

Compulsory Task 1

- What is normalisation?

Normalization is a process for evaluating and correcting table structures to minimize data redundancies and reduce the likelihood of data anomalies. Normalization is a method to remove anomalies and bring the database to a consistent state.

Normalization works through a series of stages called normal forms.

- When is a table in 1NF?

A table is in 1NF when:

1. All of the key attributes are defined.
2. There are no repeating groups in the table.
3. All attributes are dependent on the primary key.

- When is a table in 2NF?

A table is in 2NF when:

1. It is in 1NF
2. It includes no partial dependencies; no attribute depends on only a portion of the primary key.

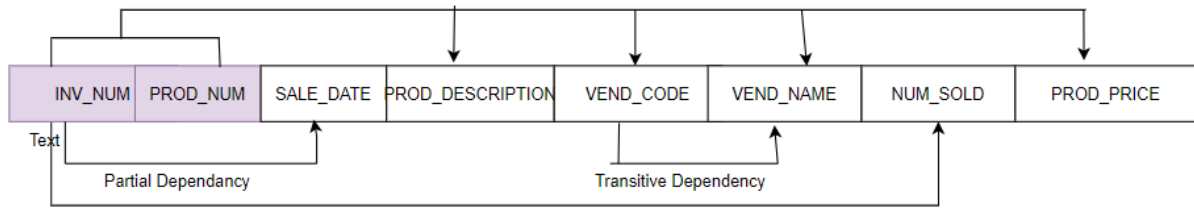
- When is a table in 3NF?

A table is said to be in 3NF when:

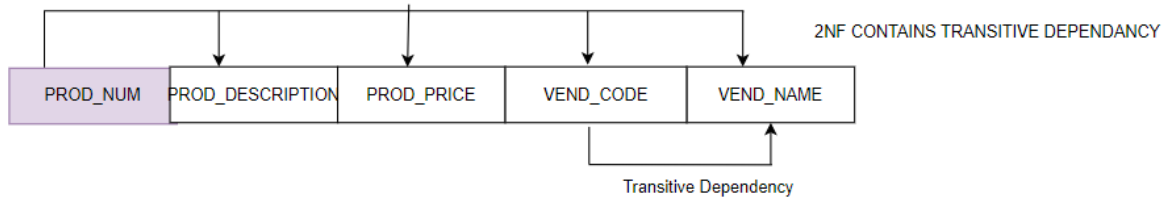
1. It is in 2NF
2. It contains no transitive dependencies.

- Using the INVOICE table given below, draw its dependency diagram and identify all dependencies (including transitive and partial dependencies)

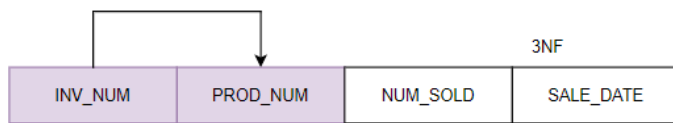
Invoice and Product Table 1st NF



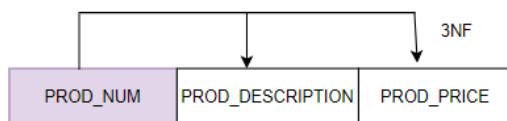
Product Table 2nd NF



Invoice Table



Product Table



Vendor Table

