

ASSIGNMENT 4

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/manik2255/AI1103-PROBABILITY-AND-RANDOM-VARIABLES/blob/main/ASSIGNMENT_4/assignment_4.py

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/manik2255/AI1103-PROBABILITY-AND-RANDOM-VARIABLES/blob/main/ASSIGNMENT_4/ASSIGNMENT_4.tex

1 GATE 2017 MA PROBLEM.49

Let X and Y be independent and identically distributed random variables with probability density function $f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-x} & x > 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ Then $\Pr(\max(X, Y) < 2)$ equals

2 SOLUTION

Given,

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-x} & x > 0 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (2.0.1)$$

We know,

$$\Pr(X < x) = \int_0^x f(x) dx \quad (2.0.2)$$

Using (2.0.1) in (2.0.2),

$$\Pr(X < x) = \int_0^x e^{-x} dx \quad (2.0.3)$$

We need to find $\Pr(\max(X, Y) < 2)$, which is also can be written as

$$\Pr(\max(X, Y) < 2) = \Pr(X < 2 \text{ and } Y < 2) \quad (2.0.4)$$

As X and Y be independent random variables,

$$\Pr(\max(X, Y) < 2) = \Pr(X < 2) \Pr(Y < 2) \quad (2.0.5)$$

Using (2.0.3) in (2.0.5),

$$\Pr(\max(X, Y) < 2) = \left(\int_0^2 e^{-x} dx \right) \left(\int_0^2 e^{-y} dy \right) \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$= [-e^{-x}]_0^2 [-e^{-y}]_0^2 \quad (2.0.7)$$

$$= 0.748 \quad (2.0.8)$$

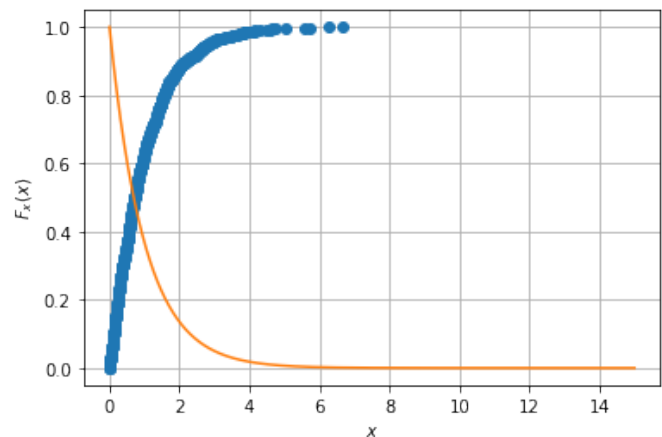


Fig. 1: CDF of random variable X