Project

Topic:

The idea of this project is to provide restaurants with detailed monthly reports about their performance. The platform, that we use to deliver their products, offers essential data that we can use to give them valuable insights.

Tools:

Talend to transform my data, and Power BI to load and visualize it.

Data sources:

My data sources are divided into three types:

- 1. Excel:
 - 'Time': details related to the delivery time of each order
- 2. CSV:
 - 'Commandes': Main information about orders
 - 'Articles': Detailed data about each specific article sold

3. JSON:

• 'Reclamations': Claims received from clients

Main Steps:

I. Data Cleaning:

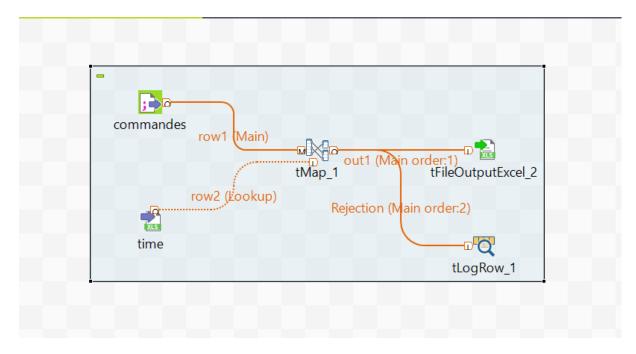
As a first step, I checked my data sources. I made sure that my data is consistent, complete, and relevant.

II. **Talend:** I prepared 3 main jobs:

N.B: when I downloaded my file sources, I set '0' as the default value (for columns related to prices/revenues). So that I won't have any null value.

- 1. First job (Revenuesvsdate): a job where I used tMap to:
 - Link data about orders ('Commandes' file) with details about timing ('time' file)

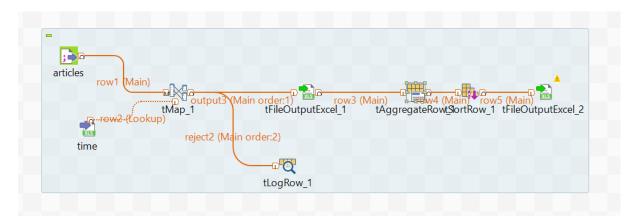
• Filter only the orders that weren't canceled (code: row1.Annulee .equals ("Non"))



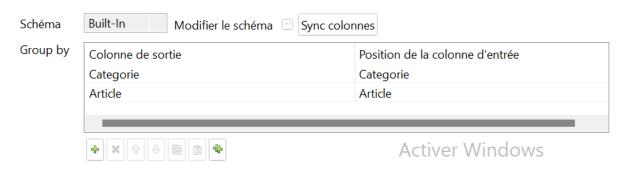
=> we got an output Excel file with the filtered data

2. Second job (part3):

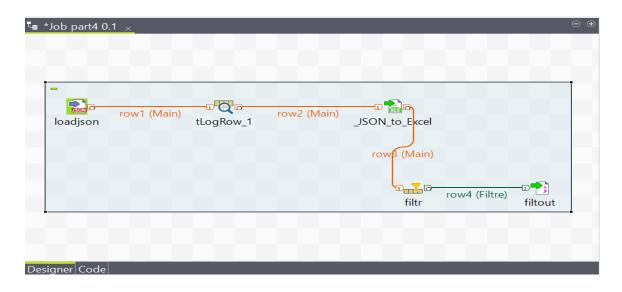
- I used tMap to link data about articles ('Articles' file) with details about timing ('time' file)
- Filter the orders that weren't canceled => we got an output Excel file 'Part 3
- Grouped the number of orders per category and per order
- Sorted the output file in ascending way (Sorted by Category and Article)
 - => we got an output Excel file 'Aggregation out3'

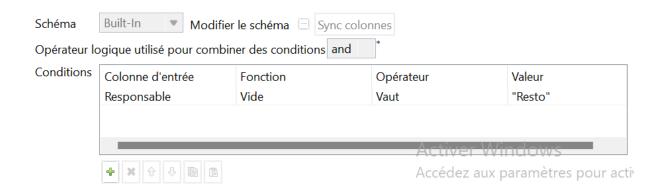


3. Third job (part4):



- I transformed my JSON file into an output Excel file
- I filtered the data to get only the claims that are due to a restaurant's fault not the startup's,.
 - => we got an output CSV file 'Part 4'





=> Talend is my staging area where I extracted my data and then transformed it.

III. Power BI:

A. Data Warehouse part:

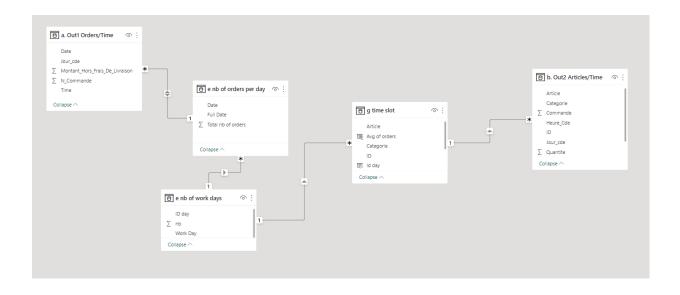
I loaded my data on my **Power BI Desktop**:

- 1. I created three new tables
 - I grouped the 'total number of orders per date'
 - I grouped from the new table the 'number of work days per weekday'
 - I grouped data (from the 2nd Talend output table) per category => article => weekday => Start Hour

Then I used **Power Query Formula Language** ('M' language) to import the nb of work days per weekday (used the **VLOOKUP** function)

Finally, I added new columns to count the average of articles sold (used the **DIVIDE** function)

2. Data Modeling: I created the relationships between my facts and dimensions tables.



- => 'time slot' is my principal fact table that I created from two dimensions
- => 'nb of orders per day' is an aggregation table I made from Out1
- => 'nb of work days' is an aggregation table I created from 'nb of orders per day'
- 3. I renamed my tables and columns in a user-friendly way
- 4. I created new columns: e.g Id day (I needed this column to sort weekdays in my matrices from Monday to Sunday and not in alphabetical order)

B. Data Visualization:

I. I created a **report** that includes 7 pages:

1. Orders vs dates

- → We can notice that the highest revenues were on the 18th and the lowest were on the 16th: the manager should investigate the reasons for such a decrease
- → No revenues between the 9th and the 10th and that's possibly because of Aïd Al-Adha

2. Orders per weekday

→ The highest nb of orders was on Monday: The manager should focus on this weekday to avoid any delay or mistake while preparing the orders

3. Revenues per category

- → The category with the highest revenues were 'BURGER'
- → The lowest percentage of revenues was for 'Pizza' => this category did generate only 0.11% of the restaurant's revenues: it's important to find solution (whether to introduce new recipes/ discounts / eliminate it from the menu..)

4. Orders per category

- → Over 50% of the orders were for 'Burgers' => They should make sure that enough ingredients of this category are available to meet the high demand
- → Very low demand for 'Pizza' (0.05%) => this confirms that a solution should be implemented to attract more people for this category

5. Articles revenues per Category

- → For Burger: Cheese Burn generated the highest revenues.
- → For Desserts: Chocobout generated over 60% of the revenues

→ For 'Our best sellers': some articles like Cheesy dog or Smoky burger porc generated around 0% of the revenues

6. Articles orders per Category

- → For Desserts: Lowest demand was for Cheescake Chocolat (around 1.5%)
- → For Burger: Cheese Bum had the highest revenues. We can take advantage of these articles to promote others (e.g introduce menus with Cheese Bum and Cheescake chocolate with a small discount)
- → For 'Our best sellers': some articles like Cheesy dog or Smoky burger porc had around 0% demand => the restaurant should consider the option of eliminating such articles from this category (as they are not best-sellers)

7. Time Slot

- → On Monday: the restaurant received the highest number of orders between 12-2 pm and 7-10 pm. Starting from 8 pm it was over 30 orders per hour => The manager should keep the option of increasing the nb of his staff members during these periods
- → During the weekend (Th-Su) the pick was between 7 pm-10 pm

8. Claims

- → Number of claims was 18 with 9 claims because of 'Missed Articles': it's important that employees check the order before they deliver it
- → This restaurant had the highest number of claims compared to the others => The manager should set a strategy to avoid such a number in the future (Possible solution: add a staff member who should verify the nb and the quality of the articles before it gets delivered)
- II. I did **publish** the report and created a **dashboard** on the Power BI service + I did pin **three cards** that highlight <u>total revenues</u> + total nb of <u>orders during the month</u> + nb of <u>categories</u> the business has.

!! The report & the dashboard are both submitted with this document !!