# **ASSIGNMENT 3**

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/manik2255/AI1103-PROBABILITY-AND-RANDOM-VARIABLES/blob/main/ASSIGNMENT 3/ assign 3.py

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/manik2255/AI1103-PROBABILITY-AND-RANDOM-VARIABLES/blob/main/ASSIGNMENT 3/ ASSIGNMENT 3.tex

### 1 GATE 2017 MA PROBLEM.47

Let X and Y be independent and identically distributed random variables with probability mass function  $p(n) = 2^{-n}, n = 1, 2, ...$ 

Then  $pr(X \ge 2Y)$  equals

## 2 Solution

given,

$$pr(X = x) = 2^{-x}, x = 1, 2, \dots$$
 (2.0.1)

$$pr(Y = y) = 2^{-y}, y = 1, 2, ...$$
 (2.0.2)

We need to find  $pr(X \ge 2Y)$ , which is also can be written as

$$pr(X \ge 2Y) = \sum_{y=1}^{\infty} pr(X \ge 2y|Y = y)$$
 (2.0.3)

as,X and Y are independent random variables

$$pr(X \ge 2Y) = \sum_{y=1}^{\infty} pr(X \ge 2y) pr(Y = y)$$
 (2.0.4)  
= 
$$\sum_{y=1}^{\infty} (1 - pr(X < 2y)) pr(Y = y)$$
 (2.0.5)

using (2.0.1) and (2.0.2) in (2.0.5),

$$=\sum_{y=1}^{\infty} (1 - \sum_{i=1}^{2y-1} 2^{-i})(2^{-y})$$
 (2.0.6)

$$= \sum_{y=1}^{\infty} (1 - (1 - 2^{-(2y-1)}))(2^{-y})$$
 (2.0.7)

$$=\sum_{y=1}^{\infty} 2^{-(3y-1)} \tag{2.0.8}$$

$$=\frac{2}{7}$$
 (2.0.9)

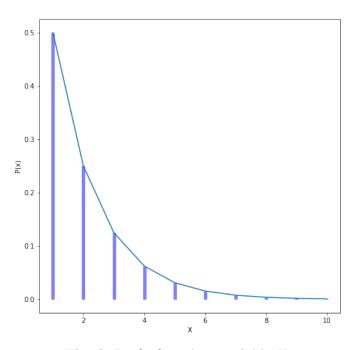


Fig. 0: Pmf of random variable X

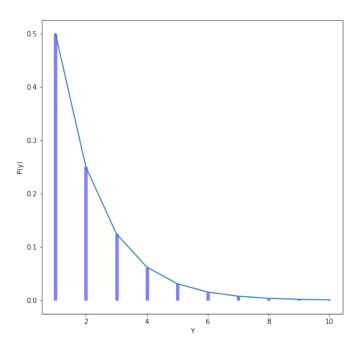


Fig. 0: Pmf of random variable Y