## Midterm exam

You are allowed your notes, but no phones, laptops or other devices.

All answers must be justified.

**Exercise 1:** For a positive integer n the hypercube  $Q_n = (V, E)$  is the graph whose vertices correspond to the (0,1)-vectors of length n, i.e.,  $V = \{0,1\}^n$ , where two vertices are adjacent if and only if the two corresponding vectors differ in exactly one entry.

- 1. Draw  $Q_n$  for  $1 \le n \le 4$ .
- 2. Determine those n, such that  $Q_n$  is Eulerian.
- 3. Show that  $Q_n$  is bipartite for all  $n \geq 1$ .
- 4. Compute the girth of  $Q_n$  for all  $n \geq 1$ .

Exercise 2: Prove or disprove the following statements:

- 1. Every Eulerian bipartite graph has an even number of edges.
- 2. Every Eulerian graph with an even number of vertices has an even number of edges.

Exercise 3: Let T be a binary tree, i.e., one vertex (the root) has degree 2, and all other vertices have degree 1 or 3. Show that if T has  $\ell$  leafs, then it has  $2\ell - 1$  vertices in total.

Apply this to answer the following:

We want to break a  $n \times m$  chocolate bar into single pieces of size  $1 \times 1$ . At each step we are allowed to break a piece along a horizontal or vertical line. How may steps are needed?

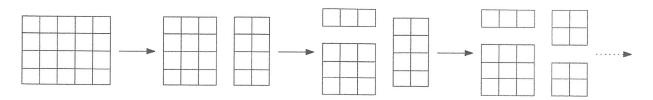


Figure 1: Some steps in breaking a  $4 \times 5$  chocolate bar.

Exercise 4: Let  $k \leq n$  be positive integers and  $d = (d_1 \geq \ldots \geq d_n)$  a sequence of non-negative integers. Prove that the following two statements are equivalent:

- (i) d is graphic and  $\sum_{i=0}^{n} d_i \ge 2(n-k)$ ,
- (ii) d is the degree sequence of a simple graph with at most k connected components.