

Pizza Sales Analysis Using MySQL Project



By Mangesh Pakhale

About Us

Hello, my name is Mangesh Pakhale and I am passionate about working with data. In this project, I utilized SQL queries to analyze pizza sales.



01

Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
SELECT  
    COUNT(order_id) total_orders  
FROM  
    orders;
```

Result Grid	
	total_orders
▶	21350

02

Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.



```
SELECT
    ROUND(SUM(quantity * price), 2) revenue
FROM
    order_details o
    JOIN
    pizzas p USING (pizza_id);
```

Result Grid	
	revenue
▶	817860.05

03

Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
SELECT
    name, price
FROM
    pizza_types pt
    JOIN
    pizzas p USING (pizza_type_id)
ORDER BY price DESC
```

Result Grid   Filter Rows		
	name	price
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95

04

Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

```
SELECT
    size, COUNT(quantity)
FROM
    pizzas
    JOIN
    order_details USING (pizza_id)
GROUP BY size
ORDER BY COUNT(quantity) DESC
```

Result Grid

	size	quantity
▶	L	18526

05

List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
SELECT
    name, SUM(quantity) quantities
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas USING (pizza_type_id)
    JOIN
    order_details USING (pizza_id)
GROUP BY name
ORDER BY quantities DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

	name	quantities
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

06

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
SELECT
    category, SUM(quantity) quantity
FROM
    order_details
    JOIN
    pizzas USING (pizza_id)
    JOIN
    pizza_types USING (pizza_type_id)
GROUP BY category;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	category	quantity	
▶	Classic	14888	
	Veggie	11649	
	Supreme	11987	
	Chicken	11050	

07

Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
SELECT
    HOUR(order_time), COUNT(order_id)
FROM
    orders
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time)
ORDER BY COUNT(order_id) DESC;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	HOUR(order_time)	COUNT(order_id)	
▶	12	2520	
	13	2455	
	18	2399	
	17	2336	
	19	2009	
	16	1920	
	20	1642	
	14	1472	
	15	1468	
	11	1231	
	21	1198	
	22	663	
	23	28	
	10	8	
	9	1	

08

Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
SELECT  
    category, COUNT(name)  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
GROUP BY category;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows
	category	count	
▶	Chicken	6	
	Classic	8	
	Supreme	9	
	Veggie	9	

09

Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
with cte as(  
  select order_date, sum(quantity) q  
  from order_details  
  join orders using(order_id)  
  group by order_date)  
select *, round(avg(q) over(), 0) avg_quantity_order_per_day from cte;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:
	order_date	quantity	avg_quantity_order_per_day
▶	2015-01-01	162	138
	2015-01-02	165	138
	2015-01-03	158	138
	2015-01-04	106	138
	2015-01-05	125	138
	2015-01-06	147	138
	2015-01-07	138	138
	2015-01-08	173	138

10 determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

```
SELECT
    name, SUM(quantity * price) revenue
FROM
    order_details
    JOIN
    pizzas USING (pizza_id)
    JOIN
    pizza_types USING (pizza_type_id)
GROUP BY name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:	
	name	revenue		
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25		
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768		
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5		

11

Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
with ct as(
  select name, sum(quantity*price) revenue
  from order_details
  join pizzas using(pizza_id)
  join pizza_types using(pizza_type_id)
  group by name)
select *, concat(round((revenue/sum(revenue) over())*100,2),'%') 'revenue_%' from ct
order by concat(round((revenue/sum(revenue) over())*100,2),'%') desc;
```

Result Grid Filter Rows: Export: Wrap Cell			
	name	revenue	revenue_%
	The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.700000000065	3.95%
	The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5	3.78%
	The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75	3.71%
	The Greek Pizza	28454.100000000013	3.48%
	The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75	3.27%
	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5	3.19%
	The Pepper Salami Pizza	25529	3.12%
	The Italian Capocollo Pizza	25094	3.07%
	The Vegetables + Vegetabl...	24374.75	2.98%
	The Prosciutto and Arugula...	24193.25	2.96%
	The Napolitana Pizza	24087	2.95%

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Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza category to total revenue.

```
with ct as(
select category, sum(quantity*price) revenue
from order_details
join pizzas using(pizza_id)
join pizza_types using(pizza_type_id)
group by category)
select *, concat(round((revenue/sum(revenue) over())*100,2),'%') 'revenue_%' from ct
order by concat(round((revenue/sum(revenue) over())*100,2),'%') desc;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:
	category	revenue	revenue_%
▶	Classic	220053.10000000001	26.91%
	Supreme	208196.999999999822	25.46%
	Chicken	195919.5	23.96%
	Veggie	193690.450000000298	23.68%

13

Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.

```
with cte as(  
  select order_date, sum(quantity*price) as revenue  
  from order_details  
  join pizzas using(pizza_id)  
  join orders using(order_id)  
  group by order_date)  
select *, sum(revenue) over(order by order_date) cum_revenue from cte;
```


Result Grid				Filter Rows:	Export:
	order_date	revenue	cum_revenue		
▶	2015-01-01	2713.85000000000004	2713.85000000000004		
	2015-01-02	2731.89999999999996	5445.75		
	2015-01-03	2662.39999999999996	8108.15		
	2015-01-04	1755.45000000000003	9863.6		
	2015-01-05	2065.95	11929.55		
	2015-01-06	2428.95	14358.5		
	2015-01-07	2202.20000000000003	16560.7		
	2015-01-08	2838.34999999999995	19399.05		

14


Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.

```
with ctt as(  
  with ct as(  
    select name,category, sum(quantity*price) revenue  
    from order_details  
    join pizzas using(pizza_id)  
    join pizza_types using(pizza_type_id)  
    group by name,category  
    order by category)  
  select *, rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) rk from ct)  
select * from ctt where rk<=3;
```

Result Grid

 Filter Rows:

Export:



Wrap Cell Content:



	name	category	revenue	rk
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	Chicken	43434.25	1
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	Chicken	42768	2
	The California Chicken Pizza	Chicken	41409.5	3
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	Classic	38180.5	1
	The Hawaiian Pizza	Classic	32273.25	2
	The Pepperoni Pizza	Classic	30161.75	3
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	Supreme	34831.25	1
	The Italian Supreme Pizza	Supreme	33476.75	2
	The Sicilian Pizza	Supreme	30940.5	3
	The Four Cheese Pizza	Veggie	32265.700000000065	1
	The Mexicana Pizza	Veggie	26780.75	2
	The Five Cheese Pizza	Veggie	26066.5	3

conclusion :

The Pizza Sales Analysis project showcases MySQL's effectiveness in managing sales data for business decisions.

It highlights my skills in designing efficient databases, generating actionable insights, and presenting them visually.

I aim to apply these skills in future projects and roles.

Thank You

