#### 1

# **ASSIGNMENT 9**

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/manik2255/AI1103-PROBABILITY-AND-RANDOM-VARIABLES/blob/main/ASSIGNMENT\_9/ assign 9.py

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/manik2255/AI1103-PROBABILITY-AND-RANDOM-VARIABLES/blob/main/ASSIGNMENT\_9/ ASSIGNMENT 9.tex

## 1 GATE 2021 (ME-SET1)PROBLEM.33

Customers arrive at a shop according to Poisson distribution with a mean of 10 customers/hour. The manager notes that no customer arrives for the first 3 minutes after the shop opens. The probability that a customer arrives within the next 3 minutes is

### 2 solution

Given, 10 customers arrive in a time interval of an hour  $\iff \frac{1}{2}$  customers arrive in a time interval of 3 minutes.

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{2} \tag{2.0.1}$$

Let *X* denotes the number of customers in first 3 minutes, *Y* denotes the number of customers in second 3 minutes. according to poisson distribution,

$$\Pr(X = x) = e^{-\lambda} \frac{\lambda^x}{x!}$$
 (2.0.2)

using (2.0.1) in (2.0.2),

$$\Pr(X = x) = e^{-\frac{1}{2}} \frac{(\frac{1}{2})^x}{x!}$$
 (2.0.3)

we need to find the probability that a customer arrives within the next 3 minutes given that no customer arrives for the first 3 minutes after the shop opens, which can also be written as,

$$\Pr(Y \neq 0 | X = 0) = \frac{\Pr(Y \neq 0, X = 0)}{\Pr(X = 0)}$$
 (2.0.4)

TABLE 0: Probability distribution for values of X and Y

	P(X)	P(Y)
0	$e^{-\frac{1}{2}}$	$e^{-\frac{1}{2}}$
1	$\frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{2}$	$\frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{2}$

As the arrival of customers in second 3 minutes does not depend on the arrival of customers in first 3 minutes, X and Y are independent,

$$\Pr(Y \neq 0 | X = 0) = \frac{\Pr(Y \neq 0) \Pr(X = 0)}{\Pr(X = 0)} \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$= \Pr(Y \neq 0) \tag{2.0.6}$$

$$= 1 - \Pr(Y = 0) \tag{2.0.7}$$

using (2.0.3),

$$\Pr(Y \neq 0 | X = 0) = 1 - e^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$
 (2.0.8)

$$= 0.3935$$
 (2.0.9)

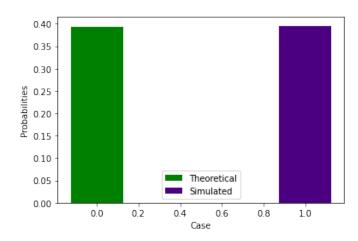


Fig. 1: Theoretical vs simulation