

Computational Methods in Physics (PHY 365)

FA23

Dr. Muhammad Kamran

Department of Physics

COMSATS University Islamabad

Lab 2

Exercise: Matrix operations

- `A1 = magic(4);`

Exercise: Matrix operations

- `A1 = magic(4);`
- `B1 = magic(6);`

Exercise: Matrix operations

- `A1 = magic(4);`
- `B1 = magic(6);`
- `C1 = rand(4,6);`

Exercise: Matrix operations

- `A1 = magic(4);`
- `B1 = magic(6);`
- `C1 = rand(4,6);`
- `D1 = [A1, B1];`

Exercise: Matrix operations

- `A1 = magic(4);`
- `B1 = magic(6);`
- `C1 = rand(4,6);`
- `D1 = [A1, B1];`
- `E1 = [A1; B1];`

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $F1 = [A1; C1];$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $F1 = [A1; C1];$

- $G1 = [A1, C1];$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $F1 = [A1; C1];$

- $G1 = [A1, C1];$

- $A1(2) = 0;$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $F1 = [A1; C1];$

- $G1 = [A1, C1];$

- $A1(2) = 0;$

- $H1 = B1(:, 3)$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $F1 = [A1; C1];$
- $G1 = [A1, C1];$
- $A1(2) = 0;$
- $H1 = B1(:, 3)$
- $I1 = A1(3:6, 3)$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $a = [1 : 3]$

$$b = [5 : 7]$$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $a = [1 : 3]$

$$b = [5 : 7]$$

- $a1 = \text{dot}(a, b)$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $a = [1 : 3]$

- $b = [5 : 7]$

- $a1 = \text{dot}(a, b)$

- $a2 = \text{dot}(a, b')$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $a = [1 : 3]$
 $b = [5 : 7]$
- $a1 = \text{dot}(a, b)$
- $a2 = \text{dot}(a, b')$
- $a3 = \text{cross}(a, b)$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $a = [1 : 3]$
 $b = [5 : 7]$
- $a1 = \text{dot}(a, b)$
- $a2 = \text{dot}(a, b')$
- $a3 = \text{cross}(a, b)$
- $a4 = \text{kron}(a, b)$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $a = [1 : 3]$
 $b = [5 : 7]$
- $a1 = \text{dot}(a, b)$
- $a2 = \text{dot}(a, b')$
- $a3 = \text{cross}(a, b)$
- $a4 = \text{kron}(a, b)$
- $a5 = \text{length}(a)$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $a = [1 : 3]$
 $b = [5 : 7]$
- $a1 = \text{dot}(a, b)$
- $a2 = \text{dot}(a, b')$
- $a3 = \text{cross}(a, b)$
- $a4 = \text{kron}(a, b)$
- $a5 = \text{length}(a)$
- $a6 = \text{max}(a)$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $a = [1 : 3]$
 $b = [5 : 7]$
- $a1 = \text{dot}(a, b)$
- $a2 = \text{dot}(a, b')$
- $a3 = \text{cross}(a, b)$
- $a4 = \text{kron}(a, b)$
- $a5 = \text{length}(a)$
- $a6 = \text{max}(a)$
- $a7 = \text{min}(b)$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $A = [1,2,3,4 ; 5,6,7,8 ; 9,10,11,12]$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $A = [1,2,3,4 ; 5,6,7,8 ; 9,10,11,12]$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $A = [1,2,3,4 ; 5,6,7,8 ; 9,10,11,12]$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

- $B = A(0)$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $A = [1,2,3,4 ; 5,6,7,8 ; 9,10,11,12]$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

- $B = A(0)$

- $C = A(1)$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $A = [1,2,3,4 ; 5,6,7,8 ; 9,10,11,12]$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

- $B = A(0)$

- $C = A(1)$

- $D = A(4)$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $A = [1,2,3,4 ; 5,6,7,8 ; 9,10,11,12]$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

- $B = A(0)$

- $C = A(1)$

- $D = A(4)$

- $E = A(\text{end})$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- `F = size(A)`

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $F = \text{size}(A)$
- $G = \text{length}(A)$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $F = \text{size}(A)$
- $G = \text{length}(A)$
- $H = A(2, 3)$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $F = \text{size}(A)$
- $G = \text{length}(A)$
- $H = A(2, 3)$
- $A(2,2) = 20$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $F = \text{size}(A)$
- $G = \text{length}(A)$
- $H = A(2, 3)$
- $A(2,2) = 20$
- $I = A(:, 2)$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $F = \text{size}(A)$
- $G = \text{length}(A)$
- $H = A(2, 3)$
- $A(2,2) = 20$
- $I = A(:, 2)$
- $J = \text{sum}(A)$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- $F = \text{size}(A)$
- $G = \text{length}(A)$
- $H = A(2, 3)$
- $A(2,2) = 20$
- $I = A(:, 2)$
- $J = \text{sum}(A)$
- $K = \text{max}(A)$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- Create a 5×5 “magic square”. Verify that the sum of the integers in each row, column and diagonal is equal.

Exercise: Matrix operations

- Create a 5×5 “magic square”. Verify that the sum of the integers in each row, column and diagonal is equal.

```
A = magic(5);
```

Exercise: Matrix operations

- Create a 5×5 “magic square”. Verify that the sum of the integers in each row, column and diagonal is equal.

```
A = magic(5);
```

```
A1 = sum(A)
```

Exercise: Matrix operations

- Create a 5×5 “magic square”. Verify that the sum of the integers in each row, column and diagonal is equal.

```
A = magic(5);
```

```
A1 = sum(A)
```

```
A2 = sum(A,2)
```

Exercise: Matrix operations

- Create a 5×5 “magic square”. Verify that the sum of the integers in each row, column and diagonal is equal.

```
A = magic(5);
```

```
A1 = sum(A)
```

```
A2 = sum(A,2)
```

```
A3 = trace(A)
```

Exercise: Matrix operations

- Create a 5×5 “magic square”. Verify that the sum of the integers in each row, column and diagonal is equal.

```
A = magic(5);
```

```
A1 = sum(A)
```

```
A2 = sum(A,2)
```

```
A3 = trace(A)
```

```
A4 = trace(flip(A))
```

Exercise: Matrix operations

- Create a 5×5 “magic square”. Verify that the sum of the integers in each row, column and diagonal is equal.

```
A = magic(5);
```

```
A1 = sum(A)
```

```
A2 = sum(A,2)
```

```
A3 = trace(A)
```

```
A4 = trace(flip(A))
```

- Extract the 3rd row of matrix A.

Exercise: Matrix operations

- Create a 5×5 “magic square”. Verify that the sum of the integers in each row, column and diagonal is equal.

```
A = magic(5);
```

```
A1 = sum(A)
```

```
A2 = sum(A,2)
```

```
A3 = trace(A)
```

```
A4 = trace(flip(A))
```

- Extract the 3rd row of matrix A.

```
A5 = A(3 , :)
```

Exercise: Matrix operations

- Take transpose of the matrix A .

Exercise: Matrix operations

- Take transpose of the matrix A.

$$C1 = A'$$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- Take transpose of the matrix A.

$$C1 = A'$$

- Determine the highest integer in the matrix A.

Exercise: Matrix operations

- Take transpose of the matrix A.

$$C1 = A'$$

- Determine the highest integer in the matrix A.

$$C2 = \max(\max(A))$$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- Take transpose of the matrix A.

$$C1 = A'$$

- Determine the highest integer in the matrix A.

$$C2 = \max(\max(A))$$

- Sort the matrix A **column-wise**, in **ascending** order.

Exercise: Matrix operations

- Take transpose of the matrix A.

$$C1 = A'$$

- Determine the highest integer in the matrix A.

$$C2 = \max(\max(A))$$

- Sort the matrix A **column-wise**, in **ascending** order.

$$C3 = \text{sort}(A)$$

Exercise: Matrix operations

- Take transpose of the matrix A.

$$C1 = A'$$

- Determine the highest integer in the matrix A.

$$C2 = \max(\max(A))$$

- Sort the matrix A **column-wise**, in **ascending** order.

$$C3 = \text{sort}(A)$$

- Sort the matrix A **row-wise**, in **descending** order.

Exercise: Matrix operations

- Take transpose of the matrix A.

`C1 = A'`

- Determine the highest integer in the matrix A.

`C2 = max(max(A))`

- Sort the matrix A **column-wise**, in **ascending** order.

`C3 = sort(A)`

- Sort the matrix A **row-wise**, in **descending** order.

`C4 = sort(A , 2 , 'descend')`

Exercise: Matrix operations

- Take transpose of the matrix A.

`C1 = A'`

- Determine the highest integer in the matrix A.

`C2 = max(max(A))`

- Sort the matrix A **column-wise**, in **ascending** order.

`C3 = sort(A)`

- Sort the matrix A **row-wise**, in **descending** order.

`C4 = sort(A , 2 , 'descend')`

- Take determinant of the matrix A.

Exercise: Matrix operations

- Take transpose of the matrix A.

$$C1 = A'$$

- Determine the highest integer in the matrix A.

$$C2 = \max(\max(A))$$

- Sort the matrix A **column-wise**, in **ascending** order.

$$C3 = \text{sort}(A)$$

- Sort the matrix A **row-wise**, in **descending** order.

$$C4 = \text{sort}(A, 2, 'descend')$$

- Take determinant of the matrix A.

$$C5 = \det(A)$$

Exercise: “for” loop

- for `index = values`
 `statements`
end

Exercise: “for” loop

- for `index = values`
 `statements`
end
- for `i = 1 : 10`
end

Exercise: “for” loop

- for `index = values`
 `statements`
end
- for `i = 1 : 10`
end
- for `a = 1 : 5`
 `rand`
end

Exercise: “for” loop

- for index = values
 statements
end
- for i = 1 : 10
end
- for a = 1 : 5
 rand
end
- for a = 1 : 5
 rand
 pause(3)
end

Exercise: “for” loop

```
■ my_sum = 0;  
  
  for i = 0 : 10  
  
      my_sum = my_sum + 1;  
  
  end
```


Exercise: “for” loop

- `my_sum = 0;`

- `for i = 0 : 10`

- `my_sum = my_sum + 1;`

- `end`

- `for k = 0 : 10`

- `A(k + 1) = 1;`

- `end`

Exercise: “for” loop

```
■ my_sum = 0;

  for i = 0 : 10

      my_sum = my_sum + 1;

  end

■ for k = 0 : 10

      A(k + 1) = 1;

  end

my_sum_2 = sum(A);
```

Exercise: “if” loop

```
■ if expression
    statements
elseif expression
    statements
else
    statements
end
```

Exercise: “if” loop

```
■ if expression
    statements
elseif expression
    statements
else
    statements
end
```

```
■ a = rand;
  if a < 0.25
      disp('1')
  elseif a > 0.25 && a < 0.5
      disp('2')
  elseif a > 0.5 && a < 0.75
      disp('3')
  else
      disp('4')
  end
```

Exercise: “while” loop

```
■ while expression
    statements
end
```

Exercise: “while” loop

- while **expression**

- statements

- end

- `j = 0;`

- while `j < 5`

- `disp('1')`

- `j = j + 1;`

- `pause`

- end

- `disp('0')`

Exercise: 2-D line plot

- Defining the **x** vector

```
x_i = 0;
```

```
x_f = 4 * pi;
```

```
x = linspace(x_i, x_f);
```

Exercise: 2-D line plot

■ Defining the x vector

```
x_i = 0;  
x_f = 4 * pi;  
x = linspace(x_i, x_f);
```

■ Calculating the sin and cos

```
sin_x = sin(x);  
cos_x = cos(x);
```


Exercise: 2-D line plot

■ Defining the x vector

```
x_i = 0;  
x_f = 4 * pi;  
x = linspace(x_i, x_f);
```

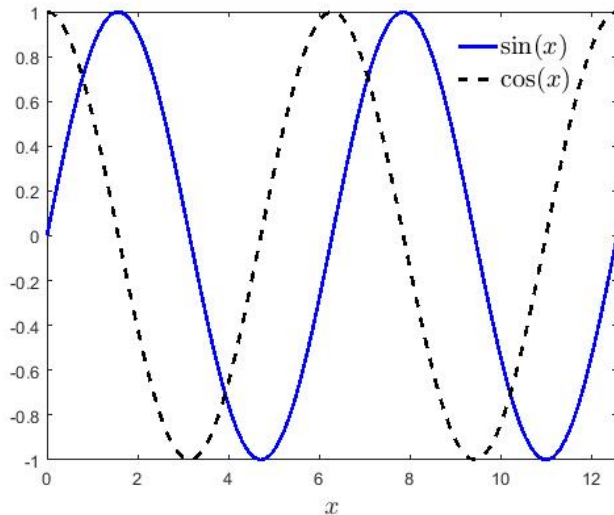
■ Calculating the sin and cos

```
sin_x = sin(x);  
cos_x = cos(x);
```

■ Plotting

```
plot(x, sin_x, 'b', x, cos_x, 'k- -')
```

Exercise: 2-D line plot



Exercise: 2-D line plot

```
% This is my first MATLAB program, and it plots sin(x) and cos(x)

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%

clear variables

close all

clc

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
% Defining the x vector

x_i = 0;

x_f = 4 * pi;

x = linspace(x_i,x_f);
```

Exercise: 2-D line plot

```
% Calculating sin and cos

sin_x = sin(x);

cos_x = cos(x);

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
% Plotting

plot(x,sin_x,'b',x,cos_x,'k--','LineWidth',2)

xlim([x_i,x_f])

xlabel('$x$', 'Interpreter','latex','fontsize',15)

legend({'$\sin(x)$','$\cos(x)$'}, 'Interpreter','latex','fontsize',15)

legend boxoff
```

Exercise: 3-D line plot

```
% This program plots a helix using "plot3" function

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%

clear variables

close all

clc

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
% Defining the x vector

x = linspace(0,10 * pi,200);

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
% Calculating sin and cos

sin_x = sin(x);

cos_x = cos(x);
```

Exercise: 3-D line plot

```
% Plotting

plot3(sin_x,cos_x,x,'linewidth',2.5)

xlabel('$$\sin(x)$$','Interpreter','latex','fontsize',15)

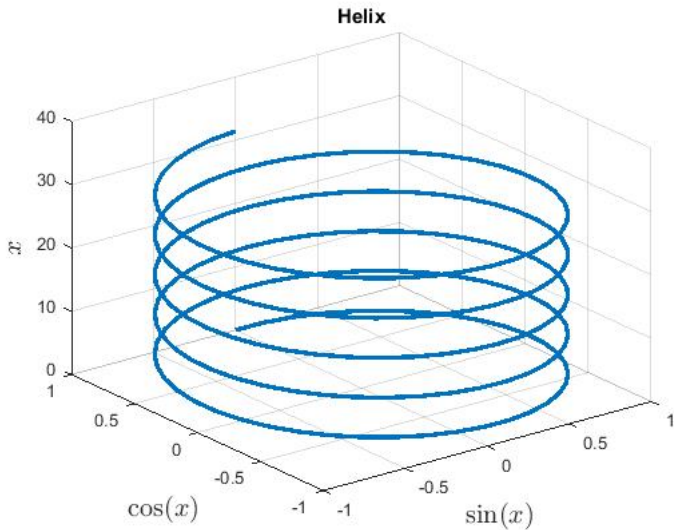
ylabel('$$\cos(x)$$','Interpreter','latex','fontsize',15)

zlabel('$$x$$','Interpreter','latex','fontsize',15)

grid on

title('Helix')
```

Exercise: 3-D line plot



Exercise: Surface plot

- Defining the x and y vectors

```
x_vec = linspace(-5, 5);
```

```
y_vec = linspace(-5, 5);
```


Exercise: Surface plot

- Defining the x and y vectors

```
x_vec = linspace(-5, 5);
```

```
y_vec = linspace(-5, 5);
```

- Meshgrid

```
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x_vec, y_vec);
```

Exercise: Surface plot

- Defining the x and y vectors

```
x_vec = linspace(-5, 5);
```

```
y_vec = linspace(-5, 5);
```

- Meshgrid

```
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x_vec, y_vec);
```

- Defining the function

```
Z = Y .* sin(X) - X .* cos(Y);
```

Exercise: Surface plot

- Defining the x and y vectors

```
x_vec = linspace(-5, 5);
```

```
y_vec = linspace(-5, 5);
```

- Meshgrid

```
[X, Y] = meshgrid(x_vec, y_vec);
```

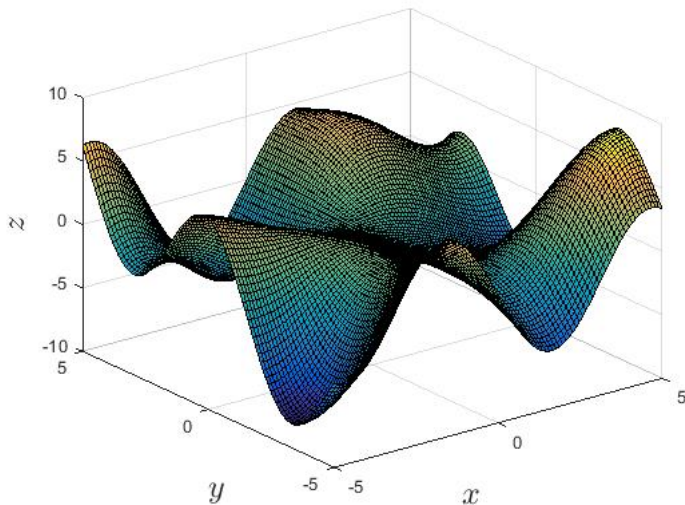
- Defining the function

```
Z = Y .* sin(X) - X .* cos(Y);
```

- Plotting

```
surf (X, Y, Z)
```

Exercise: Surface plot



Exercise: Contour plot

- Defining the x and y vectors

```
x_vec = linspace(0, 2 * pi);
```

```
y_vec = linspace(0, 4 * pi);
```

Exercise: Contour plot

- Defining the x and y vectors

```
x_vec = linspace(0, 2 * pi);
```

```
y_vec = linspace(0, 4 * pi);
```

- Meshgrid

```
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x_vec, y_vec);
```

Exercise: Contour plot

- Defining the x and y vectors

```
x_vec = linspace(0, 2 * pi);
```

```
y_vec = linspace(0, 4 * pi);
```

- Meshgrid

```
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x_vec, y_vec);
```

- Defining the function

```
Z = sin (X) + cos (Y);
```

Exercise: Contour plot

- Defining the x and y vectors

```
x_vec = linspace(0, 2 * pi);
```

```
y_vec = linspace(0, 4 * pi);
```

- Meshgrid

```
[X,Y] = meshgrid(x_vec, y_vec);
```

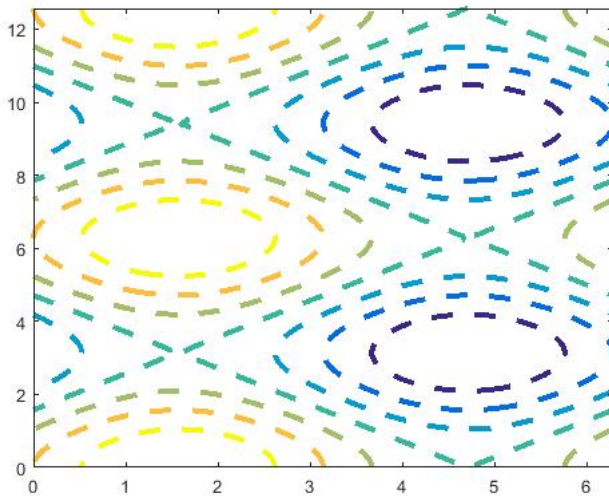
- Defining the function

```
Z = sin (X) + cos (Y);
```

- Plotting

```
contour (X, Y, Z)
```


Exercise: Contour plot



Exercise: Anonymous Functions

- Defining the dependent function

$$y = x.^2;$$

Exercise: Anonymous Functions

- Defining the dependent function

```
y = x ^ 2;
```

Error: Undefined function or variable 'x'

Exercise: Anonymous Functions

- Defining the dependent function

$$y = x.^2;$$

Error: Undefined function or variable 'x'

- Introduce anonymous function

$$y = @(x) x.^2;$$

Exercise: Anonymous Functions

- Defining the dependent function

```
y = x ^ 2;
```

Error: Undefined function or variable 'x'

- Introduce anonymous function

```
y = @(x) x ^ 2;
```

```
y(3);
```

Exercise: Symbolic toolbox

- `sym` (1/3)

Exercise: Symbolic toolbox

- `sym (1/3)`
- `sin (sym (pi))`

Exercise: Symbolic toolbox

- `sym (1/3)`
- `sin (sym (pi))`
- `t = 0.1;`
`sym (t)`

Exercise: Symbolic toolbox

- `sym (1/3)`
- `sin(sym(pi))`
- `t = 0.1;`
`sym (t)`
- `A = 1/sqrt(2)`
`B = sym(A)`

Exercise: Symbolic toolbox

- `sym (1/3)`
- `sin(sym(pi))`
- `t = 0.1;`
`sym (t)`
- `A = 1/sqrt(2)`
`B = sym(A)`
- `A = sym ('a', [1, 20])`

Exercise: Symbolic toolbox

- `sym (1/3)`
- `sin (sym (pi))`
- `t = 0.1;`
`sym (t)`
- `A = 1/sqrt(2)`
`B = sym(A)`
- `A = sym ('a', [1, 20])`
- `phi = (1 + sqrt (sym (5)))/2`
`f = phi^2 - phi - 1`

Exercise: Symbolic toolbox

■ `syms x y`

`log(x) + exp(y)`

Exercise: Symbolic toolbox

- `syms x y`

`log(x) + exp(y)`

- `syms x`

`f = sin(x)^2;`

`diff(f)`

`int(f)`

Exercise: Symbolic toolbox

- `syms x y`

`log(x) + exp(y)`

- `syms x`

`f = sin(x)^2;`

`diff(f)`

`int(f)`

- `syms f(x,y)`

`f(x,y) = x^2 * y`

`f(3,2)`

`subs(f, x, 3)`

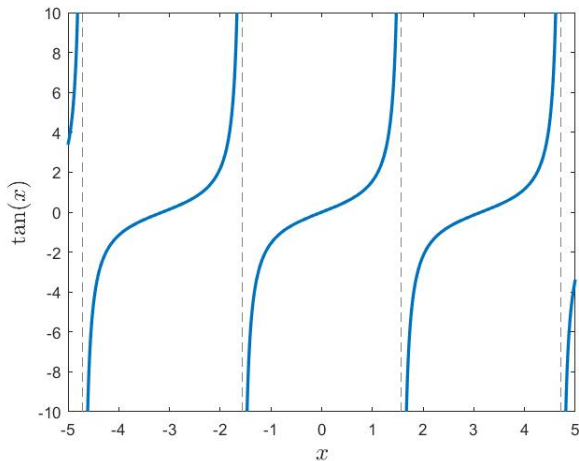
Exercise: Symbolic toolbox

- `syms x`
`fplot(tan(x))`

Exercise: Symbolic toolbox

■ `syms x`

`fplot(tan(x))`

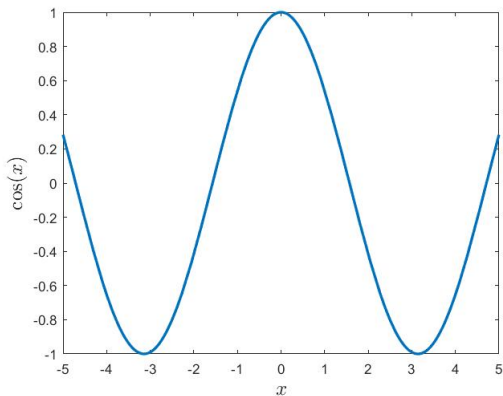


Exercise: Symbolic toolbox

■ `syms f(x)`

`f(x) = cos(x);`

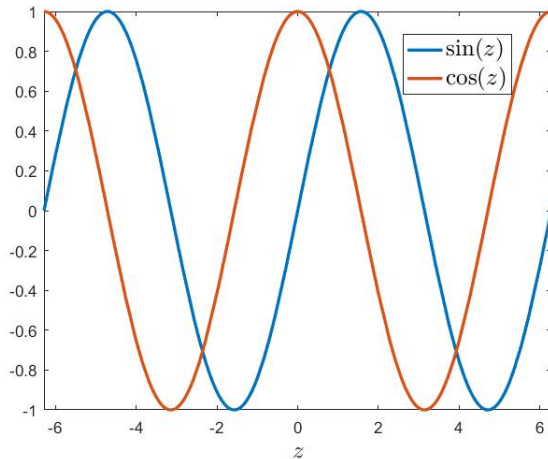
`fplot(f)`



Exercise: Symbolic toolbox

■ `syms z`

```
fplot ( [ sin(z), cos(z) ], [ -2 * pi, 2 * pi ] )
```



Exercise: Symbolic toolbox

■ `syms t`

```
xt = exp(-t / 10) .* sin(5 * t);
```

```
yt = exp(-t / 10) .* cos(5 * t);
```

```
fplot3(xt, yt, t, [-10, 10])
```

Exercise: Symbolic toolbox

■ `syms t`

```
xt = exp(-t / 10) .* sin(5 * t);
```

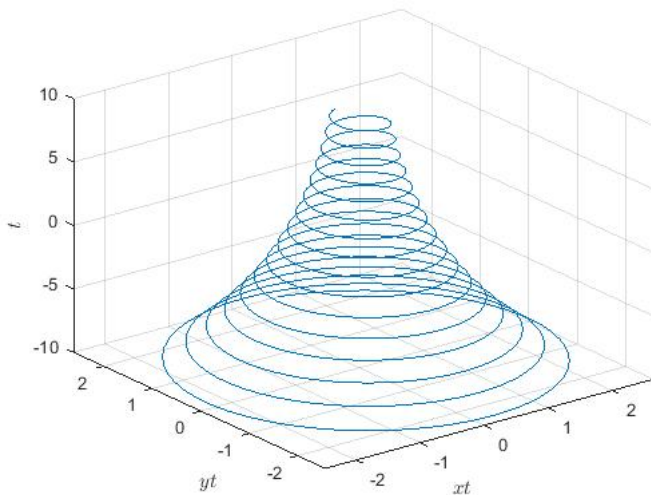
```
yt = exp(-t / 10) .* cos(5 * t);
```

```
fplot3(xt, yt, t, [-10, 10])
```

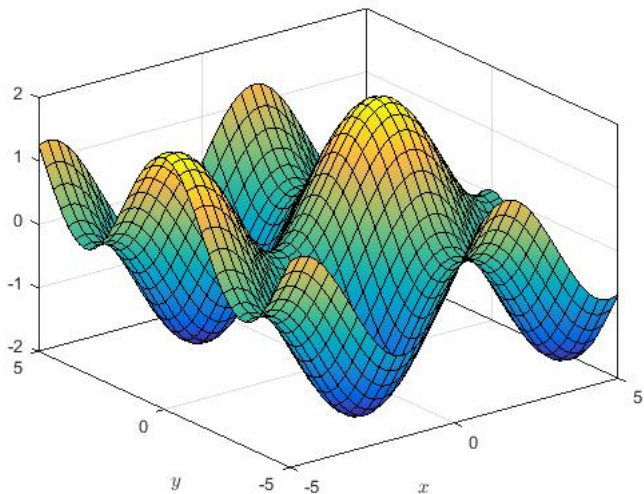
■ `syms x y`

```
fsurf(sin(x) + cos(y))
```

Exercise: Symbolic toolbox



Exercise: Symbolic toolbox



Exercise: User-defined Functions

Script file

- Defining a column vector of random integers

```
my_vec = randi (100, 50, 1);
```

Exercise: User-defined Functions

Script file

- Defining a column vector of random integers

```
my_vec = randi (100, 50, 1);
```

- Calling user-defined function file “my_fun”

```
[a, b, c] = my_fun (my_vec);
```


Exercise: User-defined Functions

Script file

- Defining a column vector of random integers

```
my_vec = randi (100, 50, 1);
```

- Calling user-defined function file “my_fun”

```
[a, b, c] = my_fun (my_vec);
```

- Displaying the results

```
fprintf ('Mean = %6.4f \n', a)
```

```
fprintf('Mode = %6.0f \n', b)
```

```
fprintf('Median = %6.4f \n', c)
```

Exercise: User-defined Functions

Function file

■ Defining the function "my_fun"

```
function [my_mean, my_mode, my_median] =  
my_fun (A)
```

```
my_mean = mean(A);
```

```
my_mode = mode(A);
```

```
my_median = median(A);
```

Exercise: User-defined Functions

```
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%  
  
% This program takes a vector of random integers as input, and returns  
% the mean, mode and median as output.  
  
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%  
  
clear variables  
  
close all  
  
clc  
  
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%  
% Defining a column vector of random integers  
  
my_vec = randi(100,51,1);
```

Exercise: User-defined Functions

```
% Calling user-defined function file "my_fun"

[a,b,c] = my_fun(my_vec);

%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
% Displaying the results

fprintf('Mean = %6.4f\n',a)

fprintf('Mode = %6.0f\n',b)

fprintf('Median = %6.4f\n',c)
```

Exercise: User-defined Functions

```
% This is the function file for my_fun_main
```

```
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
```

```
% Defining the function
```

```
function [my_mean,my_mode,my_median] = my_fun(A)
```

```
my_mean = mean(A);
```

```
my_mode = mode(A);
```

```
my_median = median(A);
```

Exercise: Data export/import

- Generating the data

```
A = rand(200,5);
```

Exercise: Data export/import

- Generating the data

```
A = rand(200,5);
```

- Exporting the data

```
filename = 'mytestdata.xlsx';
```

```
xlswrite (filename, A)
```

Exercise: Data export/import

- Generating the data

```
A = rand(200,5);
```

- Exporting the data

```
filename = 'mytestdata.xlsx';
```

```
xlswrite (filename, A)
```

- Refreshing the workspace

```
clear variables
```


Exercise: Data export/import

- Generating the data

```
A = rand(200,5);
```

- Exporting the data

```
filename = 'mytestdata.xlsx';  
xlswrite (filename, A)
```

- Refreshing the workspace

```
clear variables
```

- Importing the data

```
B = xlsread ('mytestdata.xlsx')  
data_1 = B(:, 1);  
data_2 = B(:, 2);
```

Exercise: Data export/import

- Plotting the data

```
plot(data_1, data_2, 'k.')
```

References

- https://www.mathworks.com/help/matlab/matlab_prog/loop-control-statements.html
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