OpenStreetMap Project

Data Wrangling with MongoDB

Map Area: Greater Vancouver Regional District (GVRD), BC, Canada

Map of City of Vancouver:

https://www.openstreetmap.org/relation/1852574#map=12/49.2573/-123.1241

INTRODUCTION

I chose this particular area because I am planning to move to this location in near future. Moreover my good friend is already residing here from past 3 years, which helped me in terms of domain knowledge.

PROBLEMS ENCOUNTERED

Street name typos

Few typo errors, which I worked on, are -

On my hunch thought ('ing George Hwy') should be "King" George, and was later confirmed by my friend. So I renamed this correctly to "King George Boulevard".

Another typo was an extra leading space in the street name ('Beatty St'). Here are all the manual changes I made:

Skipped street names

For cases where it wasn't clear on what the correct street name should be, I decided to add these to a list and ignore them if I found a matching value.

Street type abbreviations standardized

Other than correcting typos and skipping/ignoring a few street names, I also changed many similar street types to a non-abbreviated form after discovering these issues in the audit (before importing into MongoDB). For example, below are the 5 types of street which I standardized by adding them to the mapping dictionary

```
'St': 'Street', 'St.': 'Street', 'Street', 'st': 'Street', 'street': 'Street'
```

Custom id instead of ObjectID

When I first imported the data into MongoDB, I realized the ObjectID field was redundant as each node or way already had a unique field in id. So I renamed id to "_id" and when I reimported the data MongoDB allowed me to override it.

Field names with colon (:)

Field names with double colons were caught by a regular expression I created and were not included in the final JSON file. However, the lower_colon regex did not match all fields with colons because a few fields had uppercase letters as well. Instead of writing a separate regular expression to catch this, I just handled it by exception and removed the first part of the field before the colon.

[&]quot;geobase:acquisitionTechnique": "GPS", --> CHANGED TO "acquisitionTechnique": "GPS",

MongoDB Queries

Number of Total Documents (nodes and ways)

```
db.van.find().count() 1538273
```

Number of nodes

```
db.van.find( { "type": "node" } ).count() 1365649
```

Number of ways

```
db.van.find( { "type": "way" } ).count() 172624
```

Number of unique users/contributors (no actual user names provided)

```
db.van.distinct( "created_by" ).length
21
```

Top Contributer

```
> db.van.aggregate([{"$match": {"created_by": {"$exists": 1}}}, {"$group": {"_id": "$created_by", "count": {"$sum":1}}},

{"$sort": {"count": -1}},{"$limit":1}])
{ "_id": "JOSM", "count": 4423 }
```

Number of unique sources of data

```
> db.van.distinct( "source" ).length
```

261

Top 5 sources of data

```
> db.van.aggregate([{"$match": {"source": {"$exists" : 1} } }, {"$group":
{"_id": "$source", "count": {"$sum":1} } }, {"$sort": {"count":-1} }, {"$limit":
5}])

{ "_id" : "City of Surrey 2010 GIS Data", "count" : 80084 }
{ "_id" : "Geobase_Import_2009", "count" : 27306 }
{ "_id" : "GeobaseNHN Import 2009", "count" : 8850 }
```

```
{ "_id" : "Bing", "count" : 7241 }
{ "_id" : "PGS", "count" : 5560 }
```

Additional MongoDB Queries

Top 5 Amenity Types

```
> db.van.aggregate([{"$match": {"amenity": {"$exists": 1} } }, {"$group": {"_id ":"$amenity", "count": {"$sum":1} } }, {"$sort": {"count":-1} }, {"$limit": 5}]) { "_id" : "parking", "count" : 2773 }

{ "_id" : "restaurant", "count" : 937 }
 { "_id" : "school", "count" : 632 }
 { "_id" : "fast_food", "count" : 487 }
 { "_id" : "bench", "count" : 454 }
```

Top 5 Fast Food Restaurants

```
> db.van.aggregate( [{"$match": {"amenity": "fast_food" } }, {"$group": {"_id":"$name", "c

{ "_id": "McDonald's", "count": 59 }

{ "_id": "Subway", "count": 58 }

{ "_id": "Tim Hortons", "count": 31 }

{ "_id": "Wendy's", "count": 21 }

{ "_id": "A&W", "count": 18 }
```

Top 3 Coffee Shops

```
> db.van.aggregate([{"$match": {"amenity": {"$exists": 1}, "amenity" : "cafe"}
}, {"$group": {"_id":"$name", "count": {"$sum":1} } }, {"$sort": {"count":-1} }

,{"$limit": 3}])
{ "_id" : "Starbucks", "count" : 94 }
{ "_id" : "Starbucks Coffee", "count" : 35 }
{ "_id" : "Tim Hortons", "count" : 23 }
```

Total Number of Coffee Shops

```
db.van.find({"amenity": "cafe"}).count()
```

A lot of streets, buildings, and landmarks are named after royalty.

```
> db.van.distinct("name", {"name": {"$in" : [ /^King\s/,/^Queen\s/,/^Prince\s/,
/^Princess\s/] } )[
    "King George", "King George Inn & Suites", "King Edward",
     "Queen Elizabeth Theatre", "King Sushi", "Queen Bee Flowers",
     "Queen Charlotte Channel", "Prince Charles Elementary",
    "Prince Chinese Seafood Restaurant", "King George Boulevard",
    "Prince Edward Street", "Queen Elizabeth Park",
    "Princess Street", "King Edward Street",
     "Princess Avenue", "Prince Albert Street",
> db.van.distinct("address.street", {"address.street": {"$in" : [ /^King\s/,
/^Queen\s/,/^Prince\s/,/^Princess\s/,/^Royal\s/]}})[
1
"King George Boulevard", "Princess Drive", "Royal Crescent",
"King Road", "Queen Mary Boulevard",
"Prince Charles Boulevard", "Royal Oak Avenue",
"Royal Avenue East", "Royal Avenue", "Princess Crescent",
"King Street"
```

OTHER IDEAS ABOUT THE DATASET

A lot of these stats have to be taken with a grain of salt, because it seems a very small percentage of the data are populated with much data other than location info, id, and type which can be seen from visual inspection of the data. However, there is no built in function in MongoDB to easily see how much exactly this percentage is. So I decided to add a field in the document itself that stores the number of fields originally in the document with the field name "orig_numFields" (I did not include this field itself when doing the calculation). I realized that there could be a difference between nodes and ways so I ran seperate queries.

Nodes

Here is the result of the query to see the number of node documents with 3 fields:

```
db.van.find({"type":"node","orig_numFields":3}).count()
1256905
```

The total number of node documents (from the earlier queries) is 1365649. So we can see that 92% of the node documents look like this:

Ways

And for ways (each node has at least 3 fields, 2 is lowest number of fields - so no need to explicitly query 'way' type)

```
 db.van.find({"orig_numFields":2}).count()
2717
```

Compared with 172624 total ways, only 1.5% of ways look like this:

```
b db.van.findOne({"type":"way","orig_numFields":2})
{ "_id" : "23198532", "type" : "way", "orig_numFields" : 2 }
```

List of Resources

- 1. Openstreetmap. Url: http://www.openstreetmap.org
- 2. Overpass Api. Url: http://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/Overpass- API
- 3. MongoDB Documentation. Url: http://docs.mongodb.org/manual/core/document/
- 4. Python Mongo Drivers. Url: http://docs.mongodb.org/ecosystem/drivers/python/
- 5. Unicode HowTo. Url:https://docs.python.org/2/howto/unicode. html