

SOURCE CODE –

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void findWaitingTime(int processes[], int n, int bt[], int wt[])
```

```
{
```

```
    wt [0] = 0;
```

```
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i++)
```

```
        wt[i] = bt[i-1] + wt[i-1];
```

```
}
```

```
void findTurnAroundTime(int processes[], int n, int bt[], int wt[], int tat[])
```

```
{
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
        tat[i] = bt[i] + wt[i];
```

```
}
```

```
void findavgTime( int processes[], int n, int bt[])
```

```
{
```

```
    int wt[n], tat[n], total_wt = 0, total_tat = 0;
```

```
    findWaitingTime(processes, n, bt, wt);
```

```
    findTurnAroundTime(processes, n, bt, wt, tat);
```

```
    printf("Processes Burst time Waiting time Turn around time\n");
```

```
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        total_wt = total_wt + wt[i];
```

```
        total_tat = total_tat + tat[i];
```

```
        printf(" %d ",(i+1));
```

```
        printf(" %d ", bt[i] );
```

```
        printf(" %d",wt[i] );
```

```
        printf(" %d\n",tat[i]);
```

```
    }
```

```
    float s=(float)total_wt / (float)n;
```

```
    float t=(float)total_tat / (float)n;
```

```

        printf("Average waiting time = %f",s);

        printf("\n");

        printf("Average turn around time = %f ",t);
    }

int main()
{
    int processes[] = { 1, 2, 3};

    int n = sizeof processes / sizeof processes[0];

    //Burst time of all processes
    int burst_time[] = { 10, 5, 8};

    findavgTime(processes, n, burst_time);

    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT -

Process ID	Burst Time	Waiting Time	TurnAround Time
1	5	0	5
2	11	5	16
3	11	16	27
Avg. waiting time= 7.000000			
Avg. turnaround time= 16.000000			

SOURCE CODE –

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int arrival_time[10], burst_time[10], temp[10];
```

```
    int i, smallest, count = 0, time, limit;
```

```
    double wait_time = 0, turnaround_time = 0, end;
```

```
    float average_waiting_time, average_turnaround_time;
```

```
    printf("\nEnter the Total Number of Processes:t");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &limit);
```

```
    printf("\nEnter Details of %d Processesn", limit);
```

```
    for(i = 0; i < limit; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("\nEnter Arrival Time:t");
```

```
        scanf("%d", &arrival_time[i]);
```

```
        printf("\nEnter Burst Time:t");
```

```
        scanf("%d", &burst_time[i]);
```

```
        temp[i] = burst_time[i];
```

```
    }
```

```
    burst_time[9] = 9999;
```

```
    for(time = 0; count != limit; time++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        smallest = 9;
```

```
        for(i = 0; i < limit; i++)
```

```
        {
```

```
            if(arrival_time[i] <= time && burst_time[i] < burst_time[smallest] &&
burst_time[i] > 0)
```

```
            {
```

```
                smallest = i;
```

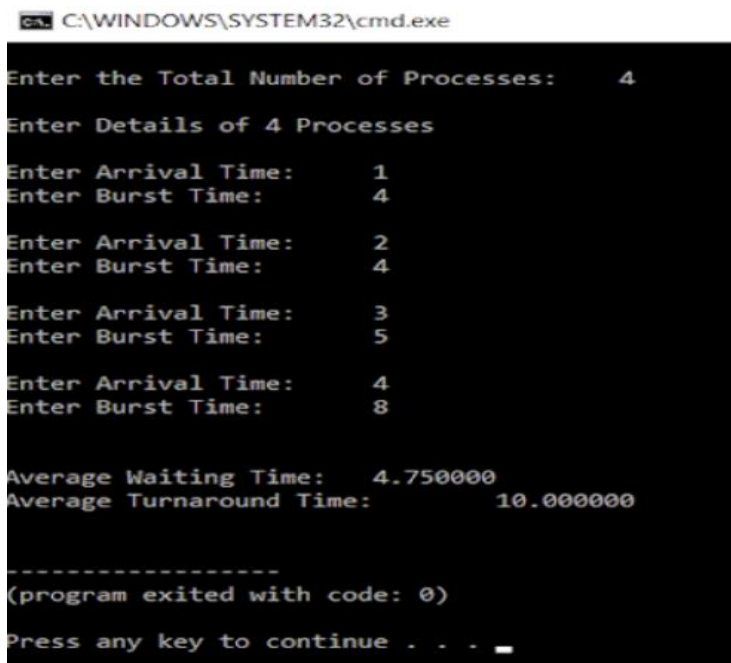
```

    }
}
burst_time[smallest]--;
if(burst_time[smallest] == 0)
{
    count++;
    end = time + 1;
    wait_time = wait_time + end - arrival_time[smallest] - temp[smallest];
    turnaround_time = turnaround_time + end - arrival_time[smallest];
}
}

average_waiting_time = wait_time / limit;
average_turnaround_time = turnaround_time / limit;
printf("\nAverage Waiting Time:t%lf\n", average_waiting_time);
printf("Average Turnaround Time:t%lf\n", average_turnaround_time);
return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT-



```

C:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\cmd.exe
Enter the Total Number of Processes: 4
Enter Details of 4 Processes
Enter Arrival Time: 1
Enter Burst Time: 4
Enter Arrival Time: 2
Enter Burst Time: 4
Enter Arrival Time: 3
Enter Burst Time: 5
Enter Arrival Time: 4
Enter Burst Time: 8

Average Waiting Time: 4.750000
Average Turnaround Time: 10.000000

-----
(program exited with code: 0)
Press any key to continue . . .

```

SOURCE CODE-

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void swap(int *a,int *b)
```

```
{
```

```
    int temp=*a;
```

```
    *a=*b;
```

```
    *b=temp;
```

```
}
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int n;
```

```
    printf("Enter Number of Processes: ");
```

```
    scanf("%d",&n);
```

```
    int b[n],p[n],index[n];
```

```
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("Enter Burst Time and Priority Value for Process %d: ",i+1);
```

```
        scanf("%d %d",&b[i],&p[i]);
```

```
        index[i]=i+1;
```

```
    }
```

```
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        int a=p[i],m=i;
```

```
        for(int j=i;j<n;j++)
```

```
        {
```

```
            if(p[j] > a)
```

```
            {
```

```
                a=p[j];
```

```
                m=j;
```

```
            }
```

```

    }

    swap(&p[i], &p[m]);

    swap(&b[i], &b[m]);

    swap(&index[i], &index[m]);
}

int t=0;

printf("Order of process Execution is\n");

for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    printf("P%d is executed from %d to %d\n",index[i],t,t+b[i]);

    t+=b[i];
}

printf("\n");

printf("Process Id   Burst Time   Wait Time   TurnAround Time\n");

int wait_time=0;

for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    printf("P%d       %d       %d       %d\n",index[i],b[i],wait_time,wait_time + b[i]);

    wait_time += b[i];
}

return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT –

```

Enter Number of Processes: 3
Enter Burst Time and Priority Value for Process 1: 10 2
Enter Burst Time and Priority Value for Process 2: 5 0
Enter Burst Time and Priority Value for Process 3: 8 1
Order of process Execution is
P1 is executed from 0 to 10
P3 is executed from 10 to 18
P2 is executed from 18 to 23

Process Id   Burst Time   Wait Time   TurnAround Time
P1           10           0           10
P3           8           10          18
P2           5           18          23

```

SOURCE CODE –

```
#include<stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int cnt,j,n,t,remain,flag=0,tq;
    int wt=0,tat=0,at[10],bt[10],rt[10];
    printf("Enter Total Process:\t ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    remain=n;
    for(cnt=0;cnt<n;cnt++)
    {
        printf("Enter Arrival Time and Burst Time for Process Process Number %d :",cnt+1);
        scanf("%d",&at[cnt]);
        scanf("%d",&bt[cnt]);
        rt[cnt]=bt[cnt];
    }
    printf("Enter Time Quantum:\t");
    scanf("%d",&tq);
    printf("\n\nProcess\t|Turnaround Time|Waiting Time\n\n");
    for(t=0,cnt=0;remain!=0;)
    {
        if(rt[cnt]<=tq && rt[cnt]>0)
        {
            t+=rt[cnt];
            rt[cnt]=0;
            flag=1;
        }
        else if(rt[cnt]>0)
        {
            rt[cnt]-=tq;
```

```

    t+=tq;
}
if(rt[cnt]==0 && flag==1)
{
    remain--;
    printf("P[%d]\\t\\t%d\\t\\t%d\\n",cnt+1,t-at[cnt],t-at[cnt]-bt[cnt]);
    wt+=t-at[cnt]-bt[cnt];
    tat+=t-at[cnt];
    flag=0;
}
if(cnt==n-1)
    cnt=0;
else if(at[cnt+1]<=t)
    cnt++;
else
    cnt=0;
}
printf("\\nAverage Waiting Time= %f\\n",wt*1.0/n);
printf("Avg Turnaround Time = %f",tat*1.0/n);
return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT-

```

Enter Total Process:      4
Enter Arrival Time and Burst Time for Process Process Number 1 :0
Enter Arrival Time and Burst Time for Process Process Number 2 :1
Enter Arrival Time and Burst Time for Process Process Number 3 :2
Enter Arrival Time and Burst Time for Process Process Number 4 :4
Enter Time Quantum:      2

Process |Turnaround Time|Waiting Time
P[3]    |      4      |      2
P[4]    |      3      |      2
P[2]    |     10      |      6
P[1]    |     12      |      7

Average Waiting Time= 4.250000
Avg Turnaround Time = 7.250000

```



```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
main()
```

$$\{$$

```
int q[20],p[50],c=0,c1,d,f,i,j,k=0,n,r,t,b[20],c2[20];
```

```
printf("Enter no of pages:");
```

```
scanf("%d",&n);
```

```
printf("Enter the reference string:");
```

```
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
```

```
scanf("%d",&p[i]);
```

```
printf("Enter no of frames:");
```

```
scanf("%d",&f);
```

$$q[k]=p[k];$$

```
printf("\n\t%d\n",q[k]);
```

C++;

 $k_{++};$

```
for(i=1;i<n;i++)
```

$$\{$$

```

c1=0;

```

```
for(j=0;j<f;j++)
```

$$\{$$

```
if(p[i]!=q[j])
```

c1++;

$$\}$$

```
if(c1==f)
```

$$\{$$

C++;

if($k < f$)

 $\{$

```
q[k]=p[i];
```

```

        k++;

        for(j=0;j<k;j++)
            printf("\t%d",q[j]);
        printf("\n");
    }
else
{
    for(r=0;r<f;r++)
    {
        c2[r]=0;
        for(j=i-1;j<n;j--)
        {
            if(q[r]!=p[j])
                c2[r]++;
            else
                break;
        }
    }
    for(r=0;r<f;r++)
        b[r]=c2[r];
    for(r=0;r<f;r++)
    {
        for(j=r;j<f;j++)
        {
            if(b[r]<b[j])
            {
                t=b[r];
                b[r]=b[j];
                b[j]=t;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        }
    }
    for(r=0;r<f;r++)
    {
        if(c2[r]==b[0])
            q[r]=p[i];
        printf("\t%d",q[r]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

}

printf("\nThe no of page faults is %d",c);
}

```

OUTPUT –

Enter no of pages:10

Enter the reference string:7 5 9 4 3 7 9 6 2 1

Enter no of frames:3

7		
7	5	
7	5	9
4	5	9
4	3	9
4	3	7
9	3	7
9	6	7
9	6	2
1	6	2

The no of page faults is 10

SOURCE CODE-

```
#include < stdio.h >

int main()
{
    int incomingStream[] = {4 , 1 , 2 , 4 , 5};
    int pageFaults = 0;
    int frames = 3;
    int m, n, s, pages;
    pages = sizeof(incomingStream)/sizeof(incomingStream[0]);
    printf(" Incoming \ t Frame 1 \ t Frame 2 \ t Frame 3 ");
    int temp[ frames ];
    for(m = 0; m < frames; m++)
    {
        temp[m] = -1;
    }
    for(m = 0; m < pages; m++)
    {
        s = 0;
        for(n = 0; n < frames; n++)
        {
            if(incomingStream[m] == temp[n])
            {
                s++;
                pageFaults--;
            }
        }
        pageFaults++;
        if((pageFaults <= frames) && (s == 0))
        {
            temp[m] = incomingStream[m];
        }
    }
}
```

```

    }
    else if(s == 0)
    {
        temp[(pageFaults - 1) % frames] = incomingStream[m];
    }
    printf("\n");
    printf("%d\t\t",incomingStream[m]);
    for(n = 0; n < frames; n++)
    {
        if(temp[n] != -1)
            printf(" %d\t\t", temp[n]);
        else
            printf(" - \t\t");
    }
}
printf("\nTotal Page Faults:\t%d\n", pageFaults);
return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT –

Incoming	Frame 1	Frame 2	Frame 3	
4	4	-	-	
1	4	1	-	
2	4	1	2	
4	4	1	2	
5	5	1	2	
Total Page Faults: 4				

SOURCE CODE-

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int search(int key, int frame_items[], int frame_occupied)
```

```
{
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < frame_occupied; i++)
```

```
        if (frame_items[i] == key)
```

```
            return 1;
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
void printOuterStructure(int max_frames){
```

```
    printf("Stream ");
```

```
    for(int i = 0; i < max_frames; i++)
```

```
        printf("Frame%d ", i+1);
```

```
}
```

```
void printCurrFrames(int item, int frame_items[], int frame_occupied, int max_frames){
```

```
    printf("\n%d \t\t", item);
```

```
    for(int i = 0; i < max_frames; i++){
```

```
        if(i < frame_occupied)
```

```
            printf("%d \t\t", frame_items[i]);
```

```
        else
```

```
            printf("- \t\t");
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
int predict(int ref_str[], int frame_items[], int refStrLen, int index, int frame_occupied)
```

```
{
```

```
    int result = -1, farthest = index;
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < frame_occupied; i++) {
```

```
        int j;
```

```
        for (j = index; j < refStrLen; j++)
```

```
        {
```

```

        if (frame_items[i] == ref_str[j])
        {
            if (j > farthest) {
                farthest = j;
                result = i;
            }
            break;
        }
    }
    if (j == refStrLen)
        return i;
}

return (result == -1) ? 0 : result;
}

void optimalPage(int ref_str[], int refStrLen, int frame_items[], int max_frames)
{
    // initially none of the frames are occupied
    int frame_occupied = 0;
    printOuterStructure(max_frames);
    int hits = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < refStrLen; i++) {
        if (search(ref_str[i], frame_items, frame_occupied)) {
            hits++;
            printCurrFrames(ref_str[i], frame_items, frame_occupied, max_frames);
            continue;
        }
        if (frame_occupied < max_frames){
            frame_items[frame_occupied] = ref_str[i];
            frame_occupied++;
            printCurrFrames(ref_str[i], frame_items, frame_occupied, max_frames);
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
    else {
        int pos = predict(ref_str, frame_items, refStrLen, i + 1, frame_occupied);
        frame_items[pos] = ref_str[i];
        printCurrFrames(ref_str[i], frame_items, frame_occupied, max_frames);
    }
}

printf("\n\nHits: %d\n", hits);
printf("Misses: %d", refStrLen - hits);
}

int main()
{
    int ref_str[] = {7, 0, 1, 2, 0, 3, 0, 4, 2, 3, 0, 3, 2, 1, 2, 0, 1, 7, 0, 1};
    int refStrLen = sizeof(ref_str) / sizeof(ref_str[0]);
    int max_frames = 3;
    int frame_items[max_frames];
    optimalPage(ref_str, refStrLen, frame_items, max_frames);
    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT-

```

Stream  Frame1  Frame2  Frame3
7       7       -       -
0       7       0       -
1       7       0       1
2       2       0       1
0       2       0       1
3       2       0       3
0       2       0       3
4       2       4       3
2       2       4       3
3       2       4       3
0       2       0       3
3       2       0       3
2       2       0       3
1       2       0       1
2       2       0       1
0       2       0       1
1       2       0       1
7       7       0       1
0       7       0       1
1       7       0       1

Hits: 11
Misses: 9

```


SOURCE CODE-

FIRST FIT

// C implementation of First - Fit algorithm

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void firstFit(int blockSize[], int m, int processSize[], int n)
```

```
{
    int i, j;
    int allocation[n];
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        allocation[i] = -1;
    }
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) //here, n -> number of processes
    {
        for (j = 0; j < m; j++) //here, m -> number of blocks
        {
            if (blockSize[j] >= processSize[i])
            {
                // allocating block j to the ith process
                allocation[i] = j;

                blockSize[j] -= processSize[i];
                break; //go to the next process in the queue
            }
        }
    }

    printf("\nProcess No.\tProcess Size\tBlock no.\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        printf(" %i\t\t", i+1);
```

```

        printf("%i\t\t\t", processSize[i]);
        if (allocation[i] != -1)
            printf("%i", allocation[i] + 1);
        else
            printf("Not Allocated");
        printf("\n");
    }
}

int main()
{
    int m; //number of blocks in the memory
    int n; //number of processes in the input queue
    int blockSize[] = { 100, 500, 200, 300, 600};
    int processSize[] = { 212, 417, 112, 426};
    m = sizeof(blockSize) / sizeof(blockSize[0]);
    n = sizeof(processSize) / sizeof(processSize[0]);
    firstFit(blockSize, m, processSize, n);
    return 0 ;
}

```

OUTPUT-

Process No.	Process Size	Block no.
1	212	2
2	417	5
3	112	2
4	426	Not Allocated

BEST FIT

```
#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

void bestFit(int blockSize[], int m, int processSize[], int n)
{
    int allocation[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        allocation[i] = -1;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        // Find the best fit block for current process
        int bestIdx = -1;
        for (int j = 0; j < m; j++)
        {
            if (blockSize[j] >= processSize[i])
            {
                if (bestIdx == -1)
                    bestIdx = j;
                else if (blockSize[bestIdx] > blockSize[j])
                    bestIdx = j;
            }
        }
        if (bestIdx != -1)
        {
            allocation[i] = bestIdx;
            blockSize[bestIdx] -= processSize[i];
        }
    }
    cout << "\nProcess No.\tProcess Size\tBlock no.\n";
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```

    {
        cout << " " << i+1 << "\t\t" << processSize[i] << "\t\t";
        if (allocation[i] != -1)
            cout << allocation[i] + 1;
        else
            cout << "Not Allocated";
        cout << endl;
    }
}

int main()
{
    int blockSize[] = {100, 500, 200, 300, 600};
    int processSize[] = {212, 417, 112, 426};
    int m = sizeof(blockSize) / sizeof(blockSize[0]);
    int n = sizeof(processSize) / sizeof(processSize[0]);
    bestFit(blockSize, m, processSize, n);
    return 0 ;
}

```

OUTPUT –

Process No.	Process Size	Block no.
1	212	4
2	417	2
3	112	3
4	426	5

WORST FIT

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

void worstFit(int blockSize[], int m, int processSize[], int n)
{
    int allocation[n];
    memset(allocation, -1, sizeof(allocation));
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
    {
        // Find the best fit block for current process
        int wstIdx = -1;
        for (int j=0; j<m; j++)
        {
            if (blockSize[j] >= processSize[i])
            {
                if (wstIdx == -1)
                    wstIdx = j;
                else if (blockSize[wstIdx] < blockSize[j])
                    wstIdx = j;
            }
        }
        if (wstIdx != -1)
        {
            allocation[i] = wstIdx;
            blockSize[wstIdx] -= processSize[i];
        }
    }
    cout << "\nProcess No.\tProcess Size\tBlock no.\n";
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
```

```

        cout << " " << i+1 << "\t\t" << processSize[i] << "\t\t";
        if (allocation[i] != -1)
            cout << allocation[i] + 1;
        else
            cout << "Not Allocated";
        cout << endl;
    }
}

int main()
{
    int blockSize[] = {100, 500, 200, 300, 600};
    int processSize[] = {212, 417, 112, 426};
    int m = sizeof(blockSize)/sizeof(blockSize[0]);
    int n = sizeof(processSize)/sizeof(processSize[0]);
    worstFit(blockSize, m, processSize, n);
    return 0 ;
}

```

OUTPUT-

Process No.	Process Size	Block no.
1	212	5
2	417	2
3	112	5
4	426	Not Allocated

SOURCE CODE-

```
#include<semaphore.h>

#include<stdio.h>

#include<pthread.h>

# include<bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;

void *reader(void *);

void *writer(void *);

int readcount=0,writecount=0,sh_var=5,bsize[5];

sem_t x,y,z,rsem,wsem;

pthread_t r[3],w[2];

void *reader(void *i)
{
    cout << "\n-----";

    cout << "\n\n reader-" << i << " is reading";

    sem_wait(&z);

    sem_wait(&rsem);

    sem_wait(&x);

    readcount++;

    if(readcount==1)

        sem_wait(&wsem);

    sem_post(&x);

    sem_post(&rsem);

    sem_post(&z);

    cout << "\nupdated value : " << sh_var;

    sem_wait(&x);

    readcount--;

    if(readcount==0)

        sem_post(&wsem);

    sem_post(&x);
```

```

}

void *writer(void *i)
{
    cout << "\n\n writer-" << i << "is writing";
    sem_wait(&y);
    writecount++;
    if(writecount==1)
        sem_wait(&rsem);
    sem_post(&y);
    sem_wait(&wsem);
    sh_var=sh_var+5;
    sem_post(&wsem);
    sem_wait(&y);
    writecount--;
    if(writecount==0)
        sem_post(&rsem);
    sem_post(&y);
}

int main()
{
    sem_init(&x,0,1);
    sem_init(&wsem,0,1);
    sem_init(&y,0,1);
    sem_init(&z,0,1);
    sem_init(&rsem,0,1);
    pthread_create(&r[0],NULL,(void *)reader,(void *)0);
    pthread_create(&w[0],NULL,(void *)writer,(void *)0);
    pthread_create(&r[1],NULL,(void *)reader,(void *)1);
    pthread_create(&r[2],NULL,(void *)reader,(void *)2);
    pthread_create(&r[3],NULL,(void *)reader,(void *)3);

```



```

pthread_create(&w[1],NULL,(void *)writer,(void *)3);
pthread_create(&r[4],NULL,(void *)reader,(void *)4);
pthread_join(r[0],NULL);
pthread_join(w[0],NULL);
pthread_join(r[1],NULL);
pthread_join(r[2],NULL);
pthread_join(r[3],NULL);
pthread_join(w[1],NULL);
pthread_join(r[4],NULL);
return(0);
}

```

OUTPUT –

```

student@sh-4.4-desktop:~$ gcc rw1.c -lpthread
student@sh-4.4-desktop:~$ ./a.out
-----
reader-0 is reading
updated value : 5

writer-0 is writing
-----
reader-1 is reading
updated value : 10
-----
reader-2 is reading
updated value : 10
-----
reader-3 is reading
updated value : 10

writer-3 is writing
-----
reader-4 is reading

```

SOURCE CODE-

```
#include <stdio.h>

#include <stdlib.h>

int full = 0;

int empty = 10, x = 0;

void producer()
{
    --mutex;

    ++full;

    --empty;

    x++;

    printf("\nProducer produces "
           "item %d",
           x);

    ++mutex;
}

void consumer()
{
    --mutex;

    --full;

    ++empty;

    printf("\nConsumer consumes "
           "item %d",
           x);

    x--;

    // Increase mutex value by 1

    ++mutex;
}

int main()
```

```

{
    int n, i;

    printf("\n1. Press 1 for Producer"
           "\n2. Press 2 for Consumer"
           "\n3. Press 3 for Exit");

#pragma omp critical
    for (i = 1; i > 0; i++) {
        printf("\nEnter your choice:");
        scanf("%d", &n);
        switch (n) {
            case 1:

                if ((mutex == 1)
                    && (empty != 0)) {
                    producer();
                }
                else {
                    printf("Buffer is full!");
                }
                break;
            case 2:
                if ((mutex == 1)
                    && (full != 0)) {
                    consumer();
                }
                else {
                    printf("Buffer is empty!");
                }
            case 3:
                exit(0);
        }
    }
}

```

```
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

OUTPUT-

```
1.Producer
2.Consumer
3.Exit
Enter your choice:2
Buffer is empty!!
Enter your choice:1

Producer produces item 1
Enter your choice:1

Producer produces item 2
Enter your choice:1

Producer produces item 3
Enter your choice:2

Consumer consumes item 3
Enter your choice:1

Producer produces item 3
Enter your choice:2

Consumer consumes item 3
Enter your choice:2

Consumer consumes item 2
Enter your choice:2

Consumer consumes item 1
Enter your choice:2
Buffer is empty!!
Enter your choice:3
```

SOURCE CODE-

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int n, m, i, j, k;
```

```
    n = 5; // Number of processes
```

```
    m = 3; // Number of resources
```

```
    int alloc[5][3] = { { 0, 1, 0 }, // P0
```

```
                        { 2, 0, 0 }, // P1
```

```
                        { 3, 0, 2 }, // P2
```

```
                        { 2, 1, 1 }, // P3
```

```
                        { 0, 0, 2 } }; // P4
```

```
    int max[5][3] = { { 7, 5, 3 },
```

```
                    { 3, 2, 2 }, // P1
```

```
                    { 9, 0, 2 }, // P2
```

```
                    { 2, 2, 2 }, // P3
```

```
                    { 4, 3, 3 } }; // P4
```

```
    int avail[3] = { 3, 3, 2 }; // Available Resources
```

```
    int f[n], ans[n], ind = 0;
```

```
    for (k = 0; k < n; k++) {
```

```
        f[k] = 0;
```

```
    }
```

```
    int need[n][m];
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```

```
        for (j = 0; j < m; j++)
```

```
            need[i][j] = max[i][j] - alloc[i][j];
```

```
    }
```

```
    int y = 0;
```

```
    for (k = 0; k < 5; k++) {
```

```
        for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```

```

        if (f[i] == 0) {
            int flag = 0;
            for (j = 0; j < m; j++) {
                if (need[i][j] > avail[j]){
                    flag = 1;
                    break;
                }
            }
            if (flag == 0) {
                ans[ind++] = i;
                for (y = 0; y < m; y++)
                    avail[y] += alloc[i][y];
                f[i] = 1;
            }
        }
    }
}

int flag = 1;
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    if(f[i]==0)
    {
        flag=0;
        printf("The following system is not safe");
        break;
    }
}

if(flag==1)
{
    printf("Following is the SAFE Sequence\n");

```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)  
        printf(" P%d ->", ans[i]);  
    printf(" P%d", ans[n - 1]);  
}  
return (0);  
}
```

OUTPUT-

```
Following is the SAFE Sequence  
P1 -> P3 -> P4 -> P0 -> P2
```