GitHub Link: https://github.com/manikandan3456/Phase--2

Project Title

Cracking the Market Code with Al-Driven Stock Price Prediction Using Time Series Analysis

Problem Statement

Forecasting stock prices is a complex and highly valuable challenge in financial markets due to

their volatile, nonlinear, and dynamic nature. The aim of this project is to use historical time

series data and Al-based models to predict future stock prices. Accurate forecasting models

can support informed investment decisions, reduce risks, and potentially increase profitability

for traders and analysts.

Project Objectives

• Develop a machine learning model to accurately predict stock prices using time series data.

• Analyze historical price patterns and identify influential indicators.

• Compare different algorithms (ARIMA, LSTM, Prophet) for forecasting effectiveness.

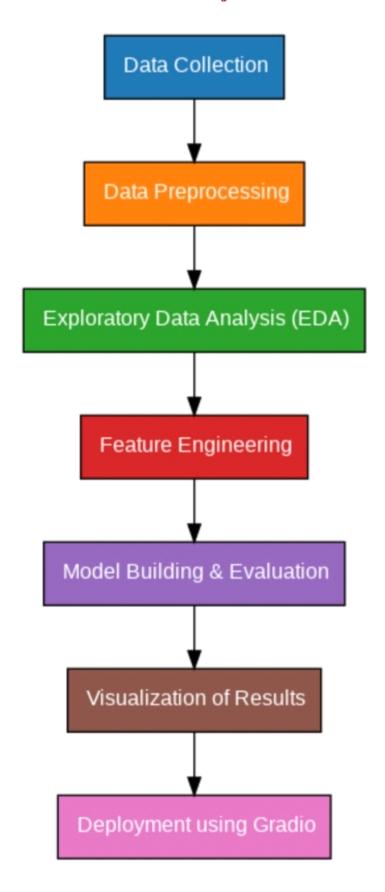
Visualize trends and predictions to enhance interpretability.

• Build an interactive interface (optional: Streamlit or Gradio) for real-time prediction

demonstration.

Flowchart of the Project Workflow

3. Flowchart of the Project Workflow



Data Description

• Dataset Name: Stock Price Dataset

Source: Kaggle

Type of Data: Time Series

• Attributes: Date, Open, High, Low, Close, Volume

• Target Variable: Closing Price

• Nature of Dataset: Dynamic, real-world financial data

Dataset Name: https://www.kaggle.com/

dataset link: https://github.com/manikandan3456/Phase--2.git

Data Preprocessing

- Handled missing values in price columns.
- Converted date into datetime format and set as index.
- Performed log-scaling or differencing for stationarity (if using ARIMA).
- Normalized data (for LSTM model).
- Engineered features like moving averages and RSI.

Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

- Line plots for price trends over time.
- Rolling mean and standard deviation for trend detection.
- Autocorrelation and Partial Autocorrelation plots.

• Volatility analysis using standard deviation and price range.

Feature Engineering

- Created lag-based features (e.g., Close_t-1, Close_t-2).
- Derived technical indicators like:
- 7-day and 21-day Moving Averages
- Relative Strength Index (RSI)
- MACD
- Differencing for stationarity in ARIMA.

Model Building

- ARIMA Model for linear trends in stationary series.
- LSTM Model for capturing long-term dependencies and patterns.
- Facebook Prophet for trend + seasonality modeling.

Evaluation Metrics

- RMSE (Root Mean Squared Error)
- MAE (Mean Absolute Error)
- MAPE (Mean Absolute Percentage Error)
- R² Score (for LSTM models)
- Visualization of Results & Model Insights

- Actual vs Predicted closing prices for test data.
- · Residual plots for error analysis.
- Feature importance (if using models like XGBoost).
- Comparison plots of model performance.

Tools and Technologies Used

- · Language: Python
- IDE: Jupyter Notebook / Google Colab
- Libraries: pandas, numpy, matplotlib, seaborn, scikit-learn, keras, statsmodels, fbprophet
- Optional Interface: Streamlit or Gradio for user interaction

Team Members and Contributions

- S. Kalaiyarasan
 - Data Collection and Preprocessing
 - EDA and Feature Engineering
- N. Manikandan
 - LSTM Model Development
 - ARIMA Implementation
 - Visualization

· S. Gokul

- Evaluation and Model Comparison
- Documentation and Report Preparation