Choose the correct answer(s) for the following multiple choice questions. Each question has at least one correct answer.

1-4. Consider the relational schema T[<u>ID1</u>, <u>ID2</u>, <u>ID3</u>, C1, C2, C3, C4] with the primary key {ID1, ID2, ID3}. T has no other candidate keys. Answer questions 1-4 using the legal instance below (*null* represents the *null* value, not a string of characters):

ID1	ID2	ID3	C1	C2	C3	C4
1	1	1	Pe copite iau în fugă fața negrului pămînt,	-2	null	0
1	1	2	Lănci scînteie lungi în soare, arcuri se întind în	-1	2	1
			vînt,			
1	2	1	Şi ca nouri de aramă și ca ropotul de grindeni,	0	null	0
1	2	2	Orizontu-ntunecîndu-l, vin săgeți de pretutindeni,	1	null	-1
2	1	1	Vîjîind ca vijelia și ca plesnetul de ploaie	2	4	-1
2	1	2	Urlă cîmpul și de tropot și de strigăt de bătaie.	3	4	-1

- 1. Given the current data in T, we can conclude that:
- a. {C1} is also a key in T
- b. there is a NOT NULL constraint defined on C2
- c. ID1 is a foreign key referencing a primary key in a different table
- d. there is a CHECK constraint defined on ID1 with the definition CHECK ($ID1 \le 3$)
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 2. How many records does the following query return?

SELECT AVG(C3)

FROM T

WHERE C2 > 1

GROUP BY ID1, ID2, ID3

HAVING SUM(C2) <= 1

- a. 4
- b. 3
- c. 1
- d. 0
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 3. When executed on the above instance T:
- a. query SELECT * FROM T WHERE C3>5 returns 4 tuples.
- b. query

SELECT * FROM T WHERE C1 LIKE $'_{\%}$ returns 0 tuples.

c. query

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SELECT * FROM T WHERE ID1 = ID2
INTERSECT
SELECT * FROM T WHERE ID2 = ID3
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returns 1 tuple.

- returns 0 tuples.
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 4. Regarding the functional dependencies of T:
- a. at least one of the following dependencies is not satisfied by the instance: $\{ID1, ID2, ID3\} \rightarrow \{C1, C2\}, \{ID1\} \rightarrow \{C2\}, \{C4\} \rightarrow \{C2\}$
- b. by examining the instance, we can conclude that at least one of the following dependencies is specified on the schema T: $\{ID1, ID2\} \rightarrow \{C1, C2\}, \{ID1\} \rightarrow \{C2\}, \{C4\} \rightarrow \{C2\}$
- c. at least two of the following dependencies are not satisfied by the instance: $\{C1\} \rightarrow \{ID3\}$, $\{ID1\}$, $\{ID2\} \rightarrow \{C2\}$, $\{ID2, ID3\} \rightarrow \{ID1\}$, $\{C4\} \rightarrow \{C2\}$, $\{C1\}$
- d. by examining the instance, we can conclude that at least two of the following dependencies are specified on the schema T: $\{C1\} \rightarrow \{ID3\}$, $\{ID1, ID2\} \rightarrow \{C2\}$, $\{ID2, ID3\} \rightarrow \{ID1\}$, $\{C4\} \rightarrow \{C2, C1\}$
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 5. According to the conceptual evaluation strategy, in a SELECT query:
- a. WHERE is evaluated after SELECT
- b. WHERE is evaluated after FROM
- c. WHERE is evaluated after GROUP BY
- d. WHERE is evaluated after HAVING
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 6. In a DBMS, the optimizer:
- a. manages space on disk

- b. brings pages from the disk into main memory
- c. produces an efficient execution plan for query evaluation
- d. monitors lock requests
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 7. Which of the following represents an SQL operator that can be used in a SELECT query:
- a. BISCUIT
- b. EXISTS
- c. BREXIT
- d. COEXISTS
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 8. In a B-tree of order 7, a non-terminal node that is not the root has:
- a. at least 3 values and at most 6 values
- b. at least 3 values and at most 7 values
- c. at least 4 values and at most 6 values
- d. at least 4 values and at most 7 values
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 9. In a SELECT query:
- a. FROM can contain a subquery

- b. WHERE can contain a subquery
- c. HAVING can contain a subquery
- d. GROUP BY is evaluated after SELECT, according to the conceptual evaluation strategy e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 10. Let R[A, B, C, D, E, F] be a relational schema with no repeating attributes. The keys of R are $\{A, B, C\}$, $\{B, C, D, E\}$, $\{E, F\}$. The following dependency holds: $\{A, B\} \rightarrow \{D\}$. R is:
- a. 1NF
- b. 2NF
- c. 3NF
- d. BCNF
- e. none of the above answers is correct.
- 11. Let C denote the condition (C1 AND C2) OR (C3 AND C4), where C1 evaluates to TRUE, C2 evaluates to NULL, C3 evaluates to NULL, C4 evaluates to TRUE. Then C evaluates to:
- a. TRUE
- b. FALSE
- c. NULL
- d. none of the above answers is correct.