ASSIGNMENT 1

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- 1) The number of integers greater than 6,000 that can be formed, using digits 3,5,6,7 and 8,without repetition,is [JEE M 2015]
 - a) 120
 - b) 72
 - c) 216
 - d) 192
- 2) If all words(with or without)having five letters, formed using the letters of the word SMALL and arranged as in a dictionary; then the position of the word SMALL is; [JEE M 2015]
 - a) 52^{nd}
 - b) 58th
 - c) 46th
 - d) 59th
- 3) A man X has 7 friends, 4 of them are ladies and 3 are men. His wife Y also has 7 friends, 3 of them are ladies and 4 are men. Assume X and Y have no common friends. Then the total number of ways in which X and Y together can throw a party inviting 3 ladies and 3 men, so that 3 friends of each of X and Y are in this party, is:

 [JEE M 2017]
 - a) 484
 - b) 485
 - c) 468
 - d) 469
- 4) From 6 different novels and 3 different dictionaries,4 novels and 1 dictionary are to be selected and arranged in a row on a shelf so that the dictionary is always in the middle. The number of such arrangements is: [JEE M 2018]
 - a) less than 500
 - b) at least 500 but less than 750
 - c) at least 750 but less than 1000
 - d) at least 1000
- 5) Consider a class of 5 girls and 7 boys. The number of different teams consisting of 2 girls and 3 boys that can be formed from this class,if

there are two specific boys A and B, who refuse to be members of the same team, is: [JEE M 2019-9 Jan(M)]

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- a) 500
- b) 200
- c) 300
- d) 350
- 6) A committee of 11 members is to be formed from 8 males and 5 females. If m is the number of ways the committee is formed with at least 6 males and n is the number of ways the committee is formed with at least 3 females, is:

 [JEE M 2019-9April(M)]
 - a) m + n = 68
 - b) m = n = 78
 - c) n = m 8
 - d) m = n = 68

I. SECTION-A

II. A. FILL IN THE BLANKS

- 7) The sum of integers from 1 to 100 that are divisible by 2 or 5 is: (1984-2 Marks)
- 8) The solution of the equation $\log_7 \log_5(\sqrt{x+5} + \sqrt{x})$ (1986-2 Marks)
- 9) The sum of the first *n* terms of the series $1^2 + 2.2^2 + 3^2 + 2.4^2 + 5^2 + 2.6^2 + ...$ is $n(n+1)^2/2$, when n is even. When n is odd, the sum is... (1988-2 Marks)
- 10) Let the harmonic mean and geometric mean of two positive numbers be the ratio 4:5. Then the two numbers are in ratio... (1992-2 Marks)
- 11) For any odd integer $n \ge 1$, $n^3 (n-1)^3 + (-1)^{n-1}1^3 = \dots$ (1996-1 Mark)
- 12) Let p and q be the roots of the equation $x^2 2x + A = 0$ and r and s be the roots of the equation $x^2 18x + B = 0$. If p < q < r < s are in arithmetic progression, then A=... and B=... (1977-2 Marks)

III. C. MCQs with One Correct Answer

- 13) If x,y and z are pth,qth and rth terms respectively of an A.P and also of a G.P, then $x^{y-z}y^{z-x}z^{x-y}$ is equal to: (1982-2 Marks)
 - a) xyz
 - b) 0
 - c) 1
 - d) none of these
- 14) The third term of a geometric progression is 4. The product of five terms is (1982-2 Marks)
 - a) 4^{3}
 - b) 4^{5}
 - c) 4^4
 - d) none of these
- 15) The rational number, which equals the number 2.357 with recurring decimalis (1983 1 Mark)
 - 16) $\frac{2355}{1001}$
 - 17) $\frac{2379}{997}$
 - 18) $\frac{2355}{999}$
 - 19) none of these