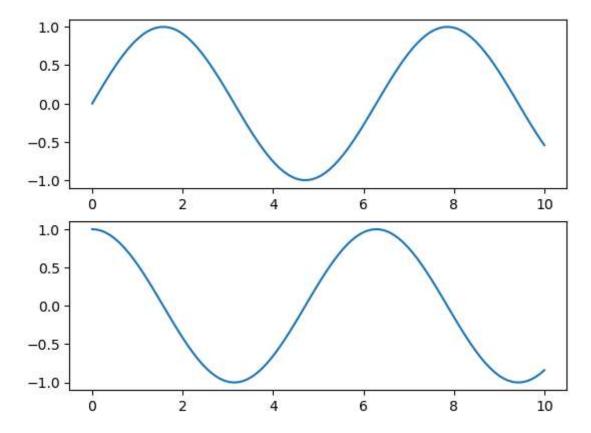
Matplotlib

```
In [1]:
        import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
In [3]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [4]: %matplotlib inline
        x1 = np.linspace(0, 10, 100)
        fig = plt.figure()
        plt.plot(x1, np.sin(x1), '-')
        plt.plot(x1, np.cos(x1), '--');
        plt.show()
         1.00
         0.75
         0.50
         0.25
         0.00
       -0.25
       -0.50
       -0.75
       -1.00
                 0
                              2
                                                        6
                                                                     8
                                                                                 10
In [5]: plt.figure()
        plt.subplot(2, 1, 1)
        plt.plot(x1, np.sin(x1))
        plt.subplot(2, 1, 2)
        plt.plot(x1, np.cos(x1));
        plt.show()
```

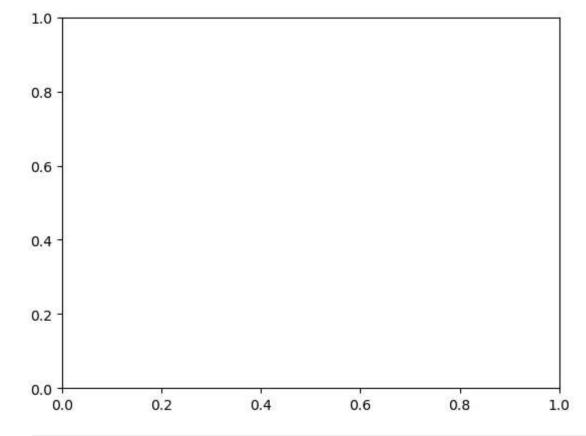


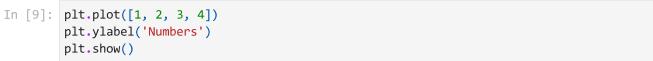
```
In [7]: print(plt.gcf())
   plt.show()
```

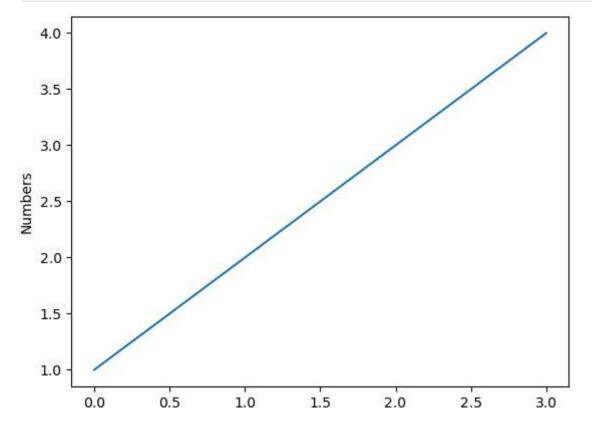
Figure(640x480) <Figure size 640x480 with 0 Axes>

```
In [8]: print(plt.gca())
   plt.show()
```

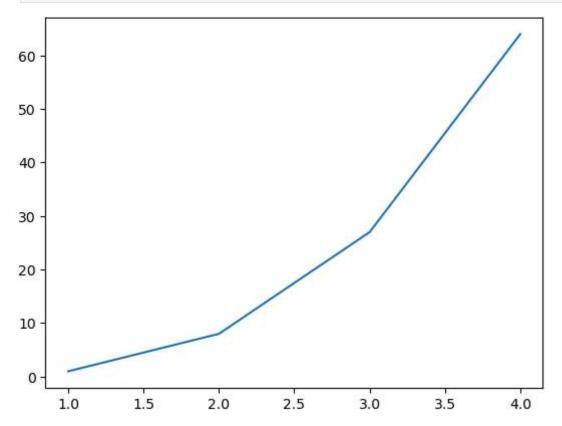
Axes(0.125,0.11;0.775x0.77)







```
In [10]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   plt.plot([1, 2, 3, 4], [1, 8, 27, 64])
   plt.show()
```

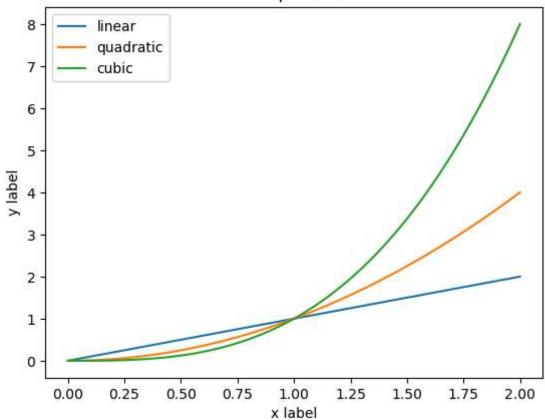


```
In [11]: x = np.linspace(0, 2, 100)
    plt.plot(x, x, label='linear')
    plt.plot(x, x**2, label='quadratic')
    plt.plot(x, x**3, label='cubic')

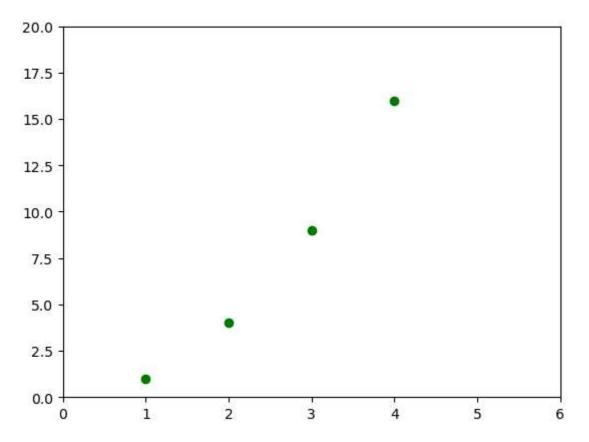
    plt.xlabel('x label')
    plt.ylabel('y label')
    plt.title("Simple Plot")

plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```

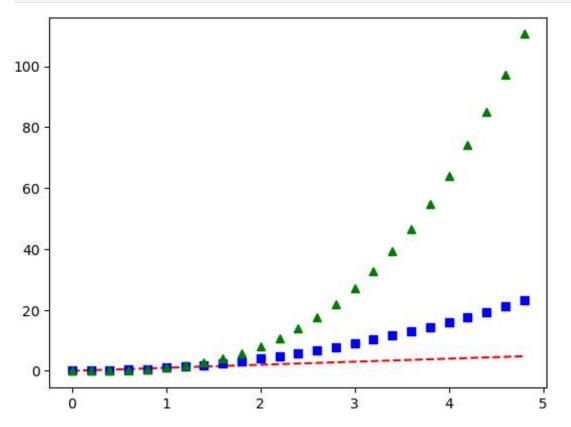
Simple Plot



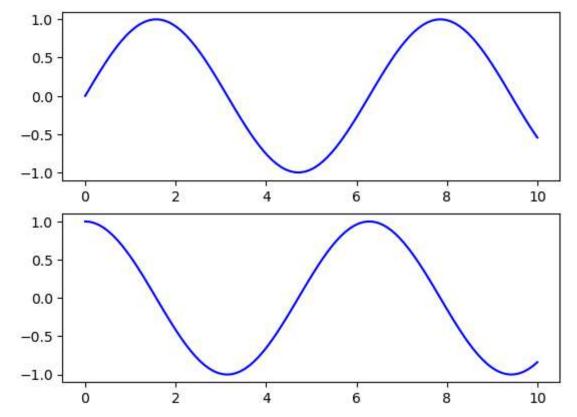
```
In [12]: plt.plot([1, 2, 3, 4], [1, 4, 9, 16], 'go')
    plt.axis([0, 6, 0, 20])
    plt.show()
```



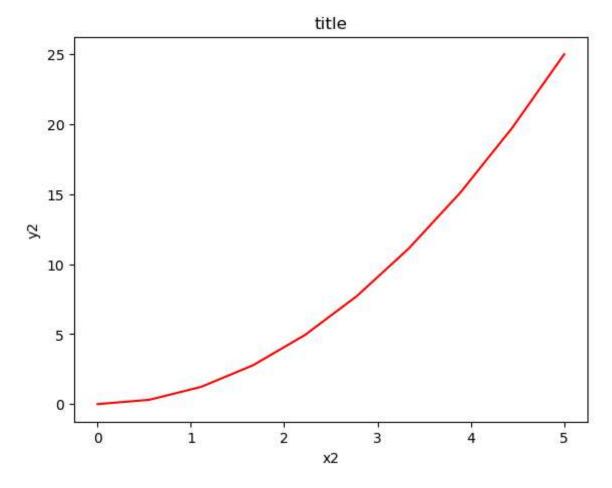
In [13]: t = np.arange(0., 5., 0.2)
 plt.plot(t, t, 'r--', t, t**2, 'bs', t, t**3, 'g^')
 plt.show()



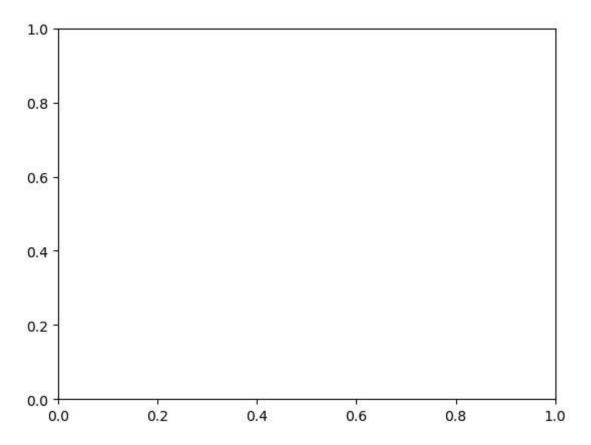
```
In [14]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(2)
    ax[0].plot(x1, np.sin(x1), 'b-')
    ax[1].plot(x1, np.cos(x1), 'b-');
    plt.show()
```



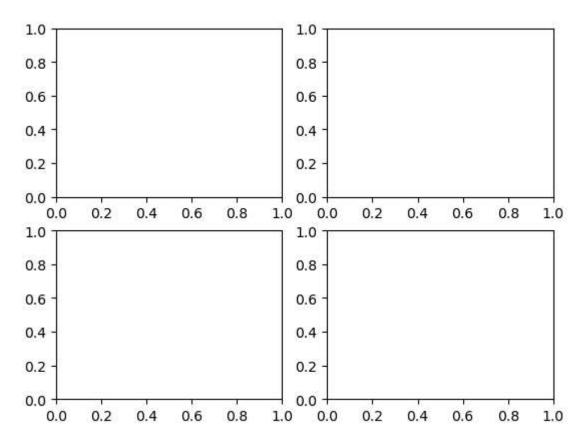
```
In [15]: fig = plt.figure()
    x2 = np.linspace(0, 5, 10)
    y2 = x2 ** 2
    axes = fig.add_axes([0.1, 0.1, 0.8, 0.8])
    axes.plot(x2, y2, 'r')
    axes.set_xlabel('x2')
    axes.set_ylabel('y2')
    axes.set_title('title');
    plt.show()
```



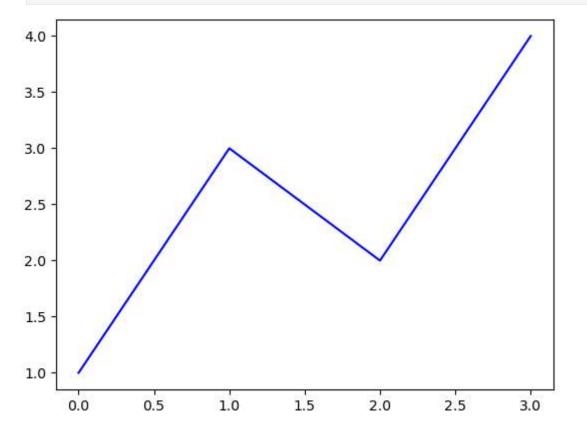
```
In [16]: fig = plt.figure()
    ax = plt.axes()
    plt.show()
```



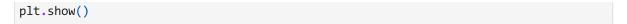
```
In [17]: fig = plt.figure()
   ax1 = fig.add_subplot(2,2,1)
   ax2 = fig.add_subplot(2,2,2)
   ax3 = fig.add_subplot(2,2,3)
   ax4 = fig.add_subplot(2,2,4)
   plt.show()
```

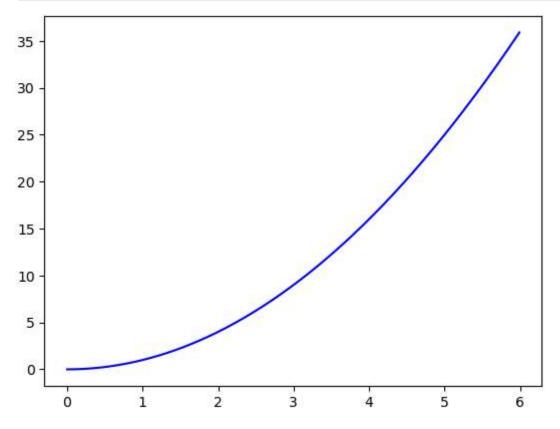


In [18]: plt.plot([1, 3, 2, 4], 'b-')
plt.show()

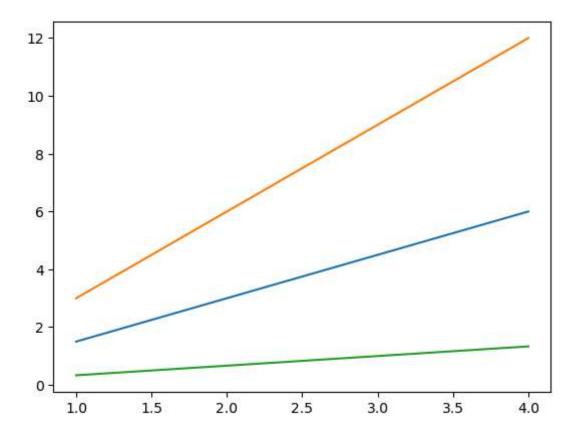


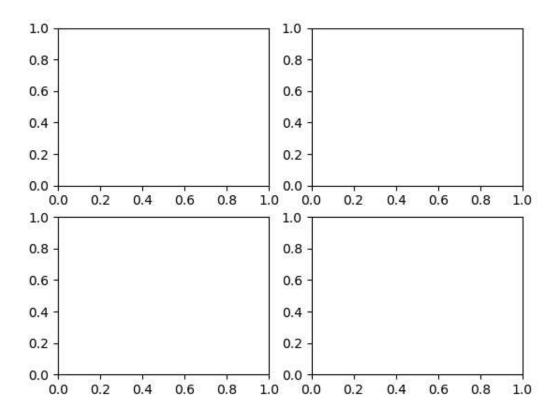
```
In [19]: x3 = np.arange(0.0, 6.0, 0.01)
plt.plot(x3, [xi**2 for xi in x3], 'b-')
```



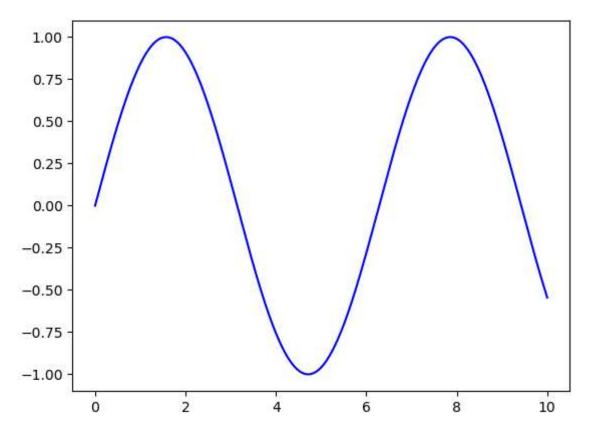


```
In [20]: x4 = range(1, 5)
    plt.plot(x4, [xi*1.5 for xi in x4])
    plt.plot(x4, [xi*3 for xi in x4])
    plt.plot(x4, [xi/3.0 for xi in x4])
    plt.show()
```

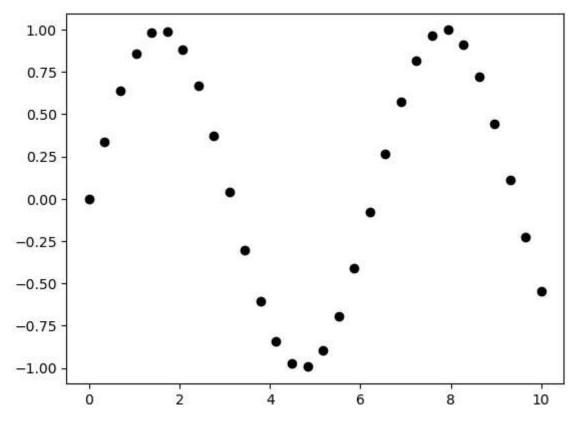




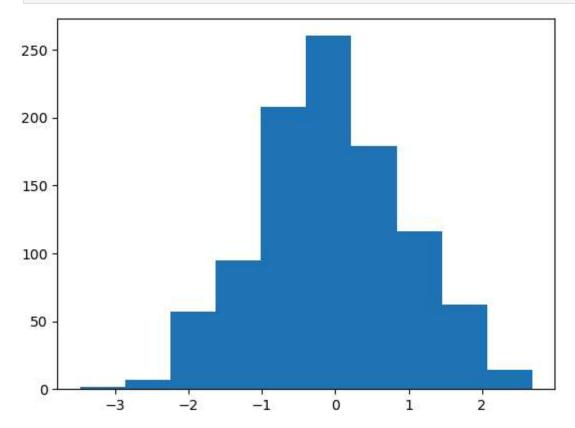
```
In [23]: fig.canvas.get_supported_filetypes()
Out[23]: {'eps': 'Encapsulated Postscript',
           'jpg': 'Joint Photographic Experts Group',
           'jpeg': 'Joint Photographic Experts Group',
           'pdf': 'Portable Document Format',
           'pgf': 'PGF code for LaTeX',
           'png': 'Portable Network Graphics',
           'ps': 'Postscript',
           'raw': 'Raw RGBA bitmap',
           'rgba': 'Raw RGBA bitmap',
           'svg': 'Scalable Vector Graphics',
           'svgz': 'Scalable Vector Graphics',
           'tif': 'Tagged Image File Format',
           'tiff': 'Tagged Image File Format',
           'webp': 'WebP Image Format'}
In [24]: fig = plt.figure()
         ax = plt.axes()
         x5 = np.linspace(0, 10, 1000)
          ax.plot(x5, np.sin(x5), 'b-');
          plt.show()
```



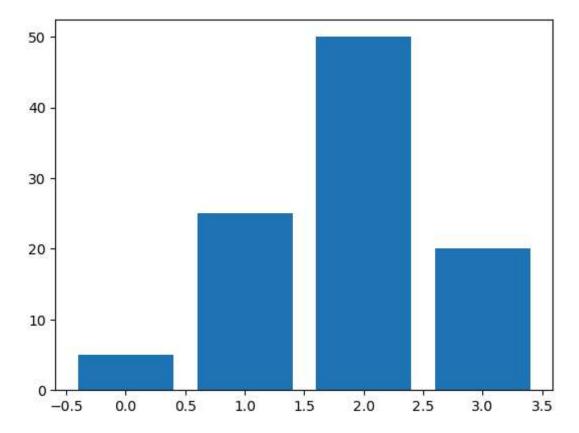




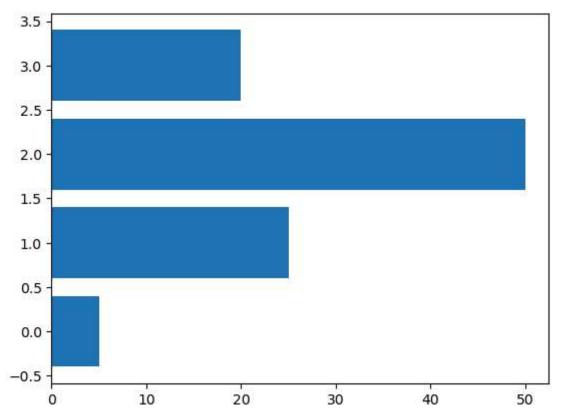
```
In [26]: data1 = np.random.randn(1000)
    plt.hist(data1);
    plt.show()
```



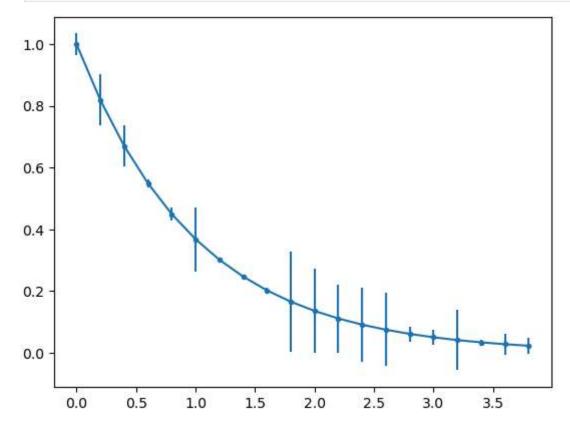
```
In [27]: data2 = [5. , 25. , 50. , 20.]
   plt.bar(range(len(data2)), data2)
   plt.show()
```



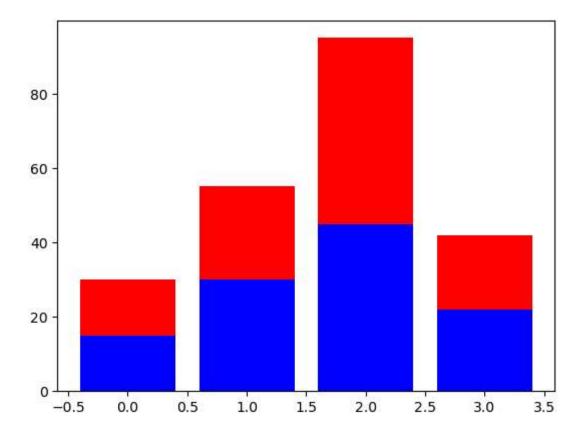
In [28]: data2 = [5. , 25. , 50. , 20.]
plt.barh(range(len(data2)), data2)
plt.show()



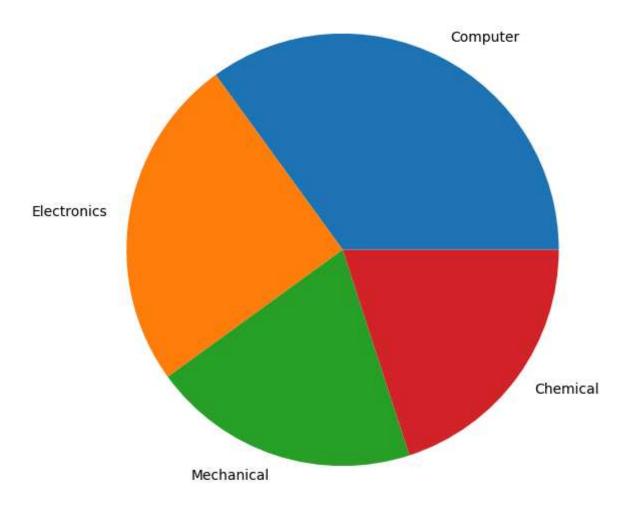
```
In [29]: x9 = np.arange(0, 4, 0.2)
    y9 = np.exp(-x9)
    e1 = 0.1 * np.abs(np.random.randn(len(y9)))
    plt.errorbar(x9, y9, yerr = e1, fmt = '.-')
    plt.show();
```



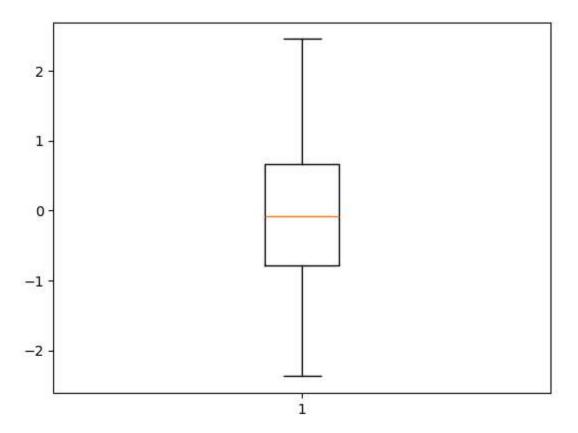
```
In [30]: A = [15., 30., 45., 22.]
B = [15., 25., 50., 20.]
z2 = range(4)
plt.bar(z2, A, color = 'b')
plt.bar(z2, B, color = 'r', bottom = A)
plt.show()
```



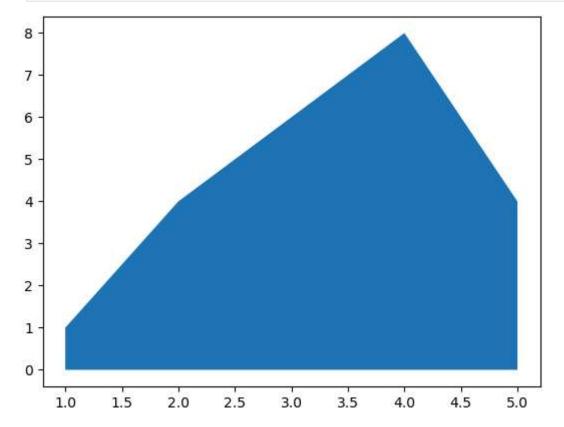
```
In [31]: plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
    x10 = [35, 25, 20, 20]
    labels = ['Computer', 'Electronics', 'Mechanical', 'Chemical']
    plt.pie(x10, labels=labels);
    plt.show()
```



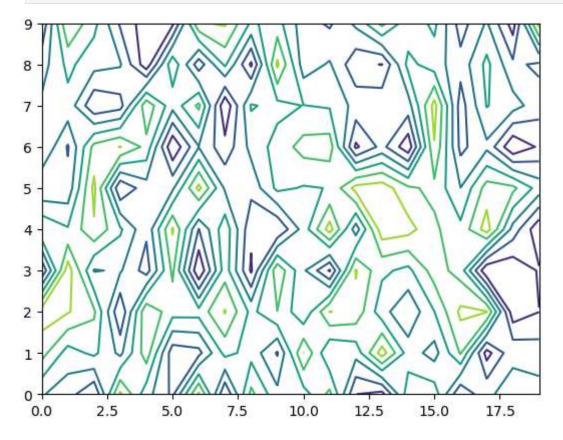
```
In [33]: data3 = np.random.randn(100)
   plt.boxplot(data3)
   plt.show();
```



```
In [34]: x12 = range(1, 6)
    y12 = [1, 4, 6, 8, 4]
    plt.fill_between(x12, y12)
    plt.show()
```



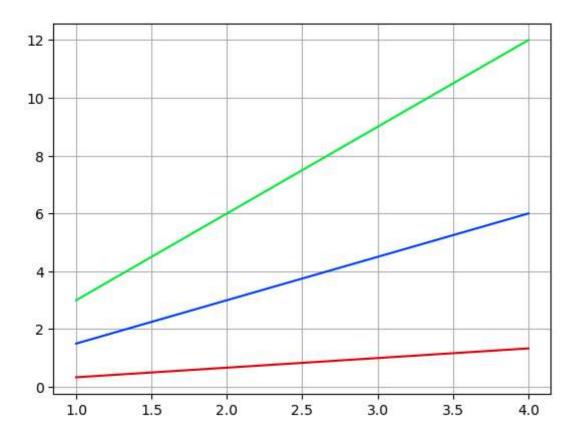
```
In [35]: matrix1 = np.random.rand(10, 20)
    cp = plt.contour(matrix1)
    plt.show()
```



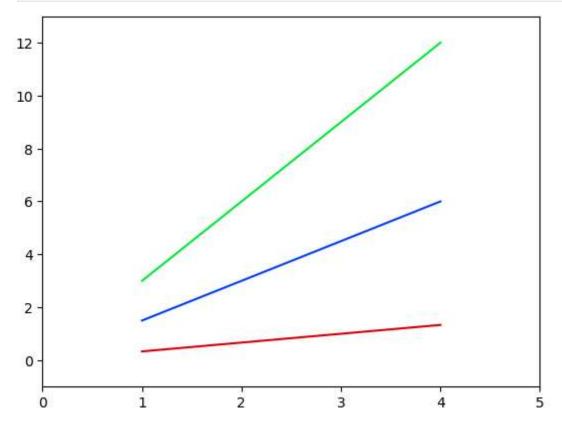
In [36]: # View list of all available styles
print(plt.style.available)

['Solarize_Light2', '_classic_test_patch', '_mpl-gallery', '_mpl-gallery-nogrid', 'bm h', 'classic', 'dark_background', 'fast', 'fivethirtyeight', 'ggplot', 'grayscale', 's eaborn-v0_8', 'seaborn-v0_8-bright', 'seaborn-v0_8-colorblind', 'seaborn-v0_8-dark', 'seaborn-v0_8-dark-palette', 'seaborn-v0_8-darkgrid', 'seaborn-v0_8-deep', 'seaborn-v0_8-muted', 'seaborn-v0_8-notebook', 'seaborn-v0_8-paper', 'seaborn-v0_8-pastel', 'seaborn-v0_8-pastel', 'seaborn-v0_8-pastel', 'seaborn-v0_8-white', 'se aborn-v0_8-whitegrid', 'tableau-colorblind10']

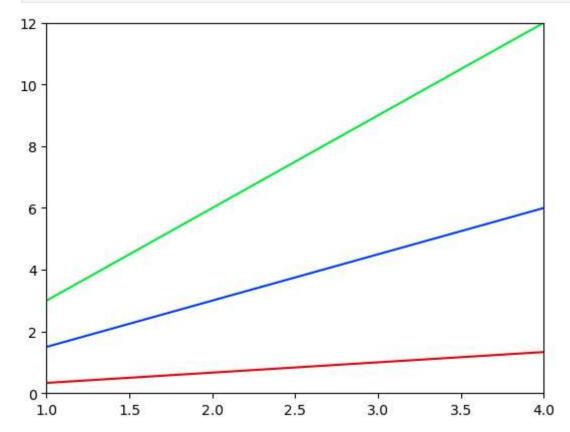
```
In [39]: plt.style.use('seaborn-v0_8-bright')
In [40]: x15 = np.arange(1, 5)
   plt.plot(x15, x15*1.5, x15, x15*3.0, x15, x15/3.0)
   plt.grid(True)
   plt.show()
```



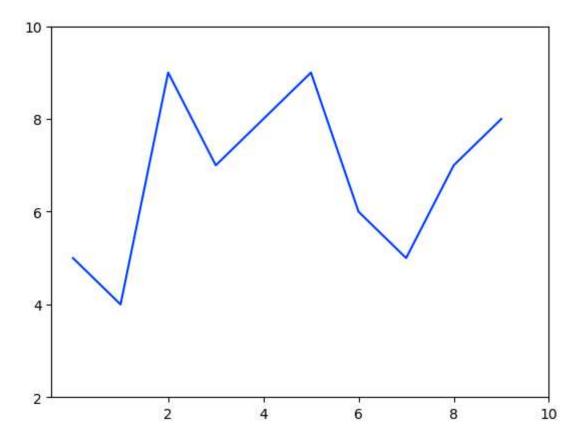
```
In [41]: x15 = np.arange(1, 5)
    plt.plot(x15, x15*1.5, x15, x15*3.0, x15, x15/3.0)
    plt.axis()
    plt.axis([0, 5, -1, 13])
    plt.show()
```



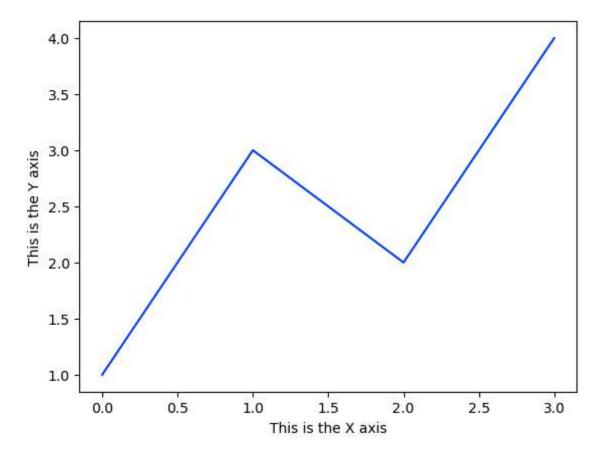
```
In [42]: x15 = np.arange(1, 5)
    plt.plot(x15, x15*1.5, x15, x15*3.0, x15, x15/3.0)
    plt.xlim([1.0, 4.0])
    plt.ylim([0.0, 12.0])
    plt.show()
```



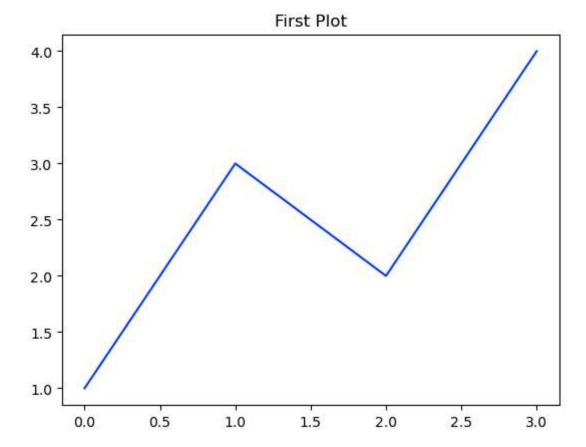
```
In [43]: u = [5, 4, 9, 7, 8, 9, 6, 5, 7, 8]
plt.plot(u)
plt.xticks([2, 4, 6, 8, 10])
plt.yticks([2, 4, 6, 8, 10])
plt.show()
```



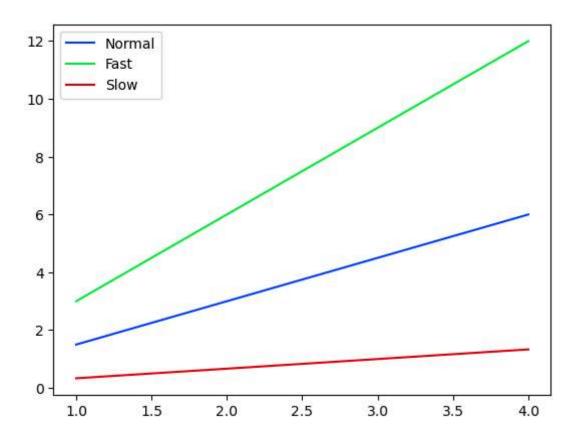
```
In [44]: # Adding Labels
plt.plot([1, 3, 2, 4])
plt.xlabel('This is the X axis')
plt.ylabel('This is the Y axis')
plt.show()
```



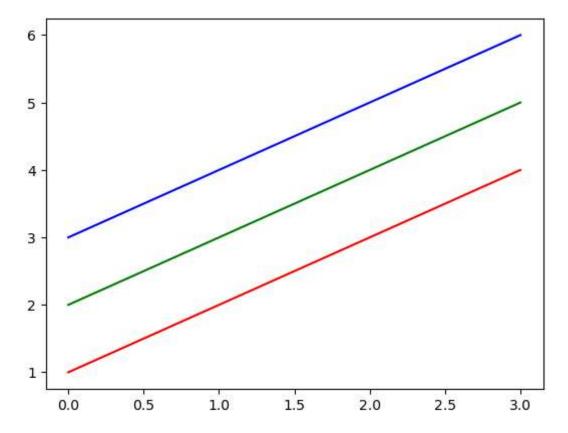
```
In [45]: # Adding a Title
    plt.plot([1, 3, 2, 4])
    plt.title('First Plot')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [46]: # Adding a Legend
    x15 = np.arange(1, 5)
    fig, ax = plt.subplots()
    ax.plot(x15, x15*1.5)
    ax.plot(x15, x15*3.0)
    ax.plot(x15, x15/3.0)
    ax.legend(['Normal','Fast','Slow']);
    plt.show()
```



```
In [50]: # Control Colours
    x16 = np.arange(1, 5)
    plt.plot(x16, 'r')
    plt.plot(x16+1, 'g')
    plt.plot(x16+2, 'b')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [51]: x16 = np.arange(1, 5)
  plt.plot(x16, '--', x16+1, '-.', x16+2, ':')
  plt.show()
```

