#### AM501PC: DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS

# B.Tech. III Year I Sem. L T P C 3 1 0 4

## Prerequisites:

- 1. A course on "Computer Programming and Data Structures".
- 2. A course on "Advanced Data Structures".

#### **Course Objectives:**

- Introduces the notations for analysis of the performance of algorithms and the data structure of disjoint sets.
- Describes major algorithmic techniques (divide-and-conquer, backtracking, dynamic programming, greedy, branch and bound methods) and mention problems for which each technique is appropriate
- Describes how to evaluate and compare different algorithms using worst-, average-, and best case analysis.
- Explains the difference between tractable and intractable problems, and introduces the problems that are P, NP and NP complete.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

- Analyze the performance of algorithms
- Choose appropriate data structures and algorithm design methods for a specified application
- Understand the choice of data structures and the algorithm design methods

#### UNIT - I

**Introduction:** Algorithm, Performance Analysis-Space complexity, Time complexity, Asymptotic Notations- Big oh notation, Omega notation, Theta notation and Little oh notation.

**Divide and conquer:** General method, applications-Binary search, Quick sort, Merge sort, Strassen's matrix multiplication.

#### UNIT - II

**Disjoint Sets:** Disjoint set operations, union and find algorithms, Priority Queue- Heaps, Heapsort **Backtracking:** General method, applications, n-queen's problem, sum of subsets problem, graph Coloring, hamitonian cycles.

# **UNIT - III**

**Dynamic Programming:** General method, applications- Optimal binary search tree, 0/1 knapsack problem, All pairs shortest path problem, Traveling salesperson problem, Reliability design.

## **UNIT - IV**

**Greedy method:** General method, applications-Job sequencing with deadlines, knapsack problem, Minimum cost spanning trees, Single source shortest path problem.

**Basic Traversal and Search Techniques:** Techniques for Binary Trees, Techniques for Graphs, Connected components, Biconnected components.

## UNIT - V

**Branch and Bound:** General method, applications - Traveling salesperson problem, 0/1 knapsack problem - LC Branch and Bound solution, FIFO Branch and Bound solution.

**NP-Hard and NP-Complete problems:** Basic concepts, non-deterministic algorithms, NP-Hard and NP-Complete classes, Cook's theorem.