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Hands-on Lab: Getting started with MySQL command line

Estimated time needed: 20 minutes

In this lab, you will use the MySQL command line interface (CLI) to create a database and to restore the structure and contents of tables. Then you will learn how to explore and query tables. Finally, you will learn how to dump/backup tables from database.

Software Used in this Lab

In this lab, you will use MySQL. MySQL is a Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) designed to efficiently store, manipulate, and retrieve data



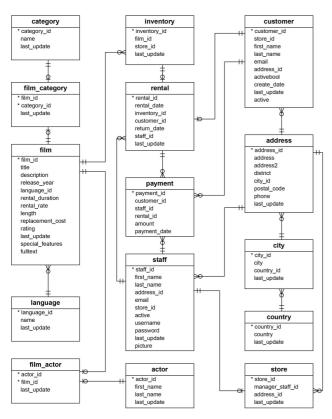
To complete this lab you will utilize the MySQL relational database service available as part of the IBM Skills Network Labs (SN Labs) Cloud IDE. SN Labs is a virtual lab environment used in this course.

Database Used in this Lab

The Sakila database used in this lab comes from the following source: https://dev.mysql.com/doc/sakila/en/ under New BSD license [Copyright 2021 - Oracle Corporation].

You will use a modified version of the database for the lab, so to follow the lab instructions successfully please use the database provided with the lab, rather than the database from the original source.

The following entity relationship diagram (ERD) shows the schema of the Sakila database:



Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to use the MySQL command line to:

- · Create a database.
- Restore the structure and data of a table.
- · Explore and query tables.
- Dump/backup tables from a database.

Exercise

In this exercise through different tasks, you will use the MySQL command line interface (CLI) to create a database and to restore the structure and contents of tables. Then you will learn how to explore and query tables. Finally, you will learn how to dump/backup tables from database.

Task A: Create a database

- 1. Go to Terminal > New Terminal to open a terminal from the side by side launched Cloud IDE.
- 2. Copy the command below by clicking on the little copy button on the bottom right of the codeblock and then paste it into the terminal using Ctrl + V (Mac: 光 + V) to fetch the sakilamysqldump.sql file to the Cloud IDE.

 $wget\ https://cf-courses-data.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud/IBM-DB0110EN-SkillsNetwork/datasets/sakila/sakila_mysql_dump.sql$

3. Start the MySQL service session in the Cloud IDE using the command below in the terminal:

start_mysql

4. Initiate the mysql command prompt session within MySQL service session using the command below in the terminal:

```
mysql --host=127.0.0.1 --port=3306 --user=root --password
```

When prompted, enter the password that was displayed when MySQL started up, as shown in the screenshot below.

Please note, you won't be able to see your password when typing it in. Not to worry, this is expected!

- 5. Enter your MySQL service session password from the highlighted location of the terminal shown in the image above. Note down your MySQL service session password because you may need to use it later in the lab.
- 6. Create a new database sakila using the command below in the terminal and proceed to Task B:

create database sakila;

Task B: Restore the structure and data of a table

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1. To use the newly created empty sakila database, use the command below in the terminal:

```
use sakila;
```

2. Restore the sakila mysql dump file (containing the sakila database table definitions and data) to the newly created empty sakila database. A dump file is a text file that contains the data from a database in the form of SQL statements. This file can be imported using the command line with the following command:

```
source sakila_mysql_dump.sql;
```

Note: You can use the **source** command to restore the database dump file within the mysql command prompt. To restore the database dump file outside of the mysql command prompt, you can use the mysql --host=127.0.0.1 --port=3306 --user=root --password sakila < sakila_mysql_dump.sql command after quitting the mysql command prompt session with command \q.

Task C: Explore and query tables

1. To list all the tables names from the sakila database, use the command below in the terminal:

```
SHOW FULL TABLES WHERE table_type = 'BASE TABLE';
```

The Table_type for these tables is BASE TABLE. BASE TABLE means that it is a table as opposed to a view (VIEW) or an INFORMATION_SCHEMA view (SYSTEM VIEW).

2. Explore the structure of the **staff** table using the command below in the terminal:

```
DESCRIBE staff;
```

To understand the output, see the following table:

Column Name	Definition
Field	Name of the column.
Type	Data type of the column.
Null	Displays YES if column can contain NULL values and NO if not. Notice how the primary key displays NO.
Key	Displays the value PRI if the column is a primary key, UNI if the column is a unique key, and MUL if the column is a non-unique index in which one value can appear multiple times. If there is no value displayed, then the column isn't indexed or it's indexed as a secondary column. Please note, that if more than one of these values applies to the column, the value that appears will be displayed based on the following order: PRI , UNI , and MUL .
Default	The default value of the column. If the column's value has specifically been set as NULL, then the value that appears will be NULL.
Extra	Any additional information about a column.

3. Now retrieve all the records from the **staff** table using the command below in the terminal:

```
SELECT * FROM staff;
```

4. Quit the MySQL command prompt session using the command below in the terminal and proceed to Task D:

\q

Task D: Dump/backup tables from a database

1. Finally, dump/backup the **staff** table from the database using the command below in the terminal:

```
mysqldump --host=127.0.0.1 --port=3306 --user=root --password sakila staff > sakila_staff_mysql_dump.sql
```

This command will backup the staff table from the sakila database into a file called sakilastaffmysql_dump.sql.

- 2. Enter your MySQL service session password.
- 3. To view the contents of the dump file within the terminal, use the command below:

```
{\tt cat\ sakila\_staff\_mysql\_dump.sql}
```

Congratulations! You have completed this lab, and you are ready for the next topic.

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Changelog

DateVersionChanged byChange Description2021-03-151.0Sandip Saha Joy Created initial version2021-10-181.1Kathy AnUpdated lab instructions

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