

# ASSIGNMENT 2

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Download all python codes from

[https://github.com/manik2255/AI1103-PROBABILITY-AND-RANDOM-VARIABLES/blob/main/ASSIGNMENT\\_2/ASSIGNMENT\\_2\\_GRAPH.py](https://github.com/manik2255/AI1103-PROBABILITY-AND-RANDOM-VARIABLES/blob/main/ASSIGNMENT_2/ASSIGNMENT_2_GRAPH.py)

and latex-tikz codes from

[https://github.com/manik2255/AI1103-PROBABILITY-AND-RANDOM-VARIABLES/blob/main/ASSIGNMENT\\_2/ASSIGNMENT\\_2.tex](https://github.com/manik2255/AI1103-PROBABILITY-AND-RANDOM-VARIABLES/blob/main/ASSIGNMENT_2/ASSIGNMENT_2.tex)

Using (2.0.1) in (2.0.2)

$$\Pr(X > 1) = \int_1^{\infty} e^{-x} dx \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$= [-e^{-x}]_1^{\infty} \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$= (-e^{-\infty}) - (-e^{-1}) \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$= e^{-1} \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$\Rightarrow \Pr(X > 1) = \frac{1}{e} \quad (2.0.7)$$

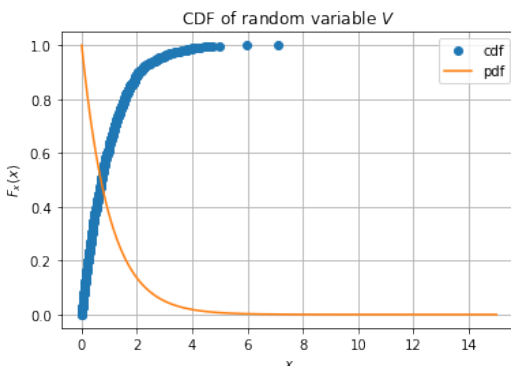
## 1 PROBLEM.GATE.14

A continuous random variable  $X$  has a probability density function  $f(x) = e^{-x}, 0 < x < \infty$ . Then  $P(X > 1)$  is

## 2 SOLUTION

Given,

$$f(x) = e^{-x}, 0 < x < \infty \quad (2.0.1)$$



We have to find  $\Pr(X > 1)$ ,

$$\Pr(X > 1) = \int_1^{\infty} f(x) dx \quad (2.0.2)$$