Practice Questions on Pandas

Example:

Consider the following Python dictionary data and Python list labels:

data = {'birds': ['Cranes', 'Cranes', 'plovers', 'spoonbills', 'spoonbills', 'Cranes', 'plovers', 'Cranes', 'spoonbills', 'spoonbills'], 'age': [3.5, 4, 1.5, np.nan, 6, 3, 5.5, np.nan, 8, 4], 'visits': [2, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 2, 2, 3, 2], 'priority': ['yes', 'yes', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no']}

labels = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i', 'j']

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        data = {'birds': ['Cranes', 'Cranes', 'plovers', 'spoonbills', 'spoonbills', 'Cranes', 'plovers', 'Cra
        nes', 'spoonbills', 'spoonbills'],
                'age': [3.5, 4, 1.5, np.nan, 6, 3, 5.5, np.nan, 8, 4],
                'visits': [2, 4, 3, 4, 3, 4, 2, 2, 3, 2],
                'priority': ['yes', 'yes', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no']}
        labels = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i', 'j']
        print("data: \n",data)
        print("\nlabels: \n", labels)
        data:
        {'birds': ['Cranes', 'Cranes', 'plovers', 'spoonbills', 'spoonbills', 'Cranes', 'plovers', 'Cranes',
        'spoonbills', 'spoonbills'], 'age': [3.5, 4, 1.5, nan, 6, 3, 5.5, nan, 8, 4], 'visits': [2, 4, 3, 4,
        3, 4, 2, 2, 3, 2], 'priority': ['yes', 'yes', 'no', 'yes', 'no', 'no', 'no', 'yes', 'no']}
        labels:
         ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i', 'j']
```

1. Create a DataFrame birds from this dictionary data which has the index labels.

```
In [2]: df = pd.DataFrame(data,columns=['birds','age','visits','priority'],index= labels)
df
```

Out[2]:

| | birds | age | visits | priority |
|---|------------|-----|--------|----------|
| а | Cranes | 3.5 | 2 | yes |
| b | Cranes | 4.0 | 4 | yes |
| С | plovers | 1.5 | 3 | no |
| d | spoonbills | NaN | 4 | yes |
| е | spoonbills | 6.0 | 3 | no |
| f | Cranes | 3.0 | 4 | no |
| g | plovers | 5.5 | 2 | no |
| h | Cranes | NaN | 2 | yes |
| i | spoonbills | 8.0 | 3 | no |
| j | spoonbills | 4.0 | 2 | no |

2. Display a summary of the basic information about birds DataFrame and its data.

3. Print the first 2 rows of the birds dataframe

```
In [4]: df.iloc[0:2,:]
```

Out[4]:

| | birds | age | visits | priority |
|---|--------|-----|--------|----------|
| а | Cranes | 3.5 | 2 | yes |
| b | Cranes | 4.0 | 4 | yes |

4. Print all the rows with only 'birds' and 'age' columns from the dataframe

```
In [5]: df.loc[:,['birds','age']]
```

Out[5]:

| | birds | age |
|---|------------|-----|
| а | Cranes | 3.5 |
| b | Cranes | 4.0 |
| С | plovers | 1.5 |
| d | spoonbills | NaN |
| е | spoonbills | 6.0 |
| f | Cranes | 3.0 |
| g | plovers | 5.5 |
| h | Cranes | NaN |
| i | spoonbills | 8.0 |
| j | spoonbills | 4.0 |

5. select [2, 3, 7] rows and in columns ['birds', 'age', 'visits']

```
In [6]: df.loc[df.index[[2,3,7]],['birds', 'age', 'visits']]
```

Out[6]:

| birds | | age | visits |
|-------|------------|-----|--------|
| С | plovers | 1.5 | 3 |
| d | spoonbills | NaN | 4 |
| h | Cranes | NaN | 2 |

6. select the rows where the number of visits is less than 4

```
In [7]: df.loc[df['visits'] < 4,:]</pre>
```

Out[7]:

| | birds | age | visits | priority |
|---|------------|-----|--------|----------|
| а | Cranes | 3.5 | 2 | yes |
| С | plovers | 1.5 | 3 | no |
| е | spoonbills | 6.0 | 3 | no |
| g | plovers | 5.5 | 2 | no |
| h | Cranes | NaN | 2 | yes |
| i | spoonbills | 8.0 | 3 | no |
| j | spoonbills | 4.0 | 2 | no |

7. select the rows with columns ['birds', 'visits'] where the age is missing i.e NaN

```
In [8]: df.loc[df['age'].isnull(),['birds', 'visits']]
```

Out[8]:

| | birds | visits |
|---|------------|--------|
| d | spoonbills | 4 |
| h | Cranes | 2 |

8. Select the rows where the birds is a Cranes and the age is less than 4

```
In [9]: df.loc[(df['birds'] == "Cranes") & (df['age'] < 4),:]</pre>
```

Out[9]:

| | birds | age | visits | priority |
|---|--------|-----|--------|----------|
| а | Cranes | 3.5 | 2 | yes |
| f | Cranes | 3.0 | 4 | no |

9. Select the rows the age is between 2 and 4(inclusive)

```
In [10]: df.loc[(df['age'] >= 2) & (df['age'] <= 4),:]</pre>
```

Out[10]:

| | birds | age | visits | priority |
|---|------------|-----|--------|----------|
| а | Cranes | 3.5 | 2 | yes |
| b | Cranes | 4.0 | 4 | yes |
| f | Cranes | 3.0 | 4 | no |
| j | spoonbills | 4.0 | 2 | no |

10. Find the total number of visits of the bird Cranes

```
In [11]: print("The total number of visits of the bird Cranes : ",df.loc[df['birds'] == "Cranes",:]['visits'].s
um())
```

The total number of visits of the bird Cranes : 12

11. Calculate the mean age for each different birds in dataframe.

12. Append a new row 'k' to dataframe with your choice of values for each column. Then delete that row to return the original DataFrame.

```
In [13]: row = pd.DataFrame({'birds': 'kingfisher', 'age': 7, 'visits': 5,'priority': 'yes'}, index=['k'])
    print("Row 'k' is added to dataframe : \n")
    added_row_df = df.append(row)
    added_row_df
```

Row 'k' is added to dataframe :

Out[13]:

| | age | birds | priority | visits |
|---|-----|------------|----------|--------|
| а | 3.5 | Cranes | yes | 2 |
| b | 4.0 | Cranes | yes | 4 |
| С | 1.5 | plovers | no | 3 |
| d | NaN | spoonbills | yes | 4 |
| е | 6.0 | spoonbills | no | 3 |
| f | 3.0 | Cranes | no | 4 |
| g | 5.5 | plovers | no | 2 |
| h | NaN | Cranes | yes | 2 |
| i | 8.0 | spoonbills | no | 3 |
| j | 4.0 | spoonbills | no | 2 |
| k | 7.0 | kingfisher | yes | 5 |

```
In [14]: print("Row 'k' is deleted from dataframe : \n")
    deleted_row_df = added_row_df.drop('k')
    deleted_row_df
```

Row 'k' is deleted from dataframe :

Out[14]:

| | age | birds | priority | visits |
|---|-----|------------|----------|--------|
| а | 3.5 | Cranes | yes | 2 |
| b | 4.0 | Cranes | yes | 4 |
| С | 1.5 | plovers | no | 3 |
| d | NaN | spoonbills | yes | 4 |
| е | 6.0 | spoonbills | no | 3 |
| f | 3.0 | Cranes | no | 4 |
| g | 5.5 | plovers | no | 2 |
| h | NaN | Cranes | yes | 2 |
| i | 8.0 | spoonbills | no | 3 |
| j | 4.0 | spoonbills | no | 2 |

13. Find the number of each type of birds in dataframe (Counts)

```
In [15]: df.groupby(['birds'])['birds'].count()
Out[15]: birds
Cranes    4
```

plovers 2 spoonbills 4

Name: birds, dtype: int64

14. Sort dataframe (birds) first by the values in the 'age' in decending order, then by the value in the 'visits' column in ascending order.

```
In [16]: df.sort_values(by='age', ascending=False).sort_values(by='visits', ascending=True)
```

Out[16]:

| | birds | age | visits | priority |
|---|------------|-----|--------|----------|
| g | plovers | 5.5 | 2 | no |
| j | spoonbills | 4.0 | 2 | no |
| а | Cranes | 3.5 | 2 | yes |
| h | Cranes | NaN | 2 | yes |
| i | spoonbills | 8.0 | 3 | no |
| е | spoonbills | 6.0 | 3 | no |
| С | plovers | 1.5 | 3 | no |
| b | Cranes | 4.0 | 4 | yes |
| f | Cranes | 3.0 | 4 | no |
| d | spoonbills | NaN | 4 | yes |

15. Replace the priority column values with yes' should be 1 and 'no' should be 0 $\,$

```
In [17]: df['priority'] = df['priority'].apply(lambda x: 1 if x == 'yes' else 0)
df
```

Out[17]:

| | birds | age | visits | priority |
|---|------------|-----|--------|----------|
| а | Cranes | 3.5 | 2 | 1 |
| b | Cranes | 4.0 | 4 | 1 |
| С | plovers | 1.5 | 3 | 0 |
| d | spoonbills | NaN | 4 | 1 |
| е | spoonbills | 6.0 | 3 | 0 |
| f | Cranes | 3.0 | 4 | 0 |
| g | plovers | 5.5 | 2 | 0 |
| h | Cranes | NaN | 2 | 1 |
| i | spoonbills | 8.0 | 3 | 0 |
| j | spoonbills | 4.0 | 2 | 0 |

16. In the 'birds' column, change the 'Cranes' entries to 'trumpeters'.

```
In [18]: df['birds'] = df['birds'].apply(lambda x: 'trumpeters' if x == 'Cranes' else x)
df
```

Out[18]:

| | birds | age | visits | priority |
|---|------------|-----|--------|----------|
| а | trumpeters | 3.5 | 2 | 1 |
| b | trumpeters | 4.0 | 4 | 1 |
| С | plovers | 1.5 | 3 | 0 |
| d | spoonbills | NaN | 4 | 1 |
| е | spoonbills | 6.0 | 3 | 0 |
| f | trumpeters | 3.0 | 4 | 0 |
| g | plovers | 5.5 | 2 | 0 |
| h | trumpeters | NaN | 2 | 1 |
| i | spoonbills | 8.0 | 3 | 0 |
| j | spoonbills | 4.0 | 2 | 0 |