
       list99
[142]: [95, 6, 5, 29, 52, 599, 595, 9, 2, 55]
      8.0.1 list = list[::-1] -> reverses the list
[145]: list99 = list99[::-1]
       list99
[145]: [55, 2, 9, 595, 599, 52, 29, 5, 6, 95]
[147]: list99.sort() #sort list in ascending order
       list99
[147]: [2, 5, 6, 9, 29, 52, 55, 95, 595, 599]
[149]: list99.sort(reverse=True) #Here it sorts in descessding order
       list99
                                  # First sorts in ascending and internally reverses it
[149]: [599, 595, 95, 55, 52, 29, 9, 6, 5, 2]
      13. Loop
[153]: m1 = ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
       m1
```

```
[153]: ['one', 'two', 'three', 'four', 'five', 'six', 'seven', 'eight']
[155]: for i in m1:
           print (i)
      one
      two
      three
      four
      five
      six
      seven
      eight
[174]: for i in enumerate(m1):
           print(i)
      (0, 'one')
      (1, 'two')
      (2, 'three')
      (3, 'four')
      (4, 'five')
      (5, 'six')
      (6, 'seven')
      (7, 'eight')
      enumerate automatically provide an index for each item
      14. COUNT Tells number of times an item occured in the list
[188]: list10 = [1,2,3,4,5,5,5,6,6,7,8,1]
       list10
[188]: [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5, 5, 6, 6, 7, 8, 1]
[192]: list10.count(5)
[192]: 3
[194]: list10.count(10)
[194]: 0
```

15. All/Any The all() method returns: True - If all elements in a list are true;

False - If any element in a list is false Similar to AND Gate *

The any() function returns True if any element in the list is True. If not, any() returns False. Similar to OR Gate +

```
[209]: L1 = [1,2,3,4,0]
       L1
[209]: [1, 2, 3, 4, 0]
[211]: all(L1) #Returns False because as one value is False i.e 0
[211]: False
[213]: any(L1) #Return True because we have items with True value
[213]: True
[215]: L2 = [10,20,50,50,True]
       L2
[215]: [10, 20, 50, 50, True]
[217]: all(L2)
[217]: True
[219]: L3=[0,0,False]
       L3
[219]: [0, 0, False]
[221]: all(L3)
[221]: False
[223]: any(L3)
```

[223]: False